



► We want to show for each π_i

there exist $\psi \in \mathcal{A}(V_1 \times \dots \times V_m, \mathbb{F})$

such that $\psi \circ f_i = \pi_i$

For arbitrary $v_1 \in V_1, v_2 \in V_2, \dots, v_m \in V_m$,

denote $\pi_1(V_1) = s_1, \pi_2(V_2) = s_2, \dots, \pi_m(V_m) = s_m$

► Select $\psi \in \mathcal{A}(V_1 \times \dots \times V_m, \mathbb{F})$ such that

$$\psi(v_1, 0, \dots, 0) = s_1$$

$$\psi(0, v_2, \dots, 0) = s_2$$

$$\psi(0, 0, \dots, v_m) = s_m$$

► Define f_i as *

► - Given any $v_i \in V_i$,

$$\psi \circ f_i(v_i) = \psi(0, \dots, v_i, \dots, 0) = s_i = \pi_i(v_i)$$

$\Rightarrow \psi \circ f_i = \pi_i$, since v_i is arbitrary