Congratulations! You passed!

Grade received 100%

O 2

Correct

Latest Submission Grade 100% To pass 66% or higher

Go to next item

1. What is the value of x after the following lines of code?	1/1 point	
x=2		
x=x+2		
● 4		
O 2		
Correct Correct: the value x=x+2 changes the value of x, if x is assigned to its self. It's helpful to replace the value of x with its current value in this case 2 or x=2+2.		
2. What is the would add to full out in a country of 1020.2		
2. What is the result of the following operation 3+2*2?	1/1 point	
○ 3 ● 7		
O 9		
 Correct Correct, Python follows the standard mathematical conventions 		
Correct, Fythorn follows the standard madrematical conventions		
3. What is the result of the following code segment: type(int(12.3))	1 / 1 point	
O float		
O str		
int		
 Correct correct, in this code, we first cast or convert the float to an integer, then use the type function to 		
determine the type		
4. What is the result of the following code segment: int(True)	1 / 1 point	
⊚ 1	2, 2,2	
0 0		
O error		
⊙ Correct		
correct, when you cast a boolean True to an integer you get a 1		
5. In Python, what is the result of the following operation: '1'+'2'?	1/1 point	
	1/1 point	
O 3		
○ '3' ⑥ '12'		
 Correct correct, the '+' applied to strings does not add strings but concatenates them 		
6. Given myvar = 'hello' , how would you return myvar as uppercase?	1 / 1 point	
O len(myvar)		
myvar.find('hello')		
myvar.inie((icito)		
⊙ Correct		
correct		
7. What is the result of the following: str(1)+str(1)?	1/1 point	•

8. What is the result of the following: "123".replace("12", "ab")?

(a) 'ab3'

(b) '123ab'

(c) Correct

correct, the method replace returns a copy of the string with all occurrences of the old substring

9. In Python 3, what is the type of the variable x after the following: x=2/2?

(a) 1/1 point

(b) float

(c) int

correct, the integers are cast to a string, and the strings are concatenated

correct, in Python 3, regular division always results in a float