Hands-on Lab: Stored Procedures in MySQL using phpMyAdmin

Estimated time needed: 20 minutes

In this lab, you will learn how to create tables and load data in the MySQL database service using the phpMyAdmin graphical user interface (GUI) tool.

Software Used in this Lab

In this lab, you will use MySQL. MySQL is a Relational Database Management System (RDBMS) designed to efficiently store, manipulate, and retrieve data.



To complete this lab you will utilize MySQL relational database service available as part of IBM Skills Network Labs (SN Labs) Cloud IDE. SN Labs is a virtual lab environment used in this course.

Database Used in this Lab

Mysql_learners database has been used in this lab.

Data Used in this Lab

The data used in this lab is internal data. You will be working on the PETSALE table.

ID 🛋	ANIMAL	SALEPRICE	SALEDATE	QUANTITY
1	Cat	450.09	2018-05-29	9
2	Dog	666.66	2018-06-01	3
3	Parrot	50.00	2018-06-04	2
4	Hamster	60.60	2018-06-11	6
5	Goldfish	48.48	2018-06-14	24

This lab requires you to have the PETSALE table populated with sample data on mysql phpadmin interface. You might have created and populated a PETSALE table in a previous PETSALE table in a previous person and will populate it with the required sample data.

PETSALE-CREATE-v2.sql

Objectives

After completing this lab, you will be able to:

- Create stored procedures
 Execute stored procedures

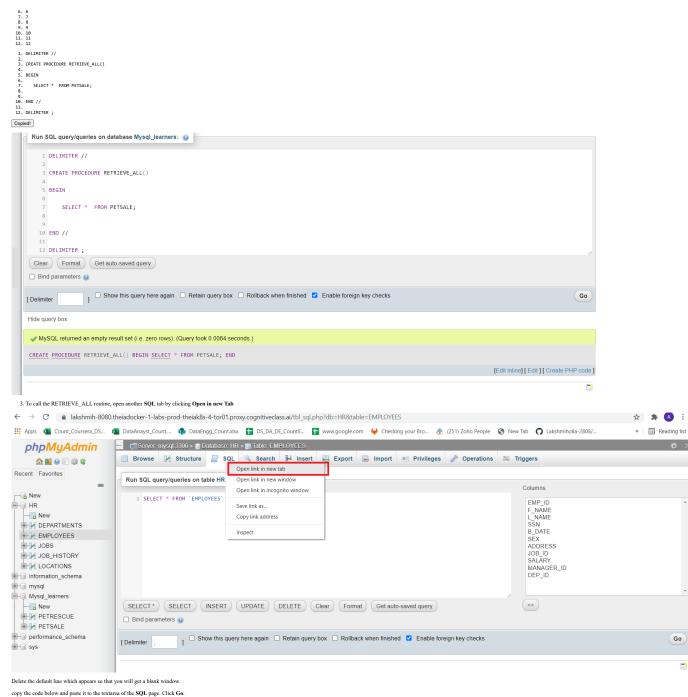
Exercise 1

In this exercise, you will create and execute a stored procedure to read data from a table on mysql phpadmin using SQL.

1. Make sure you have created and populated the PETSALE table following the steps in the "Data Used in this Lab" section of this lab.

ID 🛋	ANIMAL	SALEPRICE	SALEDATE	QUANTITY
1	Cat	450.09	2018-05-29	9
2	Dog	666.66	2018-06-01	3
3	Parrot	50.00	2018-06-04	2
4	Hamster	60.60	2018-06-11	6
5	Goldfish	48.48	2018-06-14	24

You will create a stored procedure routine named RETRIEVE_ALL.
 This RETRIEVE_ALL routine will contain an SQL query to retrieve all the records from the PETSALE table, so you don't need to write the same query over and over again. You just call the stored procedure routine to execute the query everytime.
 To create the stored procedure routine, copy the code below and paste it to the textarea of the SQL page. Click Go.

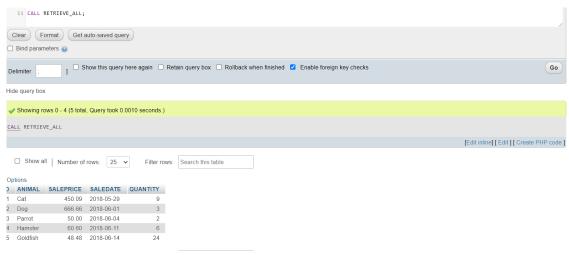


copy the code below and paste it to the textarea of the SQL page. Click

1. 1

CALL RETRIEVE_ALL;

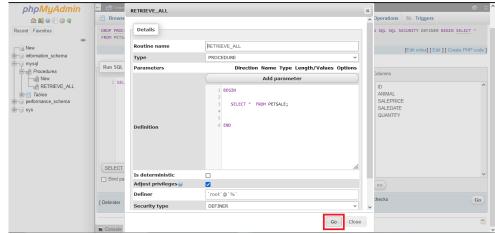
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4. You can view the created stored procedure routine RETRIEVE_ALL. On the left panel, expand the mysql option. Click on Procedures then click on the RETRIEVE_ALL and view the procedure.



 $After \ clicking \ on \ the \ Procedure \ Retrieve_All, you \ can \ view \ the \ procedure \ definition \ and \ execute \ it \ by \ clicking \ on \ GO.$



1. DROP PROCEDURE RETRIEVE_ALL;
2.
3. CALL RETRIEVE_ALL; Copied! 📝 Structure 📃 SQL 🔍 Search 🏿 Query 🔜 Export 🖫 Import 🤌 Operations শ Privileges 🖓 Routines 🕓 Events 🐹 Triggers 🥞 Designer DROP PROCEDURE RETRIEVE_ALL; CALL RETRIEVE_ALL; Clear Format Get auto-saved query □ Bind parameters <a>⊙ ☐ Show this query here again ☐ Retain query box ☐ Rollback when finished ☑ Enable foreign key checks Go [Delimiter Error SQL query: Copy CALL RETRIEVE_ALL MySQL said: 🥹 #1305 - PROCEDURE Mysql_learners.RETRIEVE_ALL does not exist

Exercise 2

In this exercise, you will create and execute a stored procedure to write/modify data in a table on Db2 using SQL.

1. Make sure you have created and populated the PETSALE table following the steps in the "Data Used in this Lab" section of this lab.

5. If you wish to drop the stored procedure routine RETRIEVE_ALL, copy the code below and paste it to the textarea of the SQL page. Click Go.

ID 🔺	ANIMAL	SALEPRICE	SALEDATE	QUANTITY
1	Cat	450.09	2018-05-29	9
2	Dog	666.66	2018-06-01	3
3	Parrot	50.00	2018-06-04	2
4	Hamster	60.60	2018-06-11	6
5	Goldfish	48.48	2018-06-14	24

- O You will create a stored procedure routine named UPDATE_SALEPRICE with parameters Animal_ID and Animal_Health.
 O This UPDATE_SALEPRICE routine will contain SQL queries to update the sale price of the animals in the PETSALE table depending on their health conditions, BAD or WORSE.

 O This procedure routine will take animal ID and health condition as parameters which will be used to update the sale price of animal in the PETSALE table depending on their health condition. Suppose
 For animal with ID XX having BAD health condition, the sale price will be reduced further by 25%.

 For animal with ID YX having WORSE health condition, the sale price will be reduced further by 50%.

 For animal with ID XZ having other health condition, the sale price will be reduced further by 50%.
- To create the stored procedure routine, copy the code below and paste it to the textarea of the SQL page. Click Go.

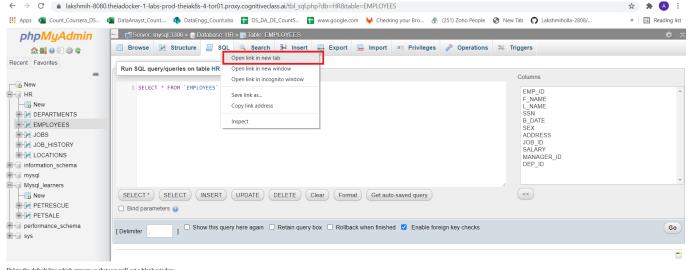
```
1. DELIMITER @
2. CREATE PROCEDURE UPDATE SALEPRICE (
3. IN Animal_ID INTEGER, IN Animal_Health VARCHAR(5) )
4. BEGIN
     5. JEANIMAL Health = 'BAD' THEN
7. UPDATE PETSALE
8. SET SALEPRICE = SALEPRICE - (SALEPRICE * 0.25)
9. WHERE ID = Animal_ID;
8. SET 9. WHEE 10. LSEEF / 12. UPDU 13. SET 14. WHEE 15. LSEE 17. UPDA 18. SET . 
              ELSEIF Animal_Health = 'WORSE' THEN
UPDATE PETSALE
SET SALEPRICE = SALEPRICE - (SALEPRICE * 0.5)
WHERE ID = Animal_ID;
                 ELSE

UPDATE PETSALE

SET SALEPRICE = SALEPRICE
WHERE ID = Animal_ID;
Copied!
   📝 Structure 📗 SQL 🔍 Search 🃵 Query 👜 Export 🚇 Import 🥟 Operations শ Privileges 🖓 Routines 🕓 Events 🗯 Triggers 🕰 Designer
        Run SQL query/queries on database Mysql_learners: 

             15
              16
                                  ELSE
                                          UPDATE PETSALE
                                          SET SALEPRICE = SALEPRICE
              18
              19
                                          WHERE ID = Animal_ID;
              20
              21
                              END IF;
              22
              23 END @
              24
              25 DELIMITER;
              26
         Clear (Format) (Get auto-saved query
      ☐ Bind parameters ③
                                                       ☐ Show this query here again ☐ Retain query box ☐ Rollback when finished ☑ Enable foreign key checks
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     Go
    [ Delimiter
      Hide query box
       MySQL returned an empty result set (i.e. zero rows). (Query took 0.0214 seconds.)
      CREATE PROCEDURE UPDATE_SALEPRICE ( IN Animal_ID INTEGER, IN Animal_Health VARCHAR(5) ) BEGIN IF Animal_Health = 'BAD' THEN UPDATE PETSALE SET SALEPRICE = SALEPRICE -
      (SALEPRICE * 0.25) WHERE ID = Animal_ID; ELSEIF Animal_Health = 'WORSE' THEN UPDATE PETSALE SET SALEPRICE = SALEPRICE - (SALEPRICE * 0.5) WHERE ID = Animal_ID; ELSE UPDATE
      PETSALE SET SALEPRICE = SALEPRICE WHERE ID = Animal_ID; END IF; END
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          [Edit inline] [ Edit ] [ Create PHP code ]
```

3. Let's call the UPDATE_SALEPRICE routine. We want to update the sale price of animal with ID 1 having BAD health condition in the PETSALE table, open another SQL tab by clicking Open in new Tab



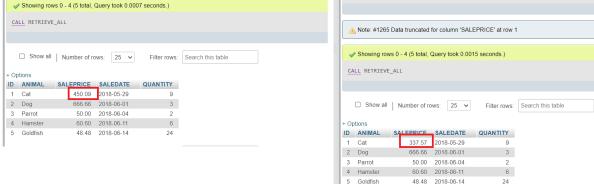
Delete the default line which appears so that you will get a blank window.

copy the code below and paste it to the textarea of the SQL page. Click Go.

Note if you have dropped RETREIVE_ALL procedure rerun the creation script of that procedure before executing these lines.

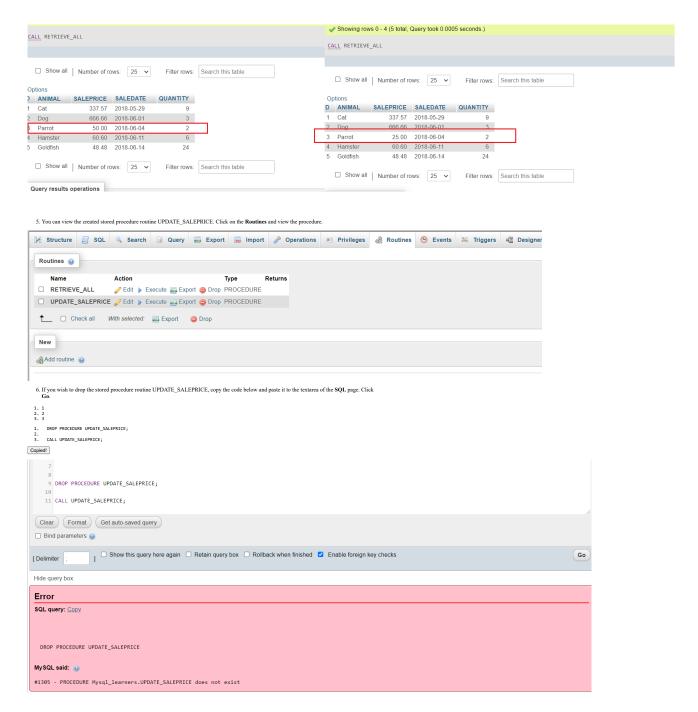
 CALL RETRIEVE ALL: CALL UPDATE SALEPRICE(1, 'BAD'); CALL RETRIEVE_ALL; Copied!





4. Let's call the UPDATE_SALEPRICE routine once again. We want to update the sale price of animal with ID 3 having WORSE health condition in the PETSALE table. copy the code below and paste it to the textarea of the SQL page. Click Go. You will have all the records retrieved from the PETSALE table

CALL RETRIEVE ALL; CALL UPDATE_SALEPRICE(3, 'WORSE'); CALL RETRIEVE_ALL; Copied!



 $Congratulations!\ You\ have\ completed\ this\ lab\ on\ creating\ stored\ procedures\ in\ MySQL, and\ are\ ready\ for\ the\ next\ topic.$

Author(s)

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Changelog

 Date
 Version
 Changed by
 Change Description

 2021-08-09 0.2
 Sathya Priya
 Updated HTML tags and SQL link

 2021-11-01 0.1
 Lakshmi Holla, Malika Singla Initial Version

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