

# Hands-on Lab : Sub-queries and Nested Selects in MySQL using phpMyAdmin

**Estimated time needed:** 20 minutes

In this lab, you will learn how to create tables and load data in the MySQL database service using the phpMyAdmin graphical user interface (GUI) tool.

## Software Used in this Lab

In this lab, you will use [MySQL](#). MySQL is a Relational Database Management System (RDBMS) designed to efficiently store, manipulate, and retrieve data.



To complete this lab you will utilize MySQL relational database service available as part of IBM Skills Network Labs (SN Labs) Cloud IDE. SN Labs is a virtual lab environment used in this course.

## Database Used in this Lab

The database used in this lab is an internal database. You will be working on a sample HR database. This HR database schema consists of 5 tables called **EMPLOYEES**, **JOB\_HISTORY**, **JOBS**, **DEPARTMENTS** and **LOCATIONS**. Each table has a few rows of sample data. The following diagram shows the tables for the HR database:

# SAMPLE HR DATABASE TABLES

## EMPLOYEES

EMP_ID	F_NAME	L_NAME	SSN	B_DATE	SEX	ADDRESS	JOB_ID	SALARY	MANAGER_ID	DEP_ID
E1001	John	Thomas	123456	1976-01-09	M	5631 Rice, OakPark,IL	100	100000	30001	2
E1002	Alice	James	123457	1972-07-31	F	980 Berry ln, Elgin,IL	200	80000	30002	5
E1003	Steve	Wells	123458	1980-08-10	M	291 Springs, Gary,IL	300	50000	30002	5

## JOB\_HISTORY

EMPL_ID	START_DATE	JOBS_ID	DEPT_ID
E1001	2000-01-30	100	2
E1002	2010-08-16	200	5
E1003	2016-08-10	300	5

## JOBS

JOB_IDENT	JOB_TITLE	MIN_SALARY	MAX_SALARY
100	Sr. Architect	60000	100000
200	Sr.SoftwareDeveloper	60000	80000
300	Jr.SoftwareDeveloper	40000	60000

## DEPARTMENTS

DEPT_ID_DEP	DEP_NAME	MANAGER_ID	LOC_ID
2	Architect Group	30001	L0001
5	Software Development	30002	L0002
7	Design Team	30003	L0003
5	Software	30004	L0004

## LOCATIONS

LOCT_ID	DEP_ID_LOC
L0001	2
L0002	5
L0003	7

## Objectives

After completing this lab you will be able to:

- Write SQL queries that demonstrate the necessity of using sub-queries
- Compose sub-queries in the where clause
- Build Column Expressions (i.e. sub-query in place of a column)
- Write Table Expressions (i.e. sub-query in place of a table)

In this lab, you will run through some SQL practice problems that will provide hands-on experience with nested SQL SELECT statements (also known as Sub-queries).

**How does a typical Nested SELECT statement syntax look?**

1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
5. 5
6. 6

```
1. SELECT column_name [, column_name ]
2. FROM table1 [, table2 ]
3. WHERE column_name OPERATOR
4.     (SELECT column_name [, column_name ]
5.     FROM table1 [, table2 ]
6.     WHERE condition);
```

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# Exercise:

## 1. Problem:

*Execute a failing query (i.e. one which gives an error) to retrieve all employees records whose salary is lower than the average salary.*

► Hint

▼ Solution

```
1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
1. select *
2. from EMPLOYEES
3. where salary < AVG(salary);
```

Copied!

► Output

## 2. Problem:

*Execute a working query using a sub-select to retrieve all employees records whose salary is lower than the average salary.*

► Hint

▼ Solution

```
1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
1. select EMP_ID, F_NAME, L_NAME, SALARY
2. from EMPLOYEES
3. where SALARY < (select AVG(SALARY)
4.                  from EMPLOYEES);
```

Copied!

► Output

### 3. Problem:

*Execute a failing query (i.e. one which gives an error) to retrieve all employees records with EMP\_ID, SALARY and maximum salary as MAX\_SALARY in every row.*

► Hint

▼ Solution

```
1. 1
2. 2
1. select EMP_ID, SALARY, MAX(SALARY) AS MAX_SALARY
2. from EMPLOYEES;
```

Copied!

► Output

### 4. Problem:

*Execute a Column Expression that retrieves all employees records with EMP\_ID, SALARY and maximum salary as MAX\_SALARY in every row.*

► Hint

▼ Solution

```
1. 1
2. 2
1. select EMP_ID, SALARY, ( select MAX(SALARY) from EMPLOYEES ) AS MAX_SALARY
2. from EMPLOYEES;
```

Copied!

► Output

### 5. Problem:

*Execute a Table Expression for the EMPLOYEES table that excludes columns with sensitive employee data (i.e. does not include columns: SSN, B\_DATE, SEX, ADDRESS, SALARY).*

► Hint

▼ Solution

```
1. 1
1. select * from ( select EMP_ID, F_NAME, L_NAME, DEP_ID from EMPLOYEES) AS EMP4ALL;
```

Copied!

► Output

## Solution Script

If you would like to run all the solution queries of the SQL problems in this lab with a script, download the script below. Import the script to the mysql phpadmin interface and run it. Follow [Hands-on Lab : Create tables using SQL scripts and Load data into tables](#) on how to upload a script to mysql phpadmin.

- [SubQueries\\_Solution\\_Script.sql](#)

**Congratulations! You have completed this lab, and you are ready for the next topic.**

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## Changelog

Date	Version	Changed by	Change Description
2023-05-04	0.3	Rahul Jaideep	Updated Markdown file
2022-07-27	0.2	Lakshmi Holla	Updated HTML tag
2021-11-01	0.1	Lakshmi Holla, Malika Singla	Initial Version

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