

Name – Mohiuddin Mondal  
Roll – 001910501043  
System programming  
Assignment 1

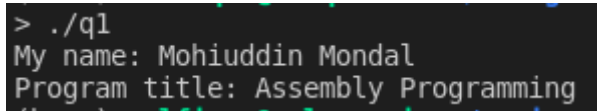
Q1) Write and test a MASM program to Display your name and program title on the output screen.  
Code:

```
;Write and test a MASM program to Display your name and program title on the output screen.
```

```
.MODEL SMALL
.STACK 100H
.DATA
    STRING_1 DB 'My name: Mohiuddin MOnDal$'
    STRING_2 DB 'Assembly Programming$'

.CODE
MAIN PROC
    MOV AX, @DATA           ; initialize DS
    MOV DS, AX
    LEA DX, STRING_1        ; load & display the STRING_1
    MOV AH, 9
    INT 21H
    MOV AH, 2               ; carriage return
    MOV DL, 0DH
    INT 21H
    MOV DL, 0AH             ; line feed
    INT 21H
    LEA DX, STRING_2        ; load & display the STRING_2
    MOV AH, 9
    INT 21H
    MOV AH, 4CH             ; return control to DOS
    INT 21H
MAIN ENDP
END MAIN
```

output:



```
> ./q1
My name: Mohiuddin Mondal
Program title: Assembly Programming
```

Q2) Write and test a MASM program to convert a letter from uppercase to lowercase.  
Code:

```
.MODEL SMALL
.STACK 100H
.DATA
    INPUT db 13,10, "Enter a letter : $"
    OUTPUT db 13, 10, "The letter you entered (in lowercase) : $"

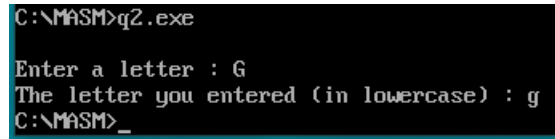
.CODE
MAIN PROC
    MOV AX, @DATA;initialize DS
    MOV DS, AX
    LEA DX, INPUT;show the input prompt
    MOV AH, 9
    INT 21H
    MOV AH, 1           ;read letter
    INT 21H
    LEA DX, OUTPUT      ;show output prompt
    MOV AH, 9
    INT 21H
    MOV BL, AL          ;store the letter in BL
    CMP BL, 'A'         ;if the character is <A goto loop1
    JL LOOP1
    CMP BL, 'Z'         ;if the character is >Z goto loop1
    JG LOOP1
    ADD BL, 20H         ;else convert into lowercase
```

```

        LOOP1: MOV AH, 2          ;write the output letter
              MOV DL, BL
              INT 21H
              MOV AH, 4CH        ;return control to DOS
              INT 21H
        MAIN ENDP
END MAIN

```

output:



```

C:\MASM>q2.exe
Enter a letter : G
The letter you entered (in lowercase) : g
C:\MASM>_

```

Q3) Write and test a MASM program to add two Hexadecimal Numbers.

Code:

```

.MODEL SMALL
.STACK 100H
.DATA
    PROMPT1 db 13,10,"Enter the 1st number: $"
    PROMPT2 db 13,10,"Enter the 2nd number: $"
    PROMPT3 db 13,10,"The result of the addition is: $"

.CODE
MAIN PROC
    MOV AX,@DATA          ;for moving data to data segment
    MOV DS,AX
    XOR BX,BX             ;initially BX value is equal to 0
    MOV CL,4
    LEA DX, PROMPT1       ;show num1 prompt
    MOV AH, 9
    INT 21H
    MOV AH,1              ;for taking input
    INT 21h

INPUT1:
    CMP AL,0DH            ;compare whether the pressed key is 'ENTER' or not
    JE LINE1              ;If it is equal to 'Enter' then stop taking first value

    CMP AL,39h            ;compare the input whether it is letter or digit.39h is
                        ;the ascii value of 9
    JG LETTER1

    AND AL,0FH            ;if it is digit then convert it's ascii value to real
                        ;value by masking

    LETTER1:              ;if it is letter then subtract 37h from it to find it's
                        ;real value
    SUB AL,37h

    SHIFT1:
    SHL BX, CL
    OR BL,AL              ;making 'or' will add the current
                        ;value with previous value

    INT 21h
    JMP INPUT1

LINE1:
    LEA DX, PROMPT2       ;show num2 prompt
    MOV AH, 9
    INT 21H

    XOR DX,DX             ;set dx value zero

    MOV AH,1
    INT 21h

INPUT2:

```

|                 |  |
|-----------------|--|
| CMP AL,0DH      | ;compare whether the pressed key is 'ENTER' or not                 |
| JE LINE2        | ;If it is equal to 'Enter' then stop taking first value            |
| CMP AL,39h      | ;compare the input whether it is letter or digit.                  |
| JG LETTER2      |  |
| AND AL,0FH      | ;if digit then convert it's ascii value to real value by masking   |
| JMP SHIFT2      |  |
| LETTER2:        | ;if it is letter then subtract 37h from it to find it's real value |
| SUB AL,37H      |  |
| SHIFT2:         |  |
| SHL DX, CL      |  |
| OR DL,AL        | ;making 'or' will add the current value with previous value        |
| INT 21h         |  |
| JMP INPUT2      |  |
| LINE2:          |  |
| XOR CX,CX       |  |
| MOV CX,DX       |  |
| MOV DH,16       |  |
| SUM:            |  |
| ADD BX,CX       | ;add two number which are stored in bx and cs register             |
| JC PC1          | ;if the register is overflowed then print an extra 1               |
| mov cl, 4       |  |
| LEA DX, PROMPT3 |  |
| MOV AH, 9       | ;show answer prompt  |
| INT 21H         |  |
| OUTPUT:         | ;level for printing their sum                                      |
| MOV CH,BH       |  |
| SHR CH, CL      |  |
| AND CH,0FH      |  |
| CMP CH,10       |  |
| add ch,'0'      | ;convert decimal to binary   |
| cmp ch,':'      |  |
| jL TAG          |  |
| add ch,7        |  |
| TAG:MOV DL,CH   |  |
| MOV AH,2        |  |
| INT 21h         |  |
| MOV CH,BH       |  |
| AND CH,0FH      |  |
| CMP CH,10       |  |
| add ch,'0'      |  |
| cmp ch,':'      |  |
| jL TAG1         |  |
| add ch,7        |  |
| TAG1:MOV DL,CH  |  |
| MOV AH,2        |  |
| INT 21h         |  |
| MOV CH,BL       |  |
| SHR CH, CL      |  |
| AND CH,0FH      |  |
| CMP CH,10       |  |
| add ch,'0'      |  |
| cmp ch,':'      |  |
| jL TAG2         |  |
| add ch,7        |  |
| TAG2:MOV DL,CH  |  |
| MOV AH,2        |  |
| INT 21h         |  |

```

        MOV CH,BL
        AND CH,0FH
        CMP CH,10
        add cH,'0'
        cmp cH,':'
        jL TAG3
        add ch,7
TAG3:MOV DL,CH
        MOV AH,2
        INT 21h

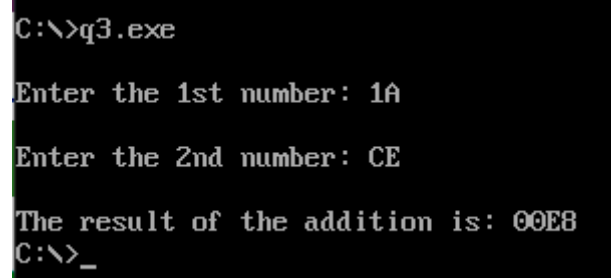
        JMP EXIT
PC1:
        MOV DL,'1'
        MOV AH,2
        INT 21h
        JMP OUTPUT

EXIT:
        MOV AH, 4CH
        INT 21h

MAIN ENDP
END MAIN
;level for printing overflowed 1
;return control to DOS

```

Output:



```

C:\>q3.exe

Enter the 1st number: 1A

Enter the 2nd number: CE

The result of the addition is: 00E8
C:\>_

```

Q4)Write and test a MASM program to find the second max and second min from an array.

Code:

```

        .model small
        .stack 256
CR equ 13d
LF equ 10d
        .data
prompt1 db 'Enter numbers: $'
max2msg db CR, LF, '2nd max: $'
min2msg db CR, LF, '2nd min: $'
max1 dw ?
max2 dw ?
min1 dw ?
min2 dw ?
        .code
start:
        mov ax, @data
        mov ds, ax
        mov max1,0
        mov max2,0
        mov min1,9999
        mov min2,9999
        mov dx, offset prompt1
        mov ah,9
        int 21h
10:  mov bx,0
11:  mov ah,1
        int 21h
        cmp al,13
        je 13
        cmp al,32

```

```

        je l2
        sub al,'0'
        push ax
        mov ax,bx
        mov cx,10
        mul cx
        mov bx,ax
        pop ax
        mov ah,0
        add bx,ax
        jmp l1
l2:     cmp max1,bx
        jnl l4
        mov cx,max1
        mov max2,cx
        mov max1,bx
        jmp lb2
l4:     cmp max2,bx
        jnl lb2
        mov max2,bx
        jmp lb2
lb2:    cmp min1,bx
        jng lb4
        mov cx,min1
        mov min2,cx
        mov min1,bx
        jmp l0
lb4:    cmp min2,bx
        jng l0
        mov min2,bx
        jmp l0
l3:     mov dx, offset max2msg
        mov ah,9
        int 21h
        mov ax,max2
        call putn
        mov dx, offset min2msg
        mov ah,9
        int 21h
        mov ax,min2
        call putn
        mov ax, 4c00h
        int 21h
putn:   ; display number in ax
        ; ax contains number (and also div C in above)
        ; dx contains remainder (rem in C above)
        ; cx contains 10 for division

        push bx
        push cx
        push dx

        mov dx, 0          ; dx = 0
        push dx            ; push 0 as sentinel
        mov cx, 10         ; cx = 10

        cmp ax, 0
        jge calc_digits    ; number is negative
        neg ax             ; ax = -ax; ax is now positive
        push ax            ; save ax
        mov al, '-'        ; display - sign
        call putc
        pop ax             ; restore ax

calc_digits:
        div cx             ; dx:ax = ax / cx
                        ; ax = result, dx = remainder
        add dx, '0'        ; convert dx to digit
        cmp dx,57
        jle l33
        add dx,7
l33:     push dx           ; save digit on stack
        mov dx, 0          ; dx = 0
        cmp ax, 0          ; finished ?
        jne calc_digits    ; no, repeat process

; all digits now on stack, display them in reverse

disp_loop:
        pop dx             ; get last digit from stack
        cmp dx, 0          ; is it sentinel

```

```

        je end_disp_loop    ; if yes, we are finished
        mov al, dl          ; al = dl
        call putc           ; otherwise display digit
        jmp disp_loop

end_disp_loop:
        pop dx              ; restore registers
        pop cx
        pop bx
        ret

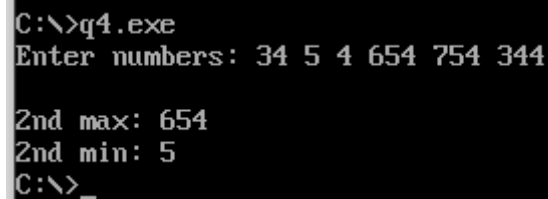
putc: ; display character in al

        push ax ; save ax
        push bx ; save bx
        push cx ; save cx
        push dx ; save dx

        mov dl, al
        mov ah, 2h
        int 21h

        pop dx ; restore dx
        pop cx ; restore cx
        pop bx ; restore bx
        pop ax ; restore ax
        ret
end start

```



```

C:\>q4.exe
Enter numbers: 34 5 4 654 754 344

2nd max: 654
2nd min: 5
C:\>_

```

Q5) Write and test a MASM program to display a terminating message.

Code:

```

.MODEL SMALL
.STACK 100H

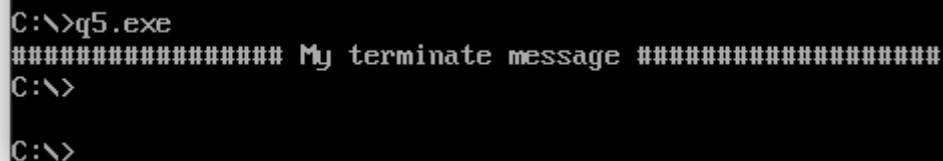
.DATA
    TERM_PROMPT DB '##### My terminate message #####$'

.CODE
MAIN PROC
    MOV AX,@DATA
    MOV DS,AX

    LEA DX, TERM_PROMPT
    MOV AH,9
    INT 21H

    MOV AH,4CH
    INT 21H
MAIN ENDP
END MAIN

```



```

C:\>q5.exe
##### My terminate message #####
C:\>

C:\>

```

Q6) Write and test a MASM program to Take a character from the keyboard and print it.  
Code:

```
; Write and test a MASM program to Take a character from keyboard and print it.
.model small
.stack 100h

.data
msg1 db 10,13,"Enter a character: $"
msg2 db 10,13,"You have entered: $"

.code

main proc

    mov ax,@data
    mov ds,ax

    ;display input prompt
    lea dx,msg1
    mov ah,09h
    int 21h

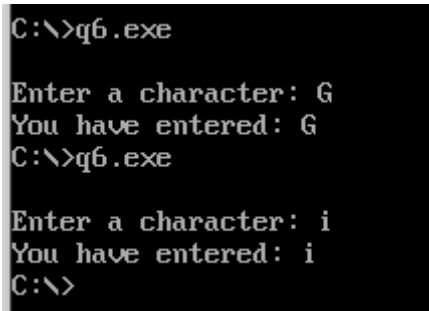
    ;accept a character
    mov ah,01h
    int 21h

    ;al has the character
    ;display prompt
    lea dx,msg2
    mov ah,09h
    int 21h

    ;display the character
    mov dl,al
    mov ah,02h
    int 21h

    mov ah,4ch
    int 21h

main endp
end main
```



```
C:\>q6.exe

Enter a character: G
You have entered: G
C:\>q6.exe

Enter a character: i
You have entered: i
C:\>
```

Q7) Write and test a MASM program to validate second numbers is less than the first.

Code:

```
.model small
.stack 256

CR equ 13d
LF equ 10d

.data
```

```

prompt1 db 'Enter first number: $'
prompt2 db CR, LF, 'Enter second number: $'
output1 db CR, LF, 'Both are Equal numbers$'
output2 db CR, LF, '2nd number is greater than 1st$'
output3 db CR, LF, '1st number is greater than 2nd$'
num1 dw ?
num2 dw ?

.code
start:
    mov ax, @data
    mov ds, ax

    mov ax, offset prompt1
    call puts ; display prompt1

    call getn ; read first number
    mov num1, ax
    mov ax, offset prompt2
    call puts ; display prompt2

    call getn ; read second number

    mov num2, ax

    mov ax, num1 ; ax = num1
    mov bx, num2 ; bx = num2
    cmp ax, bx
    je ll1
    jl ll2
    mov ax, offset output3
    call puts
    jmp ll
ll2:  mov ax, offset output2
    call puts
    jmp ll
ll1:  mov ax, offset output1
    call puts
ll:  mov ax, 4c00h
    int 21h ; finished, back to dos

getn:
    ; read a number from the keyboard
    ; return value in ax register
;
; C variables
; dx records sign of number          sign variable
; bl stores each digit                digit variable
; cx stores the number read in so far  n variable
; al stores each character read in.    c variable
; ax is also used in the mul instruction

    push bx          ; save registers on stack
    push cx
    push dx

    mov dx, 1        ; record sign, 1 for positive
    mov bx, 0        ; initialise digit to 0
    mov cx, 0        ; initialise number to 0

    call getc        ; read first character
    cmp al, '-'      ; is it negative
    jne newline      ; if not goto newline
    mov dx, -1       ; else record sign

    call getc        ; get next digit

newline:
    push dx          ; save sign on stack
    cmp al, 13       ; (al == CR) ?
    je fin_read      ; if yes, goto fin_read
    ; otherwise
    sub al, '0'      ; convert to digit
    cmp al, 9
    jle ll
    sub al, 7
ll:  mov cl, al        ; cl = first digit
    call getc        ; get next character

read_loop:
    cmp al, 13       ; if (al == CR)
    je fin_read      ; then goto fin_read

```



```

        sub al, '0'      ; otherwise, convert to digit
        cmp al, 9
        jle l2
        sub al, 7
l2:     mov bl, al        ; bl = digit
        mov ax, 16       ; ax = 10
        mul cx           ; ax = cx * 10
        mov cx, ax       ; cx = ax  n = n * 10
        add cx, bx       ; cx = cx + digit  n = n + digit
        call getc        ; read next digit
        jmp read_loop

fin_read:
        mov ax, cx       ; number returned in ax
        pop dx           ; retrieve sign from stack
        cmp dx, 1        ; ax = ax * dx
        je fin_getn
        neg ax           ; ax = -ax
fin_getn:
        pop dx
        pop cx
        pop bx
        ret

puts:   ; display a string terminated by $
        ; dx contains address of string

        push ax ; save ax
        push bx ; save bx
        push cx ; save cx
        push dx ; save dx

        mov dx, ax
        mov ah, 9h
        int 21h ; call ms-dos to output string

        pop dx ; restore dx
        pop cx ; restore cx
        pop bx ; restore bx
        pop ax ; restore ax

        ret

putn:   ; display number in ax
        ; ax contains number (and also div C in above)
        ; dx contains remainder (rem in C above)
        ; cx contains 10 for division

        push bx
        push cx
        push dx

        mov dx, 0        ; dx = 0
        push dx          ; push 0 as sentinel
        mov cx, 16       ; cx = 10

        cmp ax, 0
        jge calc_digits  ; number is negative
        neg ax           ; ax = -ax; ax is now positive
        push ax          ; save ax
        mov al, '-'      ; display - sign
        call putc
        pop ax           ; restore ax

calc_digits:
        div cx           ; dx:ax = ax / cx
                        ; ax = result, dx = remainder
        add dx, '0'      ; convert dx to digit
        cmp dx, 57
        jle l3
        add dx, 7
l3:     push dx          ; save digit on stack
        mov dx, 0        ; dx = 0
        cmp ax, 0        ; finished ?
        jne calc_digits  ; no, repeat process

; all digits now on stack, display them in reverse

disp_loop:
        pop dx           ; get last digit from stack

```

```

    cmp dx, 0          ; is it sentinel
    je end_disp_loop  ; if yes, we are finished
    mov al, dl         ; al = dl
    call putc          ; otherwise display digit
    jmp disp_loop

end_disp_loop:
    pop dx             ; restore registers
    pop cx
    pop bx
    ret

putc: ; display character in al

    push ax ; save ax
    push bx ; save bx
    push cx ; save cx
    push dx ; save dx

    mov dl, al
    mov ah, 2h
    int 21h

    pop dx ; restore dx
    pop cx ; restore cx
    pop bx ; restore bx
    pop ax ; restore ax
    ret

getc: ; read character into al

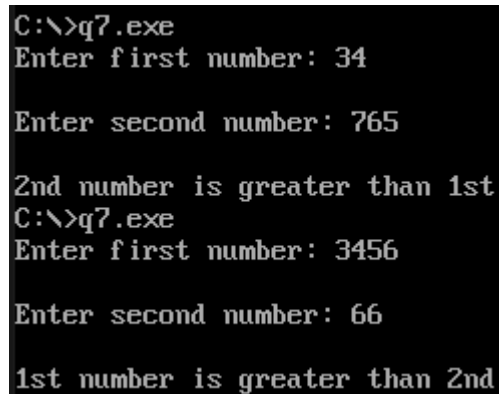
    push bx ; save bx
    push cx ; save cx
    push dx ; save dx

    mov ah, 1h
    int 21h

    pop dx ; restore dx
    pop cx ; restore cx
    pop bx ; restore bx
    ret

end start

```



```

C:\>q7.exe
Enter first number: 34

Enter second number: 765

2nd number is greater than 1st
C:\>q7.exe
Enter first number: 3456

Enter second number: 66

1st number is greater than 2nd

```

Q8) Write and test a MASM program to find maximum and minimum from an array.

Code:

```

        .model small
        .stack 256
CR equ 13d
LF equ 10d
        .data

```

```

prompt1 db 'Enter numbers: $'
maxOutput db CR, LF, 'max is: $'
minOutput db CR, LF, 'min is: $'
max1 dw ?
min1 dw ?
.code
start:
    mov ax, @data
    mov ds, ax
    mov max1, 0
    mov min1, 9999
    mov dx, offset prompt1
    mov ah, 9
    int 21h
l0:  mov bx, 0
l1:  mov ah, 1
    int 21h
    cmp al, 13
    je l3
    cmp al, 32
    je l2
    sub al, '0'
    push ax
    mov ax, bx
    mov cx, 10
    mul cx
    mov bx, ax
    pop ax
    mov ah, 0
    add bx, ax
    jmp l1
l2:  cmp max1, bx
    jnl lb2
    mov max1, bx
    jmp lb2
lb2: cmp min1, bx
    jng l0
    mov min1, bx
    jmp l0

l3:  mov dx, offset maxOutput
    mov ah, 9
    int 21h
    mov ax, max1
    call putn
    mov dx, offset minOutput
    mov ah, 9
    int 21h
    mov ax, min1
    call putn
    mov ax, 4c00h
    int 21h
putn:
    ; display number in ax
    ; ax contains number (and also div C in above)
    ; dx contains remainder (rem in C above)
    ; cx contains 10 for division
    push bx
    push cx
    push dx

    mov dx, 0 ; dx = 0
    push dx ; push 0 as sentinel
    mov cx, 10 ; cx = 10

    cmp ax, 0
    jge calc_digits ; number is negative
    neg ax ; ax = -ax; ax is now positive
    push ax ; save ax
    mov al, '-' ; display - sign
    call putc
    pop ax ; restore ax

calc_digits:
    div cx ; dx:ax = ax / cx
    ; ax = result, dx = remainder
    add dx, '0' ; convert dx to digit
    cmp dx, 57
    jle l33
    add dx, 7
l33:  push dx ; save digit on stack

```

```

    mov dx, 0          ; dx = 0
    cmp ax, 0          ; finished ?
    jne calc_digits    ; no, repeat process

; all digits now on stack, display them in reverse
disp_loop:
    pop dx             ; get last digit from stack
    cmp dx, 0          ; is it sentinel
    je end_disp_loop   ; if yes, we are finished
    mov al, dl         ; al = dl
    call putc          ; otherwise display digit
    jmp disp_loop

end_disp_loop:
    pop dx             ; restore registers
    pop cx
    pop bx
    ret

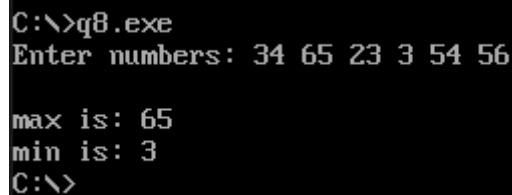
putc: ; display character in al

    push ax ; save ax
    push bx ; save bx
    push cx ; save cx
    push dx ; save dx

    mov dl, al
    mov ah, 2h
    int 21h

    pop dx ; restore dx
    pop cx ; restore cx
    pop bx ; restore bx
    pop ax ; restore ax
    ret
end start

```



```

C:\>q8.exe
Enter numbers: 34 65 23 3 54 56

max is: 65
min is: 3
C:\>

```

q9) Write and test a MASM program to loop until the user decides to quit.

Code:

```

.model small
.stack 100h

.data
msg db 10,13,"Enter q to quit: $"
looping db 10,13,"loop$"

.code

main proc

    mov ax,@data
    mov ds,ax

    label1:

        ;display loop message
        lea dx,looping
        mov ah,09h

```

```

        int 21h

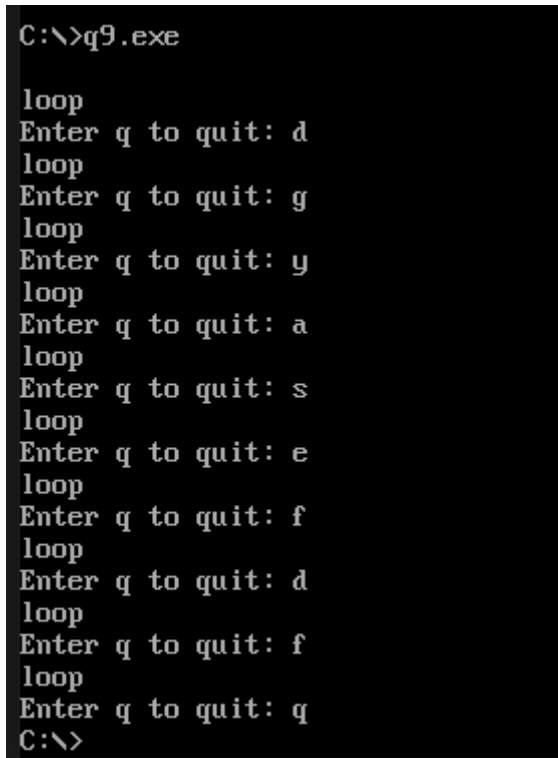
        ;display input prompt
        lea dx,msg
        mov ah,09h
        int 21h

        ;accept a character
        mov ah,01h
        int 21h

        ; check if character is q
        cmp al,'q'
        jne label1

        ;exit
        mov ah,4Ch
        int 21h
main endp
end main

```



```

C:\>q9.exe

loop
Enter q to quit: d
loop
Enter q to quit: g
loop
Enter q to quit: y
loop
Enter q to quit: a
loop
Enter q to quit: s
loop
Enter q to quit: e
loop
Enter q to quit: f
loop
Enter q to quit: d
loop
Enter q to quit: f
loop
Enter q to quit: q
C:\>

```

Q10) Write and test a MASM program to print all the characters from A-Z.

Code:

```

; Write and test a MASM program to Print all the characters from A-Z.
.model small
.stack 100h

.data
space db ' '
.code

main proc

        mov ax,@data
        mov ds,ax

        mov bx,65
        mov cx,0

        label1:

```

```
        ;pr int the character
        mov ah,02h
        mov dl,bl
        int 21h

        ;print the character
        mov ah,02h
        mov dl,space
        int 21h

        ;increment
        inc bx
        inc cx
        cmp cx,26

jne label1

        mov ah,4ch
        int 21h

main endp

end main
```



A screenshot of a Windows command prompt window with a black background and white text. The first line shows the command 'C:\>q10.exe' being entered. The second line shows the output 'A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z'. The third line shows the prompt 'C:\>\_'.

```
C:\>q10.exe
A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z
C:\>_
```