MTK467 Nesneye Yönelik Programlama Alıştırma Soruları - 1

1. Aşağıdaki programların varsa ekran çıktılarını yazınız, yoksa belirtiniz.

```
a. int x = 2;
    int y = 3;
    if (x > 2)
        if (y > 2)
        {
            int z = x + y;
            System.out.println("z is " + z);
        }
        else
            System.out.println("x is " + x);
```

```
    b. int x = 3;
    int y = 2;
    if (x > 2)
    if (y > 2)
    int z = x + y;
    System.out.println("z is" + z);
    }
    else
    System.out.println("x is" + x);
```

d.	
	int i = 1;
	while(i < 10)

```
{
    if( (i++)%2 == 0 )
        System.out.println(i);
    }
```

```
e.
    int x = 30;
    while(x > 0)
    {
        if(x < 9)
            break;
        x = x - 9;
    }
    System.out.println("x is " + x);</pre>
```

```
f.
    int x = 30;
    while(x > 0)
    {
        if(x < 9)
            continue;
        x = x - 9;
     }
     System.out.println("x is " + x);</pre>
```

```
g. public class Test {
    public static void main(String[] args){
        int max = 0;
        findMax(1,2,max);
        System.out.println(max);
}

public static void findMax(int value1, int value2, int max){
    if(value1 > value2)
        max = value1;
    else
        max = value2;
}
```

```
public class Test {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
     int product = 5;
     int x = 5;

     product *= x++;

     System.out.println(product);
     System.out.println(x);
}
```

h.

2. Aşağıdaki program parçalarındaki hataları bulunuz ve nasıl düzeltileceğini açıklayınız:

```
a) int g()
   {
      System.out.println( "Inside method g" );
      int h()
         System.out.println( "Inside method h" );
      }
   }
b) int sum( int x, int y )
   {
      int result;
      result = x + y;
c) void f( float a );
      float a;
      System.out.println( a );
d) void product()
   {
      int a = 6, b = 5, c = 4, result;
      result = a * b * c;
      System.out.printf( "Result is %d\n", result );
      return result;
   }
```

```
a) final int ARRAY_SIZE = 5;
    ARRAY_SIZE = 10;
b) Assume int b[] = new int[ 10 ];
    for ( int i = 0; i <= b.length; i++ )
        b[ i ] = 1;</li>
```

```
a) i = 1;

while ( i <= 10 );
    i++;
}
b) for ( k = 0.1; k != 1.0; k += 0.1 )
    System.out.println( k );</pre>
```

```
c) switch ( n )
{
    case 1:
        System.out.println( "The number is 1" );
    case 2:
        System.out.println( "The number is 2" );
        break;
    default:
        System.out.println( "The number is not 1 or 2" );
        break;
}
d) The following code should print the values 1 to 10:
    n = 1;
    while ( n < 10 )
        System.out.println( n++ );</pre>
```