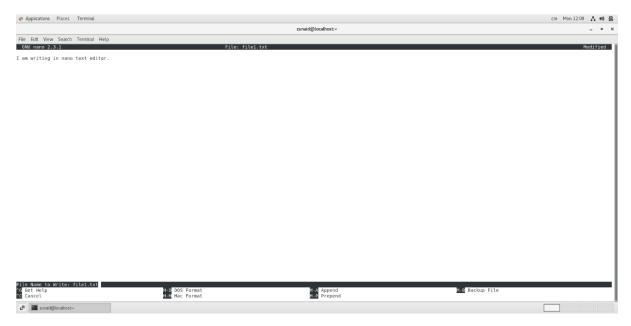
## **Assignment 2**

## **Linux Basic Commands Assignment**

- 1. Create a file like nano file1.txt
- o Edit some data and then save the file

## Solution:

- 1. Type command nano file1.txt
- 2. Write the line "I am writing in nano text editor" in file1.txt
- 3. Ctrl + x
- 4. Then press y to save file1.txt
- 5. Hit enter to exit from the editor



- 2. Now we will copy date from file1 to new file2
- o cp file1.txt file2.txt
- o Then see the output of file2.txt, cat file2.txt
- o Give screenshot

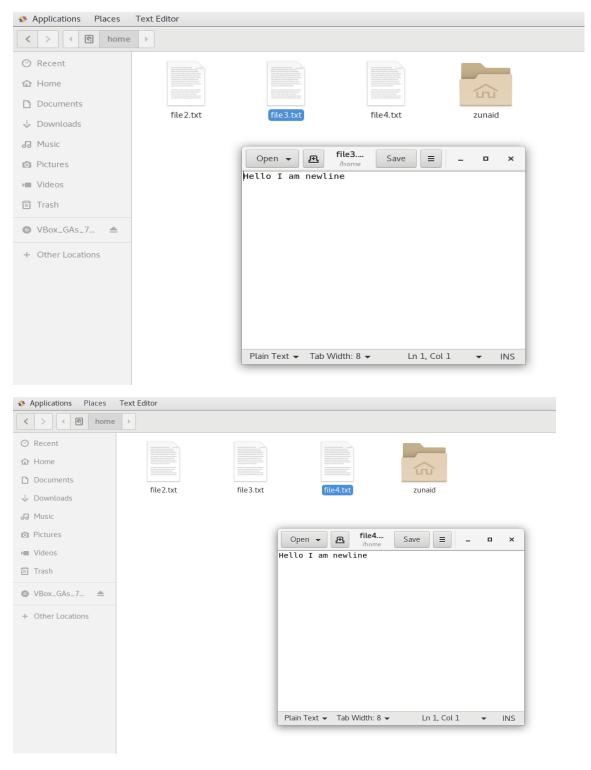


Step 1 : Type cp file1.txt file2.txt this will create the file2.txt and copy all the file1.txt to it.

- 3. Now we will move the file2.txt to new folder /home
- o mv file2.txt /home
- o Then go to home directory and check ls, file exits or not?
- o Given screenshot



- Step 1: before moving the file we have to change the permission of /home using sudo and chmod, ssh root@localhost command
- Step 2: after that we can move file using mv file2.txt
- Step 3: using ls printing the file/directories in /home
- 4. Then we create a new file3.txt and file4.txt in home directory and add content in it.
- o Now do echo "Hello I am newline" > file3.txt and provide the output of file3.txt
- o Now do echo "Hello I am newline" >> file4.txt and provide the output of file4.txt
- o Tell the different between both step you follow and the reason behind it
- Step 1: Using command touch file3.txt and file4.txt create 2 files
- Step 2: after that using echo write the lines you want to write in the file



The main difference between echo "Hello" > file.txt and echo "Hello" >> file.txt is that

>this will rewrite inside the file remove the previous txt of the file While >> will append the text in the file.

- 5. For remove a file or directory you can use the below two commands
- o To delete a file rm <any\_filename>
- o To delete a directory -rm <any\_directoryname>

