



Surface-based Functional Homogeneity in Human Connectomics



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Acknowledgements

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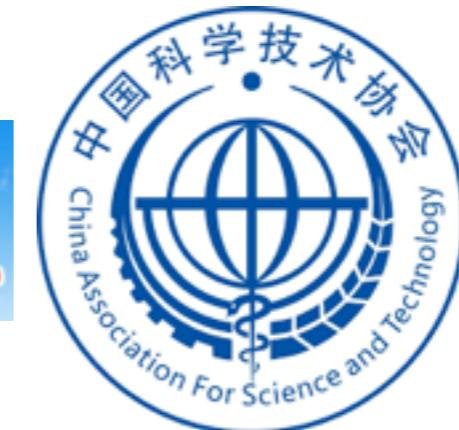
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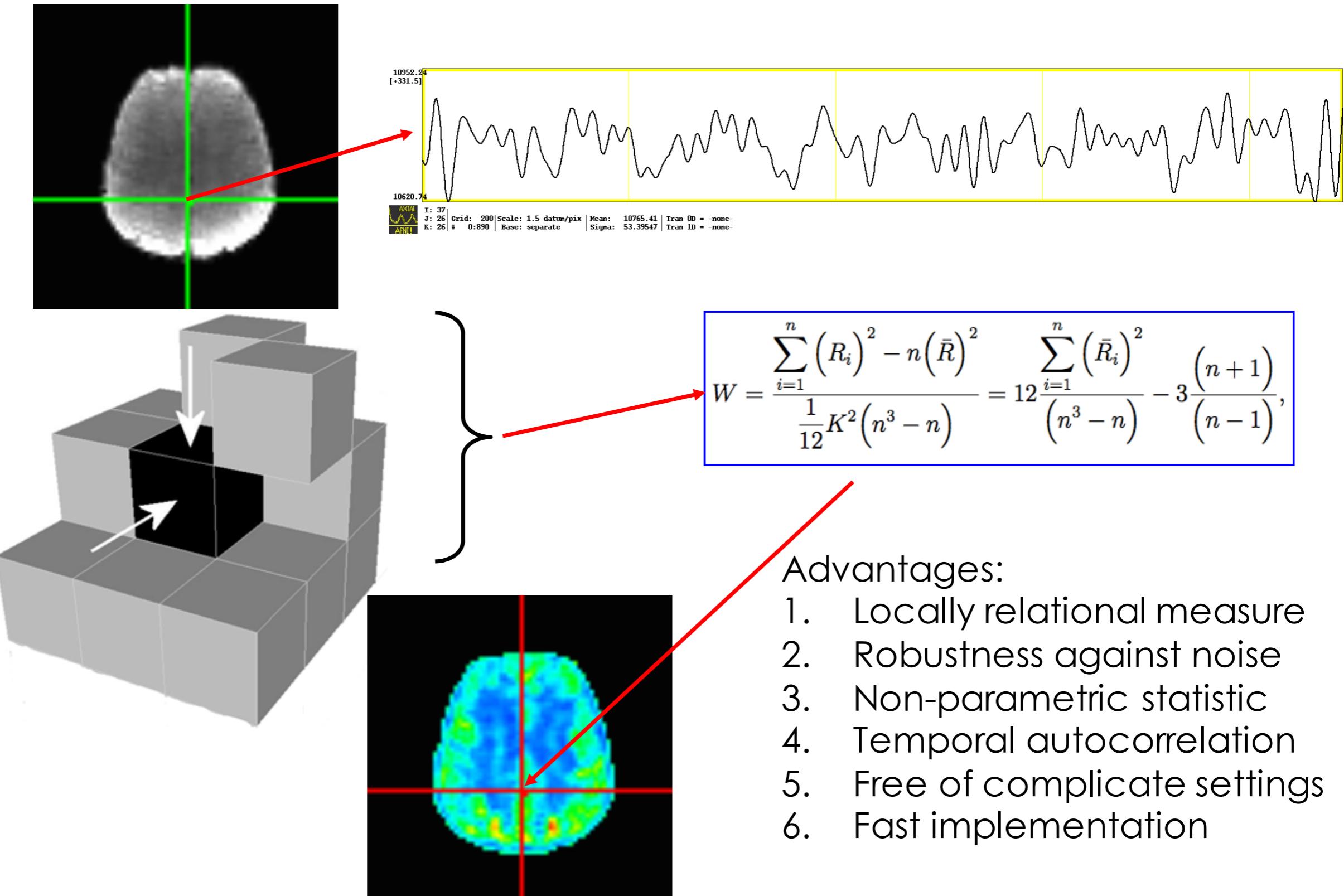
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Local Functional Homogeneity: History



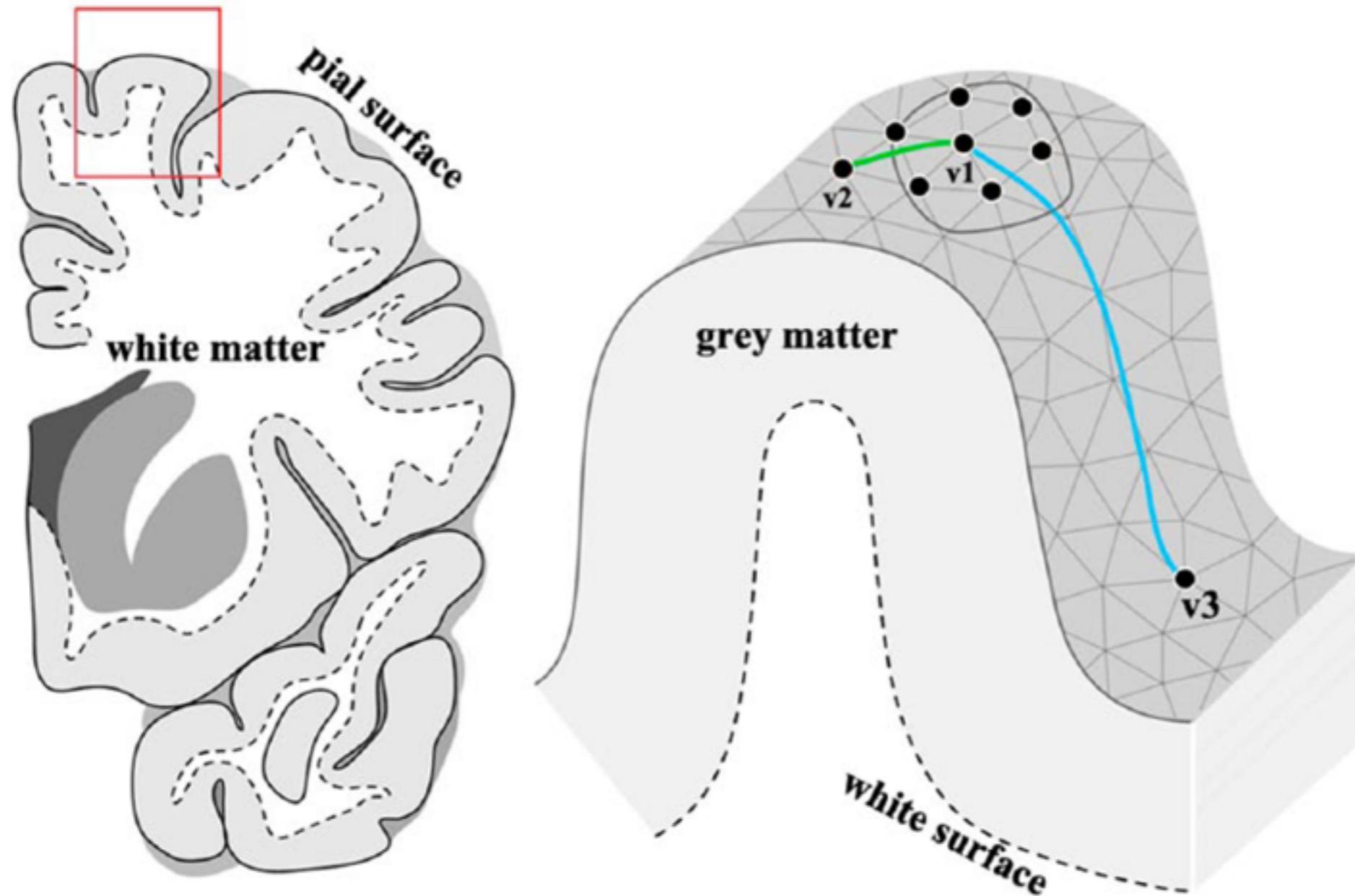
Kendall's Coefficient of Concordance (W): The Anatomy

Spatial Denoise (K=4)

Temporal Denoise (n=10)	Ranks (column-wise)				<i>Sum of Ranks</i> R_i
	neighbour1	neighbour2	neighbour3	neighbour4	
tp1	5	6	3	5	19.0
tp2	10	4	8	2	24.0
tp3	7	8	5	4	24.0
tp4	8	10	9	2	29.0
tp5	6	5	7	6	24.0
tp6	9	7	10	7	33.0
tp7	3	3	2	8	16.0
tp8	1.5	2	4	9	16.5
tp9	1.5	1	1	2	5.5
tp10	4	9	6	10	29.0

$$W = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (R_i)^2 - n(\bar{R})^2}{\frac{1}{12} K^2 (n^3 - n)} = 12 \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (\bar{R}_i)^2}{(n^3 - n)} - 3 \frac{(n+1)}{(n-1)}$$


Local Functional Homogeneity: Revisit after 10 Years



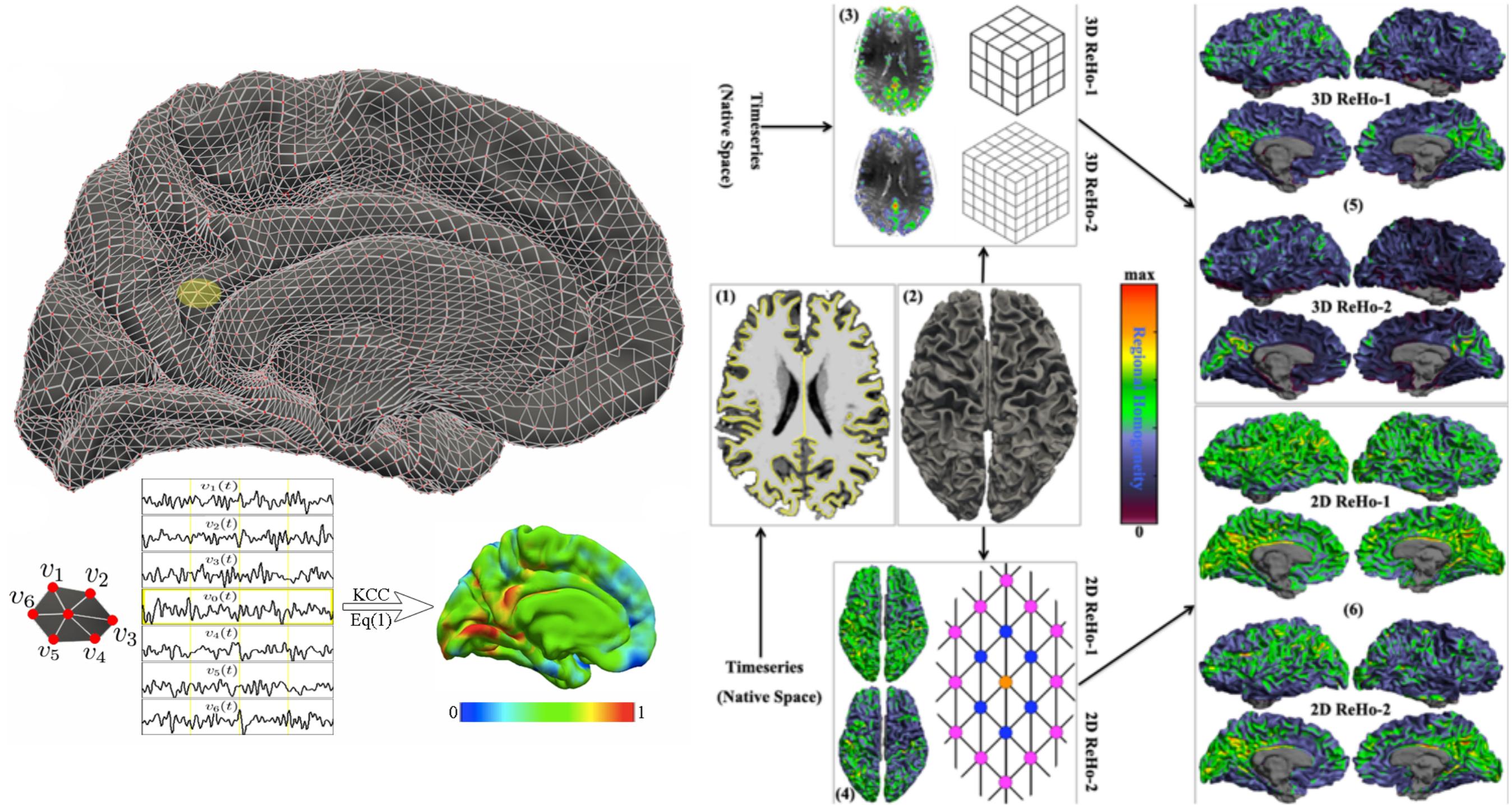
VolumeReHo:

1. mixes signals of multiple tissues;
2. neglects the intrinsic geometry of the highly folded human cortex;
3. ignores 2d sheet-like functional organisation.

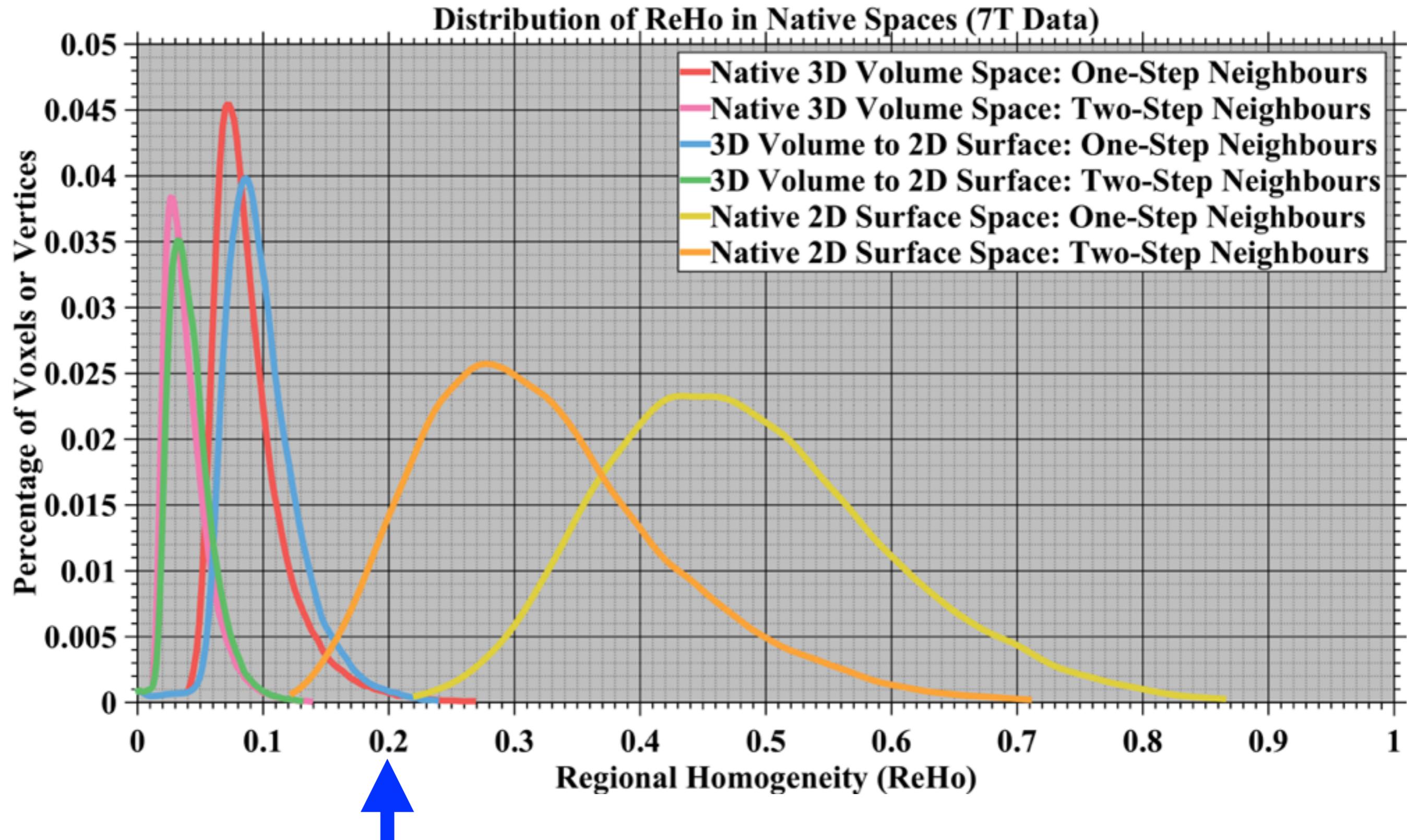
SurfaceReHo:

1. takes grey matter signals;
2. integrates the intrinsic folded geometry of the human cortex;
3. reflects functional organisation of the cerebral cortex.

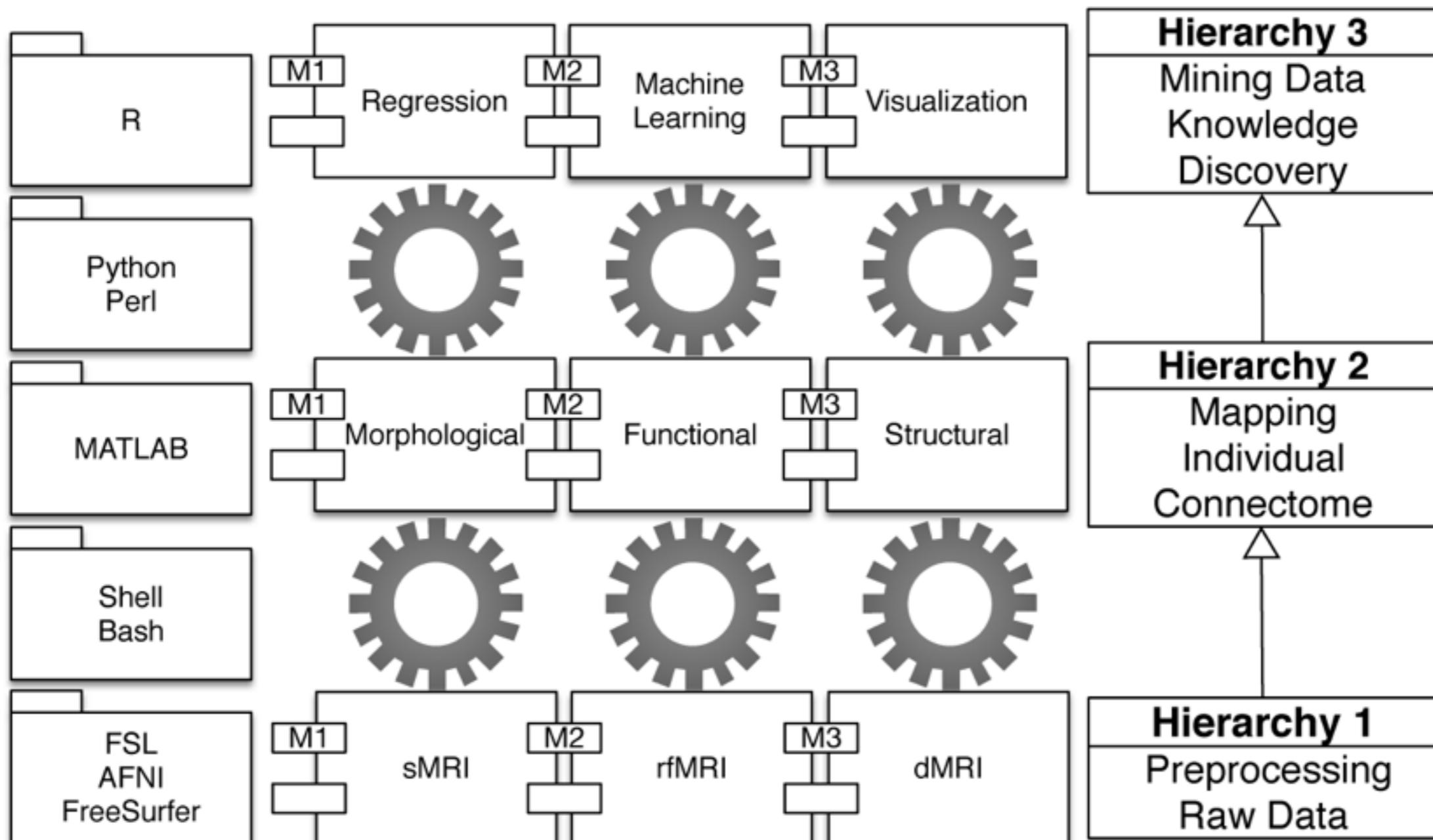
Local Functional Homogeneity: Revisit after 10 Years



Local Functional Homogeneity: Voxel vs Vertex



ReHo Computation



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zuoxinian / CCS

<https://github.com/zuoxinian/CCS>

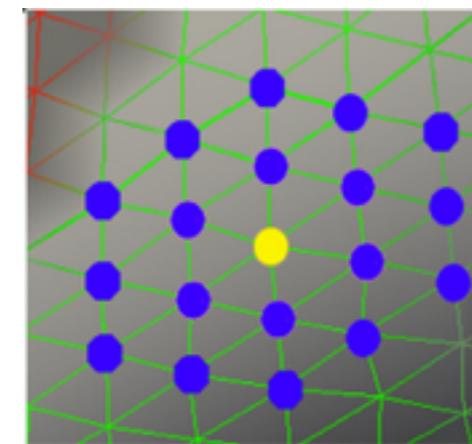
Watch 5

Star 4

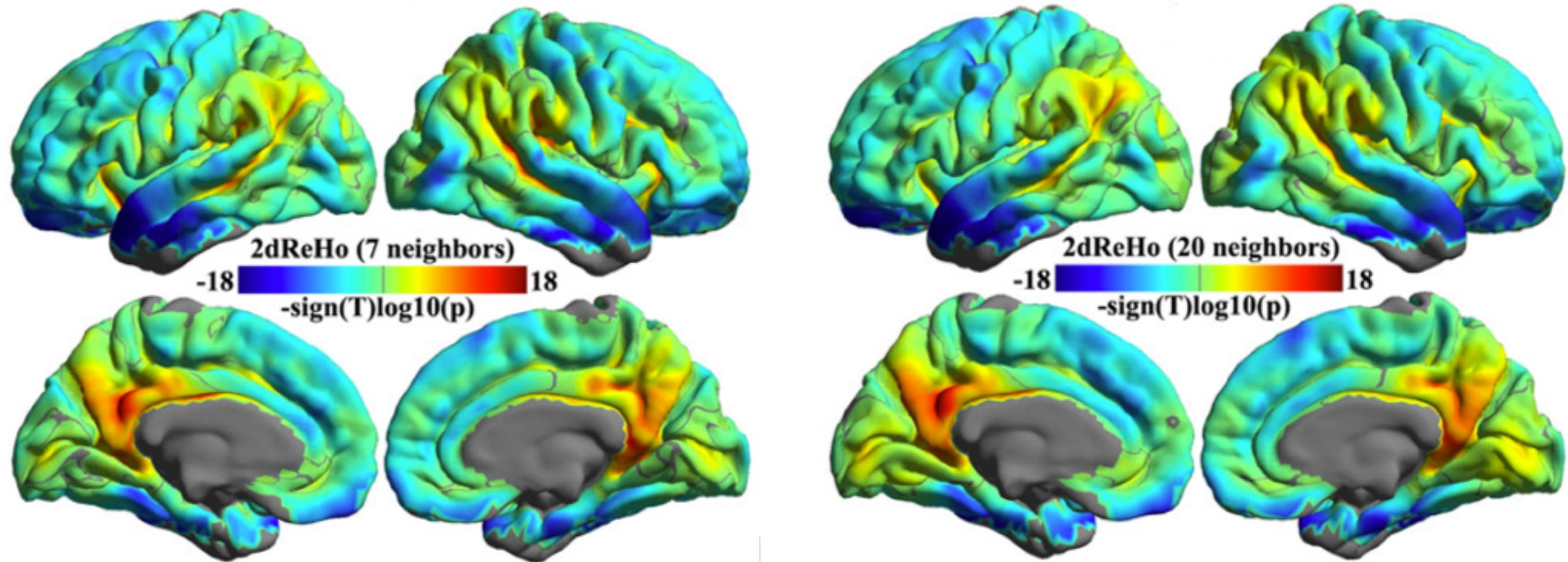
Fork 4

2dReHo Spatial Maps

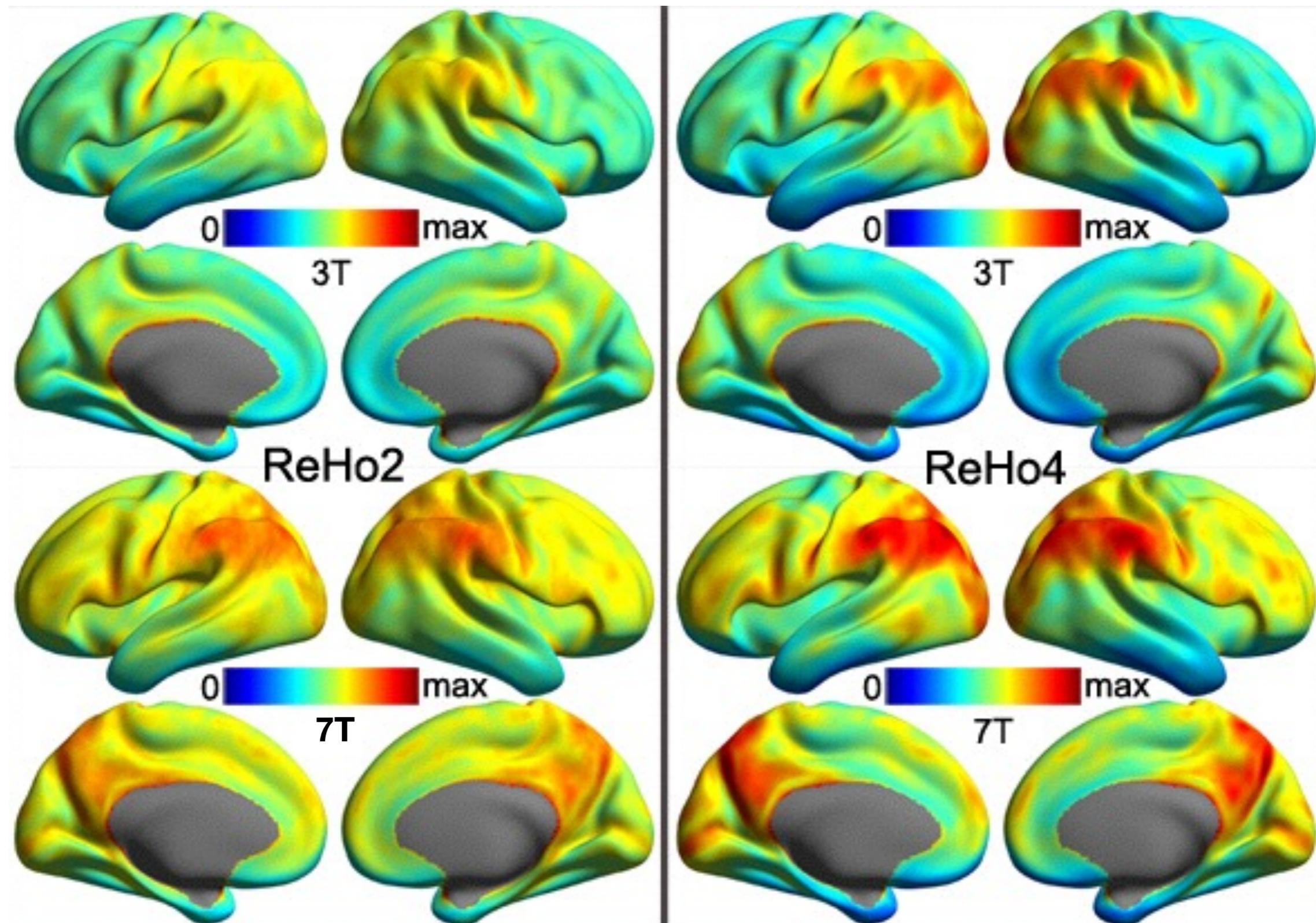
Six Vertices



Twenty Vertices

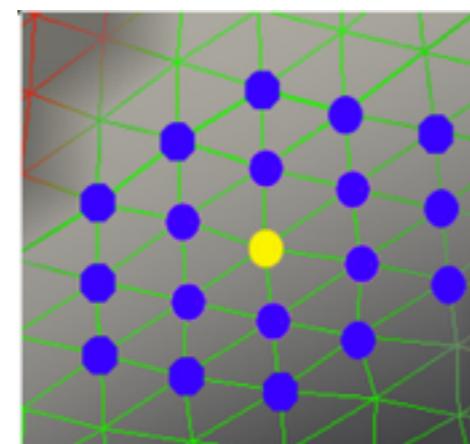


2dReHo Spatial Maps: HCP 3T vs 7T

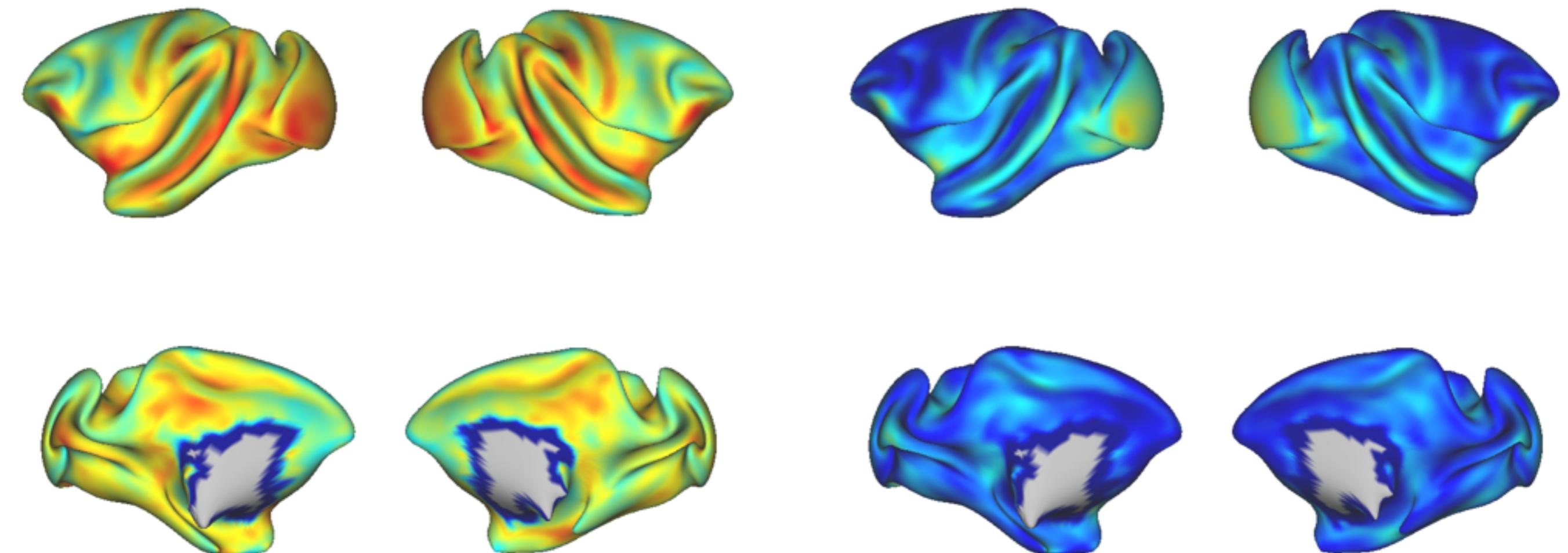


2dReHo Spatial Maps: Monkey

Six Vertices



Twenty Vertices

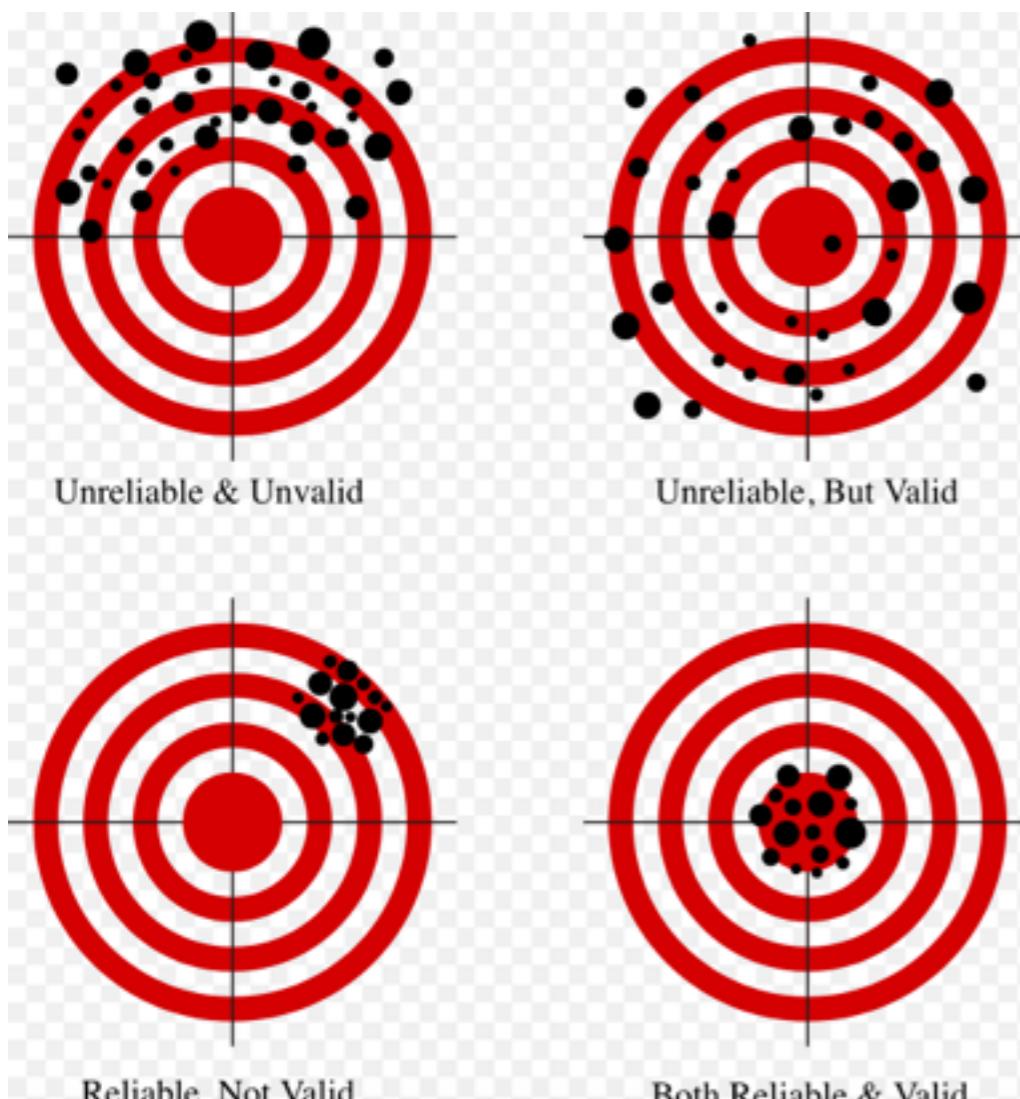




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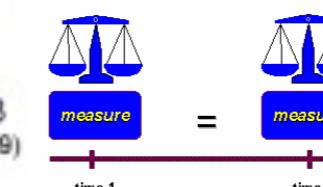
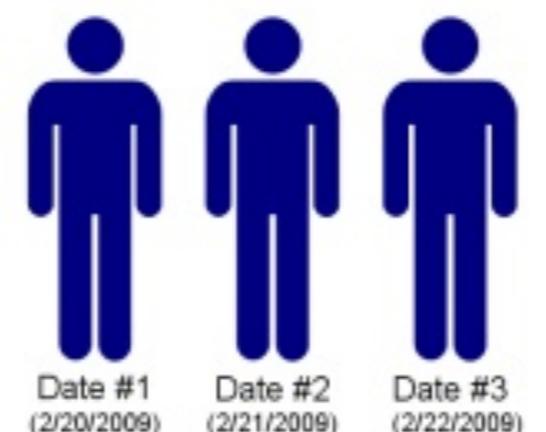


The Reliability of Clinical Diagnoses: State of the Art

Helena Chmura Kraemer

Department of Psychiatry and Behavioral Sciences, Stanford University (Emerita), Palo Alto, California 94301; and Department of Psychiatry, University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15213; email: hckhome@pacbell.net

Concept: Reliability and Validity



SAME MEASUREMENT

$$ICC = \frac{MS_b - MS_w}{MS_b + MS_w}$$

$$A' = A + n(A)$$

$$B' = B + n(B)$$

$$r(A', B') = r(A, B) \sqrt{ICC(A)ICC(B)}$$

ICC

Slight

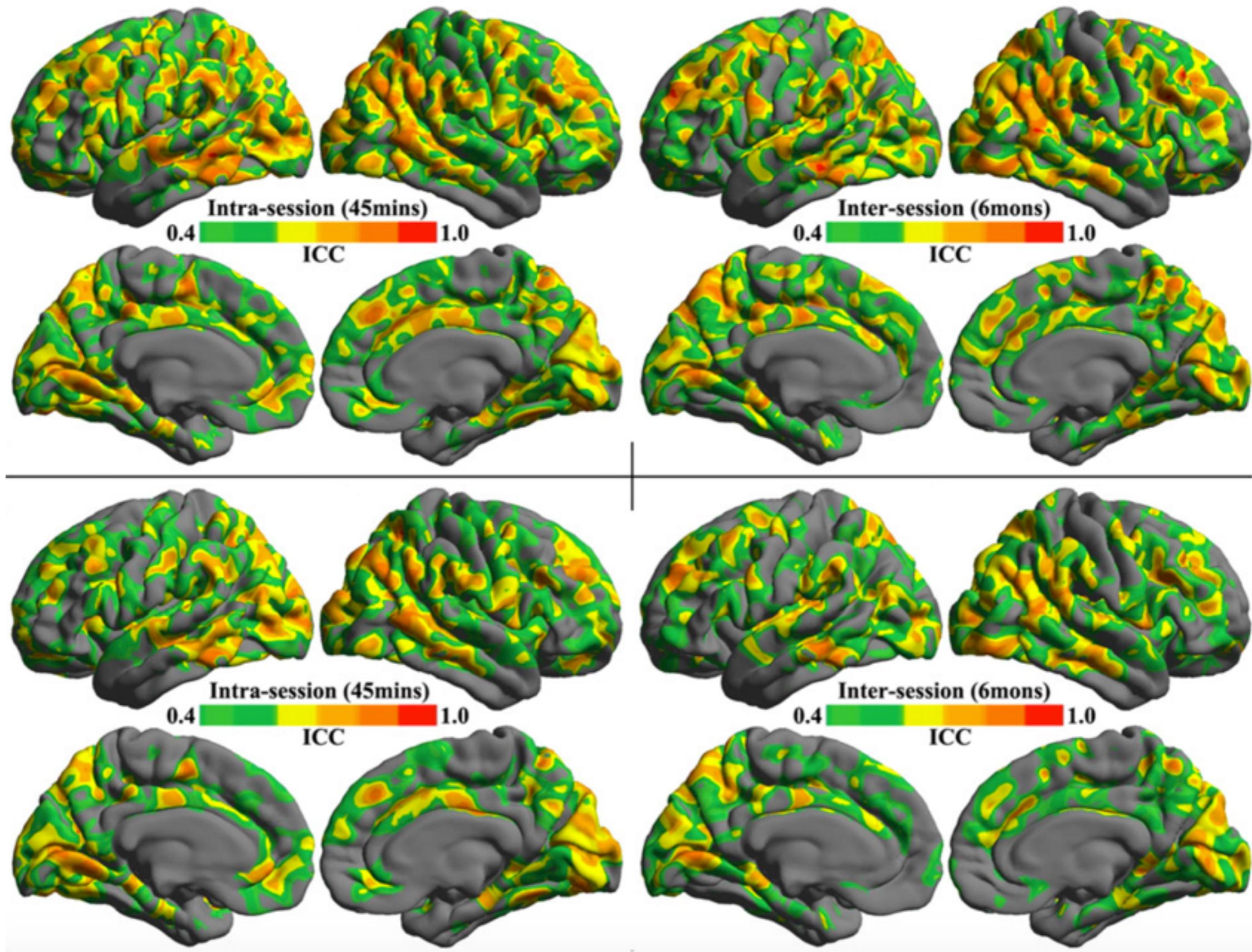
Fair

Moderate

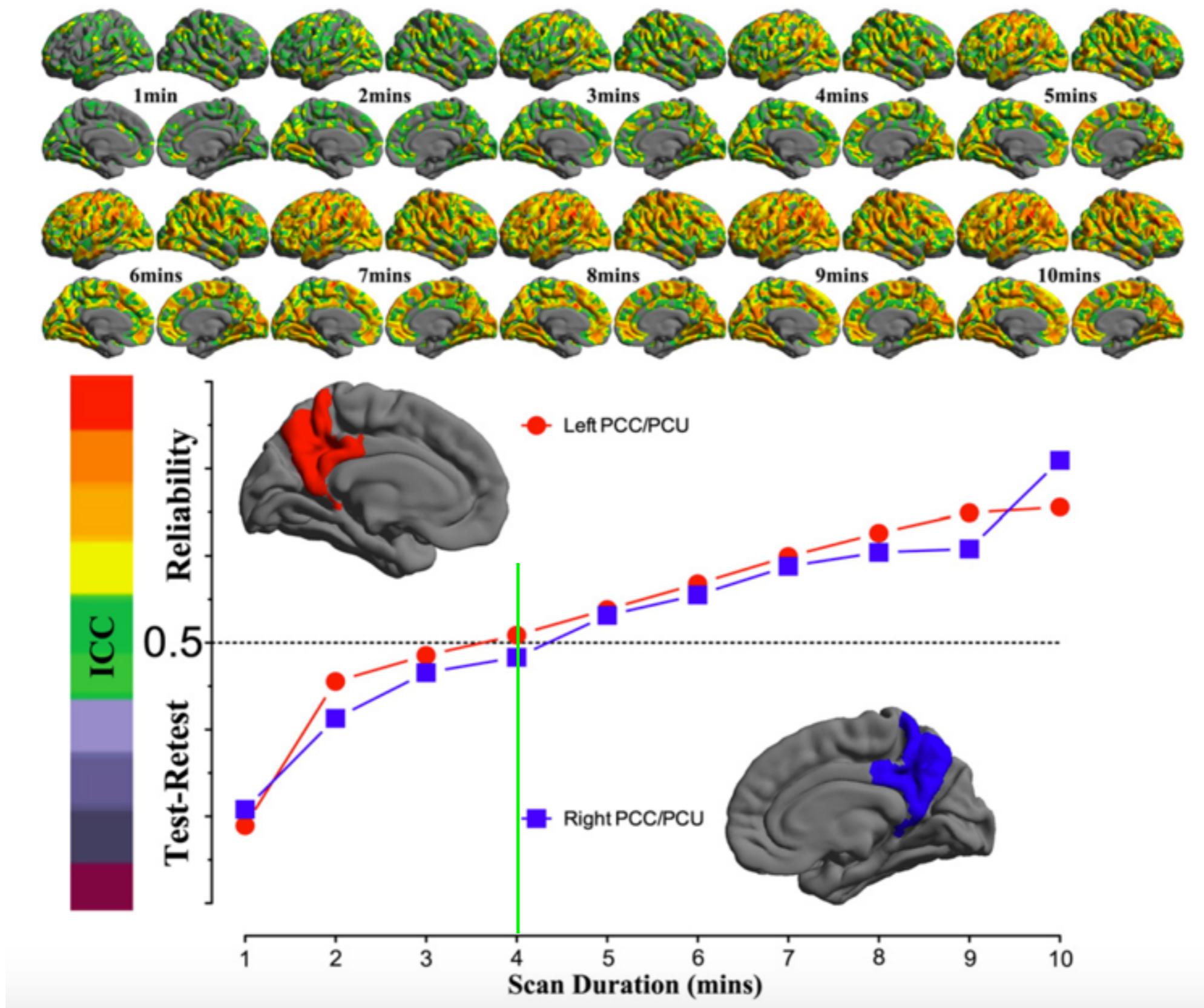
Substantial

Almost Perfect

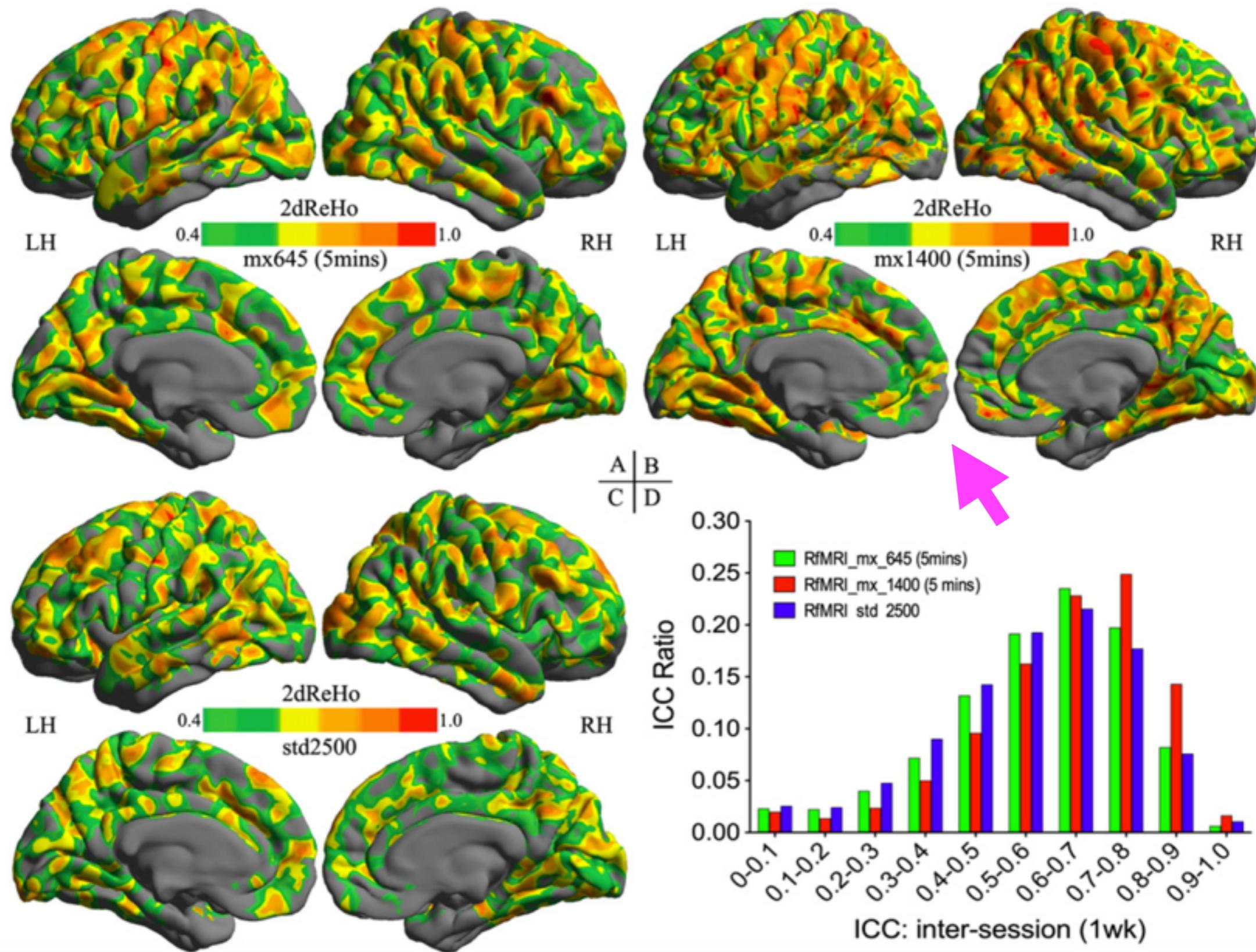
2dReHo: Test-Retest Reliability



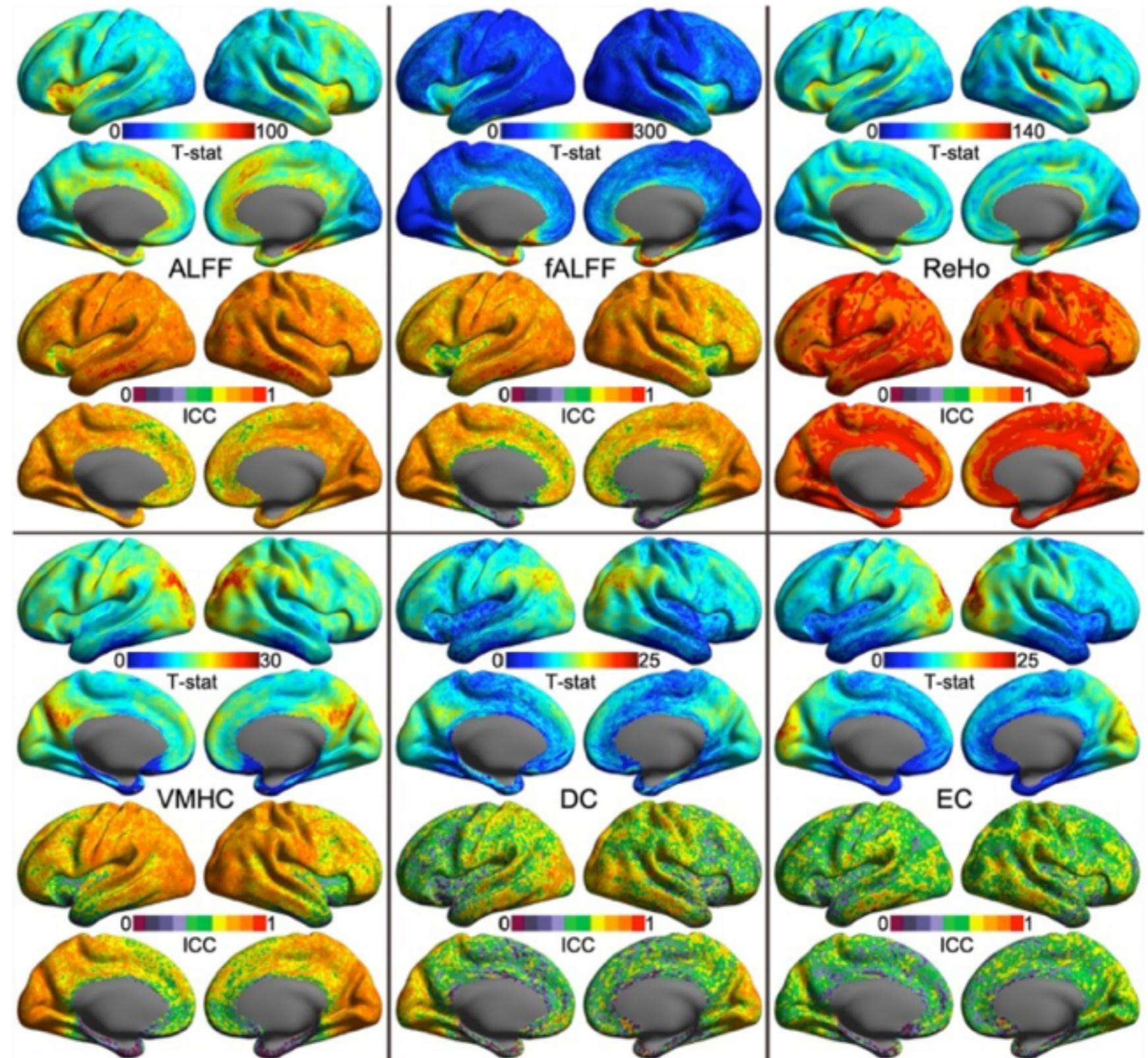
2dReHo Reliability: How Long Scan We Need?



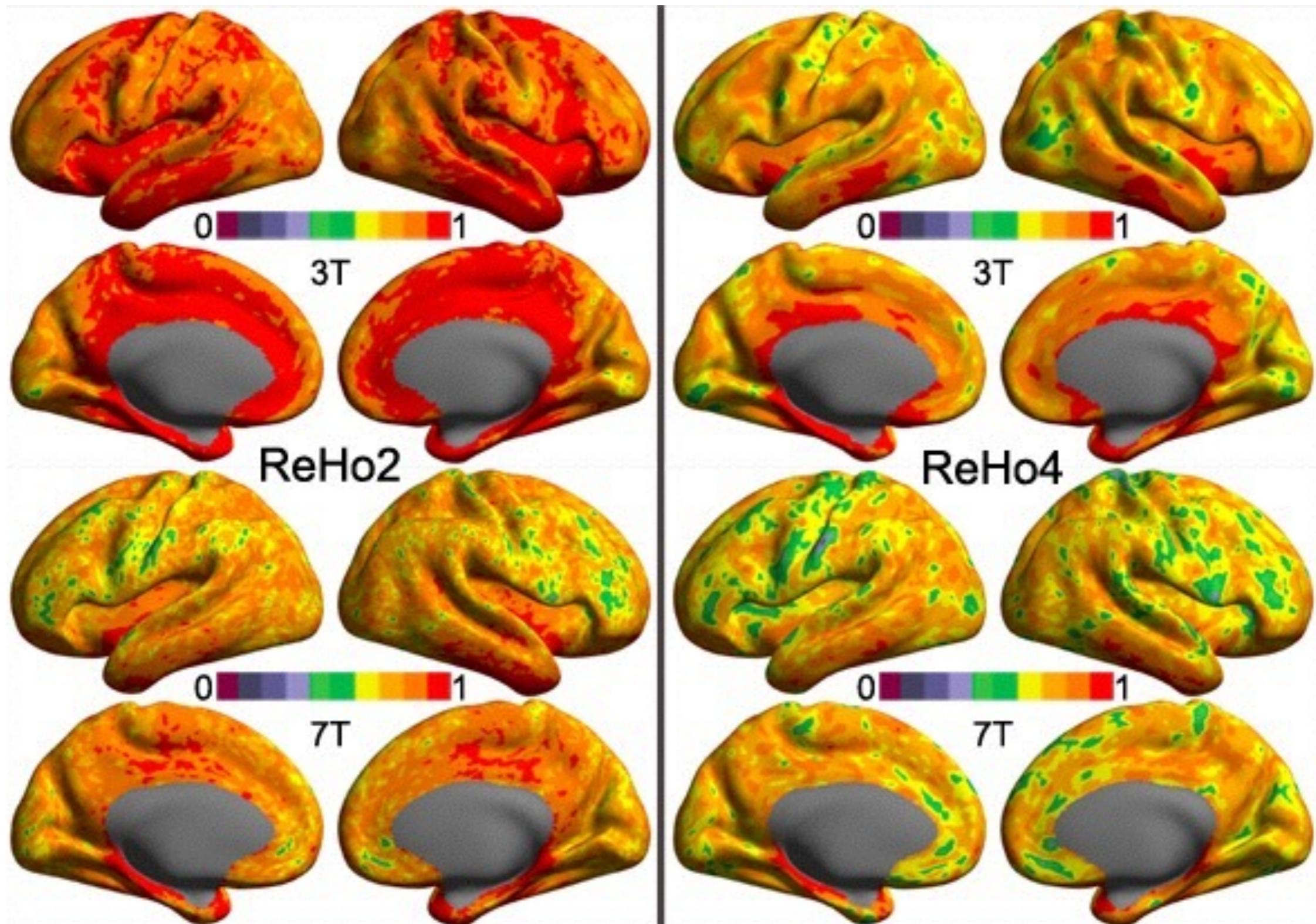
2dReHo Reliability: Imaging Resolution



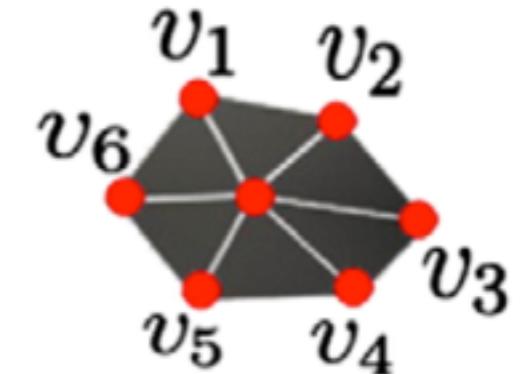
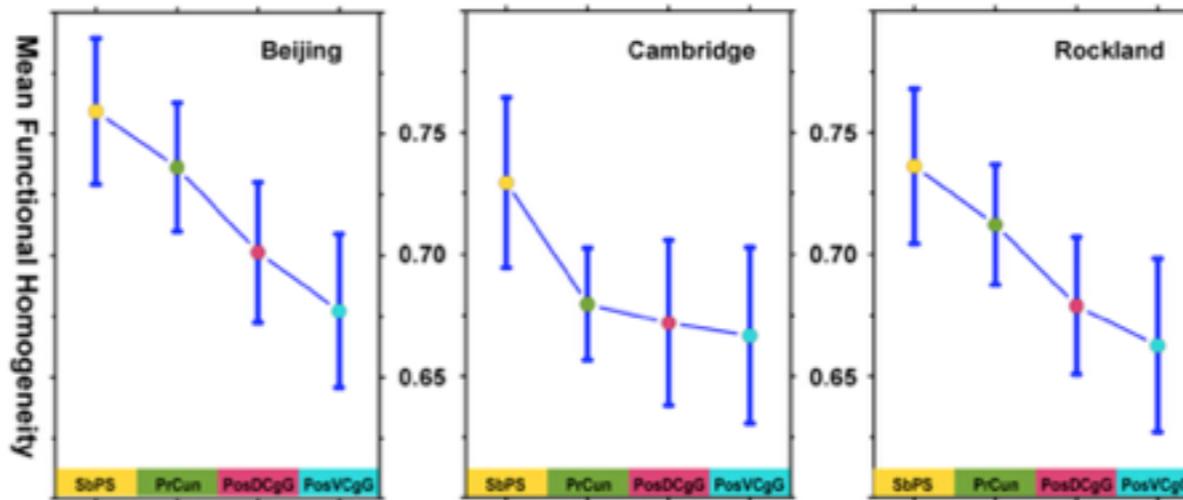
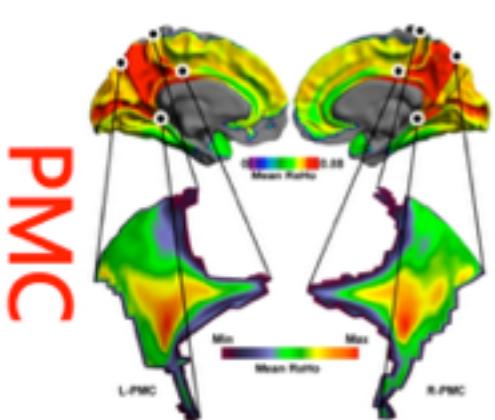
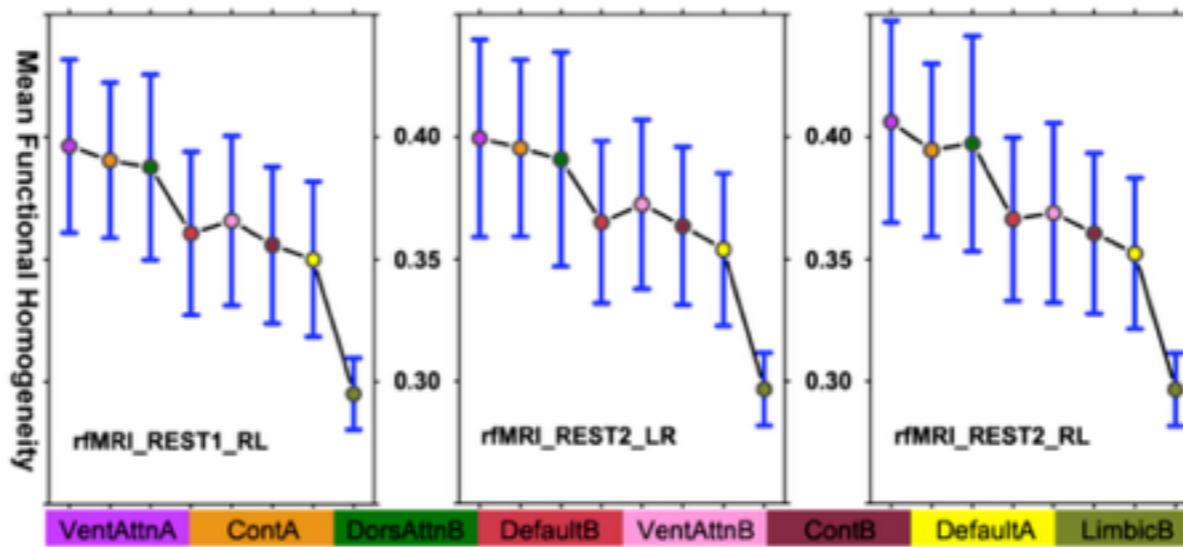
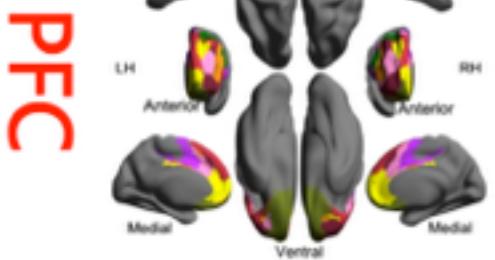
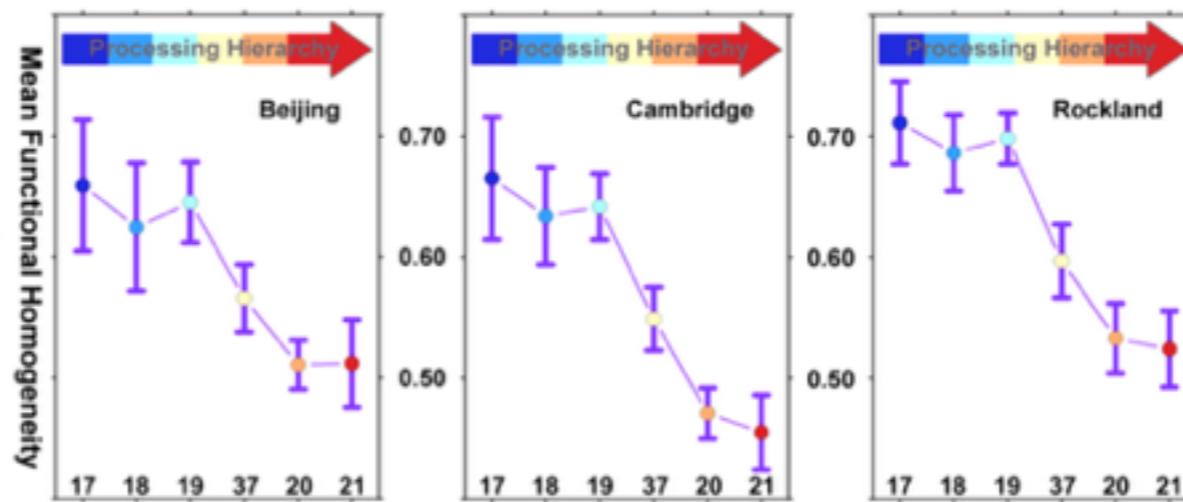
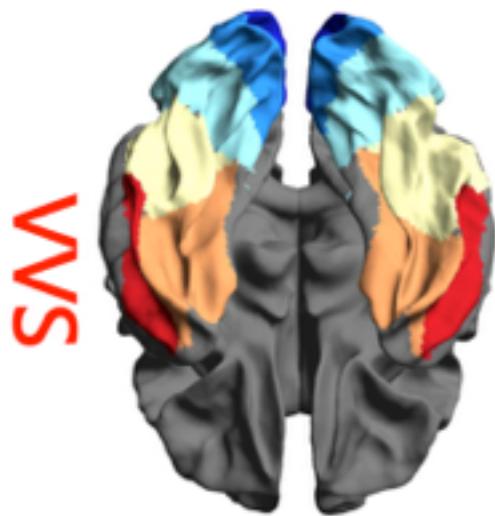
2dReHo Reliability: HCP



2dReHo Reliability: HCP 3T vs 7T



2dReHo Validity: Functional Architecture

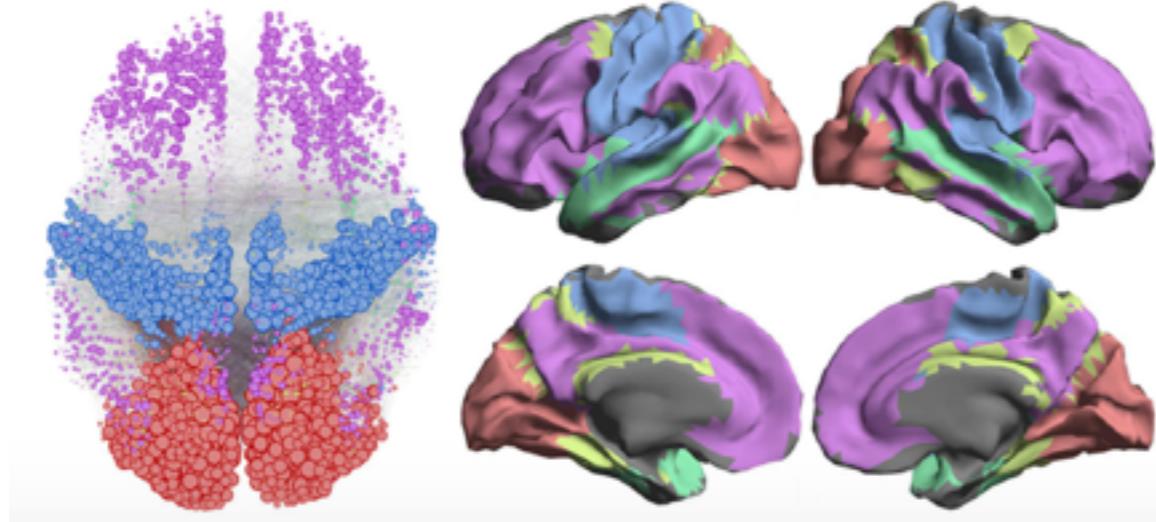
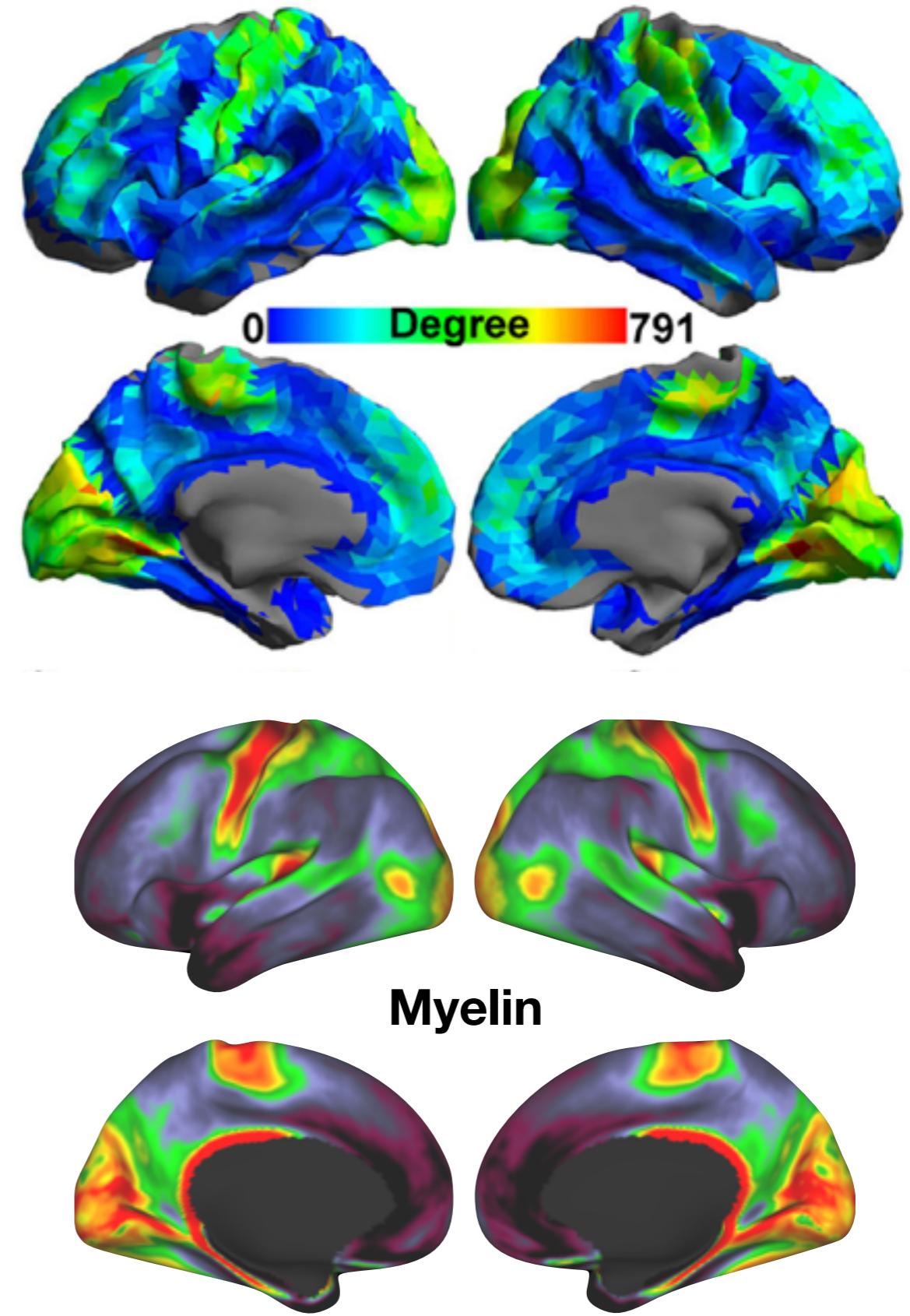
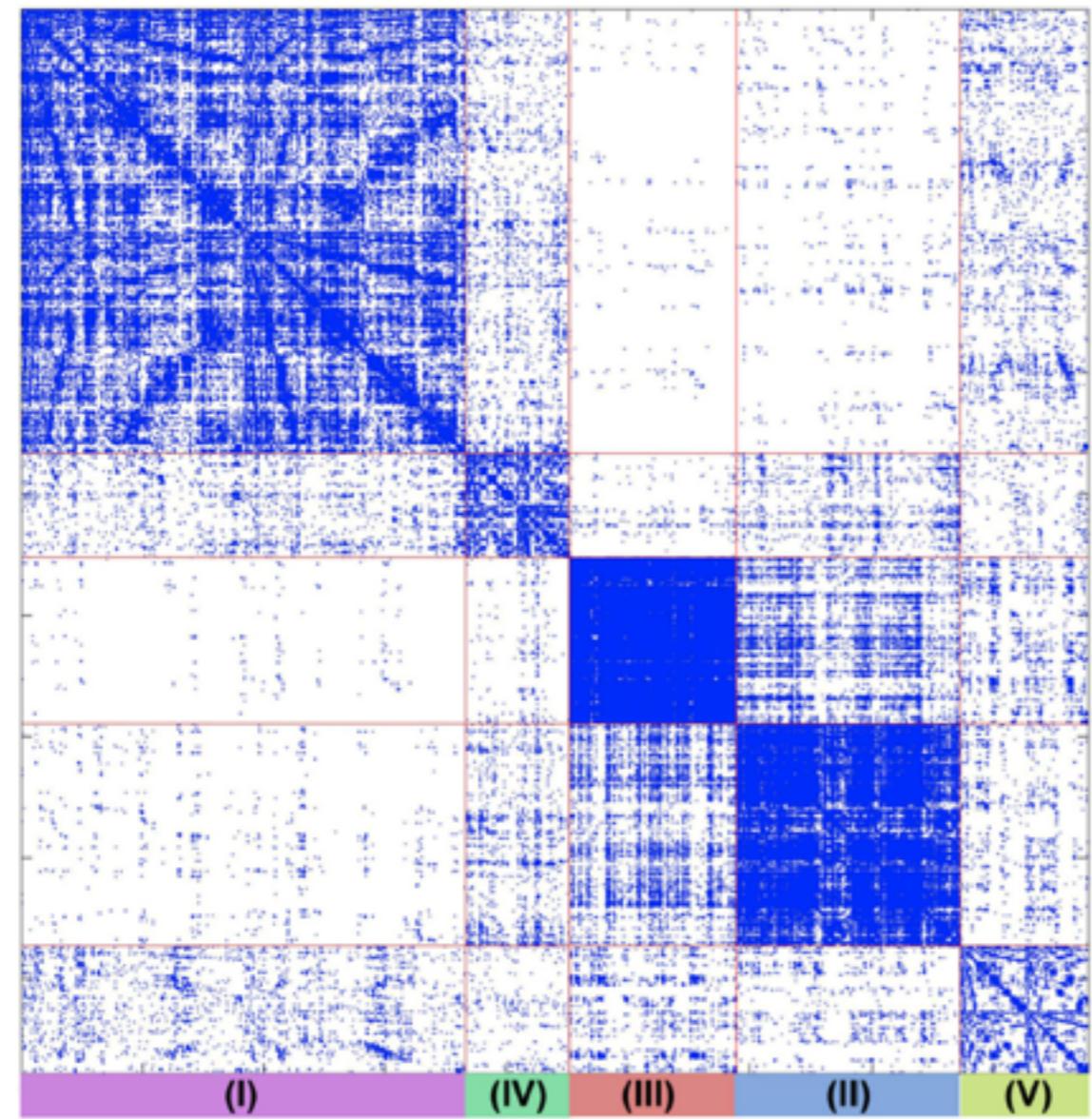


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$$= 12 \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (\bar{R}_i)^2}{(n^3 - n)} - 3 \frac{(n+1)}{(n-1)}$$

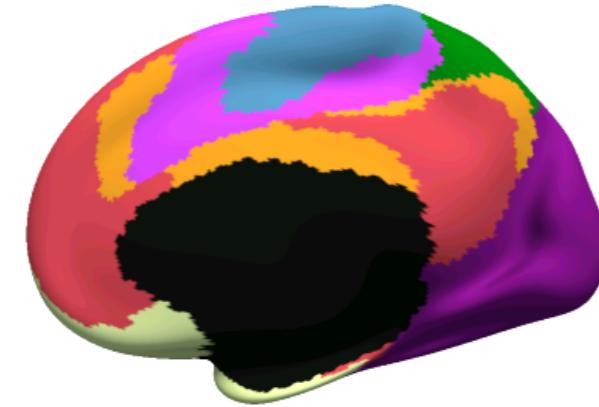
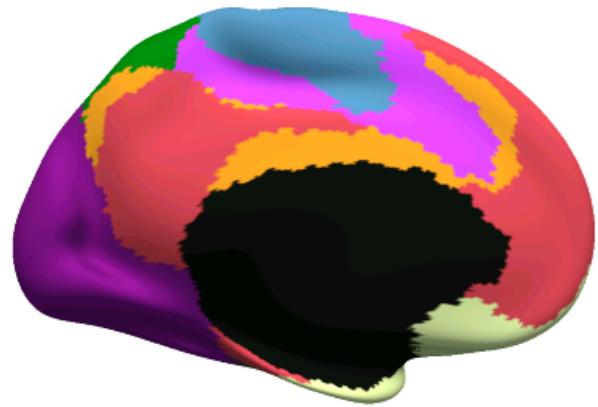
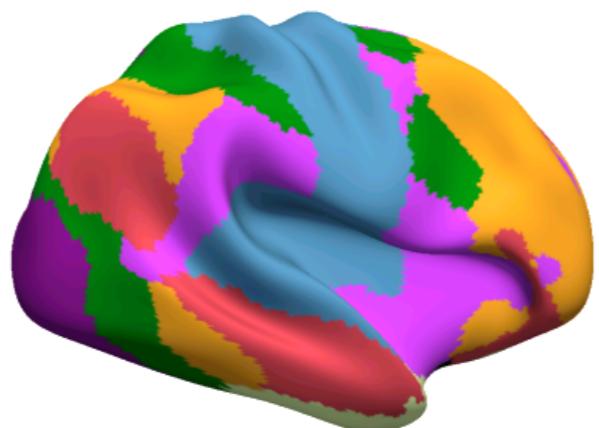
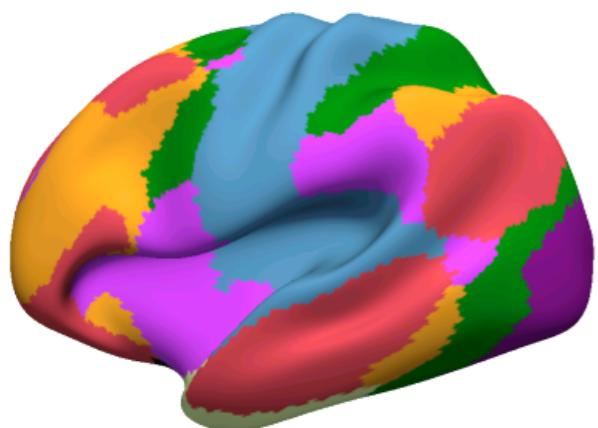


2dReHo Validity: Functional Covariance

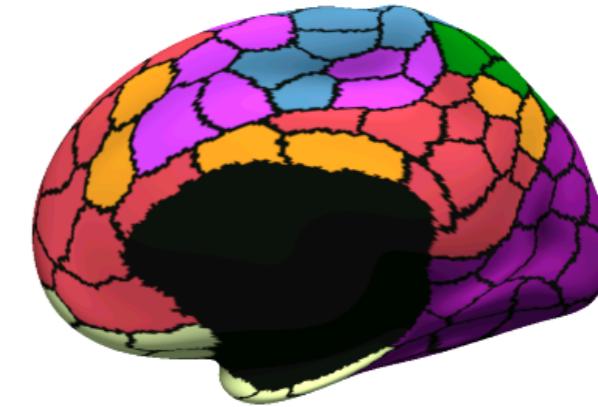
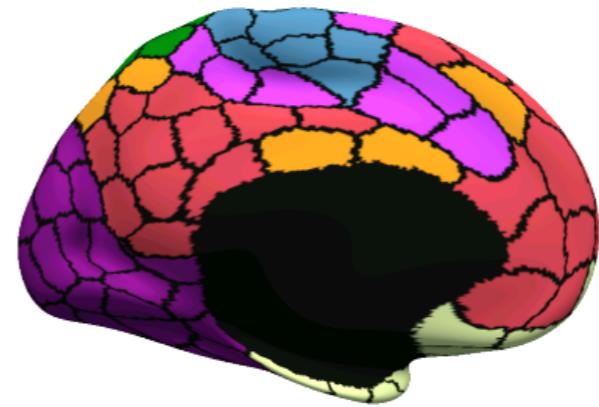
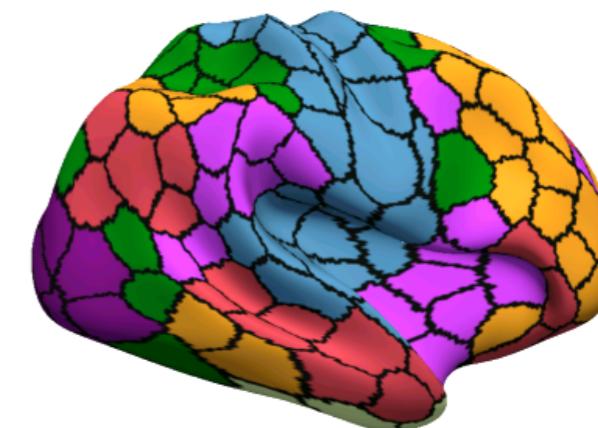
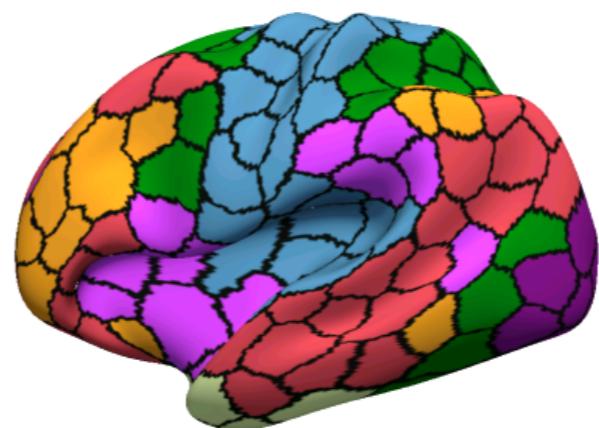


Human Resting Brain Atlas: Functional Homogeneity Driven

Yeo2011 7Networks

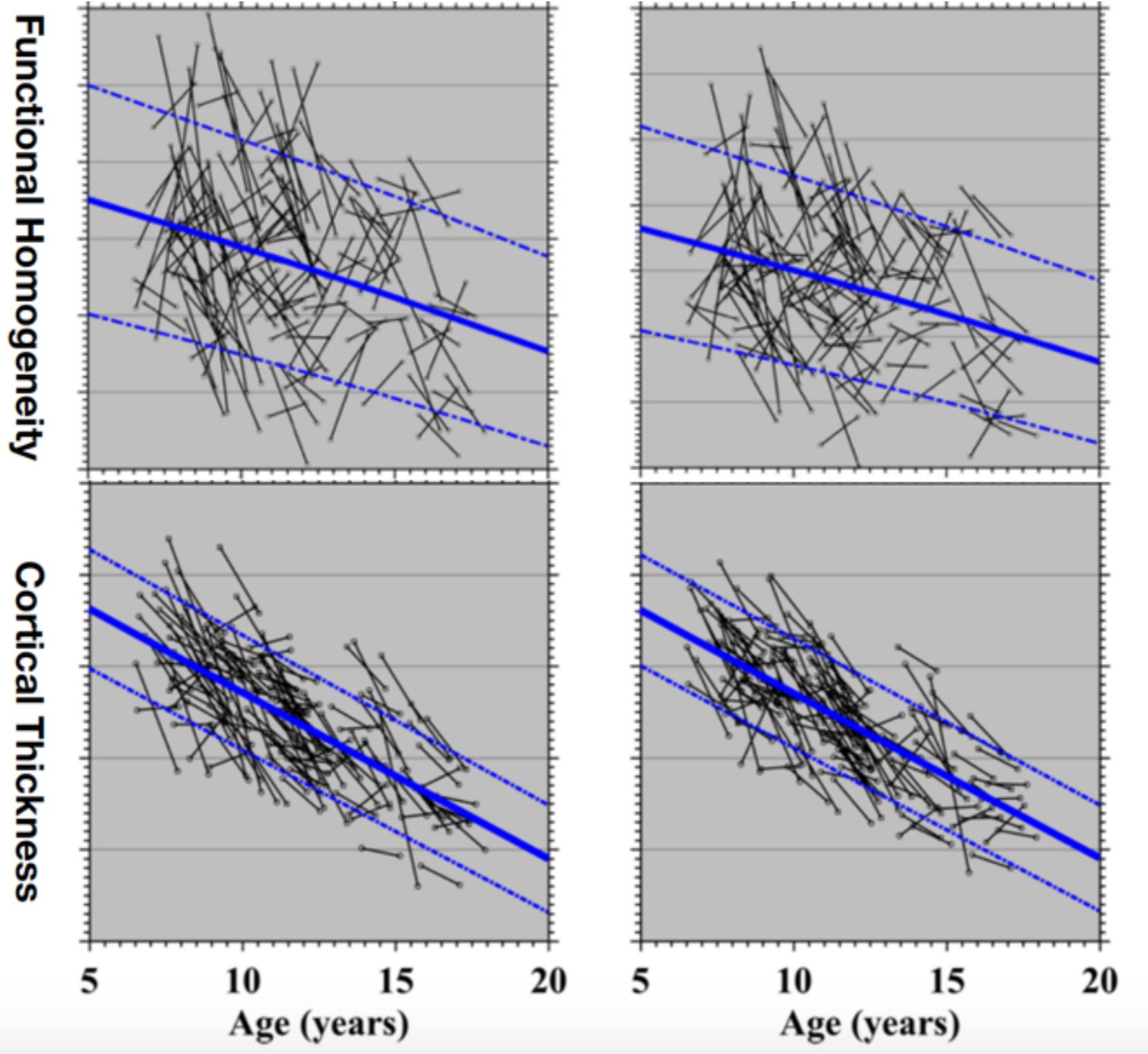


Yeo2011 Refined



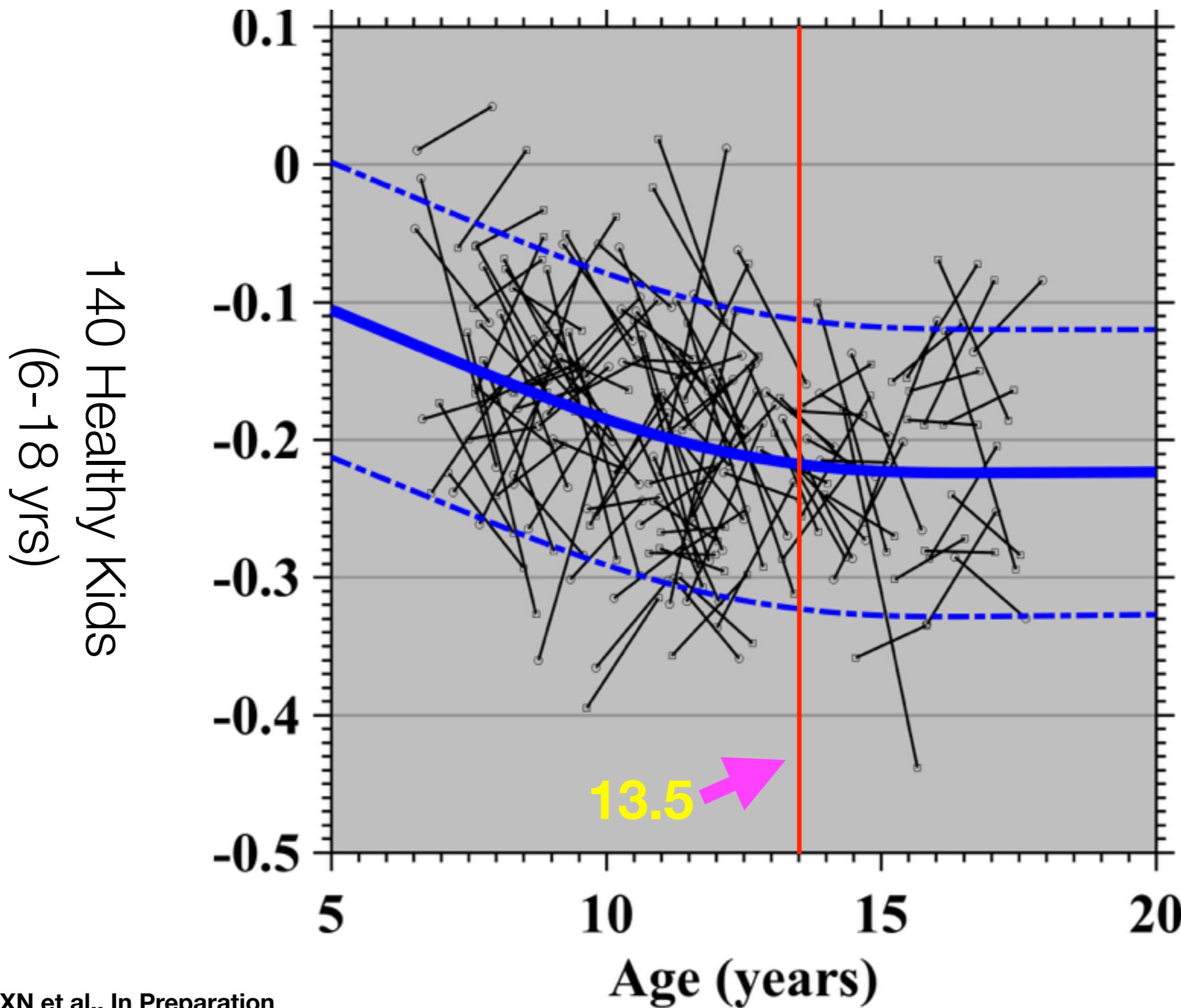
2dReHo: Neurodevelopment

140 Healthy Kids
(6-18 yrs)

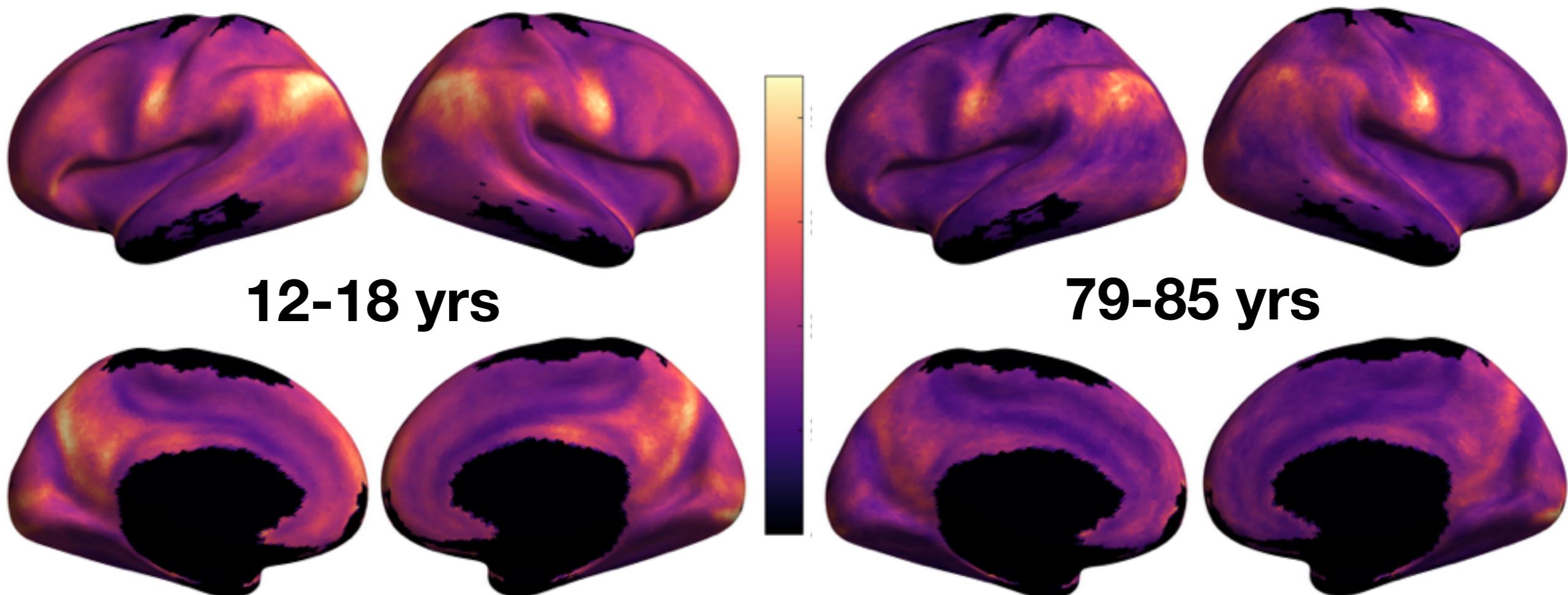
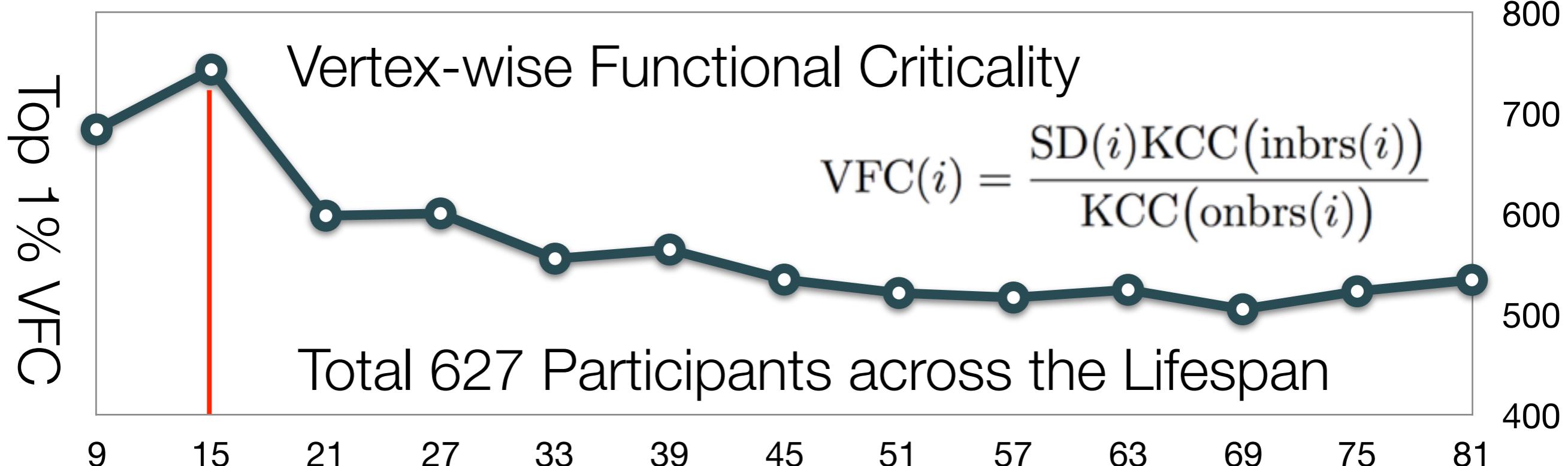


Longitudinal Design
(1.2yrs follow up)

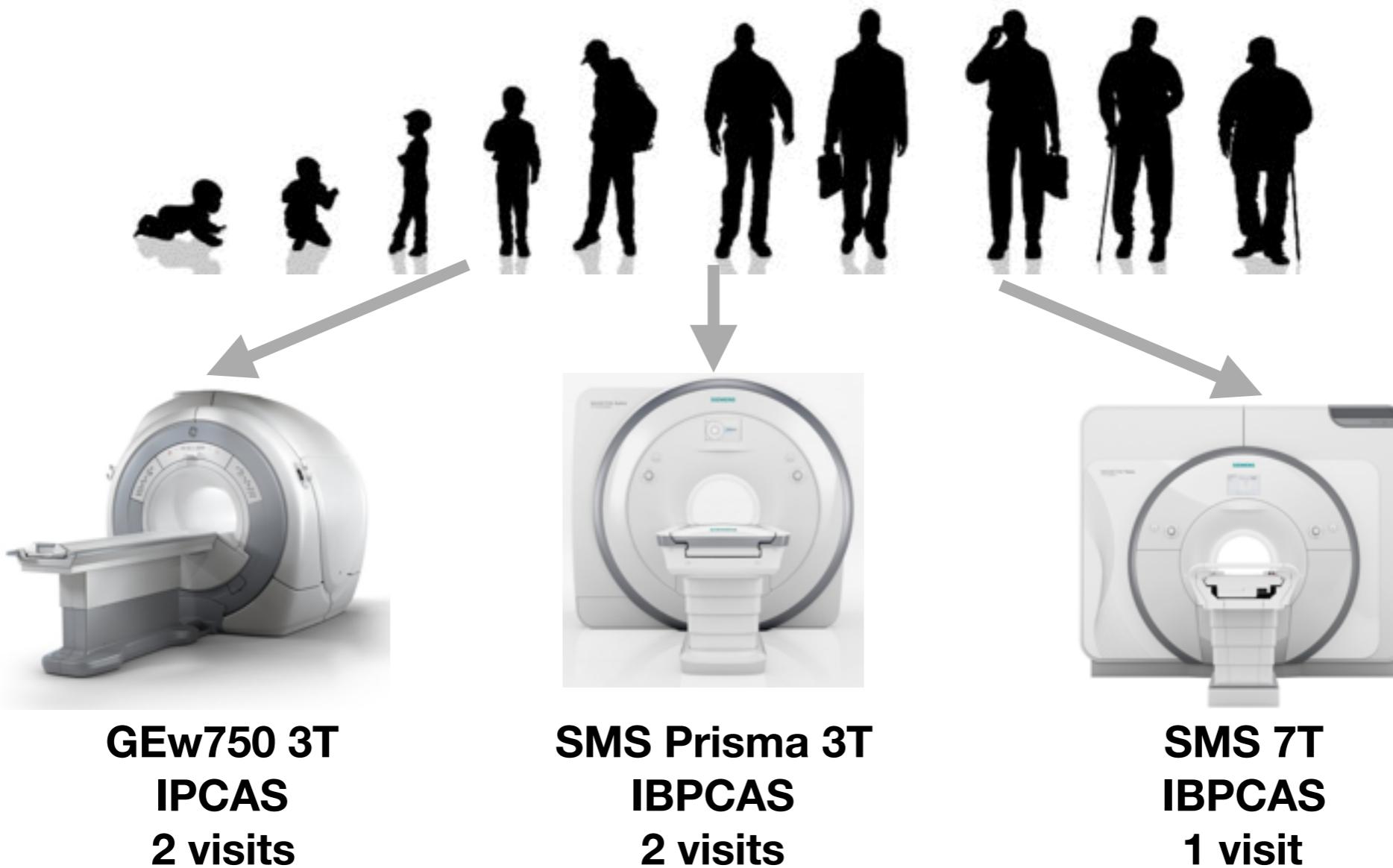
2dReHo-Thickness Correlation: Neurodevelopment



More than Local: Lifespan Development



Future: A Big Single-Site Lifespan Data Sharing

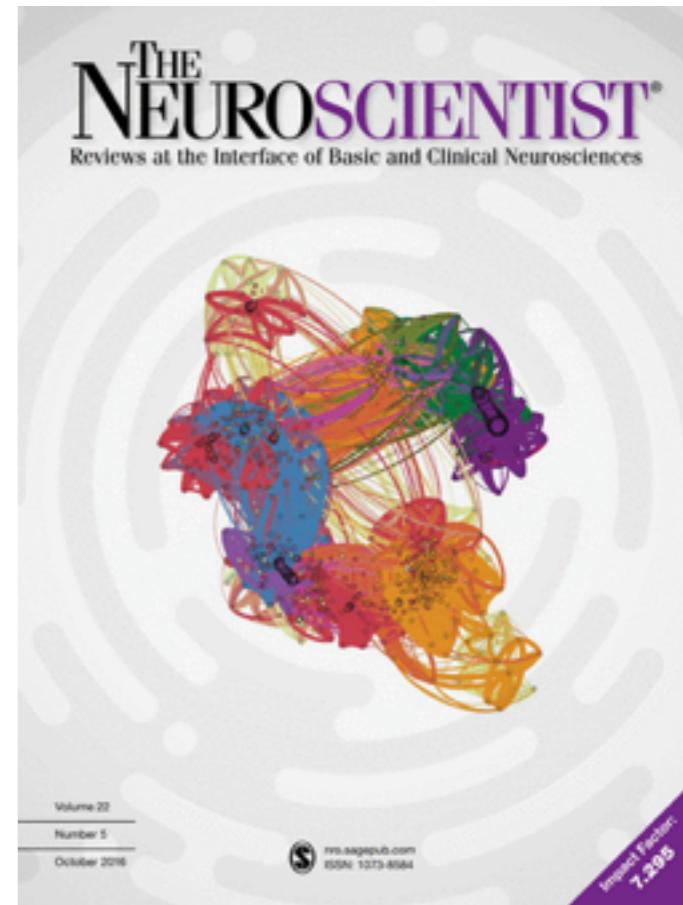


Total 6,000 Visits, 1200 People (6-85 yrs)

Total 5 ReTests per Person

Regional Homogeneity: A Multimodal, Multiscale Neuroimaging Marker of the Human Connectome

Lili Jiang^{1,2} and Xi-Nian Zuo^{1,2,3,4}



Abstract

Much effort has been made to understand the organizational principles of human brain function using functional magnetic resonance imaging (fMRI) methods, among which resting-state fMRI (rfMRI) is an increasingly recognized technique for measuring the intrinsic dynamics of the human brain. Functional connectivity (FC) with rfMRI is the most widely used method to describe remote or long-distance relationships in studies of cerebral cortex parcellation, interindividual variability, and brain disorders. In contrast, local or short-distance functional interactions, especially at a scale of millimeters, have rarely been investigated or systematically reviewed like remote FC, although some local FC algorithms have been developed and applied to the discovery of brain-based changes under neuropsychiatric conditions. To fill this gap between remote and local FC studies, this review will (1) briefly survey the history of studies on organizational principles of human brain function; (2) propose local functional homogeneity as a network centrality to characterize multimodal local features of the brain connectome; (3) render a neurobiological perspective on local functional homogeneity by linking its temporal, spatial, and individual variability to information processing, anatomical morphology, and brain development; and (4) discuss its role in performing connectome-wide association studies and identify relevant challenges, and recommend its use in future brain connectomics studies.

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