## Example 4.

Calculate 13+12+11+10+9+8+7+6+5+4+3+2+1, store sum in \$3, and return.

## MIPS Machine code:

binary	hex   location meaning
	; initialize \$2 to 13
00000000 00000000 00010000 00010100	0   00001014   00000000 lis \$2
00000000 00000000 00000000 00001103	1   0000000d   00000004 .word 13
	; clear \$3
00000000 00000000 00011000 00100000	0   00001820   00000008 add \$3, \$0, \$0
	; add \$2 to \$3
00000000 01100010 00011000 00100000	0   00621820   0000000c add \$3, \$3, \$2 - H
	; decrement \$2
00000000 00000000 00001000 00010100	0   00000814   00000010 lis \$1
11111111 11111111 11111111 1111111	1   ffffffff   00000014 .word -1
00000000 01000001 00010000 00100000	0   00411020   00000018 add \$2, \$2, \$1
	; if \$2!=0, loop
00010100 01000000 11111111 11111011	1   1440fffb   0000001c bne \$2, \$0, -5
	; return to OS
00000011 11100000 00000000 00001000	0   03e00008   00000020 jr \$31 ← PC→