```
#include <stdio.h>
  1
          #include <stdlib.h>
  3
          #include <stdint.h>
         uint32 t Instruction Memory[0x2004];
         uint32_t Data_Memory[0x4000];
  6
          uint32 t PC Next=0;
         uint32 t Register File[32];
         uint32 t PCPlus4=0;
         uint8 t RegWrite = 0;
10
         uint8_t ImmSrc = 0;
11
12
         uint8 t ALUSrc = 0;
         uint8 t MemWrite = 0;
13
14
         uint8 t ResultSrc = 0;
15
         uint8 t Branch = 0;
         uint8_t ALUOp = 0;
16
17
         uint32_t ALUcontrol = 0;
18
19
20
         21
22
                 uint32_t temp = address/4;
23
24
                 return Instruction Memory[temp];
25
26
         {f void} printregister({f void}) { // $\text{smooth smooth smooth
27
28
                 for(int i=0; i <4; i++) {
                          for(int j =0; j <8; j++ ) {</pre>
29
                                                 printf("r%d: %x \t", i * 8 + j, Register_File[i * 8 + j]);
30
31
                         printf("\n");
32
34
3.5
36
37
38
39
40
          uint32_t get_bits(uint32_t Instruction, uint32_t start_bit, uint32_t lenght)
          41
42
                uint32_t mask = ((1 << lenght)-1); /
/ამლულია ხლება მასკით
43
44
4.5
                return mask & r;
46
47
         uint32 t extender(uint32_t _instruction, uint8_t _ImmSrc) { //თმითიიის ექსტენდერი
48
49
                 uint32 t imm=0;
50
                  uint32_t tempImm = 0;
51
                switch(_ImmSrc) {//} ച്രാവാധിച്ച ക്രാവ് വ്യക്തായിക്ക് വേദ്യാൻ വിധാനമായി വ്യാര്യത്താൻ case 0: {//} I ക്രിവ്യാവ
52
53
                                          imm = get_bits(_instruction, 20, 12);
54
55
56
                                   case 1: // S ტიპისთვის
                                          tempImm = get_bits(_instruction, 7, 5);
imm = get_bits(_instruction, 25, 7);
57
58
                                           imm = imm << 5;
59
                                          imm = imm | tempImm;
60
61
                                          break;
62
                                  default:
                                         return 0;
63
64
                          }
6.5
66
67
                 68
         მასკი
69
                  uint32 t sign = imm & mask1;
70
71
                  if (sign != 0) {
72
                          73
                          return imm | mask2;
74
75
                 return imm;
76
77
78
79
          uint32_t ALU(uint32_t ScrA, uint32_t ScrB, uint8_t ALUControl){
80
81
                  switch(ALUControl){
82
                  case 0b000:
83
                          return ScrA + ScrB;
```

```
case 0b011:
84
8.5
               return ScrA | ScrB;
86
 87
           default:
88
               return 0;
89
90
 91
      void Main_Decoder (uint32_t _Instruction) {
    uint32_t op = get_bits(_Instruction,0,7);
 92
 93
           switch(op) {
 94
95
           case 0b0000011:
 96
               RegWrite = 1;
 97
                ImmSrc = 0;
               ALUSrc = 1;
98
               MemWrite = 0;
99
100
               ResultSrc = 1;
101
               Branch = 0;
102
                ALUOp = 0;
               break;
103
1.04
           case 0b0100011:
105
               RegWrite = 0;
106
                ImmSrc = 1;
107
                ALUSrc = 1;
               MemWrite = 1;
108
                ResultSrc = 1;
109
110
                Branch = 0;
111
               ALUOp = 0;
112
               break;
           case 0b0110011:
113
                RegWrite = 1;
114
115
                ImmSrc = 0;
               ALUSrc = 0;
116
117
               MemWrite = 0;
               ResultSrc = 0;
118
119
               Branch = 0;
120
                ALUOp = 2;
121
               break;
122
           default:
123
                break;
124
125
                printf("RegWrite = %x\n\r", RegWrite);
126
               printf("RegWrite = %x\n\r", RegWrite);
printf("ImmSrc = %x\n\r", ImmSrc);
printf("ALUSrc = %x\n\r", ALUSrc);
printf("MemWrite = %x\n\r", MemWrite);
printf("ResultSrc = %x\n\r", ResultSrc);
printf("Branch = %x\n\r", Branch);
printf("ALUOp = %x\n\r", ALUOp);
127
128
129
130
131
132
                133
134
135
136
137
      void ALU_Decoder(uint32_t _Instruction) {
           uint32_t op_5 = get_bits(_Instruction,5,1);
uint32_t funct_3 = get_bits(_Instruction,12,3);
138
139
           uint32_t funct7_5 = get_bits(_Instruction, 25+4, 1);
uint32_t op_5_funct7_5 = (op_5 <<1) + funct7_5;</pre>
140
141
142
            switch(ALUOp) {
143
           case 0b00:
            ALUcontrol= 0b000;
144
145
             break;
146
           case 0b01:
147
             ALUcontrol= 0b001;
148
149
150
               break;
151
           case 0b10:
                switch(funct_3) {
152
153
                     case 0b000:
154
                          switch(op 5 funct7 5 ){
155
156
                                    case Ob00:
                                    case 0b01:
157
158
                                    case 0b10:
159
                                       ALUcontrol = 0b000; // (add)
160
                                        break;
161
                                    case 0b11:
                                        ALUcontrol= 0b001; // (subtract)
162
163
                                         break;
164
                                    default:
165
                                         break;
166
167
                          break;
```

```
168
                   case 0b010:
169
                        ALUcontrol = 0b101; // (set less than)
170
                        break;
171
                   case 0b110:
172
                        ALUcontrol= 0b011;//(or)
173
                       break;
174
                   case 0b111:
175
                        ALUcontrol = 0b010; // (and)
176
                        break;
177
                   default:
178
                        break;
179
180
             }
181
182
            break:
183
184
          default:
              break;
185
186
187
188
189
190
191
192
193
194
195
      int main()
196
           //ਓ051 305001
197
          PC Next=0x1000;
198
199
200
          Instruction Memory[0x1000 / 4] = 0xFFC4A303;
          Instruction_Memory[0x1004 / 4] = 0x0064A423;
Instruction_Memory[0x1008 / 4] = 0x0062E233;
201
202
203
          Data_Memory[0x2000] = 10;
204
          Register File[5] = 6;
205
          Register File[9] = 0 \times 2004;
206
207
          for (int x = 0; x < 3; x++ )</pre>
208
209
210
211
212
                   uint32_t Instruction = Get_Instruction(PC_Next);
                   printf("Instruction = %x \ \bar{r}", Instruction);
213
214
215
                   printregister();
216
217
                  Main_Decoder(Instruction);
218
                   ALU_Decoder(Instruction);
219
220
                   uint32_t A1 = get_bits(Instruction, 15, 5);
                  printf("Al = %x\n\r", Al);
221
222
223
                   uint32_t A2 = get_bits(Instruction, 20, 5);
                   printf("A2 = %x \n\r", A2);
224
225
                   uint32_t A3 = get_bits(Instruction, 7, 5);
printf("A3 = %x\n\r", A3);
226
227
228
229
                   uint32 t RD1= Register File[A1];
                   printf("RD1 = %x \n\r", RD1);
230
231
232
                   uint32_t RD2= Register_File[A2];
233
                   printf("RD2 = %x\n\r", RD2);
234
235
                   uint32 t immExt = extender(Instruction, ImmSrc);
                   printf("immExt - %x\n\r", immExt);
236
237
238
239
240
                   uint32 t SrcB = 0;
                   if(ALUSrc==1)
241
242
243
                        SrcB = immExt;
244
245
                   else
246
247
                        SrcB = RD2;
248
249
250
                   uint32 t SrcA = RD1;
251
                   uint32_t ALUResult = ALU(SrcA, SrcB, ALUcontrol);
```

```
252
            printf("SrcA - %x\n\r ",SrcA);
printf("SrcB - %x\n\r ",SrcB);
253
254
255
            printf("ALUResult - %x\n\r ", ALUResult);
256
257
258
259
260
261
            uint32 t ReadData = Data Memory[ALUResult];
262
263
            uint32_t WD3=0;
264
            if (ResultSrc==1)
265
266
               WD3 = ReadData;
267
268
             else
269
270
               WD3 = ALUResult;
271
272
            printf("WD3 - %x\n\r ",WD3);
273
274
275
             276
             277
             278
279
            280
281
             282
283
            if (MemWrite == 1)
284
285
               Data Memory[ALUResult] = RD2;
286
287
288
             if (RegWrite == 1) // WE3 = RegWrite
289
290
              Register_File[A3] = WD3;
291
292
293
            PCPlus4 = PC Next;
294
            PCPlus4 = PCPlus4+4;
            PC Next = PCPlus4;
295
            printf("PCNext - %x\n\r ",PC_Next);
296
297
298
299
300
       }
301
302
            //printregister();
303
304
       return 0;
305
306
```