## Slovenská technická univerzita v Bratislave Fakulta informatiky a informačných technológií Ilkovičova 2, 842 16 Bratislava 4

# Analytický report

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Študijný program: Informatika

Ročník: 2

Predmet: Databázové systémy

Cvičenie: Ut 8:00

Cvičiaci: Ing. Matej Kloska

Ak. rok: 2016/2017

## 1. Opis spôsobu generovania dát

Dáta som generoval pomocou skriptu naprogramovaného mnou v programovacom jazyku Python. Pri generovaní dát som použil užitočnú knižnicu Faker. Vygenerované dáta sa uložili do textového súboru, odkiaľ som ich manuálne skopíroval ako príkazy do PgAdmina. Celý funkčný generátor prikladám k odovzdanej časti projektu.

## 2. Počty riadkov

Tabuľky som naplnil rôznym počtom riadkov, kde dve som naplnil miliónom riadkov.

1	Classroom	50
т.	Classi 00111	JU

- 2. Grade ...... 1000000
- 3. Scholarship ...... 107237
- 4. Scholarship\_type ..... 5
- 5. Student ...... 1000000
- 6. Subject ...... 11
- 7. Teacher ...... 30
- 8. Teaching ...... 100

### 3. Sumarizácia tabuliek

#### 3.1. Numerické atribúty

#### Grade - value

Min: select min(value) from grade; =1

Max: select max(value) from grade; =5

Priemer: select avg(value) from grade; =2.999902

Dolny kvantil: select percentile\_cont(0.25) WITHIN GROUP (ORDER BY value) from grade; =2

Median: select percentile\_cont(0.5) WITHIN GROUP (ORDER BY value) from grade; =3

Horny kvantil: select percentile cont(0.75) WITHIN GROUP (ORDER BY value) from grade; =4

#### Scholarship - amount

Min: select min(amount) from scholarship; =500

Max: select max(amount) from scholarship; =1490

Priemer: select avg(amount) from scholarship; = 995.3657

Dolny kvantil: select percentile\_cont(0.25) WITHIN GROUP (ORDER BY amount) from scholarship; =750

Median: select percentile\_cont(0.50) WITHIN GROUP (ORDER BY amount) from scholarship; =1000

Horny kvantil: select percentile\_cont(0.75) WITHIN GROUP (ORDER BY amount) from scholarship; =1240

#### Student – grade

Min: select min(grade) from student; =1

Max: select max(grade) from student; =5

Priemer: select avg(grade) from student; =3.000208

Dolny kvantil: select percentile\_cont(0.25) WITHIN GROUP (ORDER BY grade) from student; =2

Median: select percentile\_cont(0.50) WITHIN GROUP (ORDER BY grade v) from student; =3

Horny kvantil: select percentile\_cont(0.75) WITHIN GROUP (ORDER BY grade) from student; =4

#### Subject - score

Min: select min(score) from subject; =1.2

Max: select max(score) from subject; =5.0

Priemer: select avg(score) from subject; = 2.53636

Dolny kvantil: select percentile\_cont(0.25) WITHIN GROUP (ORDER BY score) from subject; =1.95

Median: select percentile\_cont(0.50) WITHIN GROUP (ORDER BY score) from subject; =2.3

Horny kvantil: select percentile\_cont(0.75) WITHIN GROUP (ORDER BY score) from subject; =2.9

#### Teaching - weekday

Min: select min(weekday) from teaching; =1

Max: select max(weekday) from teaching; =5

Priemer: select avg(weekday) from teaching; =2.76

Dolny kvantil: select percentile\_cont(0.25) WITHIN GROUP (ORDER BY weekday) from teaching;

Median: select percentile\_cont(0.50) WITHIN GROUP (ORDER BY weekday) from teaching; =3

Horny kvantil: select percentile\_cont(0.75) WITHIN GROUP (ORDER BY weekday) from teaching; =4

#### 3.2. Nominálne atribúty

#### Scholarship -> Scholarship\_type -> type

SELECT s.scholarship\_type\_id, count(s.scholarship\_type\_id) FROM scholarship s GROUP BY s.scholarship\_type\_id ORDER BY s.scholarship\_type\_id

Merit-based Scholarship =21319

Need-based Scholarship =21596

Athletic Scholarship =21520

Individual Scholarship =21541

Scholarship For Ethnic Minorities =21261

#### Teaching -> weekday

SELECT weekday, count(weekday) FROM teaching GROUP BY weekday ORDER BY weekday

1 (Monday) = 26
2 (Tuesday) = 23
3 (Wednesday) = 16
4 (Thursday) = 19
5 (Friday) = 16

#### Student -> grade

SELECT grade, count(grade) FROM student GROUP BY grade ORDER BY grade

1 =200079 2 =199987 3 =199875 4 =199765

5 =200294

## 4. Záver

Vytvoril som si tabuľky manuálne podľa SQL príkazov a vygeneroval som ich dáta pomocou môjho scriptu. V dokumente som opísal celý postup môjho generovania dát so stručným opisom a opisom počtu riadkov. Pre každý numerický atribút som uviedol všetky potrebné štatistické prvky a každému nominálnemu atribútu početnosť jednotlivých hodnôt. K tabuľke s miliónom prvkov som uviedol postup SQL, akým som sa k daným číslam dopracoval.