# **Image Classification**

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#### Intro

This notebook will exploring using deep learning to classify images from the CIFAR100 dataset. The CIFAR100 is a 60,000 RGB dataset of 32x32 images divided into 20 superclasses based on categories such as plants, animals, humans, buildings, objects, and vehicles; each superclass has 5 subclasses of specific entities belonging to each category, bringing a total of 100 classes. Due to confusion and time constraints the CIFAR100 dataset was loaded from within Keras as one of its sample datasets, selecting to classify by the subclasses. The goal is to accurately classify an image into a subclass - ergo it must predict both the category of subject matter and the specific identity of the subject matter.

#### Load dataset

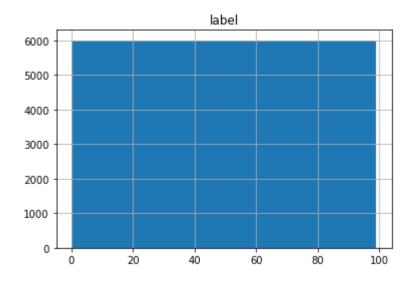
```
In [1]: import tensorflow as tf
        import numpy as np
        import keras
        batch_size = 128
        num_classes = 100
        epochs = 20
        (X_train, y_train), (X_test, y_test) = tf.keras.datasets.cifar100.load_data(label
        y_train = keras.utils.to_categorical(y_train, num_classes)
        y_test = keras.utils.to_categorical(y_test, num_classes)
        X_train, X_test = X_train / 255.0, X_test / 255.0
        print(X_train[:5])
        print('\n')
        print("dimensions:", X_train.shape)
        print('\n')
        print(X_test[:5])
        print('\n')
        print("dimensions:", X_test.shape)
        [[[[1.
                       1.
                                   1.
                                             1
           [1.
                       1.
                                   1.
           [1.
                       1.
           [0.76470588 0.80392157 0.75686275]
           [0.83137255 0.87843137 0.8
           [0.71372549 0.76078431 0.65490196]]
          [[1.
           [0.99607843 0.99607843 0.99607843]
           [0.99607843 0.99607843 0.99607843]
            . . .
            [0.66666667 0.69019608 0.58823529]
           [0.63137255 0.65882353 0.50980392]
           [0.57254902 0.60392157 0.44313725]]
          [[1.
                       1.
                                   1.
           [0.99607843 0.99607843 0.99607843]
           [1.
                       1.
                                   1.
```

#### Class distribution

```
In [2]: import pandas as pd

    df = pd.DataFrame(np.append(np.argmax(y_train, axis=1), np.argmax(y_test, axis=1)
        hist = df.hist()
        print(hist)
```

[[<AxesSubplot:title={'center':'label'}>]]



## Sequential model

**Training** 

```
In [3]: import keras
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, Flatten
from keras.optimizers import RMSprop

seq_model = Sequential([
    Flatten(input_shape=(32,32,3)),
    Dense(512, activation='relu'),
    Dropout(0.2),
    Dense(512, activation='relu'),
    Dropout(0.2),
    Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax'),
])

seq_model.summary()
```

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 3072)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 512)	1573376
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 512)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 512)	262656
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 512)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 100)	51300

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Total params: 1,887,332 Trainable params: 1,887,332 Non-trainable params: 0

#### **Testing**

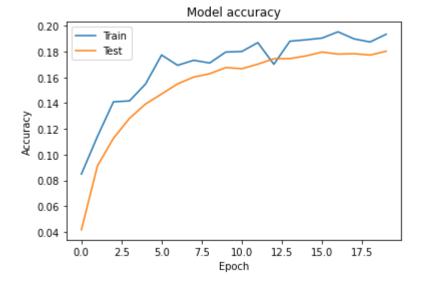
```
In [4]: | seq model.compile(loss='binary crossentropy',
                  optimizer=RMSprop(),
                  metrics=['accuracy'])
       seq_history = seq_model.fit(X_train, y_train,
                       batch_size=batch_size,
                       epochs=epochs,
                       verbose=1,
                       validation_data=(X_test, y_test))
       Epoch 1/20
       391/391 [============= ] - 6s 15ms/step - loss: 0.0673 - accura
       cy: 0.0417 - val_loss: 0.0560 - val_accuracy: 0.0849
       cy: 0.0913 - val loss: 0.0498 - val accuracy: 0.1141
       Epoch 3/20
       391/391 [=============== ] - 6s 15ms/step - loss: 0.0493 - accura
       cy: 0.1127 - val loss: 0.0483 - val accuracy: 0.1410
       Epoch 4/20
       391/391 [=============== ] - 6s 14ms/step - loss: 0.0483 - accura
       cy: 0.1282 - val_loss: 0.0474 - val_accuracy: 0.1417
       Epoch 5/20
       391/391 [=============== ] - 6s 14ms/step - loss: 0.0475 - accura
       cy: 0.1393 - val_loss: 0.0468 - val_accuracy: 0.1548
       Epoch 6/20
       391/391 [=============== ] - 6s 14ms/step - loss: 0.0471 - accura
       cy: 0.1471 - val_loss: 0.0457 - val_accuracy: 0.1773
       Epoch 7/20
       391/391 [=============== ] - 6s 14ms/step - loss: 0.0467 - accura
       cy: 0.1549 - val loss: 0.0453 - val accuracy: 0.1693
       Epoch 8/20
       391/391 [================ ] - 6s 14ms/step - loss: 0.0465 - accura
       cy: 0.1602 - val loss: 0.0455 - val accuracy: 0.1732
       Epoch 9/20
       391/391 [============= ] - 6s 14ms/step - loss: 0.0464 - accura
       cy: 0.1628 - val loss: 0.0459 - val accuracy: 0.1711
       Epoch 10/20
       391/391 [============= ] - 6s 14ms/step - loss: 0.0462 - accura
       cy: 0.1676 - val_loss: 0.0451 - val_accuracy: 0.1796
       Epoch 11/20
       391/391 [=========================] - 6s 14ms/step - loss: 0.0461 - accura
       cy: 0.1667 - val_loss: 0.0452 - val_accuracy: 0.1800
       Epoch 12/20
       cy: 0.1702 - val_loss: 0.0460 - val_accuracy: 0.1869
       Epoch 13/20
       391/391 [=============== ] - 6s 14ms/step - loss: 0.0459 - accura
       cy: 0.1744 - val_loss: 0.0458 - val_accuracy: 0.1701
       Epoch 14/20
       391/391 [================ ] - 6s 14ms/step - loss: 0.0459 - accura
       cy: 0.1745 - val_loss: 0.0448 - val_accuracy: 0.1880
       Epoch 15/20
       cy: 0.1766 - val loss: 0.0453 - val accuracy: 0.1891
       Epoch 16/20
```

391/391 [================= ] - 6s 14ms/step - loss: 0.0458 - accura

#### **Analysis**

```
In [5]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

plt.plot(seq_history.history['val_accuracy'])
 plt.plot(seq_history.history['accuracy'])
 plt.title('Model accuracy')
 plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
 plt.xlabel('Epoch')
 plt.legend(['Train', 'Test'], loc='upper left')
 plt.show()
```



```
In [6]: seq_score = seq_model.evaluate(X_test, y_test, verbose=0)
    print('Test loss:', seq_score[0])
    print('Test accuracy:', seq_score[1])
```

Test loss: 0.04513979330658913 Test accuracy: 0.19339999556541443

#### CNN

```
In [7]: from keras import Input
        from keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D
        num_filters = 8
        filter_size = 3
        pool_size = 2
        cnn_model = Sequential(
                Input(shape=(32, 32, 3)),
                Conv2D(32, kernel_size=3, activation="relu"),
                MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2),
                Conv2D(64, kernel_size=3, activation="relu"),
                MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2),
                Flatten(),
                Dropout(0.5),
                Dense(num_classes, activation="softmax"),
            ]
        )
        cnn_model.summary()
```

Model: "sequential\_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 30, 30, 32)	896
<pre>max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D )</pre>	(None, 15, 15, 32)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 13, 13, 64)	18496
<pre>max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling 2D)</pre>	(None, 6, 6, 64)	0
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 2304)	0
dropout_2 (Dropout)	(None, 2304)	0
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 100)	230500
Total params: 249,892 Trainable params: 249,892 Non-trainable params: 0		======

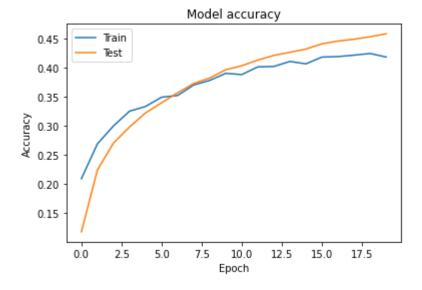
#### **Testing**

```
Epoch 1/20
391/391 [============= ] - 13s 33ms/step - loss: 3.9020 - acc
uracy: 0.1180 - val_loss: 3.4041 - val_accuracy: 0.2091
Epoch 2/20
391/391 [============ ] - 13s 32ms/step - loss: 3.2979 - acc
uracy: 0.2241 - val_loss: 3.0982 - val_accuracy: 0.2689
Epoch 3/20
391/391 [============= ] - 13s 33ms/step - loss: 3.0500 - acc
uracy: 0.2701 - val loss: 2.9242 - val accuracy: 0.2996
Epoch 4/20
391/391 [============ ] - 13s 32ms/step - loss: 2.9029 - acc
uracy: 0.2978 - val_loss: 2.8290 - val_accuracy: 0.3249
Epoch 5/20
391/391 [================ ] - 12s 32ms/step - loss: 2.7724 - acc
uracy: 0.3219 - val_loss: 2.7461 - val_accuracy: 0.3330
Epoch 6/20
uracy: 0.3394 - val_loss: 2.6743 - val_accuracy: 0.3489
Epoch 7/20
391/391 [============= ] - 13s 32ms/step - loss: 2.6016 - acc
uracy: 0.3564 - val_loss: 2.6322 - val_accuracy: 0.3518
Epoch 8/20
391/391 [============ ] - 13s 32ms/step - loss: 2.5314 - acc
uracy: 0.3724 - val_loss: 2.5574 - val_accuracy: 0.3698
Epoch 9/20
uracy: 0.3818 - val_loss: 2.5034 - val_accuracy: 0.3777
Epoch 10/20
391/391 [============ ] - 13s 33ms/step - loss: 2.4122 - acc
uracy: 0.3959 - val_loss: 2.4755 - val_accuracy: 0.3898
Epoch 11/20
391/391 [=========== ] - 13s 33ms/step - loss: 2.3690 - acc
uracy: 0.4028 - val_loss: 2.4595 - val_accuracy: 0.3877
Epoch 12/20
uracy: 0.4126 - val_loss: 2.4131 - val_accuracy: 0.4009
Epoch 13/20
uracy: 0.4206 - val_loss: 2.4093 - val_accuracy: 0.4016
Epoch 14/20
uracy: 0.4259 - val_loss: 2.3722 - val_accuracy: 0.4102
Epoch 15/20
391/391 [============== ] - 13s 33ms/step - loss: 2.2219 - acc
```

```
uracy: 0.4315 - val loss: 2.3631 - val accuracy: 0.4061
Epoch 16/20
391/391 [============= ] - 13s 33ms/step - loss: 2.1874 - acc
uracy: 0.4404 - val_loss: 2.3414 - val_accuracy: 0.4177
Epoch 17/20
391/391 [============== ] - 13s 33ms/step - loss: 2.1570 - acc
uracy: 0.4452 - val loss: 2.3322 - val accuracy: 0.4185
Epoch 18/20
391/391 [============= ] - 13s 33ms/step - loss: 2.1395 - acc
uracy: 0.4483 - val loss: 2.3257 - val accuracy: 0.4210
Epoch 19/20
391/391 [============== ] - 13s 33ms/step - loss: 2.1143 - acc
uracy: 0.4526 - val loss: 2.3276 - val accuracy: 0.4238
Epoch 20/20
391/391 [============= ] - 13s 34ms/step - loss: 2.0996 - acc
uracy: 0.4576 - val_loss: 2.3260 - val_accuracy: 0.4178
```

#### **Analysis**

```
In [9]: plt.plot(cnn_history.history['val_accuracy'])
    plt.plot(cnn_history.history['accuracy'])
    plt.title('Model accuracy')
    plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
    plt.xlabel('Epoch')
    plt.legend(['Train', 'Test'], loc='upper left')
    plt.show()
```



```
In [10]: cnn_score = cnn_model.evaluate(X_test, y_test, verbose=0)
    print('Test loss:', cnn_score[0])
    print('Test accuracy:', cnn_score[1])
```

Test loss: 2.32599139213562

Test accuracy: 0.41780000925064087

### Pre-trained model (VGG16)

```
In [11]: from keras import Model
    from keras.applications import VGG16
    from keras.layers import GlobalAveragePooling2D

X_train, X_test = X_train * 255.0, X_test * 255.0

base_model = VGG16(
        weights='imagenet',
        input_shape=(32, 32, 3),
        include_top=False)

base_model.trainable = False

inputs = Input(shape=(32, 32, 3))
    x = base_model(inputs, training=False)
    x = GlobalAveragePooling2D()(x)
    outputs = Dense(100)(x)
    pret_model = Model(inputs, outputs)

pret_model.summary()
```

Model: "model"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_3 (InputLayer)	[(None, 32, 32, 3)]	0
vgg16 (Functional)	(None, 1, 1, 512)	14714688
global_average_pooling2d (@lobalAveragePooling2D)	i (None, 512)	0
dense_4 (Dense)	(None, 100)	51300
Total params: 14,765,988		=======

Total params: 14,765,988 Trainable params: 51,300

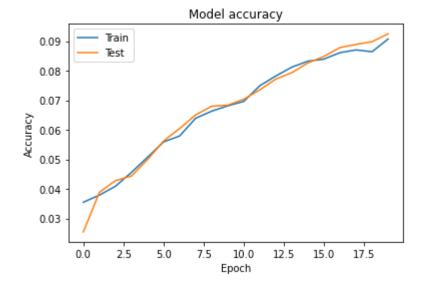
Non-trainable params: 14,714,688

**Testing** 

```
In [12]: pret model.compile(loss='categorical crossentropy',
                          optimizer=Adam(),
                          metrics=['accuracy'])
        pret_history = pret_model.fit(X_train, y_train,
                          batch_size=batch_size,
                          epochs=epochs,
                          verbose=1,
                          validation_data=(X_test, y_test))
        Epoch 1/20
        391/391 [============= ] - 57s 146ms/step - loss: 8.9790 - accu
        racy: 0.0255 - val_loss: 8.8312 - val_accuracy: 0.0355
        391/391 [============ ] - 55s 141ms/step - loss: 8.7044 - accu
        racy: 0.0389 - val loss: 8.6733 - val accuracy: 0.0379
        Epoch 3/20
        391/391 [=============== ] - 55s 142ms/step - loss: 8.5454 - accu
        racy: 0.0428 - val loss: 8.6058 - val accuracy: 0.0409
        Epoch 4/20
        391/391 [================ ] - 55s 141ms/step - loss: 8.4708 - accu
        racy: 0.0444 - val loss: 8.2620 - val accuracy: 0.0456
        Epoch 5/20
        391/391 [=============== ] - 56s 144ms/step - loss: 8.4461 - accu
        racy: 0.0499 - val loss: 8.4399 - val accuracy: 0.0507
        Epoch 6/20
        391/391 [============ ] - 57s 146ms/step - loss: 8.3813 - accu
        racy: 0.0562 - val loss: 8.5920 - val accuracy: 0.0559
        Epoch 7/20
        391/391 [=============== ] - 57s 145ms/step - loss: 8.3800 - accu
        racy: 0.0604 - val loss: 8.5528 - val accuracy: 0.0579
        Epoch 8/20
        391/391 [============= ] - 57s 147ms/step - loss: 8.3893 - accu
        racy: 0.0650 - val loss: 8.3382 - val accuracy: 0.0639
        Epoch 9/20
        391/391 [=============== ] - 58s 147ms/step - loss: 8.4302 - accu
        racy: 0.0680 - val_loss: 8.7121 - val_accuracy: 0.0663
        Epoch 10/20
        391/391 [============= ] - 56s 143ms/step - loss: 8.3344 - accu
        racy: 0.0683 - val_loss: 8.2156 - val_accuracy: 0.0681
        Epoch 11/20
        391/391 [================== ] - 56s 145ms/step - loss: 8.3469 - accu
        racy: 0.0703 - val_loss: 8.1798 - val_accuracy: 0.0696
        Epoch 12/20
        391/391 [============= ] - 57s 145ms/step - loss: 8.3264 - accu
        racy: 0.0735 - val_loss: 8.3917 - val_accuracy: 0.0749
        Epoch 13/20
        racy: 0.0772 - val_loss: 8.4942 - val_accuracy: 0.0782
        Epoch 14/20
        391/391 [============= ] - 56s 144ms/step - loss: 8.2913 - accu
        racy: 0.0793 - val_loss: 8.4078 - val_accuracy: 0.0812
        Epoch 15/20
        391/391 [============= ] - 56s 144ms/step - loss: 8.2810 - accu
        racy: 0.0826 - val loss: 8.3883 - val accuracy: 0.0832
        Epoch 16/20
        391/391 [============= ] - 56s 144ms/step - loss: 8.2514 - accu
```

#### **Analysis**

```
In [13]: plt.plot(pret_history.history['val_accuracy'])
    plt.plot(pret_history.history['accuracy'])
    plt.title('Model accuracy')
    plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
    plt.xlabel('Epoch')
    plt.legend(['Train', 'Test'], loc='upper left')
    plt.show()
```



```
In [14]: pret_score = pret_model.evaluate(X_test, y_test, verbose=0)
print('Test loss:', pret_score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', pret_score[1])
```

Test loss: 8.523427963256836

Test accuracy: 0.09070000052452087

#### **Discussion**

Although none are particularly accurate, the results between models are all significantly different and so might more strongly highlight the different capabilities of each model than had the models been trained on a dataset that's easier to classify. The sequential model's accuracy was in the

middle of the 3 models at 19.34% accuracy. However, despite having the least test loss at less than 0.05, the sequential model had the quickest running epochs at 6 seconds each. The CNN model produced the most accurate predictions at 41.78% accuracy. The test loss and epoch eras were both in the middle of the 3 model at 2.326 and 13 seconds respectively. Although the ratio of accuracy to combined epoch time is the same between the two former models and the CNN model took twice as long, the roughly doubled accuracy of the CNN model makes it much more appealing to me for image classification. I was not able to learn how to preprocess the dataset for the pretrained VGG16 model, which might explain why the results of using VGG16 were generally the worst. The test loss was the highest at 8.523, but the accuracy was the lowest at 9.07% and the epoch runtime was the longest at between 55 and 58 seconds per epoch. In addition, the former two models reached the maximum accuracy in fewer epochs than the VGG16 model. Perhaps the pre-trained model would have performed far better had I time to properly learn how to implement the model.