Name:	

## **MATH 320: QUIZ 1**

(1) (3 points) Review the code, and write down MATLAB's output.

```
x = 3;
seq = [x];
while (x > 1)
    if (rem(x,2) == 0)    %rem(x,y) = remainder of x/y
        x = x/2;
    else
        x = 3*x + 1;
    end
    seq = [seq x];
end
disp(seq)
Output:
```

(2) (3 points) Draw (an approximation of) the plot output by the following MATLAB commands.

```
2
                                  1.5
                                   1
A = [1 \ 2];
B = [1 1];
                                  0.5
T = linspace(-pi, 0, 100)
                                   0
X = 1.5 + \cos(T);
Y = sin(T);
                                 -0.5
plot(A,B,'*',X,Y)
axis([-1,3,-2,2])
                                  -1
                                 -1.5
                                   -2 L
-1
                                                     0.5
                                                                1.5
                                         -0.5
                                     1
```

(3) (4 points) Below is partial code for a function called **pascal** that takes input n and returns the first n rows of the Pascal triangle in an  $n \times n$  square matrix with zeros above the diagonal. One definition of Pascal's triangle is that  $P_{i,1} = 1$  and  $P_{i,j} = P_{i-1,j} + P_{i-1,j-1}$  for  $j \neq 0$ .

Please:

- (a) Comment the code where indicated by % signs.
- (b) Fill in MATLAB code above each empty underline.
- (c) Evaluate pascal(5).

pascal(5) =