

# The System Package Data Exchange® (SPDX®) Specification Version 3.0

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# Introduction

Companies and organizations (collectively "Organizations") are widely using and reusing open source and other software packages. Accurate identification of software is key for many supply chain processes. Vulnerability remediation starts with knowing the details of which version of software is in use on a system. Compliance with the associated licenses requires a set of analysis activities and due diligence that each Organization performs independently, which may include a manual and/or automated scan of software and identification of associated licenses followed by manual verification. Software development teams across the globe use the same open source packages, but little infrastructure exists to facilitate collaboration on the analysis or share the results of these analysis activities. As a result, many groups are performing the same work leading to duplicated efforts and redundant information. With this document, the SPDX workgroup has created a data exchange format so that information about software packages and related content may be collected and shared in a common format with the goal of saving time and improving data accuracy.



# 1 Scope

This System Package Data Exchange (SPDX®) specification defines a standard capable of representing systems with software components in as SBOMs (Software Bill of Materials) and other AI, data and security references supporting a range of risk management use cases. An SPDX document can be associated with a set of software packages, files or snippets and contains information about the software in the SPDX format described in this specification.



### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

Apache Maven, Apache Software Foundation, https://maven.apache.org/

Bower API, https://bower.io/docs/api/#install

Common Platform Enumeration (CPE) – Specification, The MITRE Corporation, https://cpe.mitre.org/files/cpe-specification\_2.2.pdf

NISTIR 7695, Common Platform Enumeration: Naming Specification Version 2.3, NIST, https://csrc.nist.gov/publications/detail/nistir/7695/final

npm-package.json, npm Inc., https://docs.npmjs.com/files/package.json

*NuGet documentation*, Microsoft, https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/nuget/

POSIX.1-2017 *The Open Group Base Specifications Issue 7*, 2018 edition, IEEE/Open Group, https://pubs.opengroup.org/onlinepubs/9699919799/

purl (package URL), https://github.com/package-url/purl-spec

Resource Description Framework (RDF), 2014-02-25, W3C, http://www.w3.org/standards/techs/rdf

RFC-1321, *The MD5 Message-Digest Algorithm*, The Internet Society Network Working Group, https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1321

RFC-3174, US Secure Hash Algorithm 1 (SHA1), The Internet Society Network Working Group, https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3174

RFC-3986, *Uniform Resource Identifier (URI): Generic Syntax*, The Internet Society Network Working Group, https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3986



# 3 Terms and definitions

To do: Need to fill this in to align to the terms and definitions that apply in this revision of the specification.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/



### 4 Model and serializations

#### 4.1 Overview

This specification defines the data model of the SPDX standard, describing every piece of information about systems with software components. The data model is based on the Resource Description Framework (RDF) extensible knowledge representation data model, which provides a flexible and extensible way to represent and exchange information.

The data may be serialized in a variety of formats for storage and transmission.

#### 4.2 RDF Serialization

Since the data model is based on RDF, any SPDX data can be serialized in any of the multiple RDF serialization formats, including but not limited to: - JSON-LD format as defined in JSON-LD 1.1; - Turtle (Terse RDF Triple Language) format as defined in RDF 1.1 Turtle; - N-Triples format as defined in RDF 1.1 N-Triples; and - RDF/XML format as defined in RDF 1.1 XML Syntax.

The SPDX specification is accompanied by a JSON-LD context definition file that can be used to serialize SPDX in a much simpler and more human-readable JSON-LD format.

#### 4.3 Canonical serialization

Canonical serialization is single, consistent, normalized, deterministic, and reproducible form.

Such a canonical form normalizes things like ordering and formatting.

The content of the canonical serialization is exactly the same as the JSON-LD serialization of RDF data (see 4.2), just represented in a consistent way.

Canonical serialization is in JSON format, as defined in RFC 8259 (IETF STD 90), with the following additional characteristics:

- no line breaks
- key names MUST be wrapped in double quotes



# **Bibliography**

The following documents are useful references for implementers and users of this document:

- [1] Software Package Data Exchange (SPDX®) Specification Version 1.0 and 1.1, 1.2, 2.0, 2.1, 2.2, and 2.3; SPDX.dev, https://spdx.dev/specifications
- [2] Open Source Initiative (OSI); https://opensource.org/licenses

### Core

### **Summary**

The basis for all SPDX profiles.

# **Description**

The Core namespace defines foundational concepts serving as the basis for all SPDX-3.0 profiles.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core

Name Core



### **Agent**

### **Summary**

Agent represents anything with the potential to act on a system.

### **Description**

The Agent class represents anything that has the potential to act on a system.

This could be a person, organization, software agent, etc.

This is not to be confused with tools that are used to perform tasks.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/Agent

Name	Agent
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	Element

# **Superclasses**

/Core/Element

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
comment	xsd:string	0	1
creationInfo	CreationInfo	1	1
description	xsd:string	0	1
extension	Extension	0	*
externalldentifier	Externalldentifier	0	*
externalRef	ExternalRef	0	*
name	xsd:string	0	1
spdxld	xsd:anyURI	1	1
summary	xsd:string	0	1
verifiedUsing	IntegrityMethod	0	*



### **Annotation**

#### **Summary**

An assertion made in relation to one or more elements.

### **Description**

An Annotation is an assertion made in relation to one or more elements.

The contentType property describes the format of the statement property.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/Annotation

Name	Annotation
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	Element

### **Superclasses**

/Core/Element

### **Properties**

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
annotationType	AnnotationType	1	1
contentType	MediaType	0	1
statement	xsd:string	0	1
subject	Element	1	1

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
annotationType	AnnotaationType	1	1
comment	xsd:string	0	1
contentType	MediaType	0	1
creationInfo	CreationInfo	1	1
description	xsd:string	0	1



### **Artifact**

#### **Summary**

A distinct article or unit within the digital domain.

### **Description**

An artifact is a distinct article or unit within the digital domain, such as an electronic file, a software package, a device or an element of data.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/Artifact

Name	Artifact
Instantiability	Abstract
SubclassOf	Element

### **Superclasses**

/Core/Element

### **Properties**

Property	Type	minCount	maxCount
builtTime	DateTime	0	1
originatedBy	Agent	0	*
releaseTime	DateTime	0	1
standardName	xsd:string	0	*
suppliedBy	Agent	0	1
supportLevel	SupportType	0	*
validUntilTime	DateTime	0	1

Property	Type	minCount	maxCount
builtTime	DateTime	0	1
comment	xsd:string	0	1
creationInfo	CreationInfo	1	1



#### **Bom**

#### **Summary**

A container for a grouping of SPDX-3.0 content characterizing details (provenence, composition, licensing, etc.) about a product.

### **Description**

A Bill of Materials (BOM) is a container for a grouping of SPDX-3.0 content characterizing details about a product.

This could include details of the content and composition of the product, provenence details of the product and/or its composition, licensing information, known quality or security issues, etc.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/Bom

Name	Bom
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	Bundle

### **Superclasses**

- /Core/Bundle
- /Core/ElementCollection
- /Core/Element

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
comment	xsd:string	0	1
context	xsd:string	0	1
creationInfo	CreationInfo	1	1
description	xsd:string	0	1
element	Element	0	*



### **Bundle**

#### **Summary**

A collection of Elements that have a shared context.

### **Description**

A bundle is a collection of Elements that have a shared context.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/Bundle

Name	Bundle
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	ElementCollection

# **Superclasses**

- /Core/ElementCollection
- /Core/Element

### **Properties**

<b>Property</b>	Type	minCount	maxCount
context	xsd:string	0	1

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
comment	xsd:string	0	1
context	xsd:string	0	1
creationInfo	CreationInfo	1	1
description	xsd:string	0	1
element	Element	0	*
extension	Extension	0	*
externalldentifier	Externalldentifier	0	*
externalRef	ExternalRef	0	*
name	xsd:string	0	1



### CreationInfo

#### **Summary**

Provides information about the creation of the Element.

### **Description**

The CreationInfo provides information about who created the Element, and when and how it was created.

The dateTime created is often the date of last change (e.g., a git commit date), not the date when the SPDX data was created, as doing so supports reproducible builds.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/CreationInfo

Name	CreationInfo
Instantiability	Concrete

# **Properties**

Property	Type	minCount	maxCount
comment	xsd:string	0	1
created	DateTime	1	1
createdBy	Agent	1	*
createdUsing	Tool	0	*
specVersion	SemVer	1	1

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
comment	xsd:string	0	1
created	DateTime	1	1
createdBy	Agent	1	*
createdUsing	Tool	0	*
specVersion	SemVer	1	1



# **DictionaryEntry**

#### **Summary**

A key with an associated value.

### **Description**

The class used for implementing a generic string mapping (also known as associative array, dictionary, or hash map) in SPDX.

Each DictionaryEntry contains a key-value pair which maps the key to its associated value.

To implement a dictionary, this class is to be used in a collection with unique keys.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/DictionaryEntry

Name	DictionaryEntry
Instantiability	Concrete

### **Properties**

<b>Property</b>	Type	minCount	maxCount
key	xsd:string	1	1
value	xsd:string	0	1

<b>Property</b>	Type	minCount	maxCount
key	xsd:string	1	1
value	xsd:string	0	1



### **Element**

### **Summary**

Base domain class from which all other SPDX-3.0 domain classes derive.

### **Description**

An Element is a representation of a fundamental concept either directly inherent to the Bill of Materials (BOM) domain or indirectly related to the BOM domain and necessary for contextually characterizing BOM concepts and relationships. Within SPDX-3.0 structure this is the base class acting as a consistent, unifying, and interoperable foundation for all explicit and inter-relatable content objects.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/Element

Name Element Instantiability Abstract

### **Properties**

Property	Type	minCount	maxCount
comment	xsd:string	0	1
creationInfo	CreationInfo	1	1
description	xsd:string	0	1
extension	/Extension/Extension	0	*
externalldentifier	Externalldentifier	0	*
externalRef	ExternalRef	0	*
name	xsd:string	0	1
spdxld	xsd:anyURI	1	1
summary	xsd:string	0	1
verifiedUsing	IntegrityMethod	0	*

Property	Type	minCount	maxCount
comment	xsd:string	0	1
creationInfo	CreationInfo	1	1
description	xsd:string	0	1



### **ElementCollection**

#### **Summary**

A collection of Elements, not necessarily with unifying context.

### **Description**

An ElementCollection is a collection of Elements, not necessarily with unifying context.

Note that all ElementCollections must conform to the core profile even if the core profile is no specified in the profileConformance property.

If the profileConformance property is not provided, core is to be assumed as the default.

#### **Constraints**

- If the ElementCollection has at least 1 element, it must also have at least 1 rootElement.
- The element must not be of type SpdxDocument.
- The rootElement must not be of type SpdxDocument.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/ElementCollection

Name	ElementCollection
Instantiability	Abstract
SubclassOf	Element

### **Superclasses**

/Core/Element

### **Properties**

Property	Type	minCount	maxCount
element	Element	0	*



### **ExternalIdentifier**

#### Summary

A reference to a resource identifier defined outside the scope of SPDX-3.0 content that uniquely identifies an Element.

### **Description**

An ExternalIdentifier is a reference to a resource outside the scope of SPDX-3.0 content that provides a unique key within an established domain that can uniquely identify an Element.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/ExternalIdentifier

Name	Externalldentifier
Instantiability	Concrete

## **Properties**

Property	Type	minCount	maxCount
comment	xsd:string	0	1
externalIdentifierType	ExternalIdentifierType	1	1
identifier	xsd:string	1	1
identifierLocator	xsd:anyURI	0	*
issuingAuthority	xsd:string	0	1

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
comment	xsd:string	0	1
externalldentifierType	ExternalIdentifierType	1	1
identifier	xsd:string	1	1
identifierLocator	xsd:anyURI	0	*
issuingAuthority	xsd:string	0	1



# **ExternalMap**

#### **Summary**

A map of Element identifiers that are used within a Document but defined external to that Document.

### **Description**

An External Map is a map of Element identifiers that are used within a Document but defined external to that Document. The external map provides details about the externally-defined Element such as its provenance, where to retrieve it, and how to verify its integrity.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/ExternalMap

Name	ExternalMap
Instantiability	Concrete

# **Properties**

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
definingArtifact	Artifact	0	1
externalSpdxId	xsd:anyURI	1	1
locationHint	xsd:anyURI	0	1
verifiedUsing	IntegrityMethod	0	*

Property	Type	minCount	maxCount
definingArtifact	Artifact	0	1
externalSpdxId	xsd:anyURI	1	1
locationHint	xsd:anyURI	0	1
verifiedUsing	IntegrityMethod	0	*



### **ExternalRef**

#### **Summary**

A reference to a resource outside the scope of SPDX-3.0 content related to an Element.

### **Description**

An External Reference points to a general resource outside the scope of the SPDX-3.0 content that provides additional context, characteristics or related information about an Element.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/ExternalRef

Name	ExternalRef
Instantiability	Concrete

## **Properties**

Property	Type	minCount	maxCount
comment	xsd:string	0	1
contentType	MediaType	0	1
externalRefType	ExternalRefType	0	1
locator	xsd:string	0	*

Property	Type	minCount	maxCount
comment	xsd:string	0	1
contentType	MediaType	0	1
externalRefType	ExternalRefType	0	1
locator	xsd:string	0	*



### Hash

#### **Summary**

A mathematically calculated representation of a grouping of data.

### **Description**

A hash is a grouping of characteristics unique to the result of applying a mathematical algorithm that maps data of arbitrary size to a bit string (the hash) and is a one-way function, that is, a function which is practically infeasible to invert.

This is commonly used for integrity checking of data.

Please note that different profiles may also provide additional methods for verifying the integrity of specific subclasses of Elements.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/Hash

Name	Hash
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	IntegrityMethod

### **Superclasses**

/Core/IntegrityMethod

### **Properties**

Property	Type	minCount	maxCount
algorithm	HashAlgorithm	1	1
hashValue	xsd:string	1	1

<b>Property</b>	Type	minCount	maxCount
algorithm	HashAlgorithm	1	1



# **IntegrityMethod**

#### **Summary**

Provides an independently reproducible mechanism that permits verification of a specific Element.

### **Description**

An IntegrityMethod provides an independently reproducible mechanism that permits verification of a specific Element that correlates to the data in this SPDX document. This identifier enables a recipient to determine if anything in the original Element has been changed and eliminates confusion over which version or modification of a specific Element is referenced.

Please note that different profiles may also provide additional methods for verifying the integrity of specific subclasses of Elements.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/IntegrityMethod

Name IntegrityMethod Instantiability Abstract

### **Properties**

<b>Property</b>	Type	minCount	maxCount
comment	xsd:string	0	1

Property Type	minCount	maxCount
comment xsd:string	0	1

# LifecycleScopedRelationship

#### **Summary**

Provide context for a relationship that occurs in the lifecycle.

### **Description**

Certain relationships are sensitive to where they occur in the lifecycle. This parameter lets us avoid a proliferation of relationships, by parameterizing this context information for a relationship.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/LifecycleScopedRelationship

Name	LifecycleScopedRelationship
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	Relationship

### **Superclasses**

- /Core/Relationship
- /Core/Element

### **Properties**

<b>Property</b>	Туре	minCount	maxCount
scope	LifecycleScopeType	0	1

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
comment	xsd:string	0	1
completeness	RelationshipCompleteness	0	1
creationInfo	CreationInfo	1	1
description	xsd:string	0	1
endTime	DateTime	0	1



# **NamespaceMap**

#### **Summary**

A mapping between prefixes and namespace partial URIs.

### **Description**

A namespace map allows the creator of a collection of Elements that could be serialized to suggest a set of shorter identifiers ("prefixes") for particular namespace portions of ElementIDs to be used in SPDX content serialization in order to provide a more human-readable and smaller serialized representation of the Elements.

For details of how NamespaceMap content is to be serialized please refer to general SPDX serialization guidance at https://github.com/spdx/spdx-3-model/blob/main/serialization/README.md and the various serialization format specific .md filed under https://github.com/spdx/spdx-3-model/tree/main/serialization (TODO: update the URLs as soon as the context is publicly available)

Namespace maps support a variety of relevant use cases such as:

- 1. An SPDX content producer wishing to provide clarity of their serialization of an SPDX 2.X simple style collection where all content is newly minted and a single prefix-namespace is used. The consumer of SPDX content wishes to preserve the name space mapping provided by such a producer. In this case, the consumer would record the namespace map prefixes in the NamespaceMap such that subsequent serializations could reproduce the prefixes / namespaces in the native serialization format.
- 2. An SPDX content producer wishing to maintain consistent prefix use and understanding across multiple different serialization formats of the produced content. For example, an SBOM producer wishes to share/publish the SBOM as JSON-LD and XML. The producer can specify the preferred prefix mappings in the native serialization format using information from a single Namespacemap accessible local to the producer.
- 3. An SPDX content consumer/producer wishing to maintain consistent prefix use while round tripping from SPDX content received, deserialized, modified/extended in some way, and then reserialized in the same serialization form. In this case the prefix-



# **Organization**

### **Summary**

A group of people who work together in an organized way for a shared purpose.

### **Description**

An Organization is a group of people who work together in an organized way for a shared purpose.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/Organization

Name	Organization
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	Agent

### **Superclasses**

- /Core/Agent
- /Core/Element

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
comment	xsd:string	0	1
creationInfo	CreationInfo	1	1
description	xsd:string	0	1
extension	Extension	0	*
externalldentifier	Externalldentifier	0	*
externalRef	ExternalRef	0	*
name	xsd:string	0	1
spdxld	xsd:anyURI	1	1
summary	xsd:string	0	1
verifiedUsing	IntegrityMethod	0	*



# PackageVerificationCode

#### **Summary**

An SPDX version 2.X compatible verification method for software packages.

#### **Description**

This verification method is provided for compatibility with SPDX 2.X.

Use of this verification code method is discouraged except for scenarios where the contentIdentifier property on Artifact can not be used.

This verification method provides an independently reproducible mechanism identifying specific contents of a package based on the actual files (except the SPDX document itself, if it is included in the package) that make up each package and that correlates to the data in this SPDX document.

This identifier enables a recipient to determine if any file in the original package (that the analysis was done on) has been changed and permits inclusion of an SPDX document as part of a package.

#### Algorithm:

```
verificationcode = 0
filelist = templist = ""
for all files in the package {
    if file is an "excludes" file, skip it /* exclude SPDX analysis file(s) */
    else append templist with "algorithm(file)/n"
    }
sort templist in ascending order by algorithm value
filelist = templist with "/n"s removed. /* ordered sequence of algorithm values with no separator
hashValue = algorithm(filelist) /* Where algorithm(file) applies a hash algorithm on the contents
```

Required sort order: '0','1','2','3','4','5','6','7','8','9',a',b',c',d',e',f' (ASCII order)



#### Person

#### **Summary**

An individual human being.

# **Description**

A Person is an individual human being.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/Person

Name	Person
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	Agent

# **Superclasses**

- /Core/Agent
- /Core/Element

Property	Type	minCount	maxCount
comment	xsd:string	0	1
creationInfo	CreationInfo	1	1
description	xsd:string	0	1
extension	Extension	0	*
externalldentifier	Externalldentifier	0	*
externalRef	ExternalRef	0	*
name	xsd:string	0	1
spdxld	xsd:anyURI	1	1
summary	xsd:string	0	1
verifiedUsing	IntegrityMethod	0	*



# PositiveIntegerRange

#### **Summary**

A tuple of two positive integers that define a range.

### **Description**

PositiveIntegerRange is a tuple of two positive integers that define a range. "beginIntegerRange" must be less than or equal to "endIntegerRange".

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/PositiveIntegerRange

Name	PositiveIntegerRange
Instantiability	Concrete

### **Properties**

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
beginIntegerRange	xsd:positiveInteger	1	1
endIntegerRange	xsd:positiveInteger	1	1

Property	Type	minCount	maxCount
beginIntegerRange	xsd:positiveInteger	1	1
endIntegerRange	xsd:positiveInteger	1	1



# Relationship

#### **Summary**

Describes a relationship between one or more elements.

### **Description**

A Relationship is a grouping of characteristics unique to an assertion that one Element is related to one or more other Elements in some way.

To explicitly assert that no such relationships exist, the to property should contain the 'NONE' individual and no other elements.

A relationship that contains 'NONE' and additional elements in the to property is not valid.

To explicitly assert that no assertions are being made regarding the existence of such relationships, the to property should contain the 'NOASSERTION' individual.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/Relationship

Name	Relationship
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	Element

### **Superclasses**

/Core/Element

### **Properties**

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
completeness	RelationshipCompleteness	0	1
endTime	DateTime	0	1
from	Element	1	1
relationshipType	RelationshipType	1	1



# **SoftwareAgent**

#### **Summary**

A software agent.

### **Description**

A SoftwareAgent is a software program that is given the authority (similar to a user's authority) to act on a system.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/SoftwareAgent

Name	SoftwareAgent
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	Agent

### **Superclasses**

- /Core/Agent
- /Core/Element

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
comment	xsd:string	0	1
creationInfo	CreationInfo	1	1
description	xsd:string	0	1
extension	Extension	0	*
externalldentifier	Externalldentifier	0	*
externalRef	ExternalRef	0	*
name	xsd:string	0	1
spdxld	xsd:anyURI	1	1
summary	xsd:string	0	1
verifiedUsing	IntegrityMethod	0	*



### **SpdxDocument**

#### **Summary**

A collection of SPDX Elements that could potentially be serialized.

### **Description**

The SpdxDocument provides a convenient way to express information about collections of SPDX Elements that could potentially be serialized as complete units (e.g., all in-scope SPDX data within a single JSON-LD file).

SpdxDocument is independent of any particular serialization format or instance.

Information we wish to preserve about a specific instance of serialization of this SPDX content is NOT expressed using the SpdxDocument but rather using an associated Artifact representing a particular instance of SPDX data physical serialization.

Any instance of serialization of SPDX data MUST NOT contain more than one SpdxDocument element definition.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/SpdxDocument

Name	SpdxDocument
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	ElementCollection

### Superclasses

- /Core/ElementCollection
- /Core/Element



### **Tool**

#### **Summary**

An element of hardware and/or software utilized to carry out a particular function.

### **Description**

A Tool is an element of hardware and/or software utilized to carry out a particular function.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/Tool

Name	Tool
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	Element

# **Superclasses**

• /Core/Element

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
comment	xsd:string	0	1
creationInfo	CreationInfo	1	1
description	xsd:string	0	1
extension	Extension	0	*
externalldentifier	Externalldentifier	0	*
externalRef	ExternalRef	0	*
name	xsd:string	0	1
spdxld	xsd:anyURI	1	1
summary	xsd:string	0	1
verifiedUsing	IntegrityMethod	0	*



# algorithm

### **Summary**

Specifies the algorithm used for calculating the hash value.

### **Description**

An algorithm specifies the algorithm that was used for calculating the hash value.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/algorithm

Name algorithm
Nature ObjectProperty
Range HashAlgorithm

### Referenced

- /Core/Hash
- /Core/PackageVerificationCode



# annotationType

#### **Summary**

Describes the type of annotation.

### **Description**

An annotationType describes the type of an annotation.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/annotationType

Name annotationType Nature ObjectProperty Range AnnotationType

### Referenced

/Core/Annotation



# beginIntegerRange

### **Summary**

Defines the beginning of a range.

### **Description**

beginIntegerRange is a positive integer that defines the beginning of a range.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/beginIntegerRange

Name beginIntegerRange Nature DataProperty Range xsd:positiveInteger

#### Referenced

• /Core/PositiveIntegerRange



### **builtTime**

#### **Summary**

Specifies the time an artifact was built.

# **Description**

A builtTime specifies the time an artifact was built.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/builtTime

Name builtTime Nature DataProperty Range DateTime

### Referenced

/Core/Artifact



#### comment

### **Summary**

Provide consumers with comments by the creator of the Element about the Element.

## **Description**

A comment is an optional field for creators of the Element to provide comments to the readers/reviewers of the document.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/comment

Name comment Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

#### Referenced

- /Core/CreationInfo
- /Core/Element
- /Core/ExternalIdentifier
- /Core/ExternalRef
- /Core/IntegrityMethod



## completeness

### **Summary**

Provides information about the completeness of relationships.

## **Description**

Completeness gives information about whether the provided relationships are complete, known to be incomplete or if no assertion is made either way.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/completeness

Name completeness
Nature ObjectProperty
Range RelationshipCompleteness

#### Referenced

• /Core/Relationship



## contentType

### **Summary**

Provides information about the content type of an Element or a Property.

## **Description**

This field is a reasonable estimation of the content type of the Element or the Property, from a creator perspective.

Content type is intrinsic to the Element or the Property, independent of how it is being used.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/contentType

Name contentType Nature DataProperty Range MediaType

#### Referenced

- /Core/Annotation
- /Core/ExternalRef
- /Software/File



#### context

### **Summary**

Gives information about the circumstances or unifying properties that Elements of the bundle have been assembled under.

## **Description**

A context gives information about the circumstances or unifying properties that Elements of the bundle have been assembled under.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/context

Name context Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

### Referenced

/Core/Bundle



### created

### **Summary**

Identifies when the Element was originally created.

## **Description**

Created is a date that identifies when the Element was originally created.

The time stamp can serve as an indication as to whether the analysis needs to be updated.

This is often the date of last change (e.g., a git commit date), not the date when the SPDX data was created, as doing so supports reproducible builds.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/created

Name created
Nature DataProperty
Range DateTime

#### Referenced

• /Core/CreationInfo



## createdBy

### **Summary**

Identifies who or what created the Element.

## **Description**

CreatedBy identifies who or what created the Element.

The generation method will assist the recipient of the Element in assessing the general reliability/accuracy of the analysis information.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/createdBy

Name createdBy Nature ObjectProperty Range Agent

#### Referenced

/Core/CreationInfo



# createdUsing

### Summary

Identifies the tooling that was used during the creation of the Element.

## **Description**

CreatedUsing identifies the tooling that was used during the creation of the Element.

The generation method will assist the recipient of the Element in assessing the general reliability/accuracy of the analysis information.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/createdUsing

Name createdUsing Nature ObjectProperty Range Tool

### Referenced

/Core/CreationInfo



## creationInfo

### **Summary**

Provides information about the creation of the Element.

## **Description**

CreationInfo provides information about the creation of the Element.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/creationInfo

Name creationInfo Nature ObjectProperty Range CreationInfo

### Referenced

• /Core/Element



### dataLicense

### **Summary**

Provides the license under which the SPDX documentation of the Element can be used.

### **Description**

The data license provides the license under which the SPDX documentation of the Element can be used.

This is to alleviate any concern that content (the data or database) in an SPDX file is subject to any form of intellectual property right that could restrict the re-use of the information or the creation of another SPDX file for the same project(s).

This approach avoids intellectual property and related restrictions over the SPDX file, however individuals can still contract with each other to restrict release of specific collections of SPDX files (which map to software bill of materials) and the identification of the supplier of SPDX files.

Compliance with this document includes populating the SPDX fields therein with data related to such fields ("SPDX-Metadata").

This document contains numerous fields where an SPDX file creator may provide relevant explanatory text in SPDX-Metadata. Without opining on the lawfulness of "database rights" (in jurisdictions where applicable), such explanatory text is copyrightable subject matter in most Berne Convention countries.

By using the SPDX specification, or any portion hereof, you hereby agree that any copyright rights (as determined by your jurisdiction) in any SPDX-Metadata, including without limitation explanatory text, shall be subject to the terms of the Creative Commons CCO 1.0 Universal license.

For SPDX-Metadata not containing any copyright rights, you hereby agree and acknowledge that the SPDX-Metadata is provided to you "as-is" and without any representations or warranties of any kind concerning the SPDX-Metadata, express, implied, statutory or



# definingArtifact

### Summary

Artifact representing a serialization instance of SPDX data containing the definition of a particular Element.

## **Description**

A definingArtifact property is used to link the Element identifier for an Element defined external to a given SpdxDocument to an Artifact Element representing the SPDX serialization instance which contains the definition for the Element.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/definingArtifact

Name definingArtifact Nature ObjectProperty Range Artifact

#### Referenced

/Core/ExternalMap



# description

### **Summary**

Provides a detailed description of the Element.

## **Description**

This field is a detailed description of the Element. It may also be extracted from the Element itself.

The intent is to provide recipients of the SPDX file with a detailed technical explanation of the functionality, anticipated use, and anticipated implementation of the Element.

This field may also include a description of improvements over prior versions of the Element.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/description

Name description Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

### Referenced

/Core/Element



### element

### **Summary**

Refers to one or more Elements that are part of an ElementCollection.

## **Description**

This field refers to one or more Elements that are part of an ElementCollection.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/element

Name element Nature ObjectProperty Range Element

### Referenced

• /Core/ElementCollection



# endIntegerRange

### **Summary**

Defines the end of a range.

## **Description**

endIntegerRange is a positive integer that defines the end of a range.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/endIntegerRange

Name endIntegerRange Nature DataProperty Range xsd:positiveInteger

### Referenced

• /Core/PositiveIntegerRange



## endTime

### Summary

Specifies the time from which an element is no longer applicable / valid.

## **Description**

An endTime specifies the time from which element is no longer applicable / valid.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/endTime

Name endTime Nature DataProperty Range DateTime

#### Referenced

• /Core/Relationship



## extension

### **Summary**

Specifies an Extension characterization of some aspect of an Element.

## **Description**

extension specifies an Extension-based characterization of a particular aspect of an Element.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/extension

Name extension
Nature ObjectProperty
Range /Extension/Extension

#### Referenced

/Core/Element



### externalIdentifier

### **Summary**

Provides a reference to a resource outside the scope of SPDX-3.0 content that uniquely identifies an Element.

# **Description**

Externalldentifier points to a resource outside the scope of SPDX-3.0 content that uniquely identifies an Element.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/externalIdentifier

Name externalldentifier Nature ObjectProperty Range Externalldentifier

### Referenced

/Core/Element



# externalIdentifierType

### **Summary**

Specifies the type of the external identifier.

## **Description**

An externalIdentifierType specifies the type of the external identifier.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/externalIdentifierType

Name externalIdentifierType Nature ObjectProperty Range ExternalIdentifierType

#### Referenced

/Core/ExternalIdentifier



### externalRef

### **Summary**

Points to a resource outside the scope of the SPDX-3.0 content that provides additional characteristics of an Element.

## **Description**

This field points to a resource outside the scope of the SPDX-3.0 content that provides additional characteristics of an Element.

### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/externalRef

Name externalRef Nature ObjectProperty Range ExternalRef

### Referenced

/Core/Element



# externalRefType

### **Summary**

Specifies the type of the external reference.

## **Description**

An externalRefType specifies the type of the external reference.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/externalRefType

Name externalRefType Nature ObjectProperty Range ExternalRefType

### Referenced

/Core/ExternalRef



# externalSpdxId

### **Summary**

Identifies an external Element used within a Document but defined external to that Document.

## **Description**

ExternalSpdxId identifies an external Element used within a Document but defined external to that Document.

## Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/externalSpdxId

Name externalSpdxId Nature DataProperty Range xsd:anyURI

### Referenced

/Core/ExternalMap



## from

### **Summary**

References the Element on the left-hand side of a relationship.

## **Description**

This field references the Element on the left-hand side of a relationship.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/from

Name from Nature ObjectProperty Range Element

### Referenced

• /Core/Relationship



### hashValue

### **Summary**

The result of applying a hash algorithm to an Element.

## **Description**

HashValue is the result of applying a hash algorithm to an Element.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/hashValue

Name hashValue Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

### Referenced

- /Core/Hash
- /Core/PackageVerificationCode



## identifier

### **Summary**

Uniquely identifies an external element.

## **Description**

An identifier uniquely identifies an external element.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/identifier

Name identifier Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

### Referenced

• /Core/ExternalIdentifier



## identifierLocator

### **Summary**

Provides the location for more information regarding an external identifier.

## **Description**

Identifiers are not always structured as URIs. An identifierLocator is a location hint (a URL) that provides contextual information relevant to the identifier.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/identifierLocator

Name identifierLocator Nature DataProperty Range xsd:anyURI

#### Referenced

/Core/ExternalIdentifier



## imports

### **Summary**

Provides an ExternalMap of Element identifiers.

## **Description**

Imports provides an ExternalMap of Element identifiers that are used within a document but defined external to that document.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/imports

Name imports Nature ObjectProperty Range ExternalMap

#### Referenced

/Core/SpdxDocument



# **issuingAuthority**

### **Summary**

An entity that is authorized to issue identification credentials.

## **Description**

An issuingAuthority is an entity that is authorized to issue identification credentials.

The entity may be a government, non-profit, educational institution, or commercial enterprise.

The string provides a unique identifier for the issuing authority.

## **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/issuingAuthority

Name issuingAuthority Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

#### Referenced

/Core/ExternalIdentifier



# key

### **Summary**

A key used in a generic key-value pair.

## **Description**

A key used in generic a key-value pair.

A key-value pair can be used to implement a dictionary which associates a key with a value.

### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/key

Name key Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

### Referenced

/Core/DictionaryEntry



## locationHint

### Summary

Provides an indication of where to retrieve an external Element.

## **Description**

A locationHint provides an indication of where to retrieve an external Element.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/locationHint

Name locationHint Nature DataProperty Range xsd:anyURI

### Referenced

• /Core/ExternalMap



### locator

### **Summary**

Provides the location of an external reference.

## **Description**

A locator provides the location of an external reference.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/locator

Name locator Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

### Referenced

/Core/ExternalRef



#### name

### **Summary**

Identifies the name of an Element as designated by the creator.

## **Description**

This field identifies the name of an Element as designated by the creator.

The name of an Element is an important convention and easier to refer to than the URI.

### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/name

Name name Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

## Referenced

• /Core/Element



### namespace

### **Summary**

Provides an unambiguous mechanism for conveying a URI fragment portion of an ElementID.

## **Description**

A namespace provides an unambiguous mechanism for conveying a URI fragment portion of an ElementID.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/namespace

Name namespace Nature DataProperty Range xsd:anyURI

#### Referenced

/Core/NamespaceMap



### namespaceMap

### Summary

Provides a NamespaceMap of prefixes and associated namespace partial URIs applicable to an SpdxDocument and independent of any specific serialization format or instance.

## **Description**

This field provides a NamespaceMap of prefixes and associated namespace partial URIs applicable to an SpdxDocument and independent of any specific serialization format or instance.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/namespaceMap

Name namespaceMap Nature ObjectProperty Range NamespaceMap

#### Referenced

/Core/SpdxDocument



# originatedBy

### **Summary**

Identifies from where or whom the Element originally came.

## **Description**

OriginatedBy identifies from where or whom the Element originally came.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/originatedBy

Name originatedBy Nature ObjectProperty Range Agent

### Referenced

/Core/Artifact

# package Verification Code Excluded File

#### **Summary**

The relative file name of a file to be excluded from the PackageVerificationCode.

## **Description**

A relative filename with the root of the package archive or directory referencing a file to be excluded from the PackageVerificationCode.

In general, every filename is preceded with a \_\_\_\_\_, see http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3986.txt for syntax.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/packageVerificationCodeExcludedFile

Name packageVerificationCodeExcludedFile
Nature DataProperty
Range xsd:string

#### Referenced

/Core/PackageVerificationCode



# prefix

### **Summary**

A substitute for a URI.

## **Description**

A prefix is a substitute for a URI.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/prefix

Name prefix Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

### Referenced

/Core/NamespaceMap



## profileConformance

### **Summary**

Describes one a profile which the creator of this ElementCollection intends to conform to.

## **Description**

Describes a profile to which the creator of this ElementCollection intends to conform.

The profileConformance will apply to all Elements contained within the collection as well as the collection itself.

Conformance to a profile is defined by the additional restrictions documented in the profile specific documentation and schema files.

Use of this property allows the creator of an ElementCollection to communicate to consumers their intent to adhere to the profile additional restrictions.

The profileConformance has a default value of core if no other profileConformance is specified since all ElementCollections and Element must adhere to the core profile.

### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/profileConformance

Name profileConformance Nature ObjectProperty Range ProfileIdentifierType

#### Referenced

/Core/ElementCollection



# relationshipType

## **Summary**

Information about the relationship between two Elements.

## **Description**

This field provides information about the relationship between two Elements. For example, you can represent a relationship between two different Files, between a Package and a File, between two Packages, or between one SPDXDocument and another SPDXDocument.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/relationshipType

Name relationshipType Nature ObjectProperty Range RelationshipType

## Referenced

• /Core/Relationship



## releaseTime

## Summary

Specifies the time an artifact was released.

# **Description**

A releaseTime specifies the time an artifact was released.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/releaseTime

Name releaseTime Nature DataProperty Range DateTime

## Referenced

/Core/Artifact



## rootElement

## **Summary**

This property is used to denote the root Element(s) of a tree of elements contained in a BOM.

## **Description**

This property is used to denote the root Element(s) of a tree of elements contained in a BOM. The tree consists of other elements directly and indirectly related through properties or Relationships from the root.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/rootElement

Name rootElement Nature ObjectProperty Range Element

## Referenced

/Core/ElementCollection



## scope

## **Summary**

Capture the scope of information about a specific relationship between elements.

# **Description**

A scope is additional context about a relationship, that clarifies the relationship between elements.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/scope

Name scope
Nature ObjectProperty
Range LifecycleScopeType

#### Referenced

/Core/LifecycleScopedRelationship



# spdxId

## **Summary**

Identifies an Element to be referenced by other Elements.

# **Description**

Spdxld uniquely identifies an Element which may thereby be referenced by other Elements. These references may be internal or external. While there may be several versions of the same Element, each one needs to be able to be referred to uniquely so that relationships between Elements can be clearly articulated.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/spdxId

Name spdxld Nature DataProperty Range xsd:anyURI

#### Referenced

/Core/Element



# **specVersion**

## Summary

Provides a reference number that can be used to understand how to parse and interpret an Element.

## **Description**

The specVersion provides a reference number that can be used to understand how to parse and interpret an Element. It will enable both future changes to the specification and to support backward compatibility. The major version number shall be incremented when incompatible changes between versions are made (one or more sections are created, modified or deleted). The minor version number shall be incremented when backwards compatible changes are made.

Here, parties exchanging information in accordance with the SPDX specification need to provide 100% transparency as to which SPDX specification version such information is conforming to.

### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/specVersion

Name specVersion Nature DataProperty Range SemVer

## Referenced

/Core/CreationInfo



## standardName

## **Summary**

The name of a relevant standard that may apply to an artifact.

# **Description**

Various standards may be relevant to useful to capture for specific artifacts.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/standardName

Name standardName Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

## Referenced

/Core/Artifact



## startTime

## Summary

Specifies the time from which an element is applicable / valid.

# **Description**

A startTime specifies the time from which an element is applicable / valid.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/startTime

Name startTime Nature DataProperty Range DateTime

#### Referenced

• /Core/Relationship



#### statement

## Summary

Commentary on an assertion that an annotator has made.

# **Description**

A statement is a commentary on an assertion that an annotator has made.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/statement

Name statement Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

## Referenced

/Core/Annotation



# subject

## **Summary**

An Element an annotator has made an assertion about.

# **Description**

A subject is an Element an annotator has made an assertion about.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/subject

Name subject Nature ObjectProperty Range Element

## Referenced

/Core/Annotation



## summary

## **Summary**

A short description of an Element.

## **Description**

A summary is a short description of an Element. Here, the intent is to allow the Element creator to provide concise information about the function or use of the Element.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/summary

Name summary Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

#### Referenced

• /Core/Element



# suppliedBy

## Summary

Identifies who or what supplied the artifact or VulnAssessmentRelationship referenced by the Element.

## **Description**

Identify the actual distribution source for the artifact (e.g., snippet, file, package, vulnerability) or VulnAssessmentRelationship being referenced.

This might or might not be different from the originating distribution source for the artifact (e.g., snippet, file, package, vulnerability) or VulnAssessmentRelationship.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/suppliedBy

Name suppliedBy
Nature ObjectProperty
Range Agent

#### Referenced

- /Core/Artifact
- /Security/VulnAssessmentRelationship



# supportLevel

## **Summary**

Specifies the level of support associated with an artifact.

# **Description**

supportLevel provides an indication of what support expectations that the supplier of an artifact is providing to the user.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/supportLevel

Name supportLevel Nature ObjectProperty Range SupportType

#### Referenced

/Core/Artifact



#### to

## **Summary**

References an Element on the right-hand side of a relationship.

# **Description**

This field references an Element on the right-hand side of a relationship.

If it is not provided, it indicates that there are no known relationships of the given type.

## **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/to

Name to Nature ObjectProperty Range Element

## Referenced

• /Core/Relationship



## validUntilTime

## Summary

Specifies until when the artifact can be used before its usage needs to be reassessed.

# **Description**

A validUntilTime specifies until when the artifact can be used before its usage needs to be reassessed.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/validUntilTime

Name validUntilTime Nature DataProperty Range DateTime

#### Referenced

/Core/Artifact



## value

## **Summary**

A value used in a generic key-value pair.

# **Description**

A value used in a generic key-value pair.

A key-value pair can be used to implement a dictionary which associates a key with a value.

## **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/value

Name value Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

## Referenced

/Core/DictionaryEntry



# verifiedUsing

## Summary

Provides an IntegrityMethod with which the integrity of an Element can be asserted.

## **Description**

VerifiedUsing provides an IntegrityMethod with which the integrity of an Element can be asserted.

Please note that different profiles may also provide additional methods for verifying the integrity of specific subclasses of Elements.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/verifiedUsing

Name verifiedUsing Nature ObjectProperty Range IntegrityMethod

#### Referenced

- /Core/Element
- /Core/ExternalMap



# **AnnotationType**

## **Summary**

Specifies the type of an annotation.

# **Description**

AnnotationType specifies the type of an annotation.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/AnnotationType

Name AnnotationType

- other: Used to store extra information about an Element which is not part of a Review (e.g. extra information provided during the creation of the Element).
- review: Used when someone reviews the Element.



# ExternalIdentifierType

## **Summary**

Specifies the type of an external identifier.

## **Description**

ExteralldentifierType specifies the type of an external identifier.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/ExternalIdentifierType

Name ExternalIdentifierType

- cpe22: https://cpe.mitre.org/files/cpe-specification\_2.2.pdf
- cpe23: https://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/Legacy/IR/nistir7695.pdf
- cve: An identifier for a specific software flaw defined within the official CVE Dictionary and that conforms to the CVE specification as defined by https://csrc.nist.gov/glossary/term/cve\_id.
- email: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc3696#section-3
- gitoid: https://www.iana.org/assignments/uri-schemes/prov/gitoid Gitoid stands for Git Object ID and a gitoid of type blob is a unique hash of a binary artifact. A gitoid may represent the software Artifact ID or the OmniBOR Identifier for the software artifact's associated OmniBOR Document; this ambiguity exists because the OmniBOR Document is itself an artifact, and the gitoid of that artifact is its valid identifier. Omnibor is a minimalistic schema to describe software Artifact Dependency Graphs. Gitoids calculated on software artifacts (Snippet, File, or Package Elements) should be recorded in the SPDX 3.0 SoftwareArtifact's ContentIdentifier property. Gitoids calculated on the OmniBOR Document (OmniBOR Identifiers) should be recorded in the SPDX 3.0 Element's ExternalIdentifier property.
- other: Used when the type doesn't match any of the other options.
- packageUrl: https://github.com/package-url/purl-spec
- securityOther: Used when there is a security related identifier of unspecified type.



# ExternalRefType

## **Summary**

Specifies the type of an external reference.

## **Description**

ExternalRefType specifies the type of an external reference.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/ExternalRefType

Name ExternalRefType

- altDownloadLocation: A reference to an alternative download location.
- altWebPage: A reference to an alternative web page.
- binaryArtifact: A reference to binary artifacts related to a package.
- bower: A reference to a bower package.
- buildMeta: A reference build metadata related to a published package.
- buildSystem: A reference build system used to create or publish the package.
- certificationReport: A reference to a certification report for a package from an accredited/independent body.
- chat: A reference to the instant messaging system used by the maintainer for a package.
- componentAnalysisReport: A reference to a Software Composition Analysis (SCA) report.
- cwe: A reference to a source of software flaw defined within the official CWE Dictionary that conforms to the CWE specification as defined by https://csrc.nist.gov/glossary/term/common\_weakness\_enumeration.
- documentation: A reference to the documentation for a package.
- dynamicAnalysisReport: A reference to a dynamic analysis report for a package.
- eolNotice: A reference to the End Of Sale (EOS) and/or End Of Life (EOL) information related to a package.
- exportControlAssessment: A reference to a export control assessment for a package.
- funding: A reference to funding information related to a package.



# HashAlgorithm

## **Summary**

A mathematical algorithm that maps data of arbitrary size to a bit string.

## **Description**

A HashAlgorithm is a mathematical algorithm that maps data of arbitrary size to a bit string (the hash) and is a one-way function, that is, a function which is practically infeasible to invert.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/HashAlgorithm

Name HashAlgorithm

- blake2b256: blake2b algorithm with a digest size of 256 https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc7693#section-4
- blake2b384: blake2b algorithm with a digest size of 384 https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc7693#section-4
- blake2b512: blake2b algorithm with a digest size of 512 https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/ html/rfc7693#section-4
- blake3: https://github.com/BLAKE3-team/BLAKE3-specs/blob/master/blake3.pdf
- crystalsDilithium: https://pq-crystals.org/dilithium/index.shtml
- crystalsKyber: https://pq-crystals.org/kyber/index.shtml
- falcon: https://falcon-sign.info/falcon.pdf
- md2: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/rfc1319/
- md4: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc1186
- md5: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc1321
- md6: https://people.csail.mit.edu/rivest/pubs/RABCx08.pdf
- other: any hashing algorithm that does not exist in this list of entries
- sha1: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc3174



# LifecycleScopeType

## **Summary**

Provide an enumerated set of lifecycle phases that can provide context to relationships.

## **Description**

This enumeration summarizes common phases when dependency and other relationships, have different implications, based on their context. For example, a build dependency, may have different implications than a operational dependency.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/LifecycleScopeType

Name LifecycleScopeType

- build: A relationship has specific context implications during an element's build phase, during development.
- design: A relationship has specific context implications during an element's design.
- development: A relationship has specific context implications during development phase of an element.
- other: A relationship has other specific context information necessary to capture that the above set of enumerations does not handle.
- runtime: A relationship has specific context implications during the execution phase of an element.
- test: A relationship has specific context implications during an element's testing phase, during development.



# **PresenceType**

## **Summary**

Categories of presence or absence.

# **Description**

This type is used to indicate if a given field is present or absent or unknown.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/PresenceType

Name PresenceType

- no: Indicates absence of the field.
- noAssertion: Makes no assertion about the field.
- yes: Indicates presence of the field.



# **ProfileIdentifierType**

## **Summary**

Enumeration of the valid profiles.

## **Description**

There are a set of profiles that have been defined by a profile team.

A profile consists of a namespace that may add properties and classes to the core profile unique to the domain covered by the profile.

The profile may also contain additional restrictions on existing properties and classes defined in other profiles.

If the creator of an SPDX collection of elements includes a profile in the list of profileConformance, they are claiming that all contained elements conform to all restrictions defined for that profile.

## **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/ProfileIdentifierType

Name ProfileIdentifierType

- ai: the element follows the AI profile specification
- build: the element follows the Build profile specification
- core: the element follows the Core profile specification
- dataset: the element follows the Dataset profile specification
- expandedLicensing: the element follows the expanded Licensing profile specification
- extension: the element follows the Extension profile specification
- lite: the element follows the Lite profile specification
- security: the element follows the Security profile specification
- simpleLicensing: the element follows the simple Licensing profile specification

# RelationshipCompleteness

#### **Summary**

Indicates whether a relationship is known to be complete, incomplete, or if no assertion is made with respect to relationship completeness.

## **Description**

RelationshipCompleteness indicates whether the provided relationship is known to be complete, known to be incomplete, or if no assertion is made by the relationship creator.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/RelationshipCompleteness

Name RelationshipCompleteness

- complete: The relationship is known to be exhaustive.
- incomplete: The relationship is known not to be exhaustive.
- noAssertion: No assertion can be made about the completeness of the relationship.



# RelationshipType

## Summary

Information about the relationship between two Elements.

## **Description**

Provides information about the relationship between two Elements. For example, you can represent a relationship between two different Files, between a Package and a File, between two Packages, or between one SPDXDocument and another SPDXDocument.

Relationship names be descriptive enough to easily deduce the correct direction from their name. The best way to do this is to make sure that the relationship name completes the sentence:

```
from (is) (a) RELATIONSHIP to
```

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/RelationshipType

Name RelationshipType

- affects: (Security/VEX) The from vulnerability affect each to Element. The use of the affects type is constrained to VexAffectedVulnAssessmentRelationship classed relationships.
- amendedBy: The from Element is amended by each to Element
- ancestorOf: The from Element is an ancestor of each to Element
- availableFrom: The from Element is available from the additional supplier described by each to Element
- configures: The from Element is a configuration applied to each to Element during a LifecycleScopeType period
- contains: The from Element contains each to Element



## **SupportType**

## **Summary**

Indicates the type of support that is associated with an artifact.

## **Description**

SupportType is an enumeration of the various types of support commonly found for artifacts in the software supply chain. Specific details of what that support entails are provided by agreements between the producer and consumer of the artifact.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/SupportType

Name SupportType

- deployed: in addition to being supported by the supplier, the software is known to have been deployed and is in use. For a software as a service provider, this implies the software is now available as a service.
- development: the artifact is in active development and is not considered ready for formal support from the supplier.
- endOfSupport: there is a defined end of support for the artifact from the supplier. This may also be referred to as end of life. There is a validUntilDate that can be used to signal when support ends for the artifact.
- limitedSupport: the artifact has been released, and there is limited support available from the supplier. There is a validUntilDate that can provide additional information about the duration of support.
- noAssertion: no assertion about the type of support is made. This is considered the default if no other support type is used.
- noSupport: there is no support for the artifact from the supplier, consumer assumes any support obligations.
- support: the artifact has been released, and is supported from the supplier. There is a validUntilDate that can provide additional information about the duration of support.



# **DateTime**

## Summary

A string representing a specific date and time.

# **Description**

A Datetime is a string representation of a specific date and time.

It has resolution of seconds and is always expressed in UTC timezone.

The specific format is one of the most commonly used ISO-8601 formats.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/DateTime

Name DateTime SubclassOf xsd:dateTimeStamp

#### **Format**

Pattern: ^\d\d\d-\d\d-\d\dT\d\d:\d\dZ\$



# MediaType

## Summary

Standardized way of indicating the type of content of an Element or a Property. A String constrained to the RFC 2046 specificiation.

## **Description**

A MediaType is a string constrained to the RFC 2046 specification (MIME Part Two: Media Types). It provides a standardized way of indicating the type of content of an Element or a Property.

#### **Examples**

- application/java-archive
- application/vcard+json
- application/vnd.oasis.opendocument.text
- image/avif
- text/csv;charset=UTF-8
- text/javascript
- text/spdx

A list of all possible media types is available at https://www.iana.org/assignments/media-types/media-types.xhtml.

## Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/MediaType

Name MediaType SubclassOf xsd:string

#### **Format**

• Pattern: ^[^\/]+\/[^\/]+\$



# **SemVer**

## Summary

A string constrained to the SemVer 2.0.0 specification.

# **Description**

A semantic version is a string that is following the specification of Semantic Versioning 2.0.0.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/SemVer

Name SemVer SubclassOf xsd:string

#### **Format**

• Pattern:

```
^(0|[1-9]\d*)\.(0|[1-9]\d*)\.(0|[1-9]\d*)(?:-((?:0|[1-9]\d*|\d*[a-zA-Z-][0-9a-zA-Z-]*)
(?:\.(?:0|[1-9]\d*|\d*[a-zA-Z-][0-9a-zA-Z-]*))*))?(?:\+([0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+
```



## **NoAssertionElement**

## **Summary**

An Individual Value for Element representing a set of Elements of unknown identify or cardinality (number).

## **Description**

NoAssertionElement should be used if

- the SPDX creator has attempted to but cannot reach a reasonable objective determination;
- the SPDX creator has made no attempt to determine this field; or
- the SPDX creator has intentionally provided no information (no meaning should be implied by doing so).

For example, a Relationship with from = Element1, relationship Type = "ancestor Of", and to = NOASSERTION is explicitly expressing that no assertion is being made about any potential descendents of Element1.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/NoAssertionElement

Name	NoAssertionElement
Type	Element
IRI	https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/NoAssertionElement



## **NoneElement**

## Summary

An Individual Value for Element representing a set of Elements with cardinality (number/count) of zero.

# **Description**

NoneLicenseElement should be used if the SPDX creator desires to assert that there are NO elements for the given context of use.

For example, a Relationship with from = Element1, relationship Type = "ancestor Of", and to = NONE is explicitly expressing an assertion that Element1 has no descendents.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/NoneElement

Name NoneElement		
Type	Element	
IRI	https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Core/NoneElement	



## **Software**

## **Summary**

Everything having to do with software.

# **Description**

The Software namespace defines concepts related to software artifacts.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Software

Name Software



## ContentIdentifier

## **Summary**

A canonical, unique, immutable identifier

## **Description**

A ContentIdentifier is a canonical, unique, immutable identifier of the content of a software artifact, such as a package, a file, or a snippet.

It can be used for verifying its identity and integrity.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Software/ContentIdentifier

Name	ContentIdentifier
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	/Core/IntegrityMethod

# **Superclasses**

/Core/IntegrityMethod

## **Properties**

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
contentIdentifierType	ContentIdentifierType	1	1
contentIdentifierValue	xsd:anyURI	1	1

## **All properties**

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
comment	xsd:string	0	1
contentIdentifierType	ContentIdentifierType	1	1
contentIdentifierValue	xsd:anyURI	1	1



## **File**

## **Summary**

Refers to any object that stores content on a computer.

## **Description**

Refers to any object that stores content on a computer. The type of content can optionally be provided in the contentType property.

The fileKind property can be set to directory to indicate the file represents a directory and all content stored in that directory.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Software/File

Name	File
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	/Software/SoftwareArtifact

## **Superclasses**

- /Software/SoftwareArtifact
- /Core/Artifact
- /Core/Element

## **Properties**

Property	Type	minCount	maxCount
/Core/contentType	/Core/MediaType	0	1
fileKind	FileKindType	0	1

# **External properties cardinality updates**

Property	minCount	maxCount
name from /Core/Element	1	



# **Package**

## Summary

Refers to any unit of content that can be associated with a distribution of software.

## **Description**

A package refers to any unit of content that can be associated with a distribution of software.

Typically, a package is composed of one or more files.

Any of the following non-limiting examples may be (but are not required to be) represented in SPDX as a package:

- a tarball, zip file or other archive
- a directory or sub-directory
- a separately distributed piece of software which another Package or File uses or depends upon (e.g., a Python package, a Go module, ...)
- a container image, and/or each image layer within a container image
- a collection of one or more sub-packages
- a Git repository snapshot from a particular point in time

Note that some of these could be represented in SPDX as a file as well.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Software/Package

Name	Package
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	/Software/SoftwareArtifact

## **Superclasses**

- /Software/SoftwareArtifact
- /Core/Artifact



## Sbom

## **Summary**

A collection of SPDX Elements describing a single package.

# **Description**

A Software Bill of Materials (SBOM) is a collection of SPDX Elements describing a single package.

This could include details of the content and composition of the product, provenance details of the product and/or its composition, licensing information, known quality or security issues, etc.

### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Software/Sbom

Name	Sbom
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	/Core/Bom

# **Superclasses**

- /Core/Bom
- /Core/Bundle
- /Core/ElementCollection
- /Core/Element

## **Properties**

Property 7	Туре	minCount	maxCount
sbomType S	SbomType	0	*



# **Snippet**

## **Summary**

Describes a certain part of a file.

## **Description**

A Snippet describes a certain part of a file and can be used when the file is known to have some content that has been included from another original source.

Snippets are useful for denoting when part of a file may have been originally created under another license or copied from a place with a known vulnerability.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Software/Snippet

Name	Snippet
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	/Software/SoftwareArtifact

## **Superclasses**

- /Software/SoftwareArtifact
- /Core/Artifact
- /Core/Element

# **Properties**

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
byteRange	/Core/PositiveIntegerRange	0	1
lineRange	/Core/PositiveIntegerRange	0	1
snippetFromFile	File	1	1

# **All properties**

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
additionalPurpose	SoftwarePurpose	0	*



# **SoftwareArtifact**

## **Summary**

A distinct article or unit related to Software.

# **Description**

A software artifact is a distinct article or unit related to software such as a package, a file, or a snippet.

## **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Software/SoftwareArtifact

Name	SoftwareArtifact
Instantiability	Abstract
SubclassOf	/Core/Artifact

# **Superclasses**

- /Core/Artifact
- /Core/Element

# **Properties**

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
additionalPurpose	SoftwarePurpose	0	*
attributionText	xsd:string	0	*
contentIdentifier	ContentIdentifier	0	*
copyrightText	xsd:string	0	1
primaryPurpose	SoftwarePurpose	0	1

# **All properties**

Property	Type	minCount	maxCount
additionalPurpose	SoftwarePurpose	0	*
attributionText	xsd:string	0	*
builtTime	DateTime	0	1
comment	xsd:string	0	1



# additionalPurpose

## **Summary**

Provides additional purpose information of the software artifact.

# **Description**

Additional purpose provides information about the additional purposes of the software artifact in addition to the primaryPurpose.

## **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Software/additionalPurpose

Name additionalPurpose Nature ObjectProperty Range SoftwarePurpose

## Referenced

/Software/SoftwareArtifact



## attributionText

## Summary

Provides a place for the SPDX data creator to record acknowledgement text for a software Package, File or Snippet.

# **Description**

An attributionText for a software Package, File or Snippet provides a consumer of SPDX data with acknowledgement content, to assist redistributors of the Package, File or Snippet with reproducing those acknowledgements.

For example, this field may include a statement that is required by a particular license to be reproduced in end-user documentation, advertising materials, or another form.

This field may describe where, or in which contexts, the acknowledgements need to be reproduced, but it is not required to do so. The SPDX data creator may also explain elsewhere (such as in a comment field) how they intend for data in this field to be used.

An attributionText is not meant to include the software Package, File or Snippet's actual complete license text. Use hasConcludedLicense to identify the corresponding license.

## **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Software/attributionText

Name attributionText Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

### Referenced

/Software/SoftwareArtifact



# byteRange

## **Summary**

Defines the byte range in the original host file that the snippet information applies to.

## **Description**

This field defines the byte range in the original host file that the snippet information applies to.

A range of bytes is independent of various formatting concerns, and the most accurate way of referring to the differences. The choice was made to start the numbering of the byte range at 1 to be consistent with the W3C pointer method vocabulary.

### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Software/byteRange

Name byteRange
Nature DataProperty
Range /Core/PositiveIntegerRange

## Referenced

/Software/Snippet



# contentIdentifier

## **Summary**

A canonical, unique, immutable identifier of the artifact content, that may be used for verifying its identity and/or integrity.

# **Description**

A contentIdentifier is a canonical, unique, immutable identifier of the content of a software artifact, such as a package, a file, or a snippet.

It may be used for verifying its identity and/or integrity.

### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Software/contentIdentifier

Name contentIdentifier Nature DataProperty Range ContentIdentifier

## Referenced

/Software/SoftwareArtifact

# contentIdentifierType

## **Summary**

Specifies the type of the content identifier.

# **Description**

A contentIdentifierType specifies the type of the content identifier.

## **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Software/contentIdentifierType

Name contentIdentifierType Nature ObjectProperty Range ContentIdentifierType

## Referenced

/Software/ContentIdentifier

# contentIdentifierValue

## **Summary**

Specifies the value of the content identifier.

# **Description**

A contentIdentifierValue specifies the value of a content identifier.

## **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Software/contentIdentifierValue

Name contentIdentifierValue Nature DataProperty Range xsd:anyURI

## Referenced

/Software/ContentIdentifier



# copyrightText

## **Summary**

Identifies the text of one or more copyright notices for a software Package, File or Snippet, if any.

# **Description**

A copyrightText consists of the text(s) of the copyright notice(s) found for a software Package, File or Snippet, if any.

If a copyrightText contains text, then it may contain any text related to one or more copyright notices (even if not complete) for that software Package, File or Snippet.

If a copyrightText has a "NONE" value, this indicates that the software Package, File or Snippet contains no copyright notice whatsoever.

If a copyrightText has a "NOASSERTION" value, this indicates that one of the following applies:

- the SPDX data creator has attempted to but cannot reach a reasonable objective determination;
- the SPDX data creator has made no attempt to determine this field; or
- the SPDX data creator has intentionally provided no information (no meaning should be implied by doing so).

If a copyrightText is present, but consists of solely an empty string or a string with no substantive content (e.g., a string that contains only whitespace), then this should be interpreted as equivalent to a "NOASSERTION" value as described above.

## Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Software/copyrightText

Name copyrightText



## downloadLocation

## Summary

Identifies the download Uniform Resource Identifier for the package at the time that the document was created.

# **Description**

A downloadLocation identifies the download Uniform Resource Identifier for the package at the time that the document was created.

Where and how to download the exact package being referenced is critical for verification and tracking data.

### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Software/downloadLocation

Name downloadLocation Nature DataProperty Range xsd:anyURI

## Referenced

/Software/Package



## fileKind

## **Summary**

Describes if a given file is a directory or non-directory kind of file.

# **Description**

An SPDX file may represent a specific file or a directory of files.

In the future, this may be extended to other kinds (e.g. network based files).

## Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Software/fileKind

Name fileKind Nature ObjectProperty Range FileKindType

## Referenced

• /Software/File



# homePage

## **Summary**

A place for the SPDX document creator to record a website that serves as the package's home page.

# **Description**

A homePage is a place for the SPDX document creator to record a website that serves as the package's home page.

This saves the recipient of the SPDX document who is looking for more info from having to search for and verify a match between the package and the associated project home page.

This link can also be used to reference further information about the package referenced by the SPDX document creator.

## Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Software/homePage

Name homePage Nature DataProperty Range xsd:anyURI

### Referenced

/Software/Package



# lineRange

## **Summary**

Defines the line range in the original host file that the snippet information applies to.

## **Description**

This field defines the line range in the original host file that the snippet information applies to.

If there is a disagreement between the byte range and line range, the byte range values will take precedence.

A range of lines is a convenient reference for those files where there is a known line delimiter. The choice was made to start the numbering of the lines at 1 to be consistent with the W3C pointer method vocabulary.

## **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Software/lineRange

Name lineRange
Nature DataProperty
Range /Core/PositiveIntegerRange

#### Referenced

/Software/Snippet



# packageUrl

## **Summary**

Provides a place for the SPDX data creator to record the package URL string (in accordance with the package URL spec) for a software Package.

# **Description**

A packageUrl (commonly pronounced and referred to as "purl") is an attempt to standardize package representations in order to reliably identify and locate software packages. A purl is a URL string which represents a package in a mostly universal and uniform way across programming languages, package managers, packaging conventions, tools, APIs and databases.

The purl URL string is defined by seven components:

scheme:type/namespace/name@version?qualifiers#subpath

The definition for each component can be found in the purl specification. Components are designed such that they form a hierarchy from the most significant on the left to the least significant components on the right.

Parsing a purl string into its components works from left to right. Some extra type-specific normalizations are required. For more information, see How to parse a purl string in its components.

## Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Software/packageUrl

Name packageUrl Nature DataProperty Range xsd:anyURl



# packageVersion

## **Summary**

Identify the version of a package.

# **Description**

A packageVersion is useful for identification purposes and for indicating later changes of the package version.

## **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Software/packageVersion

Name packageVersion Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

## Referenced

• /Software/Package



# primaryPurpose

## **Summary**

Provides information about the primary purpose of the software artifact.

# **Description**

primaryPurpose provides information about the primary purpose of the software artifact.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Software/primaryPurpose

Name primaryPurpose Nature ObjectProperty Range SoftwarePurpose

## Referenced

/Software/SoftwareArtifact



# sbomType

## **Summary**

Provides information about the type of an SBOM.

# **Description**

This field is a reasonable estimation of the type of SBOM created from a creator perspective.

It is intended to be used to give guidance on the elements that may be contained within it.

Aligning with the guidance produced in Types of Software Bill of Material (SBOM) Documents.

### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Software/sbomType

Name sbomType
Nature ObjectProperty
Range SbomType

### Referenced

/Software/Sbom



# snippetFromFile

## **Summary**

Defines the original host file that the snippet information applies to.

# **Description**

The field identifies the file which contains the snippet.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Software/snippetFromFile

Name snippetFromFile Nature ObjectProperty Range File

## Referenced

• /Software/Snippet



## sourceInfo

## Summary

Records any relevant background information or additional comments about the origin of the package.

# **Description**

SourceInfo records any relevant background information or additional comments about the origin of the package.

For example, this field might include comments indicating whether the package was pulled from a source code management system or has been repackaged.

The creator can provide additional information to describe any anomalies or discoveries in the determination of the origin of the package.

## **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Software/sourceInfo

Name sourceInfo Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

### Referenced

/Software/Package

# ContentIdentifierType

## **Summary**

Specifies the type of a content identifier.

## **Description**

ContentIdentifierType specifies the type of a content identifier.

### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Software/ContentIdentifierType

Name ContentIdentifierType

- gitoid: Gitoid stands for Git Object ID and a gitoid of type blob is a unique hash of a binary artifact. A gitoid may represent the software Artifact ID or the OmniBOR Identifier for the software artifact's associated OmniBOR Document.
- swhid: SoftWare Hash IDentifier, persistent intrinsic identifiers for digital artifacts. The syntax of the identifiers is defined in the SWHID specification and in the case of filess they typically look like <code>swh:1:cnt:94a9ed024d3859793618152ea559a168bbcbb5e2</code>.



# **FileKindType**

## **Summary**

Enumeration of the different kinds of SPDX file.

# **Description**

An SPDX file may represent a file on disk or a directory of files.

In the future, this may be extended to other kinds (e.g. network based files).

## **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Software/FileKindType

Name FileKindType

- directory: The file represents a directory and all content stored in that directory.
- file: The file represents a single file (default).



# SbomType

## **Summary**

Provides a set of values to be used to describe the common types of SBOMs that tools may create.

# **Description**

The set of SBOM types with definitions as defined in Types of Software Bill of Material (SBOM) Documents, published on April 21, 2023.

An SBOM type describes the most likely type of an SBOM from the producer perspective, so that consumers can draw conclusions about the data inside an SBOM.

A single SBOM can have multiple SBOM document types associated with it.

## Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Software/SbomType

Name SbomType

- analyzed: SBOM generated through analysis of artifacts (e.g., executables, packages, containers, and virtual machine images) after its build. Such analysis generally requires a variety of heuristics. In some contexts, this may also be referred to as a "3rd party" SBOM.
- build: SBOM generated as part of the process of building the software to create a releasable artifact (e.g., executable or package) from data such as source files, dependencies, built components, build process ephemeral data, and other SBOMs.
- deployed: SBOM provides an inventory of software that is present on a system. This may be an assembly of other SBOMs that combines analysis of configuration options, and examination of execution behavior in a (potentially simulated) deployment environment.
- design: SBOM of intended, planned software project or product with included components (some of which may not yet exist) for a new software artifact.



# SoftwarePurpose

## **Summary**

Provides information about the primary purpose of an Element.

## **Description**

This field provides information about the primary purpose of an Element.

Software Purpose is intrinsic to how the Element is being used rather than the content of the Element.

This field is a reasonable estimate of the most likely usage of the Element from the producer and consumer perspective from which both parties can draw conclusions about the context in which the Element exists.

### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Software/SoftwarePurpose

Name SoftwarePurpose

- application: the Element is a software application
- archive: the Element is an archived collection of one or more files (.tar, .zip, etc)
- bom: Element is a bill of materials
- configuration: Element is configuration data
- container: the Element is a container image which can be used by a container runtime application
- data: Element is data
- device: the Element refers to a chipset, processor, or electronic board
- deviceDriver: Element represents software that controls hardware devices
- diskImage: the Element refers to a disk image that can be written to a disk, booted in a VM, etc. A disk image typically contains most or all of the components necessary to boot, such as bootloaders, kernels, firmware, userspace, etc.



# **Security**

## **Summary**

The Security Profile captures security related information.

# **Description**

The Security Profile captures security related information.

## Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Security

Name Security



# CvssV2VulnAssessmentRelationship

## **Summary**

Provides a CVSS version 2.0 assessment for a vulnerability.

## **Description**

A CvssV2VulnAssessmentRelationship relationship describes the determined score and vector of a vulnerability using version 2.0 of the Common Vulnerability Scoring System (CVSS) as defined at https://www.first.org/cvss/v2/guide. It is intended to communicate the results of using a CVSS calculator.

#### **Constraints**

• The relationship type must be set to hasAssessmentFor.



# CvssV3VulnAssessmentRelationship

## **Summary**

Provides a CVSS version 3 assessment for a vulnerability.

## **Description**

A CvssV3VulnAssessmentRelationship relationship describes the determined score, severity, and vector of a vulnerability using version 3.0 or 3.1 of the Common Vulnerability Scoring System (CVSS). It is intended to communicate the results of using a CVSS calculator.

#### **Constraints**

- The value of severity must be one of 'NONE', 'LOW', 'MEDIUM', 'HIGH' or 'CRITICAL'.
- The relationship type must be set to hasAssessmentFor.



# CvssV4VulnAssessmentRelationship

## **Summary**

Provides a CVSS version 4 assessment for a vulnerability.

## **Description**

A CvssV4VulnAssessmentRelationship relationship describes the determined score, severity, and vector of a vulnerability using version 4 of the Common Vulnerability Scoring System (CVSS) as defined on https://www.first.org/cvss/v4.0/specification-document. It is intended to communicate the results of using a CVSS calculator.

#### **Constraints**

- The value of severity must be one of 'NONE', 'LOW', 'MEDIUM', 'HIGH' or 'CRITICAL'.
- The relationship type must be set to hasAssessmentFor.

# **EpssVulnAssessmentRelationship**

## **Summary**

Provides an EPSS assessment for a vulnerability.

## **Description**

An EpssVulnAssessmentRelationship relationship describes the likelihood or probability that a vulnerability will be exploited in the wild, and the percentile ranking of probability relative to all other vulnerabilities' EPSS scores, using the Exploit Prediction Scoring System (EPSS) as defined at https://www.first.org/epss/model.

#### **Constraints**

- The relationship type must be set to has Assessment For.
- The probability must be between 0 and 1.
- The percentile must be between 0 and 1.

#### **Syntax**

```
{
  "@type": "EpssVulnAssessmentRelationship",
  "@id": "urn:spdx.dev:epss-CVE-2020-28498",
  "relationshipType": "hasAssessmentFor",
  "probability": 0.00105,
  "percentile": 0.42356,
  "from": "urn:spdx.dev:vuln-cve-2020-28498",
  "to": ["urn:product-acme-application-1.3"],
  "suppliedBy": ["urn:spdx.dev:agent-jane-doe"],
  "publishedTime": "2023-10-05T00:00:30Z"
}
```

## Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Security/EpssVulnAssessmentRelationship

Name EpssVulnAssessmentRelationship Instantiability Concrete



# **ExploitCatalogVulnAssessmentRelationship**

## **Summary**

Provides an exploit assessment of a vulnerability.

## **Description**

An ExploitCatalogVulnAssessmentRelationship describes if a vulnerability is listed in any exploit catalog such as the CISA Known Exploited Vulnerabilities Catalog (KEV) https://www.cisa.gov/known-exploited-vulnerabilities-catalog.

#### **Constraints**

The relationship type must be set to hasAssessmentFor.

#### **Syntax**

```
{
  "@type": "ExploitCatalogVulnAssessmentRelationship",
  "@id": "urn:spdx.dev:exploit-catalog-1",
  "relationshipType": "hasAssessmentFor",
  "catalogType": "kev",
  "locator": "https://www.cisa.gov/known-exploited-vulnerabilities-catalog",
  "exploited": "true",
  "from": "urn:spdx.dev:vuln-cve-2023-2136",
  "to": ["urn:product-google-chrome-112.0.5615.136"],
  "suppliedBy": ["urn:spdx.dev:agent-jane-doe"],
  "publishedTime": "2021-03-09T11:04:53Z"
}
```

## Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Security/ExploitCatalogVulnAssessmentRelationship

Name	${\bf Exploit Catalog Vuln Assessment Relationship}$
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	VulnAssessmentRelationship

# SsvcVulnAssessmentRelationship

## Summary

Provides an SSVC assessment for a vulnerability.

## **Description**

An SsvcVulnAssessmentRelationship describes the decision made using the Stakeholder-Specific Vulnerability Categorization (SSVC) decision tree as defined on https://www.cisa.gov/stakeholder-specific-vulnerability-categorization-ssvc. It is intended to communicate the results of using the CISA SSVC Calculator.

#### **Constraints**

• The relationship type must be set to has Assessment For.

#### **Syntax**

```
{
  "@type": "SsvcVulnAssessmentRelationship",
  "@id": "urn:spdx.dev:ssvc-1",
  "relationshipType": "hasAssessmentFor",
  "decisionType": "act",
  "from": "urn:spdx.dev:vuln-cve-2020-28498",
  "to": ["urn:product-acme-application-1.3"],
  "assessedElement": "urn:npm-elliptic-6.5.2",
  "suppliedBy": ["urn:spdx.dev:agent-jane-doe"],
  "publishedTime": "2021-03-09T11:04:53Z"
}
```

## Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Security/SsvcVulnAssessmentRelationship

Name	SsvcVulnAssessmentRelationship
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	VulnAssessmentRelationship



# VexAffectedVulnAssessmentRelationship

## **Summary**

Connects a vulnerability and an element designating the element as a product affected by the vulnerability.

# **Description**

VexAffectedVulnAssessmentRelationship connects a vulnerability and a number of elements. The relationship marks these elements as products affected by the vulnerability. This relationship corresponds to the VEX affected status.

#### **Constraints**

When linking elements using a VexAffectedVulnAssessmentRelationship, the following requirements must be observed:

 Elements linked with a VulnVexAffectedAssessmentRelationship are constrained to the affects relationship type.

#### **Syntax**

```
{
  "@type": "VexAffectedVulnAssessmentRelationship",
  "@id": "urn:spdx.dev:vex-affected-1",
  "relationshipType": "affects",
  "from": "urn:spdx.dev:vuln-cve-2020-28498",
  "to": ["urn:product-acme-application-1.3"],
  "assessedElement": "urn:npm-elliptic-6.5.2",
  "actionStatement": "Upgrade to version 1.4 of ACME application.",
  "suppliedBy": ["urn:spdx.dev:agent-jane-doe"],
  "publishedTime": "2021-03-09T11:04:53Z"
}
```

## Metadata



# **VexFixedVulnAssessmentRelationship**

## **Summary**

Links a vulnerability and elements representing products (in the VEX sense) where a fix has been applied and are no longer affected.

# **Description**

VexFixedVulnAssessmentRelationship links a vulnerability to a number of elements representing VEX products where a vulnerability has been fixed and are no longer affected. It represents the VEX fixed status.

#### **Constraints**

When linking elements using a VexFixedVulnAssessmentRelationship, the following requirements must be observed:

- Elements linked with a VulnVexFixedAssessmentRelationship are constrained to using the fixedIn relationship type.
- The from: end of the relationship must ve a /Security/Vulnerability classed element.

#### **Syntax**

```
{
  "@type": "VexFixedVulnAssessmentRelationship",
  "@id": "urn:spdx.dev:vex-fixed-in-1",
  "relationshipType": "fixedIn",
  "from": "urn:spdx.dev:vuln-cve-2020-28498",
  "to": ["urn:product-acme-application-1.3"],
  "assessedElement": "urn:npm-elliptic-6.5.4",
  "suppliedBy": ["urn:spdx.dev:agent-jane-doe"],
  "publishedTime": "2021-03-09T11:04:53Z"
}
```

## Metadata

# **VexNotAffectedVulnAssessmentRelationship**

## **Summary**

Links a vulnerability and one or more elements designating the latter as products not affected by the vulnerability.

## **Description**

VexNotAffectedVulnAssessmentRelationship connects a vulnerability and a number of elements designating them as products not affected by the vulnerability. This relationship corresponds to the VEX not\_affected status.

#### **Constraints**

When linking elements using a VexNotVulnAffectedAssessmentRelationship, the following requirements must be observed:

- Relating elements with a VexNotAffectedVulnAssessmentRelationship is restricted to the doesNotAffect relationship type.
- The from: end of the relationship must be a /Security/Vulnerability classed element.
- Both impactStatement and justificationType properties have a cardinality of 0..1 making them optional. Nevertheless, to produce a valid VEX not\_affected statement, one of them MUST be defined. This is specified in the Minimum Elements for VEX.

```
{
  "@type": "VexNotAffectedVulnAssessmentRelationship",
  "@id": "urn:spdx.dev:vex-not-affected-1",
  "relationshipType": "doesNotAffect",
  "from": "urn:spdx.dev:vuln-cve-2020-28498",
  "to": ["urn:product-acme-application-1.3"],
  "assessedElement": "urn:npm-elliptic-6.5.2",
  "justificationType": "componentNotPresent",
  "impactStatement": "Not using this vulnerable part of this library.",
  "suppliedBy": ["urn:spdx.dev:agent-jane-doe"],
  "publishedTime": "2021-03-09T11:04:53Z"
}
```



# VexUnderInvestigationVulnAssessmentRelationship

## **Summary**

Designates elements as products where the impact of a vulnerability is being investigated.

## **Description**

VexUnderInvestigationVulnAssessmentRelationship links a vulnerability to a number of products stating the vulnerability's impact on them is being investigated. It represents the VEX under\_investigation status.

#### **Constraints**

When linking elements using a VexUnderInvestigationVulnAssessmentRelationship the following requirements must be observed:

- Elements linked with a VexUnderInvestigationVulnAssessmentRelationship are constrained to using the underInvestigationFor relationship type.
- The from: end of the relationship must ve a /Security/Vulnerability classed element.

#### **Syntax**

```
{
  "@type": "VexUnderInvestigationVulnAssessmentRelationship",
  "@id": "urn:spdx.dev:vex-underInvestigation-1",
  "relationshipType": "underInvestigationFor",
  "from": "urn:spdx.dev:vuln-cve-2020-28498",
  "to": ["urn:product-acme-application-1.3"],
  "assessedElement": "urn:npm-elliptic-6.5.2",
  "suppliedBy": ["urn:spdx.dev:agent-jane-doe"],
  "publishedTime": "2021-03-09T11:04:53Z"
}
```

### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Security/VexUnderInvestigationVulnAssessmentRelationship



# **VexVulnAssessmentRelationship**

## **Summary**

Asbtract ancestor class for all VEX relationships

## **Description**

VexVulnAssessmentRelationship is an abstract subclass that defined the common properties shared by all the SPDX-VEX status relationships.

#### **Constraints**

When linking elements using a VexVulnAssessmentRelationship, the following requirements must be observed:

- The from: end must be a /Security/Vulnerability classed element
- The to: end must point to elements representing the VEX products.

To specify a different element where the vulnerability was detected, the VEX relationship can optionally specify *subcomponents* using the assessedElement property.

VEX inherits information from the document level down to its statements. When a statement is missing information it can be completed by reading the equivalent field from the containing document. For example, if a VEX relationship is missing data in its createdBy property, tools must consider the entity listed in the CreationInfo section of the document as the VEX author. In the same way, when a VEX relationship does not have a created property, the document's date must be considered as authoritative.

## **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Security/VexVulnAssessmentRelationship

Name	VexVulnAssessmentRelationship
Instantiability	Abstract
SubclassOf	VulnAssessmentRelationship

# VulnAssessmentRelationship

### **Summary**

Abstract ancestor class for all vulnerability assessments

## **Description**

VulnAssessmentRelationship is the ancestor class common to all vulnerability assessment relationships. It factors out the common properties shared by them.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Security/VulnAssessmentRelationship

Name	VulnAssessmentRelationship
Instantiability	Abstract
SubclassOf	/Core/Relationship

# **Superclasses**

- /Core/Relationship
- /Core/Element

# **Properties**

Property	Type	minCount	maxCount
/Core/suppliedBy	/Core/Agent	0	1
assessedElement	/Core/Element	0	1
modifiedTime	/Core/DateTime	0	1
publishedTime	/Core/DateTime	0	1
withdrawnTime	/Core/DateTime	0	1

## **All properties**

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
assessedElement	Element	0	1
comment	xsd:string	0	1
completeness	RelationshipCompleteness	0	1



# **Vulnerability**

## **Summary**

Specifies a vulnerability and its associated information.

# **Description**

Specifies a vulnerability and its associated information.

**Syntax** 



# actionStatement

### **Summary**

Provides advise on how to mitigate or remediate a vulnerability when a VEX product is affected by it.

# **Description**

When an element is referenced with a VexAffectedVulnAssessmentRelationship, the relationship MUST include one actionStatement that SHOULD describe actions to remediate or mitigate the vulnerability.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Security/actionStatement

Name actionStatement
Nature DataProperty
Range xsd:string

#### Referenced

/Security/VexAffectedVulnAssessmentRelationship



## actionStatementTime

### **Summary**

Records the time when a recommended action was communicated in a VEX statement to mitigate a vulnerability.

## **Description**

When a VEX statement communicates an affected status, the author MUST include an action statement with a recommended action to help mitigate the vulnerability's impact. The actionStatementTime property records the time when the action statement was first communicated.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Security/actionStatementTime

Name actionStatementTime Nature DataProperty Range /Core/DateTime

#### Referenced

/Security/VexAffectedVulnAssessmentRelationship



## assessedElement

### **Summary**

Specifies an Element contained in a piece of software where a vulnerability was found.

# **Description**

Specifies subpackages, files or snippets referenced by a security assessment to specify the precise location where a vulnerability was found.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Security/assessedElement

Name assessedElement
Nature ObjectProperty
Range /Core/Element

#### Referenced

/Security/VulnAssessmentRelationship



# catalogType

### **Summary**

Specifies the exploit catalog type.

# **Description**

A catalogType is a mandatory value and must select one of the existing entries in the <a href="ExploitCatalogType.md">ExploitCatalogType.md</a> vocabulary.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Security/catalogType

Name catalogType
Nature ObjectProperty
Range ExploitCatalogType

#### Referenced

/Security/ExploitCatalogVulnAssessmentRelationship



# decisionType

### **Summary**

Provide the enumeration of possible decisions in the Stakeholder-Specific Vulnerability Categorization (SSVC) decision tree https://www.cisa.gov/sites/default/files/publications/cisa-ssvc-guide%20508c.pdf

## **Description**

A decisionType is a mandatory value and must select one of the four entries in the SsvcDecisionType.md vocabulary.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Security/decisionType

Name decisionType
Nature ObjectProperty
Range SsvcDecisionType

#### Referenced

/Security/SsvcVulnAssessmentRelationship



# exploited

## **Summary**

Describe that a CVE is known to have an exploit because it's been listed in an exploit catalog.

# **Description**

This field is set when a CVE is listed in an exploit catalog.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Security/exploited

Name exploited Nature DataProperty Range xsd:boolean

### Referenced

/Security/ExploitCatalogVulnAssessmentRelationship



# impactStatement

### Summary

Explains why a VEX product is not affected by a vulnerability. It is an alternative in VexNotAffectedVulnAssessmentRelationship to the machine-readable justification label.

## **Description**

When a VEX product element is related with a VexNotAffectedVulnAssessmentRelationship and a machine readable justification label is not provided, then an impactStatement that further explains how or why the prouct(s) are not affected by the vulnerability must be provided.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Security/impactStatement

Name impactStatement Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

#### Referenced

/Security/VexNotAffectedVulnAssessmentRelationship



# impactStatementTime

### **Summary**

Timestamp of impact statement.

# **Description**

Specifies the time when the impact statement was recorded.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Security/impactStatementTime

Name impactStatementTime Nature DataProperty Range /Core/DateTime

#### Referenced

/Security/VexNotAffectedVulnAssessmentRelationship



# justificationType

### **Summary**

Impact justification label to be used when linking a vulnerability to an element representing a VEX product with a VexNotAffectedVulnAssessmentRelationship relationship.

## **Description**

When stating that an element is not affected by a vulnerability, the VexNotAffectedVulnAssessmentRelationship must include a justification from the machine-readable labels catalog informing the reason the element is not impacted.

impactStatement which is a string with English prose can be used instead or as complementary to the justification label, but one of both MUST be defined.

### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Security/justificationType

Name justificationType
Nature ObjectProperty
Range VexJustificationType

### Referenced

/Security/VexNotAffectedVulnAssessmentRelationship



## locator

### **Summary**

Provides the location of an exploit catalog.

# **Description**

A locator provides the location of an exploit catalog.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Security/locator

Name locator Nature DataProperty Range xsd:anyURI

## Referenced

/Security/ExploitCatalogVulnAssessmentRelationship



## modifiedTime

### Summary

Specifies a time when a vulnerability assessment was modified

# **Description**

Specifies a time when a vulnerability assessment was last modified.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Security/modifiedTime

Name modifiedTime
Nature DataProperty
Range /Core/DateTime

- /Security/VulnAssessmentRelationship
- /Security/Vulnerability



# percentile

### **Summary**

The percentile of the current probability score.

# **Description**

The percentile between 0 and 1 (0 and 100%) of the current probability score, the proportion of all scored vulnerabilities with the same or a lower EPSS score. https://www.first.org/epss/data\_stats

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Security/percentile

Name percentile Nature DataProperty Range xsd:decimal

### Referenced

/Security/EpssVulnAssessmentRelationship



# probability

### **Summary**

A probability score between 0 and 1 of a vulnerability being exploited.

## **Description**

The probability score between 0 and 1 (0 and 100%) estimating the likelihood of exploitation in the wild in the next 30 days (following score publication). https://www.first.org/epss/data\_stats

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Security/probability

Name probability Nature DataProperty Range xsd:decimal

### Referenced

/Security/EpssVulnAssessmentRelationship



# publishedTime

### **Summary**

Specifies the time when a vulnerability was published.

# **Description**

Specifies the time when a vulnerability was first published.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Security/publishedTime

Name publishedTime
Nature DataProperty
Range /Core/DateTime

- /Security/VulnAssessmentRelationship
- /Security/Vulnerability



#### score

### **Summary**

Provides a numerical (0-10) representation of the severity of a vulnerability.

## **Description**

The score provides information on the severity of a vulnerability per the Common Vulnerability Scoring System as defined on https://www.first.org/cvss.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Security/score

Name score Nature DataProperty Range xsd:decimal

- /Security/CvssV2VulnAssessmentRelationship
- /Security/CvssV3VuInAssessmentRelationship
- /Security/CvssV4VulnAssessmentRelationship



# severity

### Summary

Specifies the CVSS qualitative severity rating of a vulnerability in relation to a piece of software.

# **Description**

The severity field provides a human readable string of the resulting numerical CVSS score.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Security/severity

Name severity
Nature ObjectProperty
Range CvssSeverityType

- /Security/CvssV3VuInAssessmentRelationship
- /Security/CvssV4VulnAssessmentRelationship



### **statusNotes**

### **Summary**

Conveys information about how VEX status was determined.

# **Description**

A VEX statement may convey information about how status was determined and may reference other VEX information.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Security/statusNotes

Name statusNotes Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

#### Referenced

/Security/VexVulnAssessmentRelationship



# vectorString

### **Summary**

Specifies the CVSS vector string for a vulnerability.

## **Description**

Specifies any combination of the CVSS Base, Temporal, Threat, Environmental, and/or Supplemental vector string values for a vulnerability.

Supports vectorStrings specified in all CVSS versions.

#### **Constraints**

String values for the vectorString range must only include the abbreviated form of metric names specified in CVSS specifications, e.g. https://www.first.org/cvss/v4.0/specification-document#Vector-String

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Security/vectorString

Name vectorString
Nature DataProperty
Range xsd:string

- /Security/CvssV2VulnAssessmentRelationship
- /Security/CvssV3VulnAssessmentRelationship
- /Security/CvssV4VulnAssessmentRelationship



# vexVersion

### **Summary**

Specifies the version of a VEX statement.

# **Description**

The statement version default value is zero. When any VEX-related content changes, the version must be incremented.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Security/vexVersion

Name vexVersion Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

#### Referenced

/Security/VexVulnAssessmentRelationship



## withdrawnTime

### **Summary**

Specified the time and date when a vulnerability was withdrawn.

# **Description**

Specified the time and date when a vulnerability was withdrawn.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Security/withdrawnTime

Name withdrawnTime
Nature DataProperty
Range /Core/DateTime

- /Security/VulnAssessmentRelationship
- /Security/Vulnerability



# CvssSeverityType

### **Summary**

Specifies the CVSS base, temporal, threat, or environmental severity type.

## **Description**

CvssSeverityType specifies the CVSS severity type, defined in the CVSS specifications as the textual representation of the numeric CVSS score. The severity type entries are inclusive of and applicable to enumerations found in CVSS versions 3 and 4. CvssSeverityType is a mandatory field because baseSeverity is required in the CVSS version 3.0, 3.1, and 4.0 schemas. The field can be used to document the base, temporal, threat, or environmental severity.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Security/CvssSeverityType

Name CvssSeverityType

- critical: When a CVSS score is between 9.0 10.0
- high: When a CVSS score is between 7.0 8.9
- low: When a CVSS score is between 0 3.9
- medium: When a CVSS score is between 4 6.9
- none: When a CVSS score is 0



# ExploitCatalogType

## **Summary**

Specifies the exploit catalog type.

# **Description**

ExploitCatalogType specifies the type of exploit catalog that a vulnerability is listed in.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Security/ExploitCatalogType

Name ExploitCatalogType

- kev: CISA's Known Exploited Vulnerability (KEV) Catalog
- other: Other exploit catalogs



# **SsvcDecisionType**

### **Summary**

Specifies the SSVC decision type.

## **Description**

SsvcDecisionType specifies the type of decision that's been made according to the Stakeholder-Specific Vulnerability Categorization (SSVC) system https://www.cisa.gov/stakeholder-specific-vulnerability-categorization-ssvc

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Security/SsvcDecisionType

Name SsvcDecisionType

- act: The vulnerability requires attention from the organization's internal, supervisory-level
  and leadership-level individuals. Necessary actions include requesting assistance or
  information about the vulnerability, as well as publishing a notification either internally
  and/or externally. Typically, internal groups would meet to determine the overall response
  and then execute agreed upon actions. CISA recommends remediating Act vulnerabilities
  as soon as possible.
- attend: The vulnerability requires attention from the organization's internal, supervisory-level individuals. Necessary actions include requesting assistance or information about the vulnerability, and may involve publishing a notification either internally and/or externally. CISA recommends remediating Attend vulnerabilities sooner than standard update timelines.
- track: The vulnerability does not require action at this time. The organization would continue to track the vulnerability and reassess it if new information becomes available. CISA recommends remediating Track vulnerabilities within standard update timelines.
- trackStar: ("Track" in the SSVC spec) The vulnerability contains specific characteristics that may require closer monitoring for changes. CISA recommends remediating Track vulnerabilities within standard update timelines.

# VexJustificationType

#### **Summary**

Specifies the VEX justification type.

## **Description**

VexJustificationType specifies the type of Vulnerability Exploitability eXchange (VEX) justification.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Security/VexJustificationType

Name VexJustificationType

- componentNotPresent: The software is not affected because the vulnerable component is not in the product.
- inlineMitigationsAlreadyExist: Built-in inline controls or mitigations prevent an adversary from leveraging the vulnerability.
- vulnerableCodeCannotBeControlledByAdversary: The vulnerable component is present, and the component contains the vulnerable code. However, vulnerable code is used in such a way that an attacker cannot mount any anticipated attack.
- vulnerableCodeNotInExecutePath: The affected code is not reachable through the execution of the code, including non-anticipated states of the product.
- vulnerableCodeNotPresent: The product is not affected because the code underlying the vulnerability is not present in the product.

# Licensing

### **Summary**

The Licensing Profile defines a minimum set of license information to facilitate compliance with typical license use cases.

# **Description**

The Licensing profile only contains the additional requirement that any Software Artifact must have a Relationship of type hasConcludedLicense.

Classes and Property restrictions are defined in the SimpleLicensingProfile (Classes and Properties associated with string license expressions) and in the ExpandedLicensingProfile (Classes and Properties used for a fully parsed syntax tree of license expressions).

There are 2 relationship types related to licensing - hasDeclaredLicense and hasConcludedLicense.

#### hasDeclaredLicense

A hasDeclaredLicense identifies the license information actually found in the Software Artifact, for example as detected by use of automated tooling.

This field is not intended to capture license information obtained from an external source, such as a package's website. Such information can be included, as needed, in the hasConcludedLicense field.

A hasDeclaredLicense may be expressed differently in practice for different types of Software Artifacts. For example:

#### for Packages:

 would include license info for the Package as a whole, found in the Package itself (e.g., LICENSE file, README file, metadata in the Package, etc.)



# **SimpleLicensing**

### Summary

Additional metadata relating to software licensing.

## **Description**

The SimpleLicensing profile provides classes and properties to express licenses as a license expression string.

It also provides the base abstract class, AnyLicenseInfo, used for references to license information.

The SimpleLicensingText class provides a place to record any license text found that does not match a license on the SPDX license list.

The ExpandedLicensing profile can be used to represent the complete parsed license expressions.

### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/SimpleLicensing

Name SimpleLicensing



# **AnyLicenseInfo**

### **Summary**

Abstract class representing a license combination consisting of one or more licenses (optionally including additional text), which may be combined according to the SPDX license expression syntax.

## **Description**

An AnyLicenseInfo is used by licensing properties of software artifacts. It can be a NoneLicense, a NoAssertionLicense, single license (either on the SPDX License List or a custom-defined license); a single license with an "or later" operator applied; the foregoing with additional text applied; or a set of licenses combined by applying "AND" and "OR" operators recursively.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/SimpleLicensing/AnyLicenseInfo

Name	AnyLicenseInfo
Instantiability	Abstract
SubclassOf	/Core/Element

## **Superclasses**

/Core/Element

# **All properties**

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
comment	xsd:string	0	1
creationInfo	CreationInfo	1	1
description	xsd:string	0	1
extension	Extension	0	*
externalldentifier	Externalldentifier	0	*
externalRef	ExternalRef	0	*
name	xsd:string	0	1
spdxld	xsd:anyURI	1	1

# LicenseExpression

#### **Summary**

An SPDX Element containing an SPDX license expression string.

## **Description**

A LicenseExpression enables the representation, in a single string, of a combination of one or more licenses, together with additions such as license exceptions.

The syntax for a LicenseExpression string is set forth in the Annex D of the SPDX Specification ("SPDX license expressions"). A LicenseExpression string is not valid if it does not conform to the grammar set forth in that annex.

The ExpandedLicensing profile can be used to represent the complete parsed license expression as a combination of license objects.

### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/SimpleLicensing/LicenseExpression

Name	LicenseExpression
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	AnyLicenseInfo

## **Superclasses**

- /SimpleLicensing/AnyLicenseInfo
- /Core/Element

## **Properties**

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
customIdToUri	/Core/DictionaryEntry	0	*
licenseExpression	xsd:string	1	1
licenseListVersion	/Core/SemVer	0	1

# **SimpleLicensingText**

#### **Summary**

A license or addition that is not listed on the SPDX License List.

## **Description**

A SimpleLicensingText represents a License or Addition that is not listed on the SPDX License List at https://spdx.org/licenses, and is therefore defined by an SPDX data creator.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/SimpleLicensing/SimpleLicensingText

Name	SimpleLicensingText
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	/Core/Element

# **Superclasses**

/Core/Element

## **Properties**

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
licenseText	xsd:string	1	1

# **All properties**

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
comment	xsd:string	0	1
creationInfo	CreationInfo	1	1
description	xsd:string	0	1
extension	Extension	0	*
externalldentifier	Externalldentifier	0	*
externalRef	ExternalRef	0	*
licenseText	xsd:string	1	1
name	xsd:string	0	1

## customIdToUri

### **Summary**

Maps a LicenseRef or AdditionRef string for a Custom License or a Custom License Addition to its URI ID.

## **Description**

Within a License Expression, references can be made to a Custom License or a Custom License Addition.

The License Expression syntax dictates any reference starting with a "LicenseRef-" or "AdditionRef-" refers to license or addition text not found in the official SPDX License List.

These custom licenses must be a CustomLicense, a CustomLicenseAddition, or a SimpleLicensingText which are identified with a unique URI identifier.

The key for the DictionaryEntry is the string used in the license expression and the value is the URI for the corresponding CustomLicense, CustomLicenseAddition, or SimpleLicensingText.

## Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/SimpleLicensing/customIdToUri

Name customIdToUri
Nature ObjectProperty
Range /Core/DictionaryEntry

## Referenced

/SimpleLicensing/LicenseExpression

# licenseExpression

#### **Summary**

A string in the license expression format.

## **Description**

A licenseExpression enables the representation, in a single string, of a combination of one or more licenses, together with additions such as license exceptions.

The syntax for a LicenseExpression string is set forth in the Annex D of the SPDX Specification ("SPDX license expressions"). A LicenseExpression string is not valid if it does not conform to the grammar set forth in that annex.

The ExpandedLicensing profile can be used to represent the complete parsed license expression as a combination of license objects.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/SimpleLicensing/licenseExpression

Name licenseExpression Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

#### Referenced

• /SimpleLicensing/LicenseExpression

### **licenseListVersion**

### **Summary**

The version of the SPDX License List used in the license expression.

## **Description**

Recognizing that licenses are added to the SPDX License List with each subsequent version, the intent is to provide consumers with the version of the SPDX License List used.

This anticipates that in the future, license expression might have used a version of the SPDX License List that is older than the then current one.

The specified version of the SPDX License List must include all listed licenses and exceptions referenced in the expression.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/SimpleLicensing/licenseListVersion

Name licenseListVersion Nature DataProperty Range /Core/SemVer

### Referenced

/SimpleLicensing/LicenseExpression



## licenseText

## **Summary**

Identifies the full text of a License or Addition.

## **Description**

A licenseText contains the plain text of the License or Addition, without templating or other similar markup.

Users of the licenseText for a License can apply the SPDX Matching Guidelines when comparing it to another text for matching purposes.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/SimpleLicensing/licenseText

Name licenseText Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

- /ExpandedLicensing/License
- /SimpleLicensing/SimpleLicensingText



# **ExpandedLicensing**

## **Summary**

Fully expanded license expressions.

# **Description**

This profile supports representing a fully expanded license expression in object form.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing

Name ExpandedLicensing

# ConjunctiveLicenseSet

#### **Summary**

Portion of an AnyLicenseInfo representing a set of licensing information where all elements apply.

### **Description**

A ConjunctiveLicenseSet indicates that *each* of its subsidiary AnyLicenseInfos apply. In other words, a ConjunctiveLicenseSet of two or more licenses represents a licensing situation where *all* of the specified licenses are to be complied with. It is represented in the SPDX License Expression Syntax by the AND operator.

It is syntactically correct to specify a ConjunctiveLicenseSet where the subsidiary AnyLicenseInfos may be "incompatible" according to a particular interpretation of the corresponding Licenses. The SPDX License Expression Syntax does not take into account interpretation of license texts, which is left to the consumer of SPDX data to determine for themselves.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing/ConjunctiveLicenseSet

Name	ConjunctiveLicenseSet
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	/SimpleLicensing/AnyLicenseInfo

### **Superclasses**

- /SimpleLicensing/AnyLicenseInfo
- /Core/Element



### **CustomLicense**

### **Summary**

A license that is not listed on the SPDX License List.

## **Description**

A CustomLicense represents a License that is not listed on the SPDX License List at https://spdx.org/licenses, and is therefore defined by an SPDX data creator.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing/CustomLicense

Name	CustomLicense
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	License

# **Superclasses**

- /ExpandedLicensing/License
- /ExpandedLicensing/ExtendableLicense
- /SimpleLicensing/AnyLicenseInfo
- /Core/Element

# **All properties**

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
comment	xsd:string	0	1
creationInfo	CreationInfo	1	1
description	xsd:string	0	1
extension	Extension	0	*
externalldentifier	Externalldentifier	0	*
externalRef	ExternalRef	0	*
isDeprecatedLicenseld	xsd:boolean	0	1
isFsfLibre	xsd:boolean	0	1
isOsiApproved	xsd:boolean	0	1

### **CustomLicenseAddition**

### **Summary**

A license addition that is not listed on the SPDX Exceptions List.

### **Description**

A CustomLicenseAddition represents an addition to a License that is not listed on the SPDX Exceptions List at https://spdx.org/licenses/exceptions-index.html, and is therefore defined by an SPDX data creator.

It is intended to represent additional language which is meant to be added to a License, but which is not itself a standalone License.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing/CustomLicenseAddition

Name	CustomLicenseAddition
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	LicenseAddition

### **Superclasses**

- /ExpandedLicensing/LicenseAddition
- /Core/Element

# **All properties**

Property	Type	minCount	maxCount
additionText	xsd:string	1	1
comment	xsd:string	0	1
creationInfo	CreationInfo	1	1
description	xsd:string	0	1
extension	Extension	0	*
externalldentifier	Externalldentifier	0	*
externalRef	ExternalRef	0	*

# DisjunctiveLicenseSet

#### **Summary**

Portion of an AnyLicenseInfo representing a set of licensing information where only one of the elements applies.

### **Description**

A DisjunctiveLicenseSet indicates that *only one* of its subsidiary AnyLicenseInfos is required to apply. In other words, a DisjunctiveLicenseSet of two or more licenses represents a licensing situation where *only one* of the specified licenses are to be complied with.

A consumer of SPDX data would typically understand this to permit the recipient of the licensed content to choose which of the corresponding license they would prefer to use. It is represented in the SPDX License Expression Syntax by the OR operator.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing/DisjunctiveLicenseSet

Name	DisjunctiveLicenseSet
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	/SimpleLicensing/AnyLicenseInfo

### **Superclasses**

- /SimpleLicensing/AnyLicenseInfo
- /Core/Element

## **Properties**

Property Type	minCount	maxCount
member /SimpleLicensing/AnyLicenseInfo	2	*



## **ExtendableLicense**

### **Summary**

/ ExtendableLicense

Abstract class representing a License or an OrLaterOperator.

## **Description**

The WithAdditionOperator can have a License or an OrLaterOperator as the license property value. This class is used for the value.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing/ExtendableLicense

Name	ExtendableLicense	
Instantiability	Abstract	
SubclassOf	/SimpleLicensing/AnyLicenseInfo	

# **Superclasses**

- /SimpleLicensing/AnyLicenseInfo
- /Core/Element

# **All properties**

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
comment	xsd:string	0	1
creationInfo	CreationInfo	1	1
description	xsd:string	0	1
extension	Extension	0	*
externalldentifier	Externalldentifier	0	*
externalRef	ExternalRef	0	*
name	xsd:string	0	1
spdxld	xsd:anyURI	1	1
summary	xsd:string	0	1
verifiedUsing	IntegrityMethod	0	*

# IndividualLicensingInfo

### **Summary**

A concrete subclass of AnyLicenseInfo used by Individuals in the ExpandedLicensing profile.

## **Description**

Individuals, such as NoneLicense and NoAssertionLicense, need to reference a concrete subclass of AnyLicenseInfo.

This class provides the type used by the individuals.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing/IndividualLicensingInfo

Name	IndividualLicensingInfo	
Instantiability	tiability Concrete	
SubclassOf	/SimpleLicensing/AnyLicenseInfo	

## **Superclasses**

- /SimpleLicensing/AnyLicenseInfo
- /Core/Element

# **All properties**

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
comment	xsd:string	0	1
creationInfo	CreationInfo	1	1
description	xsd:string	0	1
extension	Extension	0	*
externalldentifier	Externalldentifier	0	*
externalRef	ExternalRef	0	*
name	xsd:string	0	1
spdxld	xsd:anyURI	1	1
summary	xsd:string	0	1



### License

### **Summary**

Abstract class for the portion of an AnyLicenseInfo representing a license.

# **Description**

A License represents a license text, whether listed on the SPDX License List (ListedLicense) or defined by an SPDX data creator (CustomLicense).

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing/License

Name	License
Instantiability	Abstract
SubclassOf	ExtendableLicense

## **Superclasses**

- /ExpandedLicensing/ExtendableLicense
- /SimpleLicensing/AnyLicenseInfo
- /Core/Element

## **Properties**

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
/SimpleLicensing/licenseText	xsd:string	1	1
isDeprecatedLicenseld	xsd:boolean	0	1
isFsfLibre	xsd:boolean	0	1
isOsiApproved	xsd:boolean	0	1
licenseXml	xsd:string	0	1
obsoletedBy	xsd:string	0	1
seeAlso	xsd:anyURI	0	*
standardLicenseHeader	xsd:string	0	1
standardLicenseTemplate	xsd:string	0	1

## LicenseAddition

### **Summary**

/ LicenseAddition

Abstract class for additional text intended to be added to a License, but which is not itself a standalone License.

### **Description**

A LicenseAddition represents text which is intended to be added to a License as additional text, but which is not itself intended to be a standalone License.

It may be an exception which is listed on the SPDX Exceptions List (ListedLicenseException), or may be any other additional text (as an exception or otherwise) which is defined by an SPDX data creator (CustomLicenseAddition).

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing/LicenseAddition

Name	LicenseAddition
Instantiability	Abstract
SubclassOf	/Core/Element

## **Superclasses**

/Core/Element

### **Properties**

Property	Type	minCount	maxCount
additionText	xsd:string	1	1
isDeprecatedAdditionId	xsd:boolean	0	1
licenseXml	xsd:string	0	1
obsoletedBy	xsd:string	0	1
seeAlso	xsd:anyURI	0	*
standardAdditionTemplate	xsd:string	0	1



### ListedLicense

### **Summary**

A license that is listed on the SPDX License List.

## **Description**

A ListedLicense represents a License that is listed on the SPDX License List at https://spdx.org/licenses.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing/ListedLicense

Name	ListedLicense
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	License

### **Superclasses**

- /ExpandedLicensing/License
- /ExpandedLicensing/ExtendableLicense
- /SimpleLicensing/AnyLicenseInfo
- /Core/Element

## **Properties**

Property	Type	minCount	maxCount
deprecatedVersion	xsd:string	0	1
listVersionAdded	xsd:string	0	1

## **All properties**

Property	Type	minCount	maxCount
comment	xsd:string	0	1
creationInfo	CreationInfo	1	1
deprecatedVersion	xsd:string	0	1
description	xsd:string	0	1

# ListedLicenseException

#### **Summary**

A license exception that is listed on the SPDX Exceptions list.

### **Description**

A ListedLicenseException represents an exception to a License (in other words, an exception to a license condition or an additional permission beyond those granted in a License) which is listed on the SPDX Exceptions List at https://spdx.org/licenses/exceptions-index.html.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing/ListedLicenseException

Name	ListedLicenseException
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	LicenseAddition

### **Superclasses**

- /ExpandedLicensing/LicenseAddition
- /Core/Element

### **Properties**

Property	Type	minCount	maxCount
deprecatedVersion	xsd:string	0	1
<b>listVersionAdded</b>	xsd:string	0	1

## **All properties**

Property	Type	minCount	maxCount
additionText	xsd:string	1	1
comment	xsd:string	0	1
creationInfo	CreationInfo	1	1
deprecatedVersion	xsd:string	0	1



# **OrLaterOperator**

#### **Summary**

Portion of an AnyLicenseInfo representing this version, or any later version, of the indicated License.

### **Description**

An OrLaterOperator indicates that this portion of the AnyLicenseInfo represents either (1) the specified version of the corresponding License, or (2) any later version of that License. It is represented in the SPDX License Expression Syntax by the + operator.

It is context-dependent, and unspecified by SPDX, as to what constitutes a "later version" of any particular License. Some Licenses may not be versioned, or may not have clearly-defined ordering for versions. The consumer of SPDX data will need to determine for themselves what meaning to attribute to a "later version" operator for a particular License.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing/OrLaterOperator

Name OrLaterOperator
Instantiability Concrete
SubclassOf ExtendableLicense

#### **Superclasses**

- /ExpandedLicensing/ExtendableLicense
- /SimpleLicensing/AnyLicenseInfo
- /Core/Element

# **Properties**

Property	Type	minCount	maxCount
subjectLicense	License	1	1

# WithAdditionOperator

### **Summary**

Portion of an AnyLicenseInfo representing a License which has additional text applied to it.

### **Description**

A WithAdditionOperator indicates that the designated License is subject to the designated LicenseAddition, which might be a license exception on the SPDX Exceptions List (ListedLicenseException) or may be other additional text (CustomLicenseAddition). It is represented in the SPDX License Expression Syntax by the WITH operator.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing/WithAdditionOperator

Name	WithAdditionOperator
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	/SimpleLicensing/AnyLicenseInfo

# **Superclasses**

- /SimpleLicensing/AnyLicenseInfo
- /Core/Element

### **Properties**

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
subjectAddition	LicenseAddition	1	1
subjectExtendableLicense	ExtendableLicense	1	1

### **All properties**

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
comment	xsd:string	0	1
creationInfo	CreationInfo	1	1
description	xsd:string	0	1



### additionText

### **Summary**

Identifies the full text of a LicenseAddition.

## **Description**

An additionText contains the plain text of the LicenseAddition, without templating or other similar markup.

Users of the additionText for a License can apply the SPDX Matching Guidelines when comparing it to another text for matching purposes.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing/additionText

Name additionText Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

#### Referenced

/ExpandedLicensing/LicenseAddition

# deprecatedVersion

#### **Summary**

Specifies the SPDX License List version in which this license or exception identifier was deprecated.

### **Description**

A deprecated Version for a Listed License or Listed License Exception on the SPDX License List specifies which version release of the License List was the first one in which it was marked as deprecated.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing/deprecatedVersion

Name deprecatedVersion Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

- /ExpandedLicensing/ListedLicense
- /ExpandedLicensing/ListedLicenseException

# **isDeprecatedAdditionId**

#### **Summary**

Specifies whether an additional text identifier has been marked as deprecated.

### **Description**

The isDeprecatedAdditionId property specifies whether an identifier for a LicenseAddition has been marked as deprecated. If the property is not defined, then it is presumed to be false (i.e., not deprecated).

If the LicenseAddition is included on the SPDX Exceptions List, then the deprecatedVersion property indicates on which version release of the Exceptions List it was first marked as deprecated.

"Deprecated" in this context refers to deprecating the use of the *identifier*, not the underlying license addition. In other words, even if a LicenseAddition's author or steward has stated that a particular LicenseAddition generally should not be used, that would *not* mean that the LicenseAddition's identifier is "deprecated." Rather, a LicenseAddition operator is typically marked as "deprecated" when it is determined that use of another identifier is preferable.

### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing/isDeprecatedAdditionId

Name isDeprecatedAdditionId Nature DataProperty Range xsd:boolean

#### Referenced

/ExpandedLicensing/LicenseAddition

# isDeprecatedLicenseId

#### **Summary**

Specifies whether a license or additional text identifier has been marked as deprecated.

### **Description**

The isDeprecatedLicenseld property specifies whether an identifier for a License or LicenseAddition has been marked as deprecated. If the property is not defined, then it is presumed to be false (i.e., not deprecated).

If the License or LicenseAddition is included on the SPDX License List, then the <a href="deprecatedVersion">deprecatedVersion</a> property indicates on which version release of the License List it was first marked as deprecated.

"Deprecated" in this context refers to deprecating the use of the *identifier*, not the underlying license. In other words, even if a License's author or steward has stated that a particular License generally should not be used, that would *not* mean that the License's identifier is "deprecated." Rather, a License or LicenseAddition operator is typically marked as "deprecated" when it is determined that use of another identifier is preferable.

### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing/isDeprecatedLicenseId

Name isDeprecatedLicenseld Nature DataProperty Range xsd:boolean

### Referenced



### isFsfLibre

### **Summary**

Specifies whether the License is listed as free by the Free Software Foundation (FSF).

### **Description**

isFsfLibre specifies whether the Free Software Foundation FSF has listed this License as "free" in their commentary on licenses, located at the time of this writing at https://www.gnu.org/licenses/license-list.en.html.

A value of "true" indicates that the license is in the list of licenses that FSF publishes as libre.

A value of "false" indicates that the license is explicitly not in the corresponding list of FSF libre licenses (e.g., FSF has the license on a non-free list).

If the isFsfLibre field is not specified, the SPDX data creator makes no assertions about whether the License is listed in the FSF's commentary.

### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing/isFsfLibre

Name isFsfLibre Nature DataProperty Range xsd:boolean

### Referenced

# isOsiApproved

#### **Summary**

Specifies whether the License is listed as approved by the Open Source Initiative (OSI).

### **Description**

isOsiApproved specifies whether the Open Source Initiative (OSI) has listed this License as "approved" in their list of OSI Approved Licenses, located at the time of this writing at https://opensource.org/licenses/.

A value of "true" indicates that the license is in the list of licenses that OSI publishes as approved.

A value of "false" indicates that the license is explicitly not in the corresponding list of OSI licenses (e.g., OSI has stated publicly that a license is not approved).

If the isOsiApproved field is not specified, the SPDX data creator makes no assertions about whether the License is approved by the OSI.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing/isOsiApproved

Name isOsiApproved Nature DataProperty Range xsd:boolean

#### Referenced



### licenseXml

### **Summary**

Identifies all the text and metadata associated with a license in the license XML format.

## **Description**

The license XML format is defined and used by the SPDX legal team.

See the XML fields defined at https://github.com/spdx/license-list-XML/blob/main/DOCS/xml-fields.md for a text description.

There is also an XML schema available at https://github.com/spdx/license-list-XML/blob/main/schema/ListedLicense.xsd.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing/licenseXml

Name licenseXml Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

- /ExpandedLicensing/License
- /ExpandedLicensing/LicenseAddition

### **listVersionAdded**

### **Summary**

Specifies the SPDX License List version in which this ListedLicense or ListedLicenseException identifier was first added.

### **Description**

A listVersionAdded for a ListedLicense or ListedLicenseException on the SPDX License List specifies which version release of the License List was the first one in which it was included.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing/listVersionAdded

Name listVersionAdded Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

- /ExpandedLicensing/ListedLicense
- /ExpandedLicensing/ListedLicenseException



### member

### **Summary**

A license expression participating in a license set.

## **Description**

A member is a license expression participating in a conjunctive (of type ConjunctiveLicenseSet) or a disjunctive (of type DisjunctiveLicenseSet) license set.

### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing/member

Name member
Nature ObjectProperty
Range /SimpleLicensing/AnyLicenseInfo

- /ExpandedLicensing/ConjunctiveLicenseSet
- /ExpandedLicensing/DisjunctiveLicenseSet



# obsoletedBy

### **Summary**

Specifies the licenseld that is preferred to be used in place of a deprecated License or LicenseAddition.

### **Description**

An obsoletedBy value for a deprecated License or LicenseAddition specifies the licenseId of the replacement License or LicenseAddition that is preferred to be used in its place. It should use the same format as specified for a licenseId.

The License's or LicenseAddition's comment value may include more information about the reason why the licenseld specified in the obsoletedBy value is preferred.

### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing/obsoletedBy

Name obsoletedBy Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

- /ExpandedLicensing/License
- /ExpandedLicensing/LicenseAddition



#### seeAlso

### **Summary**

Contains a URL where the License or LicenseAddition can be found in use.

### **Description**

A seeAlso defines a cross-reference with a URL where the License or LicenseAddition can be found in use by one or a few projects.

If applicable, it should include a URL where the license text is posted by the license steward, particularly if the license steward has made available a "canonical" primary URL for the license text.

If the license is OSI approved, a seeAlso should be included with the URL for the license's listing on the OSI website.

The seeAlso URL may refer to a previously-available URL for the License or LicenseAddition which is no longer active.

Where applicable, the seeAlso URL should include the license text in its native language. seeAlso URLs to English or other translations may be included where multiple, equivalent official translations exist.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing/seeAlso

Name seeAlso Nature DataProperty Range xsd:anyURI

- /ExpandedLicensing/License
- /ExpandedLicensing/LicenseAddition

# standard Addition Template

#### **Summary**

Identifies the full text of a LicenseAddition, in SPDX templating format.

### **Description**

A standardAdditionTemplate contains a license addition template which describes sections of the LicenseAddition text which can be varied. See the Legacy Text Template format section of the SPDX specification for format information.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing/standardAdditionTemplate

Name standardAdditionTemplate
Nature DataProperty
Range xsd:string

#### Referenced

/ExpandedLicensing/LicenseAddition

### standardLicenseHeader

### **Summary**

Provides a License author's preferred text to indicate that a file is covered by the License.

### **Description**

A standardLicenseHeader contains the plain text of the License author's preferred wording to be used, typically in a source code file's header comments or similar location, to indicate that the file is subject to the specified License.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing/standardLicenseHeader

Name standardLicenseHeader Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

#### Referenced

# standardLicenseTemplate

#### **Summary**

Identifies the full text of a License, in SPDX templating format.

### **Description**

A standardLicenseTemplate contains a license template which describes sections of the License text which can be varied.

See the Legacy Text Template format section of the SPDX specification for format information.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing/standardLicenseTemplate

Name standardLicenseTemplate Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

#### Referenced

# subjectAddition

#### **Summary**

A LicenseAddition participating in a 'with addition' model.

## **Description**

A subjectAddition is a LicenseAddition which is subject to a 'with additional text' effect (WithAdditionOperator).

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing/subjectAddition

Name subjectAddition Nature ObjectProperty Range LicenseAddition

#### Referenced

/ExpandedLicensing/WithAdditionOperator

# subjectExtendableLicense

### **Summary**

A License participating in a 'with addition' model.

## **Description**

A subjectExtendableLicense is a License which is subject to a 'with additional text' effect (WithAdditionOperator).

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing/subjectExtendableLicense

Name subjectExtendableLicense
Nature ObjectProperty
Range ExtendableLicense

#### Referenced

/ExpandedLicensing/WithAdditionOperator

# subjectLicense

#### **Summary**

A License participating in an 'or later' model.

# **Description**

A subjectLicense is a License which is subject an 'or later' effect (OrLaterOperator).

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing/subjectLicense

Name subjectLicense Nature ObjectProperty Range License

### Referenced

/ExpandedLicensing/OrLaterOperator

### **NoAssertionLicense**

### **Summary**

An Individual Value for License when no assertion can be made about its actual value.

## **Description**

NoAssertionLicense should be used if

- the SPDX creator has attempted to but cannot reach a reasonable objective determination;
- the SPDX creator has made no attempt to determine this field; or
- the SPDX creator has intentionally provided no information (no meaning should be implied by doing so).

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing/NoAssertionLicense

Name	NoAssertionLicense
Type	IndividualLicensingInfo
IRI	https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Licensing/NoAssertion

## **NoneLicense**

### **Summary**

An Individual Value for License where the SPDX data creator determines that no license is present.

# **Description**

NoneLicense should be used if the SPDX creator determines there is no license available for this Artifact.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/ExpandedLicensing/NoneLicense

Name NoneLicense		
Type	IndividualLicensingInfo	
IRI	https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Licensing/None	



#### **Dataset**

### **Summary**

The Dataset Profile provides additional metadata, based on Software Profile, that is useful for datasets.

## **Description**

The Dataset namespace defines concepts related to dataset, including its preparation process, its characteristics, and its access methods.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Dataset

Name Dataset

#### **Profile conformance**

For an element collection to be conformant with this profile, the following has to hold:

- 2. for every <code>/Dataset/DatasetPackage</code> there MUST exist exactly one <code>/Core/Relationship</code> of type <code>hasDeclaredLicense</code> having that element as its <code>from</code> property and an <code>/SimpleLicensing/AnyLicenseInfo</code> as its <code>to</code> property.



# **DatasetPackage**

### **Summary**

Specifies a data package and its associated information.

# **Description**

Metadata information that can be added to a dataset that may be used in a software or to train/test an AI package.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Dataset/DatasetPackage

Name	DatasetPackage
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	/Software/Package

## **Superclasses**

- /Software/Package
- /Software/SoftwareArtifact
- /Core/Artifact
- /Core/Element

## **Properties**

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
anonymizationMethodUsed	xsd:string	0	*
confidentialityLevel	ConfidentialityLevelType	0	1
dataCollectionProcess	xsd:string	0	1
dataPreprocessing	xsd:string	0	*
datasetAvailability	DatasetAvailabilityType	0	1
datasetNoise	xsd:string	0	1
datasetSize	xsd:nonNegativeInteger	0	1
datasetType	DatasetType	1	*
datasetUpdateMechanism	xsd:string	0	1
hasSensitivePersonalInformation	/Core/PresenceType	0	1

# anonymizationMethodUsed

### **Summary**

Describes the anonymization methods used.

# **Description**

A free-form text that describes the methods used to anonymize the dataset (of fields in the dataset).

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Dataset/anonymizationMethodUsed

Name anonymizationMethodUsed Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

#### Referenced

/Dataset/DatasetPackage



# confidentialityLevel

### **Summary**

Describes the confidentiality level of the data points contained in the dataset.

# **Description**

Describes the levels of confidentiality of the data points contained in the dataset.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Dataset/confidentialityLevel

Name confidentialityLevel
Nature ObjectProperty
Range ConfidentialityLevelType

Range Connactitianty Le

### Referenced

/Dataset/DatasetPackage



### dataCollectionProcess

### **Summary**

Describes how the dataset was collected.

## **Description**

A free-form text that describes how a dataset was collected.

Examples include the sources from which a dataset was scrapped and the interview protocol that was used for data collection.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Dataset/dataCollectionProcess

Name dataCollectionProcess
Nature DataProperty
Range xsd:string

#### Referenced

/Dataset/DatasetPackage



# dataPreprocessing

### Summary

Describes the preprocessing steps that were applied to the raw data to create the given dataset.

# **Description**

A free-form text that describes the various preprocessing steps that were applied to the raw data to create the dataset.

Examples include standardization, normalization, deduplication, tokenization, and removal of tokens.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Dataset/dataPreprocessing

Name dataPreprocessing Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

#### Referenced



# datasetAvailability

### **Summary**

The field describes the availability of a dataset.

### **Description**

Some datasets are publicly available and can be downloaded directly. Others are only accessible behind a clickthrough, or after filling a registration form. This field will describe the dataset availability from that perspective.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Dataset/datasetAvailability

Name datasetAvailability
Nature ObjectProperty
Range DatasetAvailabilityType

### Referenced



## datasetNoise

### Summary

Describes potentially noisy elements of the dataset.

# **Description**

Describes what kinds of noises a dataset might encompass.

The free-form text specifies fields or samples that might be noisy.

Alternatively, it can also be used to describe various noises that could impact the whole dataset.

### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Dataset/datasetNoise

Name datasetNoise Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

#### Referenced



## datasetSize

### **Summary**

Captures the size of the dataset.

# **Description**

Captures how large a dataset is.

The size is to be measured in bytes.

### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Dataset/datasetSize

Name datasetSize Nature DataProperty Range xsd:nonNegativeInteger

### Referenced



# datasetType

### **Summary**

Describes the type of the given dataset.

# **Description**

Describes the datatype contained in the dataset.

For example, a dataset can be an image dataset for computer vision applications, a text dataset such as the contents of a book or Wikipedia article, or sometimes a multimodal dataset that contains multiple types of data.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Dataset/datasetType

Name datasetType Nature ObjectProperty Range DatasetType

### Referenced

# dataset Update Mechanism

### **Summary**

Describes a mechanism to update the dataset.

# **Description**

A free-form text that describes a mechanism to update the dataset.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Dataset/datasetUpdateMechanism

Name datasetUpdateMechanism Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

### Referenced

## hasSensitivePersonalInformation

### **Summary**

Describes if any sensitive personal information is present in the dataset.

### **Description**

Indicates the presence of sensitive personal data or information that allows drawing conclusions about a person's identity.

Related: useSensitivePersonalInformation in /AI/AIPackage

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Dataset/hasSensitivePersonalInformation

Name hasSensitivePersonalInformation
Nature ObjectProperty
Range /Core/PresenceType

### Referenced



### intendedUse

### **Summary**

Describes what the given dataset should be used for.

## **Description**

A free-form text that describes what the given dataset should be used for.

Some datasets are collected to be used only for particular purposes.

For example, medical data collected from a specific demography might only be applicable for training machine learning models to make predictions for that demography. In such a case, the intendedUse field would capture this information. Similarly, if a dataset is collected for building a facial recognition model, the intendedUse field would specify that.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Dataset/intendedUse

Name intendedUse Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

#### Referenced



## knownBias

### **Summary**

Records the biases that the dataset is known to encompass.

# **Description**

A free-form text that describes the different biases that the dataset encompasses.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Dataset/knownBias

Name knownBias Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

### Referenced



#### sensor

### **Summary**

Describes a sensor used for collecting the data.

# **Description**

Describes a sensor that was used for collecting the data and its calibration value as a key-value pair.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Dataset/sensor

Name sensor
Nature ObjectProperty
Range /Core/DictionaryEntry

#### Referenced

# ConfidentialityLevelType

### **Summary**

Categories of confidentiality level.

### **Description**

Describes the different confidentiality levels as given by the Traffic Light Protocol.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Dataset/ConfidentialityLevelType

Name ConfidentialityLevelType

#### **Entries**

- amber: Data points in the dataset can be shared only with specific organizations and their clients on a need to know basis.
- clear: Dataset may be distributed freely, without restriction.
- green: Dataset can be shared within a community of peers and partners.
- red: Data points in the dataset are highly confidential and can only be shared with named recipients.

# **DatasetAvailabilityType**

### **Summary**

Availability of dataset.

### **Description**

Describes the possible types of availability of a dataset, indicating whether the dataset can be directly downloaded, can be assembled using a script for scraping the data, is only available after a clickthrough or a registration form.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Dataset/DatasetAvailabilityType

Name DatasetAvailabilityType

#### **Entries**

- clickthrough: the dataset is not publicly available and can only be accessed after affirmatively accepting terms on a clickthrough webpage.
- directDownload: the dataset is publicly available and can be downloaded directly.
- query: the dataset is publicly available, but not all at once, and can only be accessed through queries which return parts of the dataset.
- registration: the dataset is not publicly available and an email registration is required before accessing the dataset, although without an affirmative acceptance of terms.
- scrapingScript: the dataset provider is not making available the underlying data and the dataset must be reassembled, typically using the provided script for scraping the data.



### **DatasetType**

### **Summary**

Enumeration of dataset types.

### **Description**

Describes the different structures of data within a given dataset. A dataset can have multiple types of data, or even a single type of data but still match multiple types, for example sensor data could also be timeseries or labeled image data could also be considered categorical.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Dataset/DatasetType

Name DatasetType

#### **Entries**

- audio: data is audio based, such as a collection of music from the 80s.
- categorical: data that is classified into a discrete number of categories, such as the eye color of a population of people.
- graph: data is in the form of a graph where entries are somehow related to each other through edges, such a social network of friends.
- image: data is a collection of images such as pictures of animals.
- noAssertion: data type is not known.
- numeric: data consists only of numeric entries.
- other: data is of a type not included in this list.
- sensor: data is recorded from a physical sensor, such as a thermometer reading or biometric device.
- structured: data is stored in tabular format or retrieved from a relational database.
- syntactic: data describes the syntax or semantics of a language or text, such as a parse tree used for natural language processing.
- text: data consists of unstructured text, such as a book, Wikipedia article (without images), or transcript.

#### **AI**

### **Summary**

The AI Profile is designed to provide a standardized way of documenting and sharing information about AI software packages (i.e. systems).

## **Description**

The AI namespace defines a set of concepts and data elements related to AI system and model artifacts. These artifacts are the tangible outputs of the AI development process, such as software packages, models, and datasets.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/AI

Name Al

## **Profile conformance**

For an element collection to be conformant with this profile, the following has to hold:

- 1. for every <code>/AI/AIPackage</code> there MUST exist exactly one <code>/Core/Relationship</code> of type <code>hasConcludedLicense</code> having that element as its <code>from</code> property and an <code>/SimpleLicensing/AnyLicenseInfo</code> as its <code>to</code> property.
- 2. for every <code>/AI/AIPackage</code> there MUST exist exactly one <code>/Core/Relationship</code> of type <code>hasDeclaredLicense</code> having that element as its <code>from</code> property and an <code>/SimpleLicensing/AnyLicenseInfo</code> as its <code>to</code> property.



# **AIPackage**

### **Summary**

Specifies an AI package and its associated information.

# **Description**

Metadata information that can be added to a package to describe an AI application or trained AI model.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/AI/AIPackage

Name	AlPackage
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	/Software/Package

## **Superclasses**

- /Software/Package
- /Software/SoftwareArtifact
- /Core/Artifact
- /Core/Element

# **Properties**

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
autonomyType	/Core/PresenceType	0	1
domain	xsd:string	0	*
energyConsumption	EnergyConsumption	0	1
hyperparameter	/Core/DictionaryEntry	0	*
informationAboutApplication	xsd:string	0	1
informationAboutTraining	xsd:string	0	1
limitation	xsd:string	0	1
metric	/Core/DictionaryEntry	0	*
metricDecisionThreshold	/Core/DictionaryEntry	0	*
modelDataPreprocessing	xsd:string	0	*



# **EnergyConsumption**

### **Summary**

The class that contains properties to describe energy consumption incurred by an AI model in different stages of its lifecycle.

# **Description**

The class used for denoting the training energy consumption, inference energy consumption and fine tuning energy consumption of the AI model(s) used in an AI system.

### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/AI/EnergyConsumption

Name	EnergyConsumption
Instantiability	Concrete

# **Properties**

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
finetuningEnergyConsumption	EnergyConsumptionDescription	0	*
inferenceEnergyConsumption	EnergyConsumptionDescription	0	*
trainingEnergyConsumption	EnergyConsumptionDescription	0	*

# **All properties**

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
finetuningEnergyConsumption	EnergyConsumptionDescription	0	*
inferenceEnergyConsumption	EnergyConsumptionDescription	0	*
trainingEnergyConsumption	${\bf Energy Consumption Description}$	0	*

# **EnergyConsumptionDescription**

### **Summary**

The class that helps note down the quantity of energy consumption and the unit used for measurement.

### **Description**

This class is designed to store energy consumption data, including the quantity and the unit of measurement.

The energyQuantity property stores the amount of energy consumed, and the energyUnit property stores the unit used for measurement.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/AI/EnergyConsumptionDescription

Name	EnergyConsumptionDescription
Instantiability	Concrete

# **Properties**

Property	Type	minCount	maxCount
energyQuantity	xsd:decimal	1	1
energyUnit	EnergyUnitType	1	1

# **All properties**

Property	Type	minCount	maxCount
energyQuantity	xsd:decimal	1	1
energyUnit	EnergyUnitType	1	1



# autonomyType

### **Summary**

States if a human is involved in the decisions of the AI software.

# **Description**

Indicates if a human is involved in any of the decisions of the AI system or if that system is fully automatic.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/AI/autonomyType

Name autonomyType
Nature ObjectProperty
Range /Core/PresenceType

#### Referenced



# domain

### **Summary**

Captures the domain in which the AI package can be used.

# **Description**

A free-form text that describes the domain where the AI model contained in the AI software can be expected to operate successfully.

Examples include computer vision, natural language processing, etc.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/AI/domain

Name domain Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

#### Referenced



# energyConsumption

### **Summary**

Indicates the amount of energy consumed to train the AI model.

### **Description**

A free-form text captures known or estimated energy consumption for the training of the Al model.

In case not known, the estimation could be based on information about computational resources used (e.g. number of floating point operations -- FLOPs), training time, type and quantity of processing units, and other relevant details related to the training.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/AI/energyConsumption

Name energyConsumption Nature ObjectProperty Range EnergyConsumption

#### Referenced



# energyQuantity

## **Summary**

Represents the energy quantity.

# **Description**

Provides the quantity information of the energy.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/AI/energyQuantity

Name energyQuantity Nature DataProperty Range xsd:decimal

### Referenced

• /AI/EnergyConsumptionDescription



# energyUnit

### **Summary**

Specifies the unit in which energy is measured.

# **Description**

Provides the unit information of the energy.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/AI/energyUnit

Name energyUnit Nature ObjectProperty Range EnergyUnitType

### Referenced

• /AI/EnergyConsumptionDescription

# finetuningEnergyConsumption

### **Summary**

Specifies the amount of energy consumed when finetuning the AI model that is being used in the AI system.

### **Description**

The field specifies the amount of energy consumed when finetuning the AI model that is being used in the AI system.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/AI/finetuningEnergyConsumption

Name finetuningEnergyConsumption

Nature ObjectProperty

Range EnergyConsumptionDescription

#### Referenced

/AI/EnergyConsumption



# hyperparameter

### **Summary**

Records a hyperparameter used to build the AI model contained in the AI package.

## **Description**

Records a hyperparameter value.

Hyperparameters are settings defined before the training process that control the learning algorithm's behavior. They differ from model parameters, which are learned from the data during training. Developers typically set hyperparameters manually or through a process of hyperparameter tuning (also known as trial and error).

Examples of hyperparameters include learning rate, batch size, and the number of layers in a neural network.

### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/AI/hyperparameter

Name hyperparameter
Nature ObjectProperty
Range /Core/DictionaryEntry

#### Referenced

# inferenceEnergyConsumption

### **Summary**

Specifies the amount of energy consumed during inference time by an AI model that is being used in the AI system.

### **Description**

The field specifies the amount of energy consumed during inference time by an AI model that is being used in the AI system.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/AI/inferenceEnergyConsumption

Name inferenceEnergyConsumption

Nature ObjectProperty

Range EnergyConsumptionDescription

#### Referenced

/AI/EnergyConsumption



# informationAboutApplication

### **Summary**

Provides relevant information about the AI software, not including the model description.

### **Description**

A free-form text description of how the AI model is used within the software.

It should include any relevant information, such as pre-processing steps, third-party APIs, and other pertinent details.

It can also include:

- Functionality provided by the AI model within the software application, including: any
  specific tasks or decisions it is designed to perform; any pre-processing steps that are
  applied to the input data before it is fed into the AI model for inference, such as data
  cleaning, normalization, or feature extraction; and any third-party APIs or services that are
  used in conjunction with the AI model, such as data sources, cloud services, or other AI
  models.
- Description of any dependencies or requirements needed to run the AI model within the software application, including: specific hardware, software libraries, and operating systems.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/AI/informationAboutApplication

Name informationAboutApplication
Nature DataProperty
Range xsd:string

### Referenced



# informationAboutTraining

### **Summary**

Describes relevant information about different steps of the training process.

### **Description**

A detailed explanation of the training process, including the specific techniques, algorithms, and methods employed.

#### Examples include:

- training data used to train the AI model, along with any relevant details about its source, quality, and pre-processing steps;
- specific training algorithms employed, including stochastic gradient descent, backpropagation, and reinforcement learning;
- specific training techniques used to improve the performance or accuracy of the AI model, such as transfer learning, fine-tuning, or active learning; and
- any evaluation metrics used to assess the performance of the AI model during the training process, including accuracy, precision, recall, and F1 score.

### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/AI/informationAboutTraining

Name informationAboutTraining Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

#### Referenced



# limitation

## **Summary**

Captures a limitation of the AI software.

# **Description**

A free-form text that captures a limitation of the AI package (or of the AI models present in the AI package).

Note that this is not guaranteed to be exhaustive.

For instance, a limitation might be that the AI package cannot be used on datasets from a certain demography.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/AI/limitation

Name limitation Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

### Referenced



### metric

### **Summary**

Records the measurement of prediction quality of the AI model.

# **Description**

Records the measurement with which the AI model was evaluated.

This makes statements about the prediction quality including uncertainty, accuracy, characteristics of the tested population, quality, fairness, explainability, robustness etc.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/AI/metric

Name metric
Nature ObjectProperty
Range /Core/DictionaryEntry

#### Referenced



## metricDecisionThreshold

### **Summary**

Captures the threshold that was used for computation of a metric described in the metric field.

## **Description**

Each metric might be computed based on a decision threshold.

For instance, precision or recall is typically computed by checking if the probability of the outcome is larger than 0.5.

Each decision threshold should match with a metric field defined in the AI package.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/AI/metricDecisionThreshold

Name metricDecisionThreshold Nature ObjectProperty Range /Core/DictionaryEntry

### Referenced



# modelDataPreprocessing

### **Summary**

Describes all the preprocessing steps applied to the training data before the model training.

## **Description**

A free-form text that describes the preprocessing steps applied to the training data before training of the model(s) contained in the AI software.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/AI/modelDataPreprocessing

Name modelDataPreprocessing
Nature DataProperty
Range xsd:string

#### Referenced



# modelExplainability

### **Summary**

Describes methods that can be used to explain the model.

# **Description**

A free-form text that lists the different explainability mechanisms (such as SHAP, or other model specific explainability mechanisms) that can be used to explain the model.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/AI/modelExplainability

Name modelExplainability
Nature DataProperty
Range xsd:string

#### Referenced



# safetyRiskAssessment

### Summary

Records the results of general safety risk assessment of the AI system.

## **Description**

Records the results of general safety risk assessment of the AI system.

Using categorization according to the EU general risk assessment methodology. The methodology implements Article 20 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 and is intended to assist authorities when they assess general product safety compliance.

It is important to note that this categorization differs from the one proposed in the EU AI Act's provisional agreement.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/AI/safetyRiskAssessment

Name safetyRiskAssessment
Nature ObjectProperty
Range SafetyRiskAssessmentType

#### Referenced



# standardCompliance

### **Summary**

Captures a standard that is being complied with.

# **Description**

A free-form text that captures a standard that the AI software complies with.

This includes both published and unpublished standards, such as those developed by ISO, IEEE, and ETSI.

The standard may, but is not necessarily required to, satisfy a legal or regulatory requirement.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/AI/standardCompliance

Name standardCompliance Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

#### Referenced

# trainingEnergyConsumption

### **Summary**

Specifies the amount of energy consumed when training the AI model that is being used in the AI system.

### **Description**

The field specifies the amount of energy consumed when training the AI model that is being used in the AI system.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/AI/trainingEnergyConsumption

Name trainingEnergyConsumption

Nature ObjectProperty

Range EnergyConsumptionDescription

#### Referenced

/AI/EnergyConsumption



# typeOfModel

### **Summary**

Records the type of the model used in the AI software.

# **Description**

A free-form text that records the type of the AI model(s) used in the software.

For instance, if it is a supervised model, unsupervised model, reinforcement learning model or a combination of those.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/AI/typeOfModel

Name typeOfModel Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

#### Referenced

## useSensitivePersonalInformation

#### **Summary**

Records if sensitive personal information is used during model training or could be used during the inference.

## **Description**

Notes if sensitive personal information is used in the training or inference of the AI models.

This might include biometric data, addresses or other data that can be used to infer a person's identity.

Related: hasSensitivePersonalInformation in /Dataset/DatasetPackage

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/AI/useSensitivePersonalInformation

Name useSensitivePersonalInformation
Nature ObjectProperty
Range /Core/PresenceType

### Referenced

/AI/AIPackage



# **EnergyUnitType**

#### **Summary**

Specifies the unit of energy consumption.

# **Description**

List the different acceptable units for measuring energy consumption.

If the unit in which the energy consumption has been recorded is not listed here, please select "other".

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/AI/EnergyUnitType

Name EnergyUnitType

#### **Entries**

- kilowattHour: Kilowatt-hour.
- megajoule: Megajoule.
- other: Any other units of energy measurement.

# SafetyRiskAssessmentType

#### **Summary**

Specifies the safety risk level.

## **Description**

Lists the different general safety risk levels that can be used to describe the general safety risk of an AI system.

Using categorization according to the EU general risk assessment methodology. The methodology implements Article 20 of Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 and is intended to assist authorities when they assess general product safety compliance.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/AI/SafetyRiskAssessmentType

Name SafetyRiskAssessmentType

#### **Entries**

- high: The second-highest level of risk posed by an AI system.
- low: Low/no risk is posed by an AI system.
- medium: The third-highest level of risk posed by an AI system.
- serious: The highest level of risk posed by an AI system.

### **Build**

#### **Summary**

The Build Profile defines the set of information required to describe an instance of a Software Build.

## **Description**

A Software Build is defined here as the act of converting software inputs into software artifacts using software build tools. Inputs can include source code, config files, artifacts that are build environments, and build tools. Outputs can include intermediate artifacts to other build inputs or the final artifacts.

The Build profile provides a subclass of Element called Build.

It also provides a minimum set of required Relationship Types from the Core profile:

- hasInputs: Describes the relationship from the Build element to its inputs.
- hasOutputs: Describes the relationship from the Build element to its outputs.
- invokedBy: Describes the relationship from the Build element to the Agent that invoked it.

In addition, the following Relationship Types may be used to describe a Build.

- hasHost: Describes the relationship from the Build element to the build stage or host.
- configures: Describes the relationship from a configuration to the Build element.
- ancestorOf: Describes a relationship from a Build element to Build elements that describe its child builds.
- decendentOf: Describes a relationship from a child Build element to its parent.
- usesTool: Describes a relationship from a Build element to a build tool.

All relationships in the Build Profile are scoped to the "build" LifecycleScopeType period.

The hasInputs relationship can be applied to a config file or a build tool if the nature of these inputs are not known at the creation of an SPDX document.



## **Build**

#### **Summary**

Class that describes a build instance of software/artifacts.

## **Description**

A build is a representation of the process in which a piece of software or artifact is built. It encapsulates information related to a build process and provides an element from which relationships can be created to describe the build's inputs, outputs, and related entities (e.g. builders, identities, etc.).

Definitions of "buildType", "configSourceEntrypoint", "configSourceUri", "parameters" and "environment" follow those defined in SLSA provenance.

Externalldentifier of type "urlScheme" may be used to identify build logs. In this case, the comment of the Externalldentifier should be "LogReference".

Note that buildStartTime and buildEndTime are optional, and may be omitted to simplify creating reproducible builds.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Build/Build

Name	Build
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	/Core/Element

## **Superclasses**

/Core/Element



## buildEndTime

#### Summary

Property that describes the time at which a build stops.

# **Description**

buildEndTime describes the time at which a build stops or finishes.

This value is typically recorded by the builder.

### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Build/buildEndTime

Name buildEndTime
Nature DataProperty
Range /Core/DateTime

## Referenced

• /Build/Build



# buildId

### **Summary**

A buildld is a locally unique identifier used by a builder to identify a unique instance of a build produced by it.

# **Description**

A buildId is a locally unique identifier to identify a unique instance of a build.

This identifier differs based on build toolchain, platform, or naming convention used by an organization or standard.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Build/buildId

Name buildId Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

#### Referenced

/Build/Build



## buildStartTime

#### **Summary**

Property describing the start time of a build.

# **Description**

buildStartTime is the time at which a build is triggered.

The builder typically records this value.

### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Build/buildStartTime

Name buildStartTime
Nature DataProperty
Range /Core/DateTime

## Referenced

• /Build/Build



# buildType

#### Summary

A buildType is a hint that is used to indicate the toolchain, platform, or infrastructure that the build was invoked on.

# **Description**

A buildType is a URI expressing the toolchain, platform, or infrastructure that the build was invoked on.

For example, if the build was invoked on GitHub's CI platform using GitHub Actions, the buildType can be expressed as <a href="https://github.com/actions">https://github.com/actions</a>.

In contrast, if the build was invoked on a local machine, the buildType can be expressed as file://username@host/path/to/build.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Build/buildType

Name buildType Nature DataProperty Range xsd:anyURI

#### Referenced

/Build/Build



# configSourceDigest

#### **Summary**

Property that describes the digest of the build configuration file used to invoke a build.

## **Description**

configSourceDigest is the checksum of the build configuration file used by a builder to execute a build.

This Property uses the Core model's Hash class.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Build/configSourceDigest

Name configSourceDigest Nature ObjectProperty Range /Core/Hash

#### Referenced

• /Build/Build



# configSourceEntrypoint

#### **Summary**

Property describes the invocation entrypoint of a build.

## **Description**

A build entrypoint is the invoked executable of a build which always runs when the build is triggered.

For example, when a build is triggered by running a shell script, the entrypoint is script.sh.

In terms of a declared build, the entrypoint is the position in a configuration file or a build declaration which is always run when the build is triggered.

For example, in the following configuration file, the entrypoint of the build is publish.

```
name: Publish packages to PyPI

on:
    create:
    tags: "*"

jobs:
    publish:
    runs-on: ubuntu-latest
    if: startsWith(github.ref, 'refs/tags/')
    steps:
...
```

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Build/configSourceEntrypoint

```
Name configSourceEntrypoint
Nature DataProperty
Range xsd:string
```



# configSourceUri

#### **Summary**

Property that describes the URI of the build configuration source file.

# **Description**

If a build configuration exists for the toolchain or platform performing the build, the configSourceUri of a build is the URI of that build configuration.

For example, a build triggered by a GitHub Action is defined by a build configuration YAML file. In this case, the configSourceUri is the URL of that YAML file.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Build/configSourceUri

Name configSourceUri Nature DataProperty Range xsd:anyURI

#### Referenced

/Build/Build



## environment

#### **Summary**

Property describing the session in which a build is invoked.

## **Description**

environment is a map of environment variables and values that are set during a build session.

This is different from the parameters property in that it describes the environment variables set before a build is invoked rather than the variables provided to the builder.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Build/environment

Name environment
Nature ObjectProperty
Range /Core/DictionaryEntry

#### Referenced

/Build/Build



## parameters

## **Summary**

Property describing the parameters used in an instance of a build.

# **Description**

parameters is a key-value map of all build parameters and their values that were provided to the builder for a build instance. This is different from the environment property in that the keys and values are provided as command line arguments or a configuration file to the builder.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Build/parameters

Name parameters
Nature ObjectProperty
Range /Core/DictionaryEntry

#### Referenced

• /Build/Build

## Lite

#### **Summary**

The SPDX Lite profile defines a subset of the SPDX specification, from the point of view of use cases in some industries. SPDX Lite aims at the balance between the SPDX standard and actual workflows in some industries.

## **Description**

The SPDX Lite profile consists of mandatory fields from the Document Creation and Package Information sections and other basic information.

The mandatory part of the Package information in SPDX Lite is basic but useful for complying with licenses. It is easy to understand licensing information by reading an SPDX Lite file. It is easy to create manually an SPDX Lite file by anyone who does not have enough knowledge about licensing information, so that tools are not necessarily required to create an SPDX Lite file.

SPDX Lite has affinity with SPDX tools due to its containing the mandatory part of the Document Creation and Package Information in the SPDX Lite definition.

An SPDX Lite document can be used in parallel with SPDX documents in software supply chains.

## **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Lite

Name Lite

#### **Profile conformance**

In addition to the following, please refer to the Annex for elements defined in other profiles that should be included as part of the Lite profile.

# **Extension**

#### **Summary**

Everything having to do with SPDX extensions.

# **Description**

The Extension namespace defines the abstract Extension class serving as the base for all defined extension subclasses.

### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Extension

Name Extension

# **CdxPropertiesExtension**

#### **Summary**

A type of extension consisting of a list of name value pairs.

## **Description**

This extension provides a more structured extension using a name-value approach.

Unlike key-value stores, cdxProperties support duplicate names, each potentially having different values.

This is intended to be compatible with the CycloneDX property properties.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Extension/CdxPropertiesExtension

Name	CdxPropertiesExtension
Instantiability	Concrete
SubclassOf	Extension

## **Superclasses**

/Extension/Extension

## **Properties**

Property	Туре	minCount	maxCount
cdxProperty	CdxPropertyEntry	1	*

# **All properties**

<b>Property</b>	Type	minCount	maxCount
cdxProperty	CdxPropertyEntry	1	*



# **CdxPropertyEntry**

#### **Summary**

A property name with an associated value.

# **Description**

Each CdxPropertyEntry contains a name-value pair which maps the name to its associated value.

Unlike key-value stores, cdxProperties support duplicate names, each potentially having different values.

This class can be used to implement CycloneDX compatible properties.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Extension/CdxPropertyEntry

Name	CdxPropertyEntry
Instantiability	Concrete

# **Properties**

Property	Type	minCount	maxCount
cdxPropName	xsd:string	1	1
cdxPropValue	xsd:string	0	1

# **All properties**

Property	Type	minCount	maxCount
cdxPropName	xsd:string	1	1
cdxPropValue	xsd:string	0	1



## **Extension**

#### **Summary**

A characterization of some aspect of an Element that is associated with the Element in a generalized fashion.

## **Description**

An Extension is a characterization of some aspect of an Element that is associated with the Element in a generalized fashion.

Rather than being associated with a particular Element through the typical use of a purposespecific object property an Extension is associated with the Element it characterizes using a single common generalized object property.

This approach serves multiple purposes:

- 1. Support profile-based extended characterization of Elements. Enables specification and expression of Element characterization extensions within any profile and namespace of SPDX without requiring changes to other profiles or namespaces and without requiring local subclassing of remote classes (which could inhibit ecosystem interoperability in some cases).
- 2. Support extension of SPDX by adopting individuals or communities with Element characterization details uniquely specialized to their particular context. Enables adopting individuals or communities to utilize SPDX expressive capabilities along with expressing more arcane Element characterization details specific to them and not appropriate for standardization across SPDX.
- 3. Support structured capture of expressive solutions for gaps in SPDX coverage from real-world use. Enables adopting individuals or communities to express Element characterization details they require that are not currently defined in SPDX but likely should be. Enables a practical pipeline that
  - identifies gaps in SPDX that should be filled,
  - expresses solutions to those gaps in a way that allows the identifying adopters to use the extended solutions with SPDX and does not conflict with current SPDX,
  - can be clearly detected among the SPDX content exchange ecosystem,



# cdxPropName

#### **Summary**

A name used in a CdxExtension name-value pair.

# **Description**

A cdxPropName is used in a CdxExtension name-value pair.

Unlike key-value stores, cdxProperties support duplicate names, each potentially having different values.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Extension/cdxPropName

Name cdxPropName Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

#### Referenced

/Extension/CdxPropertyEntry



# cdxPropValue

#### **Summary**

A value used in a CdxExtension name-value pair.

# **Description**

A cdxPropValue is used in a CdxExtension name-value pair.

Unlike key-value stores, cdxProperties support duplicate names, each potentially having different values.

#### Metadata

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Extension/cdxPropValue

Name cdxPropValue Nature DataProperty Range xsd:string

#### Referenced

/Extension/CdxPropertyEntry



# cdxProperty

#### **Summary**

Provides a map of a property names to a values.

# **Description**

This field provides a mapping of a name to a value.

This is intended to be compatible with the CycloneDX property "properties".

Unlike key-value stores, properties support duplicate names, each potentially having different values.

#### **Metadata**

https://spdx.org/rdf/3.0.0/terms/Extension/cdxProperty

Name cdxProperty
Nature ObjectProperty
Range CdxPropertyEntry

#### Referenced

• /Extension/CdxPropertiesExtension



# Annex A: Differences from previous editions (Informative)

### A.1 Differences between V3.0 and V2.3

### **Structural Differences**

These are the most significant breaking changes requiring a change in logic to handle a different model or structure for the information. Each structural difference will describe the change, describe an approach to translate from 2.3 to 3.0, and provide a rationale for the change.

#### **External Document Reference**

#### **Description of Change**

The purpose of the SPDX 2.3 structure "ExternalDocumentRef" is now covered by two separate structures:

- NamespaceMap which maps short identifiers used in serializations to full namespace URI's to support terseness in serialization of element identifiers
- ExternalMap which maps an element identifier for an element defined externally to verification and location information

The externalDocumentRef property on the SpdxDocument has been replaced by import property and namespace property.

Another change is the SPDX document checksum field has been replaced with a "verifiedUsing" property on the ElementCollection. The "verifiedUsing" which has 0 or more "IntegrityMethod" which should be the checksum of the SPDX document.



# Annex B: Getting started writing SPDX 3 (Informative)

## (a.k.a My First SPDX File)

This guide is designed to walk you through the concepts behind an SPDX document, by walking through writing one by hand. While it is possible to write all your SPDX documents by hand, we would recommend looking at the various language bindings that are available for crafting more complex documents. Nevertheless, walking through an example of a hand written document can be instructive into how SPDX documents work to better understand concepts that are at play, even when using language bindings.

All of the provided fragments listed here are intended to be used to construct a complete a valid SPDX JSON document when concatenated together

If you do would like to construct the complete example from this Markdown file, use the following command:

```
cat getting-started.md | awk 'BEGIN{flag=0} /^```json/, 0=="```" { if (/^---$/){flag++} else if (
```

Please note that all descriptions of properties, classes, etc. are non-normative; that is they are intended to help you understand what is going on in simpler language, but are not necessarily complete. Links to the full official documentation are provided where possible.

#### The Preamble

All documents need to start somewhere, and SPDX documents are no exception.

The root of all SPDX documents will be a JSON object, so start with that:

```
{
```

Next, we need to identify that the document is an SPDX 3 JSON-LD document, which is done with:



# Annex C: RDF object model and identifier syntax (Normative)

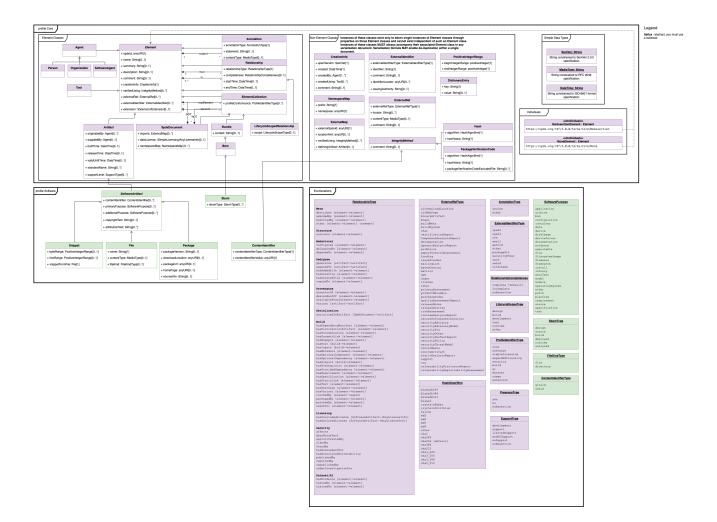
TODO: update for SPDXv3

## **C.1 Introduction**

SPDX ® Vocabulary Specification

#### SPDX 3.0 Model SHACL

Version: 3.0





# **Annex D: SPDX license expressions (Normative)**

#### **D.1 Overview**

Often a single license can be used to represent the licensing terms of a source code or binary file, but there are situations where a single license identifier is not sufficient. A common example is when software is offered under a choice of one or more licenses (e.g., GPL-2.0-only OR BSD-3-Clause). Another example is when a set of licenses is needed to represent a binary program constructed by compiling and linking two (or more) different source files each governed by different licenses (e.g., LGPL-2.1-only AND BSD-3-Clause).

SPDX License Expressions provide a way for one to construct expressions that more accurately represent the licensing terms typically found in open source software source code. A license expression could be a single license identifier found on the SPDX License List; a user defined license reference denoted by the LicenseRef-[idString]; a license identifier combined with an SPDX exception; or some combination of license identifiers, license references and exceptions constructed using a small set of defined operators (e.g., AND, OR, WITH and +). We provide the definition of what constitutes a valid SPDX License Expression in this section.

The exact syntax of license expressions is described below in ABNF, as defined in RFC5234 and expanded in RFC7405.



# Annex C License matching guidelines and templates (Informative)

## C.1 SPDX license list matching guidelines

The SPDX License List Matching Guidelines provide guidelines to be used for the purposes of matching licenses and license exceptions against those included on the SPDX License List. There is no intent here to make a judgment or interpretation, but merely to ensure that when one SPDX user identifies a license as "BSD-3-Clause," for example, it is indeed the same license as what someone else identifies as "BSD-3-Clause" and the same license as what is listed on the SPDX License List. As noted here, some of the matching guidelines are implemented in the XML files of the SPDX License List repository.

## C.2 How these guidelines are applied

#### **C.2.1 Purpose**

To ensure consistent results by different SPDX document creators when matching license information that will be included in the License Information in File field. SPDX document creators or tools may match on the license or exception text itself, the official license header, or the SPDX License List short identifier.

#### C.2.2 Guideline: official license headers

The matching guidelines apply to license and exception text, as well as official license headers. Official license headers are defined by the SPDX License List as specific text specified within the license itself to be put in the header of files. (see explanation of SPDX License List fields for more info).

The following XML tag is used to implement this guideline: <standardLicenseHeader>



# Annex E: Using SPDX license list short identifiers in source files (Informative)

TODO: update for SPDXv3

#### **E.1 Introduction**

Identifying the license for open source software is critical for both reporting purposes and license compliance. However, determining the license can sometimes be difficult due to a lack of information or ambiguous information. Even when licensing information is present, a lack of consistent notation can make automating the task of license detection very difficult, thus requiring vast amounts of human effort.

Short identifiers from the SPDX License List can be used to indicate license info at the file level. The advantages of doing this are numerous but include:

- It is precise.
- It is concise.
- It is language neutral.
- It is easy and more reliable to machine process.
- Leads to code that is easier to reuse.
- The license information travels with the file (as sometimes not entire projects are used or license files are removed).
- It is a standard and can be universal. There is no need for variation.
- An SPDX short identifier is immutable.
- Easy look-ups and cross-references to the SPDX License List website.

If using SPDX short identifiers in individual files, it is recommended to reproduce the full license in the projects LICENSE file and indicate that SPDX short identifiers are being used to refer to it. For links to projects illustrating these scenarios, see https://spdx.dev/ids-where.

#### **E.2 Format for SPDX-License-Identifier**

The SPDX-License-Identifier tag declares the license the file is under and should be placed at or near the top of the file in a comment.



# Annex F: Using SPDX to comply with Norms, Standards and Regulation (Informative)

# F.1 Satisfying NTIA Minimum Elements for an SBOM using SPDX / US Executive Order 14028

US Executive Order 14028 in conjunction with the National Telecommunications and Information Administration (NTIA) outlined minimum elements for an SBOM. The minimum elements are detailed in NTIA's Framing Software Component Transparency: Establishing a Common Software Bill of Maternials and The Minimum Elements for a SBOM documents and summarized below:

SBOM Minimum Field	Description
Author Name	Author of the SBOM entry (this may not always be the supplier).
Supplier Name	Name or identity of the supplier of the component in the SBOM entry.
Component Name	Designation assigned to a unit of software defined by the original supplier.
Version String	Version used to identify a component.
Component Hash	A cryptographic hash to uniquely identify a component.
Unique Identifier	A unique identifier to help identify components or serve as a look-up key for relevant databases.
Relationship	Characterizing the relationship that an upstream component X is included in software Y.
Timestamp	Record of the date and time of the SBOM data assembly.

The SPDX Specification contains fields able to address each of the NTIA minimum required data fields.

NTIA SBOM Minimum Field	Satisfying SPDX field model location
Author Name	Core/Classes/CreationInfo.createdBy
Supplier Name	Core/Classes/Artifact.suppliedBy
Component Name	Software/Classes/Package.name inherited from Core/Classes/ Element.name
Version String	Software/Classes/Package.packageVersion
Component Hash	Core/Classes/Element.verifiedUsing
Unique Identifier	Software/Classes/SoftwareArtifact.contentIdentifier for SPDX Software Artifacts or Software/Classes/Package.packageUrl if the packageUrl is considered to be unique, or Core/Classes/Element.externalIdentifier for resources outside the scope of SPDX-3.0 content



# Annex G: Including Security Information in a SPDX document

The flexibility of SPDX 3.0 allows users to either link SBOMs to external security vulnerability data or to embed security vulnerability information in the SPDX 3.0 data format. For more details about the differences, read "Capturing Software Vulnerability Data in SPDX 3.0".

#### **G.1 External References and External Identifiers**

SPDX 3.0 has the concept of an **External Reference** for an Element which points to a general resource outside the scope of the SPDX-3.0 content that provides additional context or information about an Element.

The specification for External Reference types has many type options, a large handful of which pertain specifically to security use cases:

- cwe
- secureSoftwareAttestation
- securityAdvisory
- securityAdversaryModel
- securityFix
- securityOther
- securityPenTestReport
- securityPolicy
- securityThreatModel
- vulnerabilityDisclosureReport
- vulnerabilityExploitabilityAssessment

SPDX 3.0 also has the concept of **External Identifier** which should be used in cases where an identifier scheme exists and is already defined for an Element outside of SPDX-3.0.

There are several External Identifier types that may be used in a security context:

- cpe22
- cpe23
- cve

#### **Annex H: SPDX Lite**

## H.1 Definition of the Lite profile

The Lite profile is designed to make it quick and easy to start a Software Bill of Materials in situations where a company may have limited capacity for introducing new items into its process.

The Lite profile captures the minimum set of information required for license compliance in the software supply chain. It contains information about the creation of the SBOM, package lists with licensing and other related items, and their relationships.

All elements in Lite profile are essential for complying with licenses. It is easy to use a SPDX document with the Lite profile for anyone who does not have enough knowledge about licensing information and easy to import license information from former versions of SPDX Lite format files.

The Lite profile offers the flexibility to be used either alone or in combination with other SPDX profiles as a SPDX document in the software supply chain.

## H.2 Table of the Lite profile elements

A SPDX document with the Lite profile must include properties for each class listed in **Table H.1**. And Cardinality 1..1 means a **REQUIRED** element, and the others **SHOULD** be filled in as much as possible if necessary.

#### Table H.1 − the Lite profile elements

1. For a /Core/SpdxDocument to be conformant with this profile, the following has to hold:

# Property Name	Cardinality	Comments
1/Core/SpdxDocument/spdxId	11	
2 /Core/SpdxDocument/name	01	
3 /Core/SpdxDocument/comment	01	
4 / Core / Spdx Document / creation Info	11	
5 / Core/SpdxDocument/verifiedUsing	01	This should be an object of /Core/Hash
6 /Core/SpdxDocument/element	1*	MUST have at least one element
7 /Core/SpdxDocument/rootElement	11	This should be an object of /Core/Sbom
8 / Core/SpdxDocument/namespaceMap	0*	



# Annex I: Cross referencing in SPDX 3 (Informative)

This document will walk though how to refer to SPDX Elements across documents (e.g. cross reference).

If you do would like to construct the complete example documents from this Markdown file, use the following command:

```
cat cross-reference.md | awk 'BEGIN{flag=0} /^```json/, $0=="```" { if (/^---$/){flag++} else if (
```

# Linking via spdxId

It is frequently desired (and necessary) to reference an SPDX 3 Element that lives in one document from another. Since SPDX documents are valid JSON-LD documents, linking elements together can be as simple as referencing the spdxld of one element from another (in the same way that doing so within a document links Elements together. For example, assume we have this document that contains a Person we want to reference in another document:



# Annex E: Package URL specification v1 (Normative)

#### **E.1 Introduction**

The Package URL core specification defines a versioned and formalized format, syntax, and rules used to represent and validate package URLs.

A package URL or *purl* is an attempt to standardize existing approaches to reliably identify the location of software packages.

A *purl* is a URL string used to identify the location of a software package in a mostly universal and uniform way across programming languages, package managers, packaging conventions, tools, APIs and databases.

Such a package URL is useful to reliably reference the same software package using a simple and expressive syntax and conventions based on familiar URLs.

## **E.2 Syntax definition**

purl stands for package URL.

A *purl* is a URL composed of seven components:

scheme:type/namespace/name@version?qualifiers#subpath

Components are separated by a specific character for unambiguous parsing.

The definition for each components is:

- scheme: this is the URL scheme with the constant value of "pkg". One of the primary reason for this single scheme is to facilitate the future official registration of the "pkg" scheme for package URLs. Required.
- type: the package type or package protocol such as maven, npm, nuget, gem, pypi, etc. Required.



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