Get Started with Koa

Feng Zhou 2016-10-21

HTTP 101

Socket

- telephone
- bi-directional
- ip address and port

Port

- physical port like usb port
- 2¹⁶
- port for http server is 80
- bind to port lower than 1024 requires root privilage

Request

```
GET /user/1 HTTP/1.1
```

Host: localhost:3000

User-Agent: curl/7.47.0

Accept: */*

Request

- method
- path
- headers

Methods

- GET
- POST
- PUT
- DELETE
- HEAD
- PATCH

Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
```

Content-Type: text/plain; charset=utf-8

Content-Length: 11

Date: Wed, 26 Oct 2016 05:29:14 GMT

Connection: keep-alive

hello there

Response

- status code
- headers
- body

Status codes

- **200** OK
- 304 Not Modified
- 400 Bad Request
- 401 Unauthorized
- 403 Forbidden
- 404 Not Found

Request and response

• stateless

Cookies

- set by server
- carried in the request header by client(browser)

Cookies

- authentication
- tracking client
- signed/ecrypted

Websocket

• realtime

$\mathsf{HTTP}/2$

- binary protocol
- better speed
 - multiple request, one TCP connection
 - header compression

tcpdump

sudo tcpdump -X -nni lo port 3000 and tcp $\,$

tcpflow

sudo tcpflow -X /dev/null -i any -C port 3000 $\,$

```
sudo gor --input-raw-track-response \
--input-raw :3000 --output-stdout
```

mitmproxy

```
export http_proxy=http://127.0.0.1:8080
curl localhost:3000
```

JavaScript

JavaScript

Any application that can be written in JavaScript, will eventually be written in JavaScript.

The Origin of JavaScript

- 1995
- Nestscape
- Brendan Eich
- ten days

ECMAScript

ECMAScript the standard

JavaScript the implementation of ECMAScript

Transpiling

Transpling source code to source code compilation

```
ES 6 -> ES 5
CoffeeScript -> JavaScript
TypeScript -> JavaScript
Elm -> JavaScript
```

What is Babel

- Babel compiles newer version js to older version js
- https://babeljs.io/

Using Babel

```
npm install --global babel-cli
```

this is not the recommended way!

Using Babel

\$ babel script.js

Using Babel

\$ babel-node

Configure babel plugins

```
add to package. json
  "babel": {
    "plugins": [
      "transform-async-to-generator",
      "transform-es2015-modules-commonjs"
```

Functions

- common functions
- generator functions
- async functions

Common Functions

```
function add(num, num2) {
   return num + num2
}

const add = function(num, num2) {
   return num + num2
}
```

Generator Functions

- function can only return one value
- generators can yield multiple values

Generator Functions

```
function* range(start, end) {
  while (start <= end) {
    yield start
    start = start + 1
for (let i of range(1, 9)) {
  console.log(i)
```

Async Functions

async functions alway return a Promise

```
async function() {
  await fetch()
}
```

Fat Arrow

```
• no context(this)
• terse

const add = (num, num2) => num + num2

const add = (num, num2) => {
  return num + num2
}
```

Koa

The Origin

Successor of Express, the most popular nodejs web framework

Compared with Express

- both are middleware based
- express uses callbacks
- koa uses async function or generator function
- koa is slimer, no middleware bundled

Example Koa

```
import Koa from "koa"
const app = new Koa

app.use(ctx => {
    ctx.body = "koa"
})

app.listen(3000)
```

Example Express

```
import Express from "express"
const app = new Express
app.get("/", (req, res) => {
    res.send("express")
})
app.listen(3000)
```

Callback Hell

or Pyramid of Doom

Middleware



A logging middleware

curl localhost:3000

```
import Koa from "koa"
const app = new Koa
app.use(async (ctx, next) => {
    console.log('${ctx.method} ${ctx.path}')
    await next()
})
app.use(ctx => {
    ctx.body = "hello there"
})
app.listen(3000)
```

A timing middleware

```
const timeRequest = async (ctx, next) => {
   const requestStarted = new Date()
   await next()
   console.log('took: ${new Date() - requestStarted} ms')
}
app.use(timeRequest)
```

Middleware is like Onion

```
import Koa from "koa"
const app = new Koa

app.use(async (ctx, next) => {
  console.log('>> one')
  await next()
  console.log('<< one')
})</pre>
```

Middleware is like Onion

```
app.use(async (ctx, next) => {
  console.log('>> two')
  ctx.body = 'two'
  await next()
  console.log('<< two')</pre>
}):
app.use(async (ctx, next) => {
  console.log('>> three')
  await next()
  console.log('<< three')</pre>
})
app.listen(3000)
```

Passing options to middlewares

```
const myMiddleware = (options) => async (ctx, next) => {
}
```

Mounting a middleware

app.use(middleware(opts))

Semantic versioning

semver for short, major.minor.patch, 1.20.1

- major for incompatable change
- minor for new feature
- patch for bug fix
- first table release should be 1.0.0

Npm and semver

npm install koa@next

Routing

The process of mapping requests to handlers

- method
- path

Using koa-router

koa has no built-in routing support

npm install --save koa-router@next

Using koa-router

```
import Router from "koa-router"
const router = new Router

router.get('/', ctx => {
   ctx.body = 'router'
})

app.use(router.routes())
```

Extracting params from url

```
router.get('/hello/:name', ctx => {
  ctx.body = 'hello ${ctx.params.name}'
})
```

More HTTP methods

```
router.post('/', ctx => {
  ctx.body = 'it was POST'
})
```

Popular engines

pug formerly know as jade
mustache minimal, logic less, language-agnostic
nunjucks inspired by jinja2
 ejs old-style

Koa views

npm install --save koa-views@next ejs

Configure view engine

```
import views from 'koa-views'
app.use(views('${__dirname}/views', {
   map: {html: 'ejs'}
}))
```

Passing variables

```
in handler

ctx.render("index", {key: val})

in middleware

ctx.state.name = value
```

koa-static

```
npm install --save koa-static@next
import serve from "koa-static"
app.use(serve('${__dirname}/public'))
```