

# A Document-Oriented Robot Memory for Knowledge Sharing and Hybrid Reasoning on Mobile Robots

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## **Database to store information of a robot about its environment**

- **Domain:** Logistics and domestic service robotics
- **Purpose:** Scalable storage and rich querying
- **Focus:** Knowledge sharing and hybrid reasoning for knowledge-based systems

# Why do robots need a memory?



- Store and reason about world state
- Share information in multi-robot system
- Remember object sights
- Persistent storage
- Consistent information base for different components

# Robot Memory Goals

- Flexible storage and retrieval
- Spatio-temporal grounding
- Persistent storage
- Memory sharing between knowledge-based systems
- Distributed memory for multi-robot systems
- Computation on demand (*Computables*)
- Notification about updates (*Triggers*)

# Application Domains



## RoboCup Logistics League

- Production logistics in smart factory
- Share world model
  - between robots
  - between global planner and reasoner executive



## RoboCup@Home

- Domestic service robots
- Collect information about concrete environment
- Hybrid reasoning with spatio-temporal knowledge

# Planners and Reasoners in Fawkes

## CLIPS Rules Engine

- First-Order Logic forward chaining system
- Fact base and condition-action rules
- ⇒ Used for world model reasoning and execution monitoring



## Planning Domain Definition Language (PDDL)

- Standardized language for planning problems
- Find action sequence through heuristic search
- ⇒ Used for finding global plans

## Motion Planners

- Robot arm and locomotion collision avoidance
- Depend on geometric data



# Robot Information Storage Systems

## KnowRob [Tenorth and Beetz, 2013]

- Common sense reasoning with ontologies
- Based on Prolog
- Virtual knowledge base to interface perception

## OpenRobots Ontology (ORO) [Lemaignan et al., 2010]

- Common sense reasoning with ontologies
- Based on Java
- Events notifying about changes

- Not applicable for multi-robot systems
- Scalability, efficiency concerns
- Missing events / computation on demand

# Document Orientation

- Documents: Sets of key-value pairs
- Java Script Object Notation (JSON)

```
{  
    "key": "value",  
    "subdocument": { "x":3, "y":1},  
    "array": [{"n":0.1}, {"n":2}]  
}
```

- Denormalized (information bundled in documents)
  - Schema free
- ⇒ Allows generic, flexible, and distributable robot memory

# MongoDB Database System



- Scalable and widely used
- Query language with aggregation, MapReduce, JavaScript
- Indexing for fast querying
- Distributable with Replica Sets  
Operations Log (Oplog) to forward changes
- Comparable good performance and scalability  
[Oliveira and del Val Cura, 2016, Li and Manoharan, 2013]

# Related Work with MongoDB

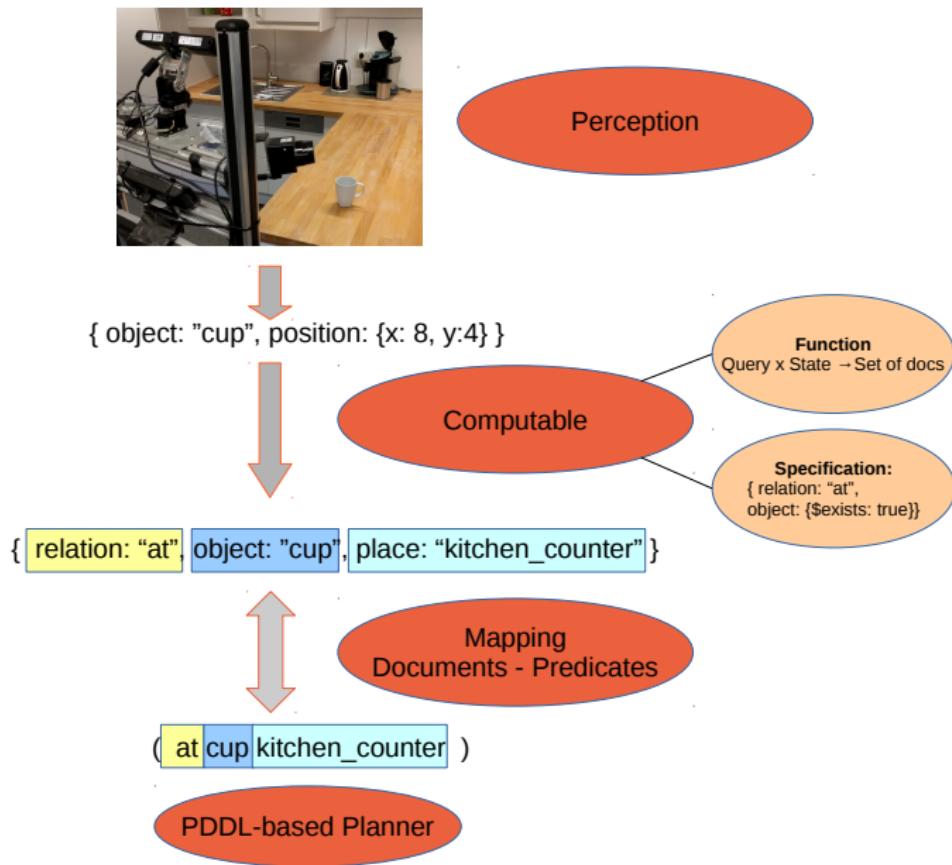
## Robot Database with MongoDB [Niemueller et al., 2012]

- Data logging for evaluation and fault analysis
- Generic and scalable storage with MongoDB
- Integration in Fawkes and ROS

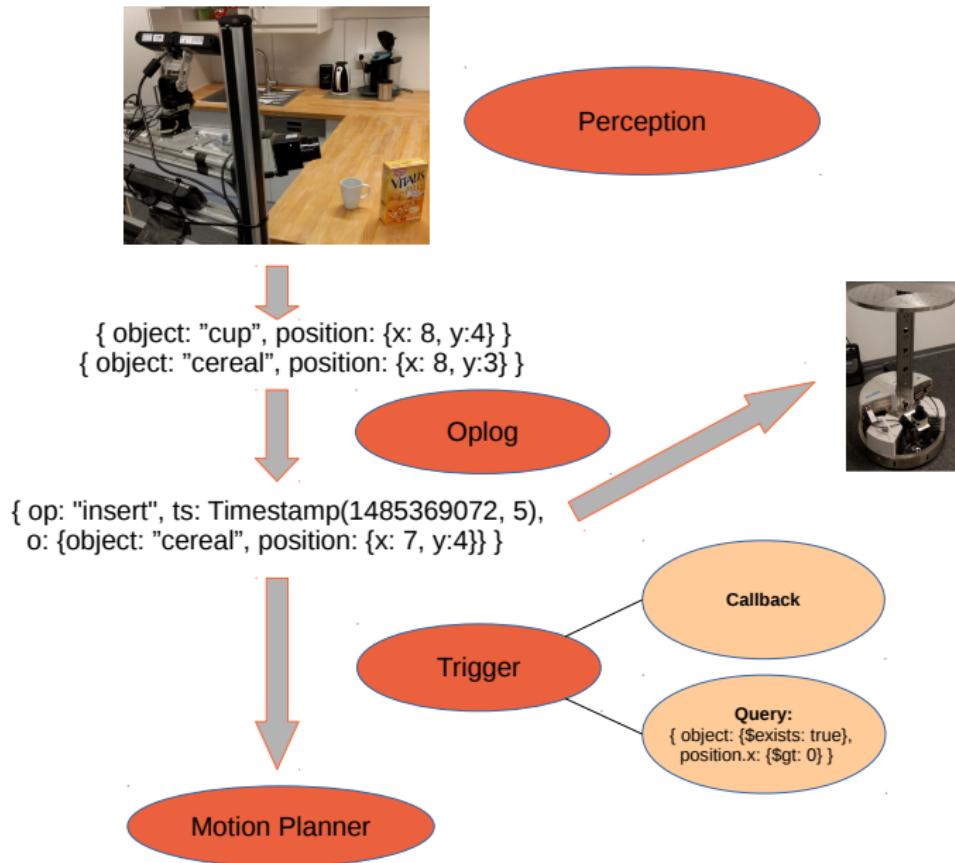
## Extensions of MongoDB

- Triggers with replication Oplog [Dwivedi and Dubey, 2016]

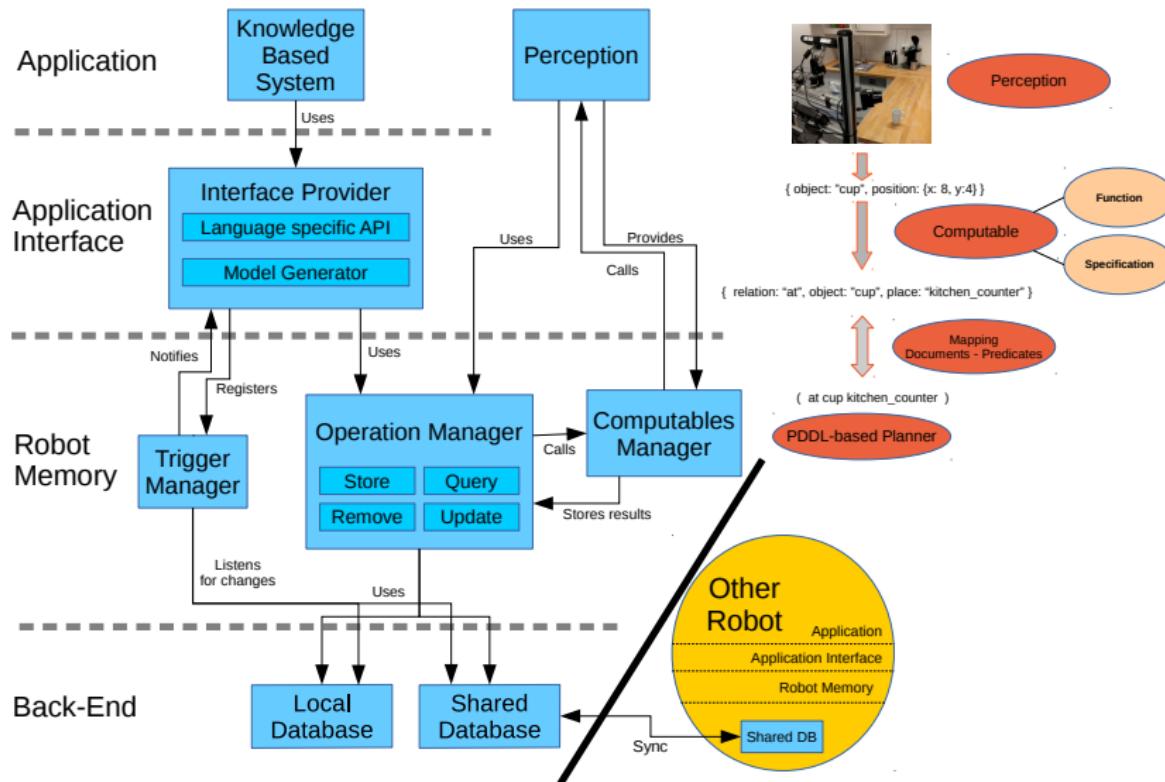
# Computables and KBS Interface



# Triggers



# Architecture



# Back-End and Robot Memory

## Distribution in multi-robot system

- Write operations only on primary instance
- Eventual consistency on secondaries

## Robot Memory

- Caching of computed documents
- Automated start-up of MongoDB

# CLIPS Interface

## CLIPS Characteristics

- Fact base as working memory

```
(cap-station (name M-CS1) (loaded NONE) (caps-on-shelf 3))
```

- Condition-action rules
- Procedural functions

## Robot Memory Interface

- Provide operation and traversal functions in CLIPS
- Mapping between facts and documents

```
{ relation: "cap-station", name: "M-CS1",
  loaded: "NONE", caps-on-shelf: NumberLong(3) }
```

- Assert trigger events as facts

# PDDL Interface

## PDDL Characteristics

- Domain definition and problem description as input
- Predicates represent information

```
(:goal (on A B))  
(:init (on-table A) (on-table B))
```

## Robot Memory Interface

- Mapping of documents to predicates
- Generation of problem description from template

```
(:goal <><>GOAL>>  
(:init <><>#ONTABLE|{relation:'on-table'}>>  
      (on-table <><>object>>) <><>/ONTABLE>>))
```

```
{ relation: "on-table", object: "A" },  
{ relation: "on-table", object: "B" }
```

# OpenRAVE Interface

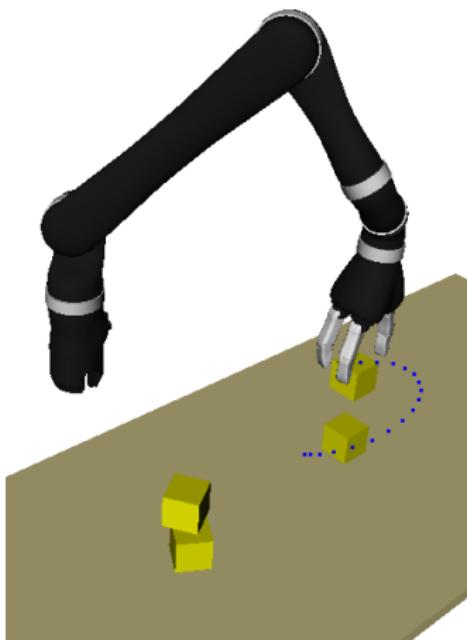
## OpenRAVE Characteristics

- Requires geometric information
- Operates in motion planner scene

## Robot Memory Interface

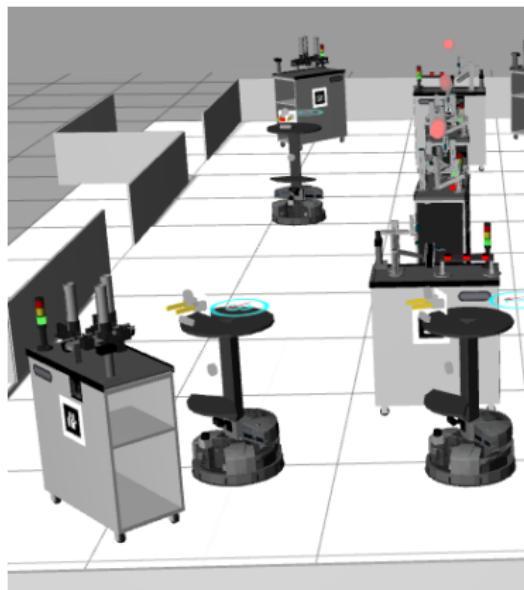
- Updates planner scene  
based on positions  
represented in documents

```
{  
    block: "B",  
    frame: "map",  
    translation:  
        [0.43, -0.04, 0.01]  
}
```

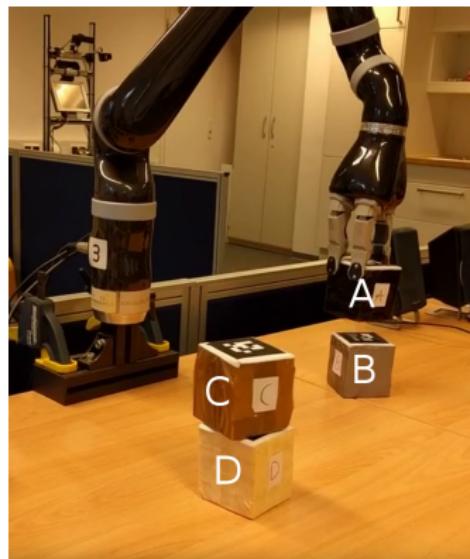


# Application and evaluation scenarios

## World model synchronization between robots in the RCLL



## Blocks world with a robot arm



# Qualitative Evaluation

## Experience from evaluation scenarios

- Flexible storage and powerful querying
  - Convenient memory sharing between KBS and in distributed system
  - Allows hybrid reasoning with computables (e.g. on-table derived from geometric position)
  - Triggers useful for world model updates and messages
- 
- Beneficial for AI/robot software development
  - Especially for combining different planners/reasoners

# Qualitative Evaluation: Limitations

## Trade-offs / Limitations

- Trigger only for changes of single documents
- No direct trigger evaluation for computables
- Query complexity determined by application

# Quantitative Evaluation

## Tidy up scenario

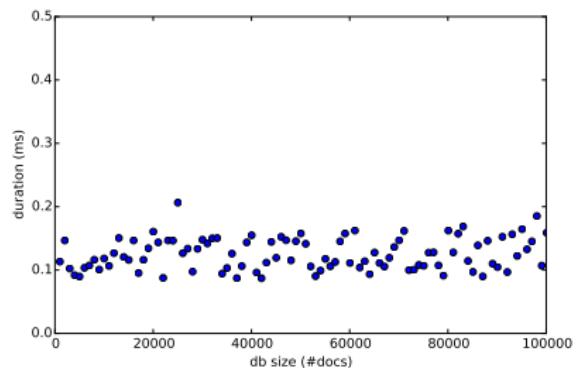
- Robot Memory with information about objects

```
{ name: "coffee machine",
  position: "counter",
  tidied: "counter" },
{ name: "milk",
  position: "counter",
  tidied: "fridge" }
```

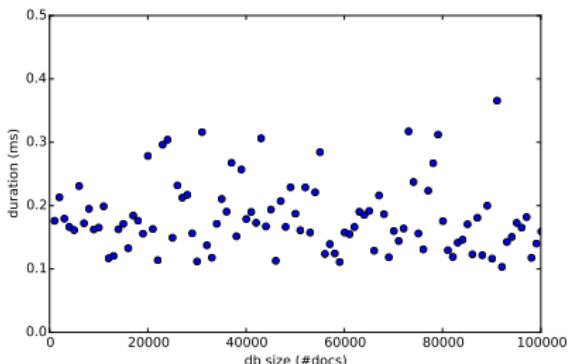
- Measure operation durations with increasing domain size
- With / without indexing



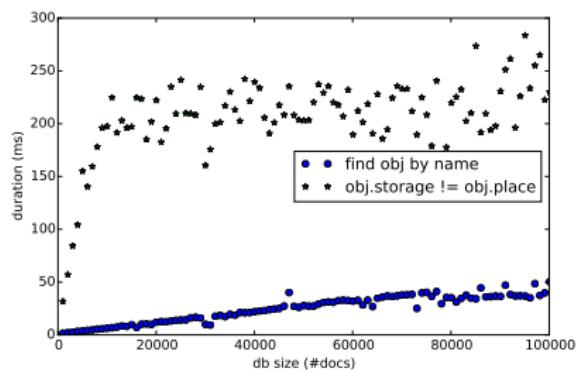
# Duration of Robot Memory Operations I



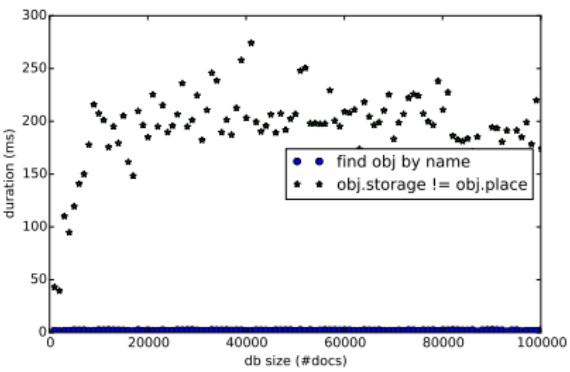
Insertions



Insertions with Indexing

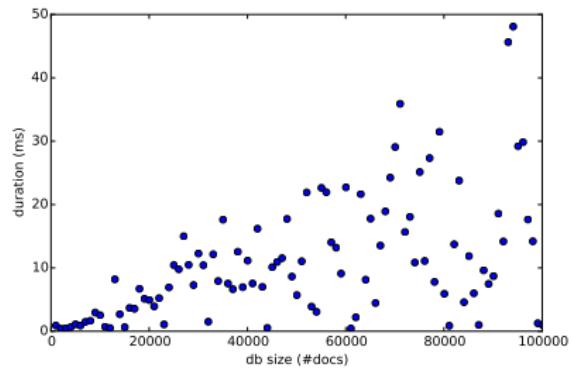


Queries

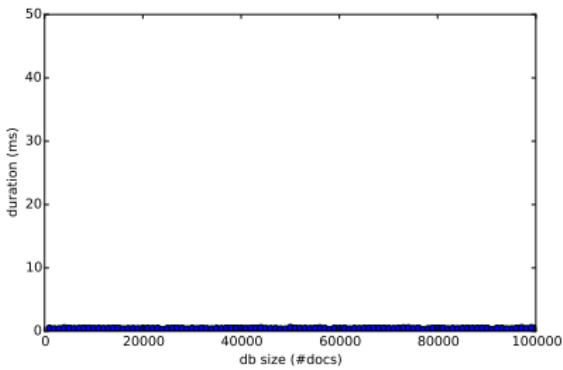


Queries with Indexing

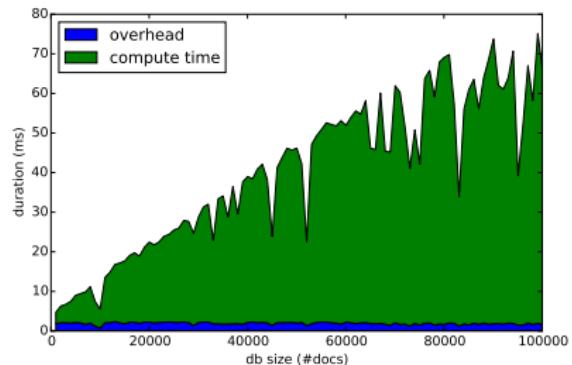
# Duration of Robot Memory Operations II



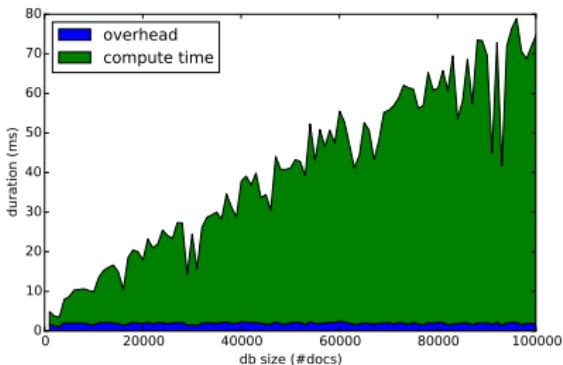
Updates



Updates with Indexes



Computables



Computables with Indexes

# Foundation for Future Projects

## Two projects currently using the Robot Memory

- Both for centralized global task planning in the RCLL
- Reactive ASP and real-time constraints
- PDDL with temporal aspects

## Beneficial features

- Distributed memory shared by planner and executives
- CLIPS agent integration
- Triggers for notifications
- PDDL problem definition generation

# Conclusion and Questions

## Generic Robot Memory

**flexible storage and expressive querying for hybrid reasoning and world model sharing between different KBS**

- Document-oriented representation and querying
- Distributable and persistent
- Interfaces for KBS
- Triggers for notification
- Computables
- Symbolic/spatio-temporal
- Beneficial and efficient in application scenarios
- Foundation for future projects

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