

南京航空航天大学 计算机科学与技术系学 院 计算机组成原理 课程实验

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PA4- 虚实交错的魔法：分时多任务

在进行本 PA 前，请在工程目录下执行以下命令进行分支整理

```
git commit --allow-empty -am "before starting pa4"
```

```
git checkout master
```

```
git merge pa3
```

```
git checkout -b pa4, 如图
```

```
zhaoweikang@zhaoweikang:~/ics2017$ sudo git commit --allow-empty -am "before starting pa4"
```

```
[sudo] zhaoweikang 的密码：
```

```
[pa3 3a55adf] before starting pa4
```

```
zhaoweikang@zhaoweikang:~/ics2017$ sudo git checkout master
```

```
切换到分支 'master'
```

```
您的分支领先 'origin/2017' 共 60 个提交。
```

```
(使用 "git push" 来发布您的本地提交)
```

```
zhaoweikang@zhaoweikang:~/ics2017$ sudo git merge pa3
```

```
更新 07761d6..3a55adf
```

```
Fast-forward
```

Makefile	16 --
README.md	17 --
nanos-lite/Makefile	8 +-
nanos-lite/src/device.c	73 ++++++--
nanos-lite/src/fs.c	261 ++++++
nanos-lite/src/irq.c	6 +-
nanos-lite/src/loader.c	28 +++-
nanos-lite/src/main.c	10 +-
nanos-lite/src/mm.c	35 +++++
nanos-lite/src/syscall.c	71 ++++++--
navy-apps/Makefile	16 ++
navy-apps/README.md	104 ++++++
navy-apps/apps/init/Makefile	5 +
navy-apps/apps/litenes/Makefile	5 +
navy-apps/apps/lua/Makefile	5 +
navy-apps/apps/nterm/Makefile	6 +
navy-apps/apps/nwm/Makefile	5 +
navy-apps/apps/pal/Makefile	5 +
navy-apps/apps/pal/README.md	4 +
navy-apps/libs/libc/Makefile	4 +
navv-apps/libs/libc/README.md	19 +++

```

navy-apps/libs/libfont/Makefile      | 4 +
navy-apps/libs/libndl/Makefile       | 4 +
navy-apps/libs/libos/Makefile        | 12 ++
navy-apps/libs/libos/README.md       | 29 ++++
navy-apps/tests/bmp/Makefile         | 6 +
navy-apps/tests/dummy/Makefile       | 4 +
navy-apps/tests/events/Makefile      | 4 +
navy-apps/tests/hello/Makefile       | 4 +
navy-apps/tests/text/Makefile        | 4 +
navy-apps/tests/videotest/Makefile   | 6 +
nemu/include/cpu/reg.h               | 4 +
nemu/src/cpu/exec/all-instr.h        | 16 +-
nemu/src/cpu/exec/data-mov.c         | 22 ++-
nemu/src/cpu/exec/exec.c             | 6 +-
nemu/src/cpu/exec/system.c           | 17 +-
nemu/src/cpu/intr.c                 | 13 +-
nexus-am/am/arch/x86-nemu/include/arch.h | 12 +-
38 files changed, 805 insertions(+), 65 deletions(-)
delete mode 100644 Makefile
delete mode 100644 README.md
create mode 100644 navy-apps/Makefile
create mode 100644 navy-apps/README.md
create mode 100644 navy-apps/apps/init/Makefile
create mode 100644 navy-apps/apps/litenes/Makefile
create mode 100644 navy-apps/apps/litenes/Makefile
create mode 100644 navy-apps/apps/luar/Makefile
create mode 100644 navy-apps/apps/nterm/Makefile
create mode 100644 navy-apps/apps/nwm/Makefile
create mode 100644 navy-apps/apps/pal/Makefile
create mode 100644 navy-apps/apps/pal/README.md
create mode 100644 navy-apps/libs/libc/Makefile
create mode 100644 navy-apps/libs/libc/README.md
create mode 100644 navy-apps/libs/libfont/Makefile
create mode 100644 navy-apps/libs/libndl/Makefile
create mode 100644 navy-apps/libs/libos/Makefile
create mode 100644 navy-apps/libs/libos/README.md
create mode 100644 navy-apps/tests/bmp/Makefile
create mode 100644 navy-apps/tests/dummy/Makefile
create mode 100644 navy-apps/tests/events/Makefile
create mode 100644 navy-apps/tests/hello/Makefile
create mode 100644 navy-apps/tests/text/Makefile
create mode 100644 navy-apps/tests/videotest/Makefile
zhaoweikang@zhaoweikang:~/ics2017$ sudo git checkout -b pa4
切换到新分支 'pa4'

```

超越容量的界限

思考题：一些问题

- i386 不是一个 32 位的处理器吗，为什么表项中的基地址信息只有 20 位，而不是 32 位？

答：The page directory addresses up to 1K page tables of the second level. A page table of the second level addresses up to 1K pages. All the tables addressed by one page directory, therefore, can address 1M pages (220). Because each page contains 4K bytes (212 bytes), the tables of one page directory can span the entire physical address space of the 80386 (220 times 212 = 232).

（摘自 i386 手册）

- 手册上提到表项(包括 CR3)中的基地址都是物理地址，物理地址是必须的吗？能否使用虚拟地址？

答：When PG is set, the PDBR in CR3 should already be initialized with a physical address that

points to a valid page directory. (摘录自 i386 手册)

- 为什么不采用一级页表? 或者说采用一级页表会有什么缺点?

答: 系统分配给每个进程的虚拟地址都是 4G, 那么采用一级页表需要 4G / 4K 个表项, 如果每个页表项是 4B, 那么需要 4MB 的内存空间。但是大多数程序根本用不到 4G 的虚拟内存空间, 比如 hello world 程序, 这样一个几 kb 的程序却需要 4MB 的内存空间是很浪费的。如果采用二级页表, 那么一级页表只需要 4KB 的空间用来索引二级页表的地址, 像 hello world 这样的程序可能只需要一个物理页, 那么只需要一条记录就可以了, 故对于二级页表也只要 4KB 就足够了, 而一级页表中的其他表项可能为空, 所以这样只需要 8KB 就能解决问题。

空指针真的是"空"的吗?

程序设计课上老师告诉你, 当一个指针变量的值等于 NULL 时, 代表空, 不指向任何东西。仔细想想, 真的是这样吗? 当程序对空指针解引用的时候, 计算机内部具体都做了些什么? 你对空指针的本质有什么新的认识?

答: 空指针指向虚拟内存中的 0x00000000 的地址。这个地址只有系统才可以访问, 其他用户程序无法访问。

在 NEMU 中实现分页机制

首先进入 nanos-lite/src/main.c 中, 定义宏 HAS_PTE (去掉注释即可) 来初始化 MM, 如图

```
#define HAS_PTE
```

下面进入 nemu/include/cpu/reg.h, 在结构体 CPU_state 中添加寄存器 CR0、CR3, 如图

```
    CR0 cr0;
    CR3 cr3;
} CPU_state;
```

下面进入实现操作 CR0、CR3 寄存器的指令, 查 i386 手册知, 只有 mov 指令有此操作, 所以, 先进入 nemu/src/cpu/exec/exec.c, 对执行函数进行声明, 如图

```
make_EHelper(mov_cr2r);
make_EHelper(mov_r2cr);
```

下面进入 nemu/src/exec/system.c, 实现相应的译码函数, 如图

```
make_EHelper(mov_r2cr) {
    switch(id_dest->reg) {
        case 0: cpu.cr0.val = id_src->val; break;
        case 3: cpu.cr3.val = id_src->val; break;
        default: Assert(0, "unsupported control register");
    }

    print_asm("movl %s,%cr%d", reg_name(id_src->reg, 4), id_dest->reg);
}

make_EHelper(mov_cr2r) {
    switch(id_src) {
        case 0: t0 = cpu.cr0.val; break;
        case 3: t0 = cpu.cr3.val; break;
        default: Assert(0, "unsupported control register");
    }
    operand_write(id_dest, &t0);

    print_asm("movl %cr%d,%s", id_src->reg, reg_name(id_dest->reg, 4));
}

#ifdef DIFF_TEST()
    diff_test_skip_qemu();
#endif
```

下面进入 `nemu/src/cpu/exec/exec.c`, 填写对应的译码表即可, 如图

```
/* 0x20 */ IDEX(mov_G2E, mov_cr2r), EMPTY, IDEX(mov_E2G, mov_r2cr), EMPTY,
```

下面进入 `nemu/src/monitor/monitor.c`, 在 `restart()` 函数中将 `CR0` 寄存器初始化为 `0x60000011`, 使 `differential testing` 机制正确工作, 如图

```
static inline void restart() {
    /* Set the initial instruction pointer. */
    cpu.eip = ENTRY_START;
    cpu.cs = 0x8;
    cpu.eflags.eflags_init = 0x2;
    cpu.cr0.val = 0x60000011;

#ifdef DIFF_TEST
    init_qemu_reg();
#endif
}
```

下面进入 `nemu/src/memory/memory.c`, 先实现 `page_translate()` 函数, 首先要开启保护模式和分页机制, 才能进行地址转换。如果 `present` 不为 1, 直接 `assert`。同时设置 `accessed` 位以及 `dirty` 位, 便于对比测试, 如图

```
static paddr_t page_translate(vaddr_t addr, bool is_write) {
    PDE pde, *pgdir;

    PTE pte, *pgtab;

    paddr_t paddr = addr;

    if (cpu.cr0.protect_enable && cpu.cr0.paging) {
        pgdir = (PDE *) (intptr_t) (cpu.cr3.page_directory_base << 12);
        pde.val = paddr_read((intptr_t) &pgdir[(addr >> 22) & 0x3ff], 4);
        assert(pde.present);
        pde.accessed = 1;

        pgtab = (PTE *) (intptr_t) (pde.page_frame << 12);
        pte.val = paddr_read((intptr_t) &pgtab[(addr >> 12) & 0x3ff], 4);
        assert(pte.present);
    }
}
```

```

pde.accessed = 1;

pgtab = (PTE *) (intptr_t) (pde.page_frame << 12);
pte.val = paddr_read((intptr_t) &pgtab[(addr >> 12) & 0x3ff], 4);
assert(pte.present);
pte.accessed = 1;
pte.dirty = is_write ? 1 : pte.dirty;

paddr = (pte.page_frame << 12) | (addr & PAGE_MASK);
}

return paddr;
}

```

此外，我们定义一个宏，用于处理页级地址转换时出现的数据跨越虚拟页边界的情况，如图

```

#define CROSS_PAGE(addr, len) \
    (((addr) + (len) - 1) & ~PAGE_MASK) != ((addr) & ~PAGE_MASK)

```

下面实现 `vaddr_read()` 函数，读取的时候如果出现的数据跨越虚拟页边界的情况，先进行地址转换，由于是四字节对齐方式，每次读取四字节，最后返回四字节数。若不存在数据跨越虚拟页边界的情况，直接进行地址转换，如图

```

uint32_t vaddr_read(vaddr_t addr, int len) {
    paddr_t paddr;

    if (CROSS_PAGE(addr, len)) {
        /* data cross the page boundary */
        union {
            uint8_t bytes[4];
            uint32_t dword;
        } data = {0};
        for (int i = 0; i < len; i++) {
            paddr = page_translate(addr + i, false);
            data.bytes[i] = (uint8_t) paddr_read(paddr, 1);
        }
        return data.dword;
    } else {
        paddr = page_translate(addr, false);
        return paddr_read(paddr, len);
    }
}

```

下面实现 `vaddr_write()` 函数，实现原理同 `vaddr_read()`，如图

```
void vaddr_write(vaddr_t addr, int len, uint32_t data) {
    paddr_t paddr;

    if (CROSS_PAGE(addr, len)) {
        /* data cross the page boundary */
        assert(0);

        for (int i = 0; i < len; i++) {
            paddr = page_translate(addr, true);
            paddr_write(paddr, 1, data);

            data >>= 8;
            addr++;
        }
    } else {
        paddr = page_translate(addr, true);
        paddr_write(paddr, len, data);
    }
}
```

下面将 `navy-apps/Makefile.compile` 中的链接地址 `-Ttext` 参数改为 `0x8048000`，如图

```
| LD_FLAGS += -Ttext 0x8048000|
```

下面进入 `nanos-lite/src/loader.c`，将 `DEFAULT_ENTRY` 也修改为 `0x8048000`，如图

```
#define DEFAULT_ENTRY ((void *)0x8048000)
```

下面进入 `nanos-lite/src/main.c`，做一些修改，让 `load_prog()` 函数来加载 `dummy` 用户程序，如图

```
load_prog("/bin/dummy");
```

下面进入 `nexus-am/am/arch/x86-nemu/src/pte.c`，实现 `_map()` 函数（将虚拟地址空间 `p` 中的虚拟地址 `va` 映射到物理地址 `pa`。通过 `p->ptr` 可以获取页目录的基地址。若在映射过程中发现需要申请新的页表，可以通过回调函数 `palloc_f()` 向 `Nanoslite` 获取一页空闲的物理页），如图

```

void _map(_Protect *p, void *va, void *pa) {
    PDE *pde, *pgdir = p->ptr;

    PTE *pgtab;

    pde = &pgdir[PDX(va)];
    if (*pde & PTE_P) {
        pgtab = (PTE *)PTE_ADDR(*pde);
    } else {
        pgtab = (PTE *)palloc_f();
        for (int i = 0; i < NR_PTE; i++) {
            pgtab[i] = 0;
        }
        *pde = PTE_ADDR(pgtab) | PTE_P;
    }
    pgtab[PTX(va)] = PTE_ADDR(pa) | PTE_P;
}

```

下面进入 `nanos-lite/src/loader.c`, 修改 `loader()` 函数。让 `loader()` 获取用户程序的大小之后, 以页为单位进行加载。具体操作为: 申请一页空闲的物理页; 把这一物理页映射到用户程序的虚拟地址空间中; 从文件中读入一页的内容到这一物理页上, 如图

```

uintptr_t loader(_Protect *as, const char *filename) {
    //ramdisk_read(DEFAULT_ENTRY, 0, get_ramdisk_size());

    //int fd = fs_open(filename,0,0);
    //printf("fd = %d\n",fd);
    //fs_read(fd,DEFAULT_ENTRY,fs_filesz(fd));

    int fd = fs_open(filename, 0, 0);
    size_t nbyte = fs_filesz(fd);
    void *pa;
    void *va;

    Log("loaded: [%d]%s size:%d", fd, filename, nbyte);
    void *end = DEFAULT_ENTRY + nbyte;
    for (va = DEFAULT_ENTRY; va < end; va += PGSIZE) {
        pa = new_page();
        Log("Map va to pa: 0x%08x to 0x%08x", va, pa);
        _map(as, va, pa);

        fs_read(fd, pa, (end - va) < PGSIZE ? (end - va) : PGSIZE);
    }

    return (uintptr_t)DEFAULT_ENTRY;
}

```


下面执行 `make run` 运行 `dummy` 程序，如图

```
root@zhaoweikang:/home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nanos-lite# make run
Building nanos-lite [x86-nemu]
make[1]: Entering directory '/home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nexus-am'
make[2]: Entering directory '/home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nexus-am/am'
Building am [x86-nemu]
make[2]: Nothing to be done for 'archive'.
make[2]: Leaving directory '/home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nexus-am/am'
make[1]: Leaving directory '/home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nexus-am'
make[1]: Entering directory '/home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nexus-am/libs/klib'
make[1]: *** 没有指明目标并且找不到 makefile。 停止。

./build/nemu -l /home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nanos-lite/build/nemu-log.txt /home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nanos-lite/build/nanos-lite-x86-nemu.bin
[src/monitor/monitor.c,65,load_img] The image is /home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nanos-lite/build/nanos-lite-x86-nemu.bin
Welcome to NEMU!
[src/monitor/monitor.c,30,welcome] Build time: 11:38:31, Jun 17 2018
For help, type "help"
(nemu) c
[src/mm.c,56,init_mm] free physical pages starting from 0x1d9b000
[src/main.c,19,main] 'Hello World!' from Nanos-lite
[src/main.c,20,main] Build time: 16:25:44, Jun 17 2018
[src/ramdisk.c,26,init_ramdisk] ramdisk info: start = 0x1021a8, end = 0x1d54e45, size = 29699229 bytes
[src/main.c,27,main] Initializing interrupt/exception handler...
[src/loader.c,38,loader] loaded: [54]/bin/dummy size:21312
[src/loader.c,46,loader] Map va to pa: 0x08048000 to 0x01d9c000
[src/loader.c,46,loader] Map va to pa: 0x08049000 to 0x01d9e000
[src/loader.c,46,loader] Map va to pa: 0x0804a000 to 0x01d9f000
[src/loader.c,46,loader] Map va to pa: 0x0804b000 to 0x01da0000
[src/loader.c,46,loader] Map va to pa: 0x0804c000 to 0x01da1000
[src/loader.c,46,loader] Map va to pa: 0x0804d000 to 0x01da2000
nemu: HIT GOOD TRAP at eip = 0x00100032
```

`dummy` 程序输出了 `GOOD TRAP` 的信息，说明它在虚拟地址空间上成功运行了。

思考题：内核映射的作用

在 `_protect()` 函数中创建虚拟地址空间的时候，有一处代码用于拷贝内核映射：

```
for (int i=0;i<NR_PDE;i++) {    updir[i] = kpdirs[i]; }
```

尝试注释这处代码，重新编译并运行，你会看到发生了错误。请解释为什么会发生这个错误。

重新编译运行的结果如图

```
root@zhaoweikang:/home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nanos-lite# make
Building nanos-lite [x86-nemu]
make[1]: Entering directory '/home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nexus-am'
make[2]: Entering directory '/home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nexus-am/am'
Building am [x86-nemu]
+ CC arch/x86-nemu/src/pte.c
+ AR /home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nexus-am/am/build/am-x86-nemu.a
make[2]: Leaving directory '/home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nexus-am/am'
make[1]: Leaving directory '/home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nexus-am'
make[1]: Entering directory '/home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nexus-am/libs/klib'
make[1]: *** 没有指明目标并且找不到 makefile。 停止。
make[1]: Leaving directory '/home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nexus-am/libs/klib'
```



```

root@zhaoweikang:/home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nanos-lite# make run
Building nanos-lite [x86-nemu]
make[1]: Entering directory '/home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nexus-am'
make[2]: Entering directory '/home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nexus-am/am'
Building am [x86-nemu]
make[2]: Nothing to be done for 'archive'.
make[2]: Leaving directory '/home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nexus-am/am'
make[1]: Leaving directory '/home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nexus-am'
make[1]: Entering directory '/home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nexus-am/libs/klib'
make[1]: *** 没有指明目标并且找不到 makefile。 停止。

./build/nemu -l /home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nanos-lite/build/nemu-log.txt /home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nanos-lite/build/nanos-lite-x86-nemu.bin
[src/monitor/monitor.c,65,load_img] The image is /home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nanos-lite/build/nanos-lite-x86-nemu.bin
Welcome to NEMU!
[src/monitor/monitor.c,30,welcome] Build time: 13:03:06, Jun 12 2018
For help, type "help"
(nemu) c
[src/mm.c,59,init_mm] free physical pages starting from 0x1d9b000
[src/main.c,19,main] 'Hello World!' from Nanos-lite
[src/main.c,20,main] Build time: 11:31:01, Jun 12 2018
[src/ramdisk.c,26,init_ramdisk] ramdisk info: start = 0x1020c8, end = 0x1d54d65, size = 29699229 bytes
[src/main.c,27,main] Initializing interrupt/exception handler...
nemu: src/memory/memory.c:67: page_translate: Assertion `(PDE & PTE_P) == 1' failed.
Makefile:46: recipe for target 'run' failed
make[1]: *** [run] 已放弃
make[1]: Leaving directory '/home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nemu'
/home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nexus-am/Makefile.app:35: recipe for target 'run' failed
make: *** [run] Error 2

```

解释：进程试图访问一个未映射的线性地址，并没有实际的物理页与之相对应，因此这就是一个非法操作，所以报错。

在分页机制上运行仙剑奇侠传

下面进入 `nanos-lite/src/mm.c`，在 `mm_brk()` 中把新申请的堆区映射到虚拟地址空间中，如图

```

int mm_brk(uint32_t new_brk) {
    if (current->cur_brk == 0) {

        current->cur_brk = current->max_brk = new_brk;

    }

    else {

```

```

if (new_brk > current->max_brk) {
    // TODO: map memory region [current->max_brk, new_brk)
    // into address space current->as
    uintptr_t pa, va;
    for (va = (current->max_brk+0xfff) & ~0xfff; va < new_brk; va += PGSIZE) {
        pa = (uintptr_t)new_page();
        _map(&current->as, (void *)va, (void *)pa);
    }
    current->max_brk = va;
}
current->cur_brk = new_brk;
}
return 0;
}

```

下面在 `nanos-lite/src/syscall.c` 的 `SYS_brk` 中调用 `mm_brk()`，如图

```

case SYS_brk:
    result = mm_brk(a[1]);
    break;

```

下面运行仙剑奇侠传，运行结果与 3.3 中运行结果一样，不过是多输出了几条 `Log()` 而已，如图

```

root@zhaoweikang:/home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nanos-lite# make update
Building nanos-lite [x86-nemu]
make -s -C /home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/navy-apps ISA=x86
+ LD /home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/navy-apps/apps/nterm/build/nterm-x86
+ LD /home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/navy-apps/apps/lua/build/lua-x86
+ LD /home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/navy-apps/apps/init/build/init-x86
+ LD /home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/navy-apps/apps/litenes/build/litenes-x86
+ LD /home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/navy-apps/apps/pal/build/pal-x86
+ LD /home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/navy-apps/apps/nwm/build/nwm-x86
+ LD /home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/navy-apps/tests/events/build/events-x86
+ LD /home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/navy-apps/tests/text/build/text-x86
+ LD /home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/navy-apps/tests/bmp/build/bmptest-x86
+ LD /home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/navy-apps/tests/dummy/build/dummy-x86
+ LD /home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/navy-apps/tests/hello/build/hello-x86
+ LD /home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/navy-apps/tests/videotest/build/videotest-x86
root@zhaoweikang:/home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nanos-lite# make run
Building nanos-lite [x86-nemu]
+ AS src/initrd.S
+ CC src/fs.c
make[1]: Entering directory '/home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nexus-am'
make[2]: Entering directory '/home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nexus-am/am'
Building am [x86-nemu]
make[2]: Nothing to be done for 'archive'.
make[2]: Leaving directory '/home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nexus-am/am'

```

```

make[1]: Leaving directory '/home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nexus-am'
make[1]: Entering directory '/home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nexus-am/libs/klib'
make[1]: *** 没有指明目标并且找不到 makefile。 停止。
make[1]: Leaving directory '/home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nexus-am/libs/klib'
/home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nexus-am/Makefile.compile:86: recipe for target 'klib'
failed
make: [klib] Error 2 (ignored)
make[1]: Entering directory '/home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nemu'
fatal: ..: '..' 在仓库之外
Makefile:46: recipe for target 'run' failed
make[1]: [run] Error 128 (ignored)
./build/nemu -l /home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nanos-lite/build/nemu-log.txt /home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nanos-lite/build/nanos-lite-x86-nemu.bin
[src/monitor/monitor.c,65,load_img] The image is /home/zhaoweikang/ics2017/nanos-lite/build/nanos-lite-x86-nemu.bin
Welcome to NEMU!
[src/monitor/monitor.c,30,welcome] Build time: 21:00:09, Jun 21 2018
For help, type "help"
(nemu) c
[src/mm.c,81,init_mm] free physical pages starting from 0x1d9b000
[src/main.c,41,main] 'Hello World!' from Nanos-lite
[src/main.c,43,main] Build time: 21:36:07, Jun 21 2018
[src/ramdisk.c,26,init_ramdisk] ramdisk info: start = 0x102148, end = 0x1d54de5,
size = 29699229 bytes

[src/main.c,57,main] Initializing interrupt/exception handler...
[src/loader.c,41,loader] loaded: [52]/bin/pal size:1400608
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08048000 to 0x01d9c000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08049000 to 0x01d9e000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x0804a000 to 0x01d9f000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x0804b000 to 0x01da0000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x0804c000 to 0x01da1000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x0804d000 to 0x01da2000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x0804e000 to 0x01da3000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x0804f000 to 0x01da4000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08050000 to 0x01da5000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08051000 to 0x01da6000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08052000 to 0x01da7000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08053000 to 0x01da8000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08054000 to 0x01da9000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08055000 to 0x01daa000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08056000 to 0x01dab000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08057000 to 0x01dac000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08058000 to 0x01dad000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08059000 to 0x01dae000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x0805a000 to 0x01daf000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x0805b000 to 0x01db0000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x0805c000 to 0x01db1000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x0805d000 to 0x01db2000

```

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x0817d000 to 0x01ed2000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x0817e000 to 0x01ed3000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x0817f000 to 0x01ed4000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08180000 to 0x01ed5000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08181000 to 0x01ed6000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08182000 to 0x01ed7000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08183000 to 0x01ed8000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08184000 to 0x01ed9000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08185000 to 0x01eda000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08186000 to 0x01edb000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08187000 to 0x01edc000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08188000 to 0x01edd000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08189000 to 0x01ede000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x0818a000 to 0x01edf000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x0818b000 to 0x01ee0000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x0818c000 to 0x01ee1000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x0818d000 to 0x01ee2000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x0818e000 to 0x01ee3000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x0818f000 to 0x01ee4000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08190000 to 0x01ee5000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08191000 to 0x01ee6000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08192000 to 0x01ee7000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08193000 to 0x01ee8000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08194000 to 0x01ee9000

[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08195000 to 0x01eea000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08196000 to 0x01eeb000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08197000 to 0x01eec000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08198000 to 0x01eed000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x08199000 to 0x01eee000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x0819a000 to 0x01eef000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x0819b000 to 0x01ef0000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x0819c000 to 0x01ef1000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x0819d000 to 0x01ef2000

[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x0819b000 to 0x01ef0000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x0819c000 to 0x01ef1000
[src/loader.c,51,loader] Map va to pa:0x0819d000 to 0x01ef2000

game start!

VIDEO_Init success

loading fbp.mkf

loading mgo.mkf

loading ball.mkf

loading data.mkf

loading f.mkf

loading fire.mkf

loading rgm.mkf

loading sss.mkf

loading desc.dat

PAL_InitGolbals success

PAL_InitFont success

PAL_InitUI success

PAL_InitText success

PAL_InitInput success

PAL_InitResources success



在分页机制上运行仙剑奇侠传成功！

git log 记录

```
zhaoweikang@zhaoweikang:~/ics2017/nanos-lite$ sudo git status
```

```
[sudo] zhaoweikang 的密码：
```

```
位于分支 pa4
```

```
尚未暂存以备提交的变更：
```

```
（使用 "git add <文件>..." 更新要提交的内容）
```

```
（使用 "git checkout -- <文件>..." 丢弃工作区的改动）
```

```
修改：    src/loader.c
修改：    src/main.c
修改：    src/mm.c
修改：    ../nemu/include/cpu/decode.h
修改：    ../nemu/include/cpu/reg.h
修改：    ../nemu/include/cpu/rtl.h
修改：    ../nemu/src/cpu/decode/decode.c
修改：    ../nemu/src/cpu/decode/modrm.c
修改：    ../nemu/src/cpu/exec/all-instr.h
修改：    ../nemu/src/cpu/exec/arith.c
修改：    ../nemu/src/cpu/exec/exec.c
修改：    ../nemu/src/cpu/exec/system.c
修改：    ../nemu/src/memory/memory.c
修改：    ../nemu/src/monitor/monitor.c
修改：    ../nexus-am/am/arch/x86-nemu/src/pte.c
```

```
修改尚未加入提交 (使用 "git add" 和/或 "git commit -a")
zhaoweikang@zhaoweikang:~/ics2017/nanos-lite$ sudo git add .
zhaoweikang@zhaoweikang:~/ics2017/nanos-lite$ sudo git commit --allow-empty
[pa4 9144289] fix bug for pa4.1
3 files changed, 49 insertions(+), 22 deletions(-)
zhaoweikang@zhaoweikang:~/ics2017/nanos-lite$ sudo git log
commit 9144289774659c90d26db1783e8d588ae47d35d3
Author: 161630220-Zhao Weikang <2875206963@qq.com>
Date: Sun Jun 17 16:56:01 2018 +0800
```

fix bug for pa4.1

```
commit 3a55adfe947ada0146f93dc816c4587e0d92b606
Author: 161630220-Zhao Weikang <2875206963@qq.com>
Date: Sun Jun 10 08:49:55 2018 +0800
```

before starting pa4

```
commit fd5ad075d23e1fb52b8535f483a5a2511966290f
Author: 161630220-Zhao Weikang <2875206963@qq.com>
Date: Sat Jun 9 17:32:54 2018 +0800
```

fix bug for pa3.3