2. From network 1 in Figure 2a, we can give:
$$\vec{Z}^{(1)} = w^{(1)} \vec{Z}^{(0)} + \vec{b}^{(1)} \qquad G$$

$$\vec{Z}^{(2)} = w^{(2)} \vec{Z}^{(1)} + \vec{b}^{(2)} \qquad G$$

$$\vec{Z}^{(3)} = w^{(3)} \vec{Z}^{(2)} + \vec{b}^{(3)}$$
3

For the network 2 in Figure 2b:

If network 1 and network 2 are said to be equivalent, a is the input of network 2 and a (3) is the output of network 2

Then, we can give:

$$\vec{z}^{(3)} = \vec{w} \vec{z}^{(0)} + \vec{b} \qquad \textcircled{9}$$

From Eq. COO, we can give:

$$\vec{a}^{(3)} = \vec{w}^{(3)} \vec{a}^{(4)} + \vec{b}^{(3)}$$

$$= \vec{w}^{(3)} (\vec{w}^{(4)} \vec{a}^{(4)} + \vec{b}^{(4)}) + \vec{b}^{(4)}) + \vec{b}^{(3)}$$

$$= \vec{w}^{(3)} \vec{L} \vec{w}^{(4)} (\vec{w}^{(4)} \vec{a}^{(6)} + \vec{b}^{(6)}) + \vec{b}^{(4)} \vec{J} + \vec{b}^{(5)}$$

$$= \vec{w}^{(3)} \vec{L} \vec{w}^{(4)} (\vec{w}^{(4)} \vec{a}^{(6)} + \vec{w}^{(4)} \vec{b}^{(4)} + \vec{b}^{(4)} \vec{b}^{(4)} + \vec{b}^{(5)} \vec{b}^{(4)} + \vec{b}^{(5)}$$

(3)

contrast with Eq. @ , we can get:

$$\tilde{w} = w^{(3)}w^{(2)}w^{(1)}$$

$$\tilde{b} = w^{(3)}w^{(2)}\tilde{b}^{(1)} + w^{(3)}\tilde{b}^{(2)} + \tilde{b}^{(3)}$$