

Machine Learning in Engineering Science

National Cheng Kung University

Department of Engineering Science

Instructor: Chi-Hua Yu

Name: _____

Student ID: _____

Mock Exam

注意事項

1. 期中考試時間為 **09:10~12:00**。
2. 本次考試可以 **open book**，使用電子書者可以攜帶 ipad。
3. 考試時皆**不可使用網路查找答案**，發現有使用網路者一律視為作弊，以零分計算。
4. 程式題部分，請繳交 **ipynb 的檔案形式**，並輸入正確的檔名。
5. 請用**學號_Midterm** 為檔名做一個資料夾(e.g., **N96091350_Midterm**)，並將程式題之**.ipynb 檔案**放入資料夾中，壓縮後上傳至課程網站(e.g., **N96091350_Midterm.zip**)。
6. 如**未依照上述規則繳交作業、繳交錯誤檔案**，則**以零分計算，不允許要分**。
7. 手寫題**可跳題作答**，但必須**標示清楚題號**，**若題號標示錯，該題也會視為零分，不允許要分**。如**字跡潦草至助教難以辨別**，則會**以助教辨視為主**。
8. 程式題請依照題目規定作答，若**無依照題目則將該題視為零分，不允許要分**。
9. 請注意作答時不要抄襲網路或是同學的答案，助教會將程式碼放入自動比對程式，只要**超過 70%相似度**，以抄襲處置，抄襲者與被抄襲者都以零分計算。
10. 本次閱卷將採用自動批改，命名錯誤或是無法執行將被自動判定為失敗，失去該題的分數。成功通過自動閱卷的程式碼，助教會再進行人工判讀，確定程式邏輯是否恰當，因此添加最低限度的註解可以保障作答時候的分數。

請勿抄襲，抄襲者與被抄襲者本次考試皆 0 分計算

Total (120%)

Part I (40%) Concept and Derivation.

1. (40%) Consider the simple network example with a single input $x = 2$ and a single output $y = 1$ shown in Figure 1 below.

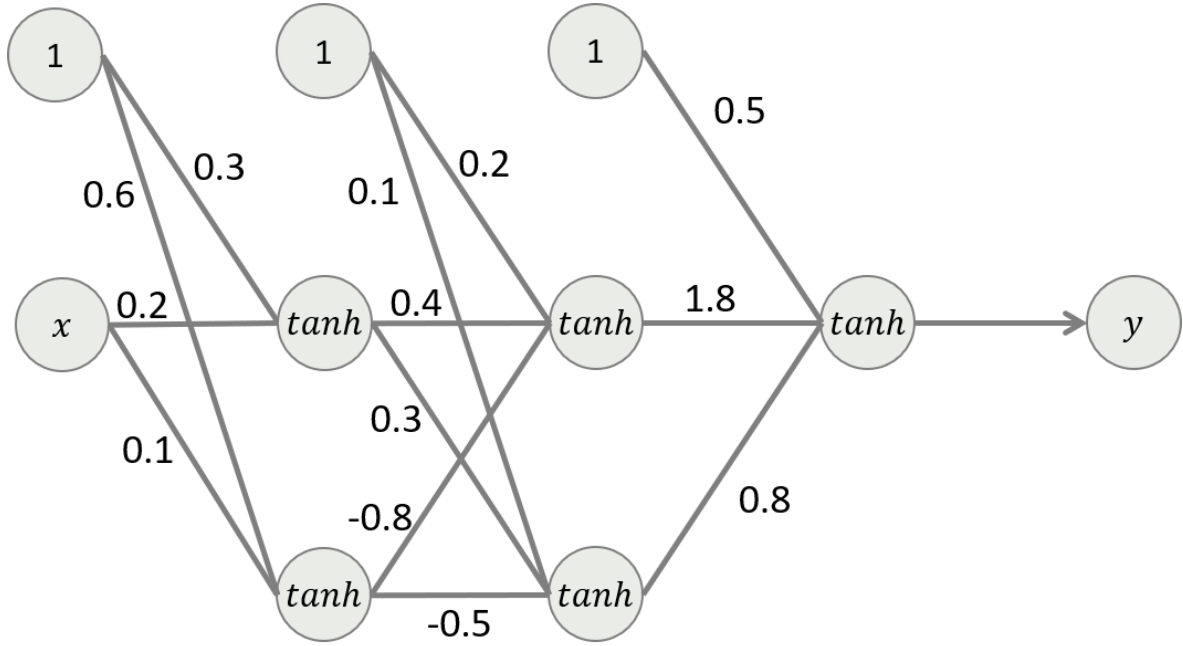


Figure 1

The weight matrices are:

$$\mathbf{W}^{(1)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.3 & 0.6 \\ 0.2 & 0.1 \end{bmatrix}; \mathbf{W}^{(2)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.2 & 0.1 \\ 0.4 & 0.3 \\ -0.8 & -0.5 \end{bmatrix}; \mathbf{W}^{(3)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 \\ 1.8 \\ 0.8 \end{bmatrix}$$

and the summation of weighted nodes for layer 1 can be expressed as $\mathbf{u}^{(1)} = (\mathbf{W}^{(1)})^T \mathbf{x}^{(0)}$; you can perform similar operation for other layers.

- (a) (10%) Derive and compute $\mathbf{u}^{(1)}$, $\mathbf{z}^{(1)}$, $\mathbf{u}^{(2)}$, $\mathbf{z}^{(2)}$, and $\mathbf{y}^{(3)}$.
- (b) (10%) Using the half of the sum square as our error function, derive and compute $\delta^{(3)}$, $\delta^{(2)}$, $\delta^{(1)}$.
- (c) (10%) Compute $\frac{\partial E_n}{\partial \mathbf{W}^{(1)}}$, $\frac{\partial E_n}{\partial \mathbf{W}^{(2)}}$, $\frac{\partial E_n}{\partial \mathbf{W}^{(3)}}$.
- (d) (10%) Update the weight matrices using learning rate $\eta = 0.5$, repeat the forward propagation and compute $\mathbf{u}^{(1)}$, $\mathbf{z}^{(1)}$, $\mathbf{u}^{(2)}$, $\mathbf{z}^{(2)}$, and $\mathbf{y}^{(3)}$.

Part II (80%) Programming Problems.

- 1. (30%)** Name your file `cat.ipynb`. Write a program to complete the `Cat` class. The following functions need to be completed including `__str__()`, `__repr__()`, `lose_weight()`, and `feed()`. You can write functions according to the following example. Please refer to the example below to conduct user testing of `Cat` class.

Below is the sample output:

```
class Cat():
    def __init__(self, name, color, weight):
        ...

[2]: cat_1 = Cat('ChiChi', 'white', 10)
     cat_2 = Cat('BaBa', 'black', 16)

[3]: print(cat_1)
     The cat's name is ChiChi, its color is white and its weight is 10kg.

[4]: cat_1
[4]: [ChiChi, white, 10]

[5]: cat_1.lose_weight(3)
     cat_1
[5]: [ChiChi, white, 7]

[6]: cat_2
[6]: [BaBa, black, 16]

[7]: cat_1.feed(cat_2, 4)
     cat_2
     ChiChi fed 4kg of food to BaBa
[7]: [BaBa, black, 20]
```

- 2. (50%)** Name your Jupyter notebook `YourID_MNIST.ipynb` (n96081494_MNIST). Please create an ANN model to classify images of handwritten digits. Please use `from torchvision.datasets import MNIST` to read the training dataset.

- (a) (10%) Write the following class to create the neural network. Please pass the model's parameters such as input size and layer characteristics as arguments into the model.

```
class NeuralNet(nn.Module):  
    def __init__(self, input_size, hidden_1, ...):  
        super(NeuralNet, self).__init__()  
        self.layers = nn.Sequential(  
            nn.Linear(input_size, hidden_1),  
            ...  
        )  
  
    def forward(self, x):  
        x = x.view(x.shape[0], -1)  
        return self.layers(x)  
  
model = NeuralNet(input_size, hidden_1, ...)
```

- (b) (10%) Write the following function to complete the training loop. Please pass what the training loop needs as arguments to the trainer.

```
epochs = 5  
training_losses = []  
accuracies = []  
def trainer(model, epochs=1, verbose=True, ...):  
    for epoch in range(epochs):  
        ...  
  
trainer(model, epochs=epochs, verbose=True, ...)
```

- (c) (10%) Please build a model and set training parameters to make the model accuracy higher than 96% on the test set.

```
| Accuracy of the network on the test images: 96.33%
```

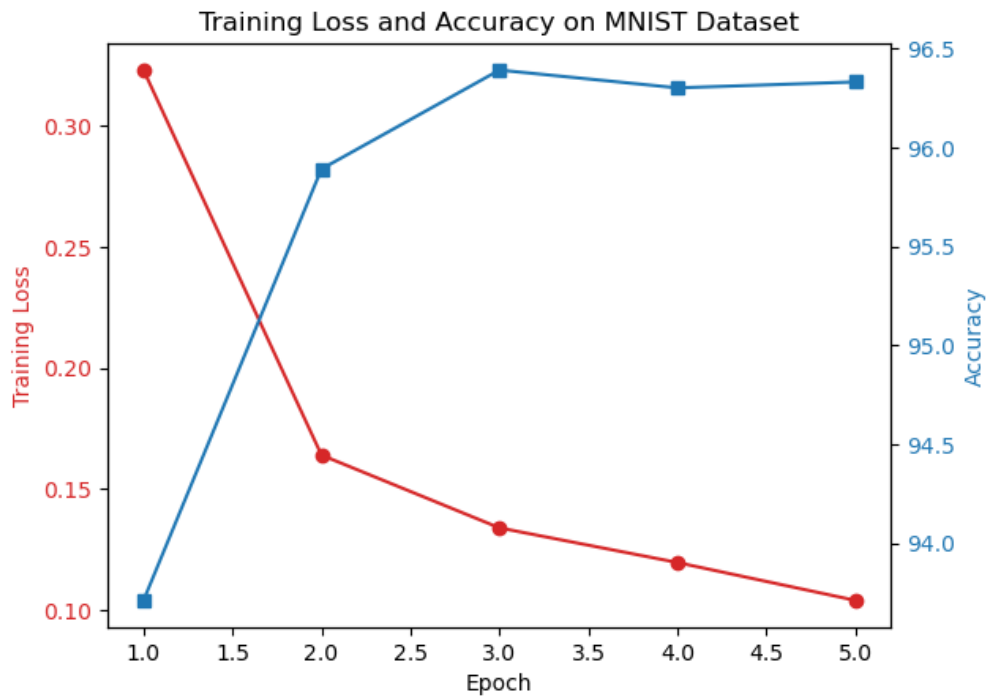
- (d) (10%) Please plot training history.

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(e) (10%) Please plot confusion matrix on the test set.

