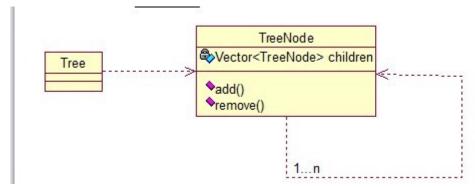
组合模式 (Composite)

组合模式有时又叫部分-整体模式在处理类似树形结构的问题时比较方便,看看关系图:



直接来看代码:

[java] view plaincopy

```
1. public class TreeNode {
2.
3.
      private String name;
    private TreeNode parent;
5.
      private Vector<TreeNode> children = new Vector<TreeNode>();
7.
      public TreeNode(String name) {
          this.name = name;
9.
10.
11.
       public String getName() {
12.
          return name;
13.
14.
15.
       public void setName(String name) {
   this.name = name;
17.
       }
18.
19.
       public TreeNode getParent() {
         return parent;
21.
       }
22.
23.
       public void setParent(TreeNode parent) {
     this.parent = parent;
25.
       }
26.
27.
       //添加孩子节点
     public void add(TreeNode node) {
28.
          children.add(node);
29.
30. }
31.
32. //删除孩子节点
```

```
33. public void remove(TreeNode node){
34. children.remove(node);
35. }
36. //取得孩子节点
38. public Enumeration<TreeNode> getChildren(){
39. return children.elements();
40. }
41. }
```

[java] view plaincopy

```
1. public class Tree {
2.
3.
     TreeNode root = null;
4.
    public Tree(String name) {
6. root = new TreeNode(name);
7. }
8.
9.
    public static void main(String[] args) {
10. Tree tree = new Tree("A");
          TreeNode nodeB = new TreeNode("B");
        TreeNode nodeC = new TreeNode("C");
12.
13.
14. nodeB.add(nodeC);
15.
          tree.root.add(nodeB);
16. System.out.println("build the tree finished!");
17. }
18. }
```

使用场景:将多个对象组合在一起进行操作,常用于表示树形结构中,例如二叉树,数等。