

Microblog Conversation Recommendation via Joint Modeling of Topics and Discourse

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Outline

- Introduction
- Model
- Datasets
- Evaluation and Results
- Further Analysis
- Conclusion

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Motivation

Motivation

- For the famous:

Motivation

- For the famous:



Motivation

- For the famous:



Motivation

Motivation

- For ordinary people:

Motivation

- For ordinary people:



Motivation

- For ordinary people:



So many discussions!

Motivation

- For ordinary people:



So many discussions!



Motivation

- For ordinary people:



So many discussions!



Which conversations
to engage in?

Motivation

- For ordinary people:



So many discussions!



Which conversations
to engage in?

Conversation Recommendation!

Related Work

Related Work

- Conventional Recommender Systems:

Collaborative filtering! (*Pan et al. 2008; McAuley and Leskovec 2013*)

- Recommendation on Social Media:

Post-level recommendation! Can't handle conversations! (*Yan et al. 2012; Chen et al. 2012; Pan et al. 2013; Yu et al. 2016*)

- Conversation Modeling:

Unsupervised; Word distribution! (*Ritter et al. 2010*)

Introduction


Introduction

- Objective:

Post recommendation  Conversation recommendation

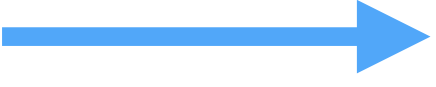
Introduction

- Objective:

Post recommendation  Conversation recommendation
New Task!

Introduction

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Post recommendation  Conversation recommendation
New Task!

- Features:

① Reply history

② Conversation context

(Discourse behaviors / Dialog acts: agreement, argument, etc.)

Introduction

- Our thinking:

Introduction

- Our thinking:

Conversation 1

Sam: My paper has been accepted by ACL!

Tom: Congrats!

Amy: Congrats!

.....

Conversation 2

Jack: Python is the best programming language in the world!

Tom: Nonsense! Java is the best!

Jack: What? Writing Java is a waste of time!

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Which conversation is Tom more likely to return?

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Which conversation is Tom more likely to return?

Joint effect of **topics** and **discourse**!

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Model Description

- Overall Idea:

Collaborative Filtering + Probabilistic Graphical Model

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$$\min \mathcal{L} + \mu \cdot NLL(\mathcal{C} \mid \Theta)$$

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Collaborative Filtering + Probabilistic Graphical Model
(Reply preference)


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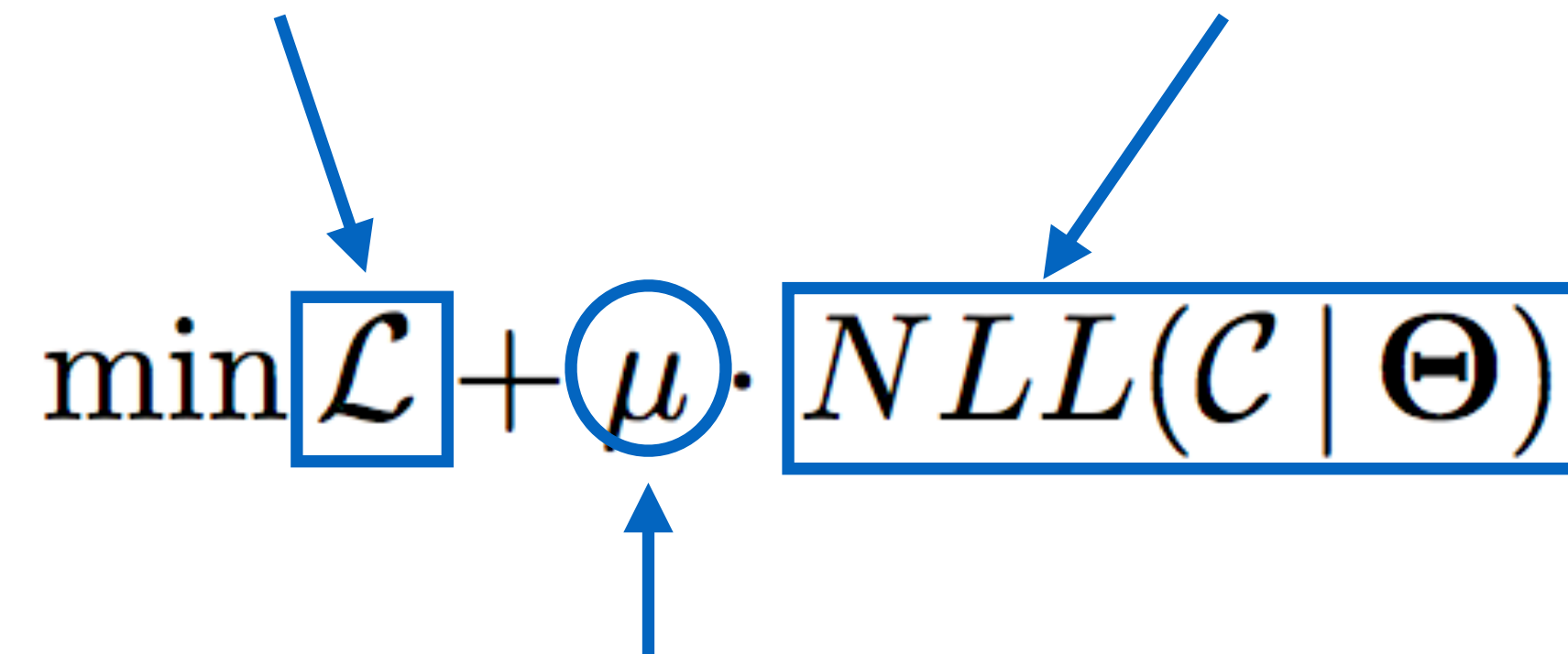
Collaborative Filtering + Probabilistic Graphical Model
(Reply preference) (Corpus Likelihood)


$$\min \mathcal{L} + \mu \cdot NLL(\mathcal{C} | \Theta)$$

Model Description

- Overall Idea:

Collaborative Filtering + Probabilistic Graphical Model
(Reply preference) (Corpus Likelihood)



The diagram shows the equation $\min \mathcal{L} + \mu \cdot NLL(\mathcal{C} | \Theta)$. Three blue arrows point to specific parts of the equation: one from "(Reply preference)" to \mathcal{L} , one from "(Corpus Likelihood)" to $NLL(\mathcal{C} | \Theta)$, and one from "(Control the trade-off between the two effects)" to μ . The terms \mathcal{L} , μ , and $NLL(\mathcal{C} | \Theta)$ are each enclosed in a blue box.

$$\min \mathcal{L} + \mu \cdot NLL(\mathcal{C} | \Theta)$$

(Control the trade-off between the two effects)

Model Description

- Reply Preference:
- One-Class Collaborative Filtering

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$$\mathcal{L} = \sum_{u=1}^{|\mathcal{U}|} \sum_{c=1}^{|\mathcal{C}|} f_{u,c} \cdot (p_{u,c} - r_{u,c})^2$$

Model Description

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$$\mathcal{L} = \sum_{u=1}^{|\mathcal{U}|} \sum_{c=1}^{|\mathcal{C}|} f_{u,c} \cdot (p_{u,c} - r_{u,c})^2$$

Predicting score

Real score

$$f_{u,c} = \begin{cases} s & \text{if } r_{u,c} = 1 \text{ (i.e., user replied)} \\ 1 & \text{if } r_{u,c} = 0 \end{cases}$$

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Computed according to both topic and discourse effect!

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$$p_{u,c} = \lambda \cdot \gamma_u^U \cdot \gamma_c^C + (1 - \lambda) \cdot \delta_u^U \cdot \delta_c^C + b_u + b_c + a$$

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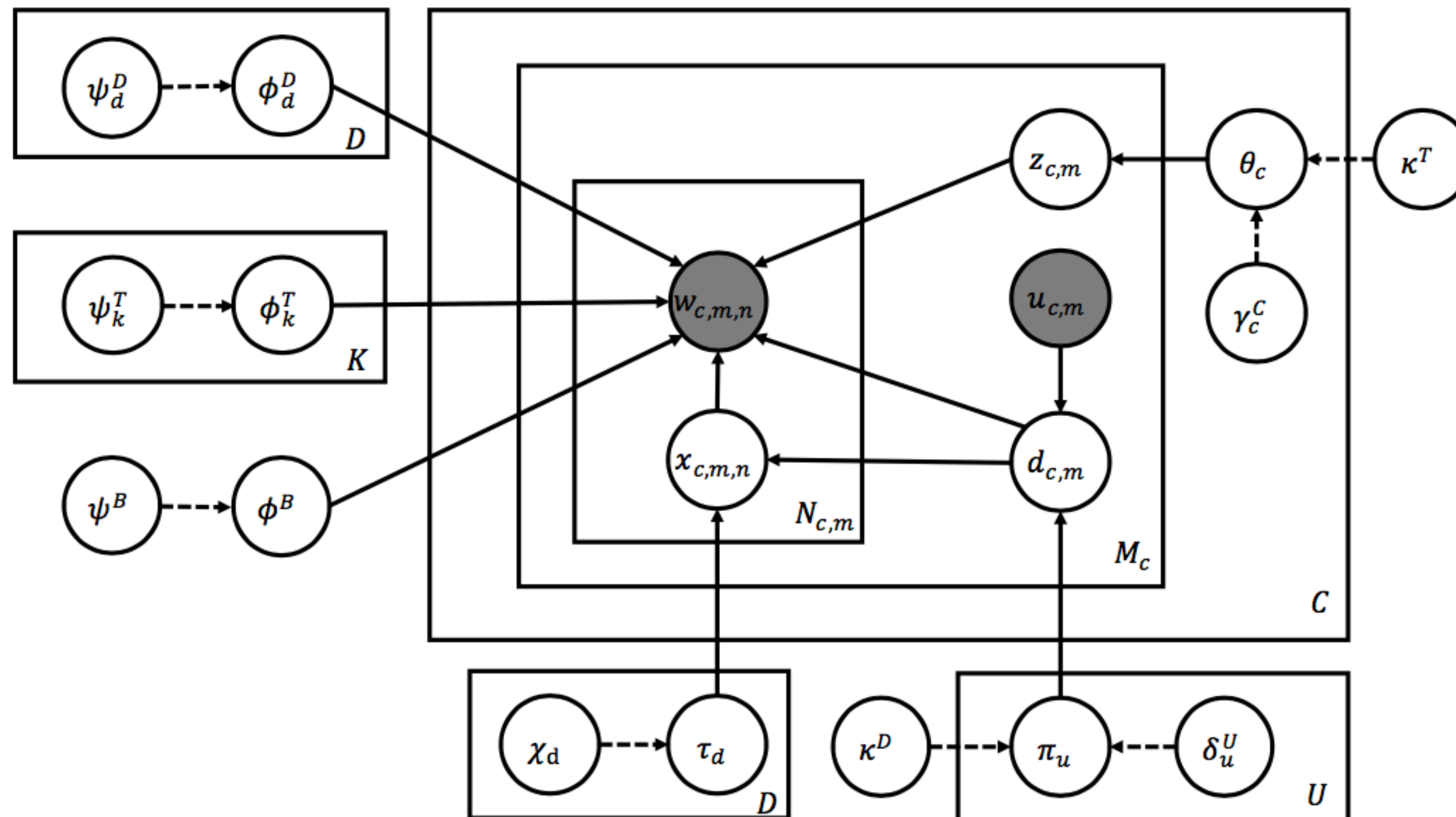
The diagram illustrates the components of the equation $p_{u,c} = \lambda \cdot \gamma_u^U \cdot \gamma_c^C + (1 - \lambda) \cdot \delta_u^U \cdot \delta_c^C + b_u + b_c + a$. Blue arrows point from labels to specific terms: 'trade-off' points to λ ; 'topic vectors' points to both γ_u^U and γ_c^C ; 'discourse vectors' points to both δ_u^U and δ_c^C ; 'bias' points to both b_u and b_c ; and 'offset' points to a .

Model Description

- Corpus Likelihood:

Model Description

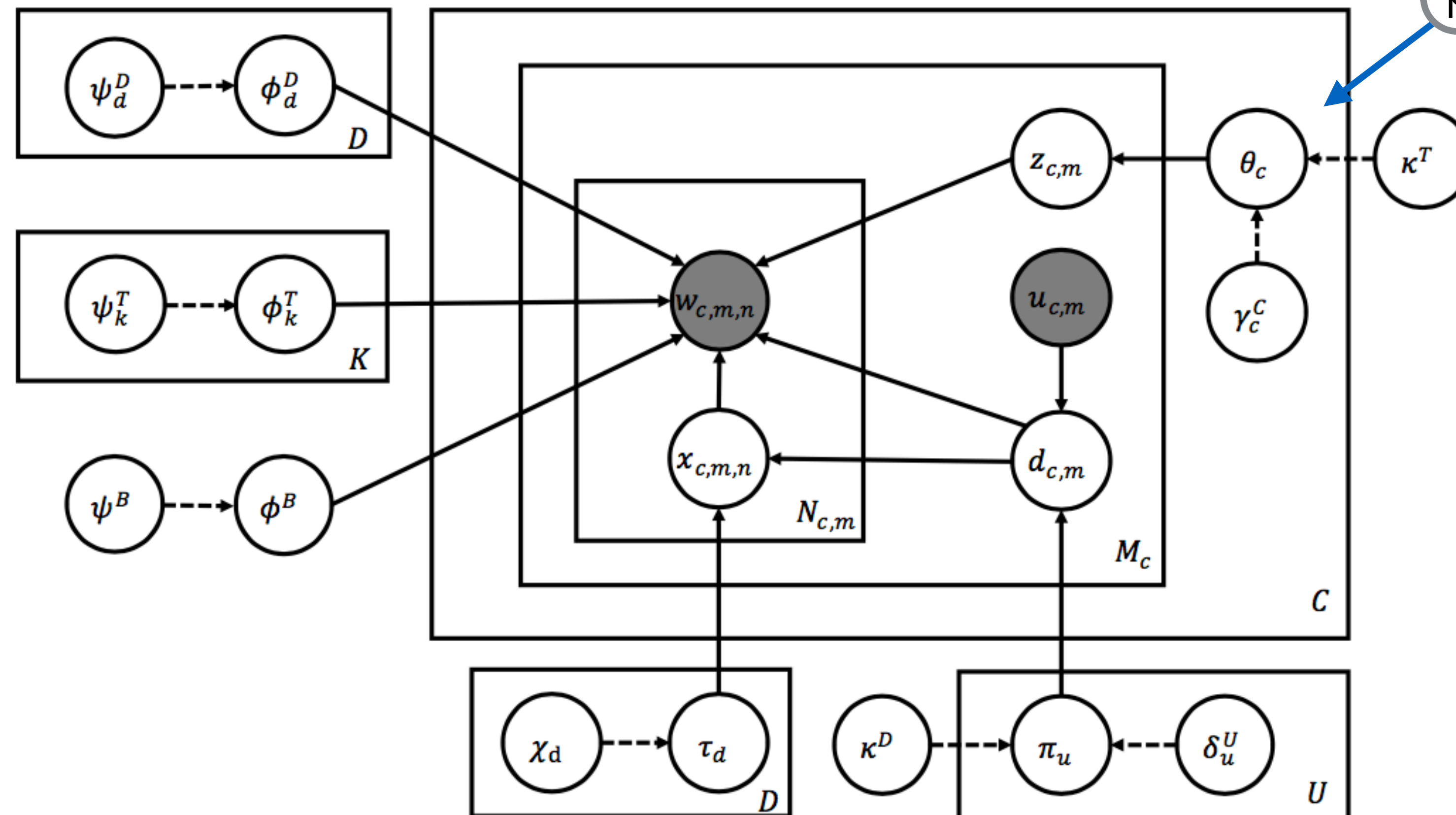
- Corpus Likelihood:



Generative Graph

Model Description

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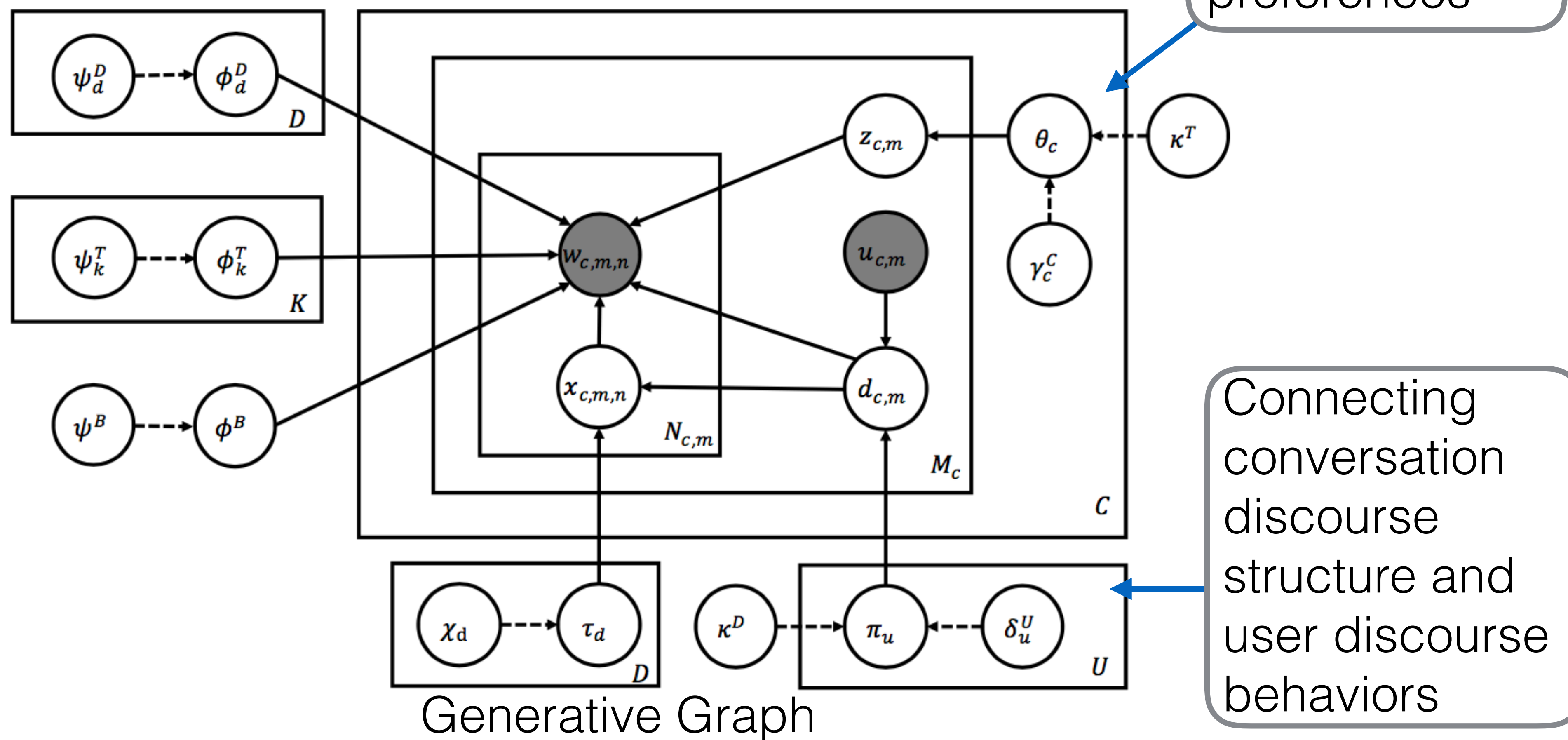


Connecting conversation topics and user preferences

Generative Graph

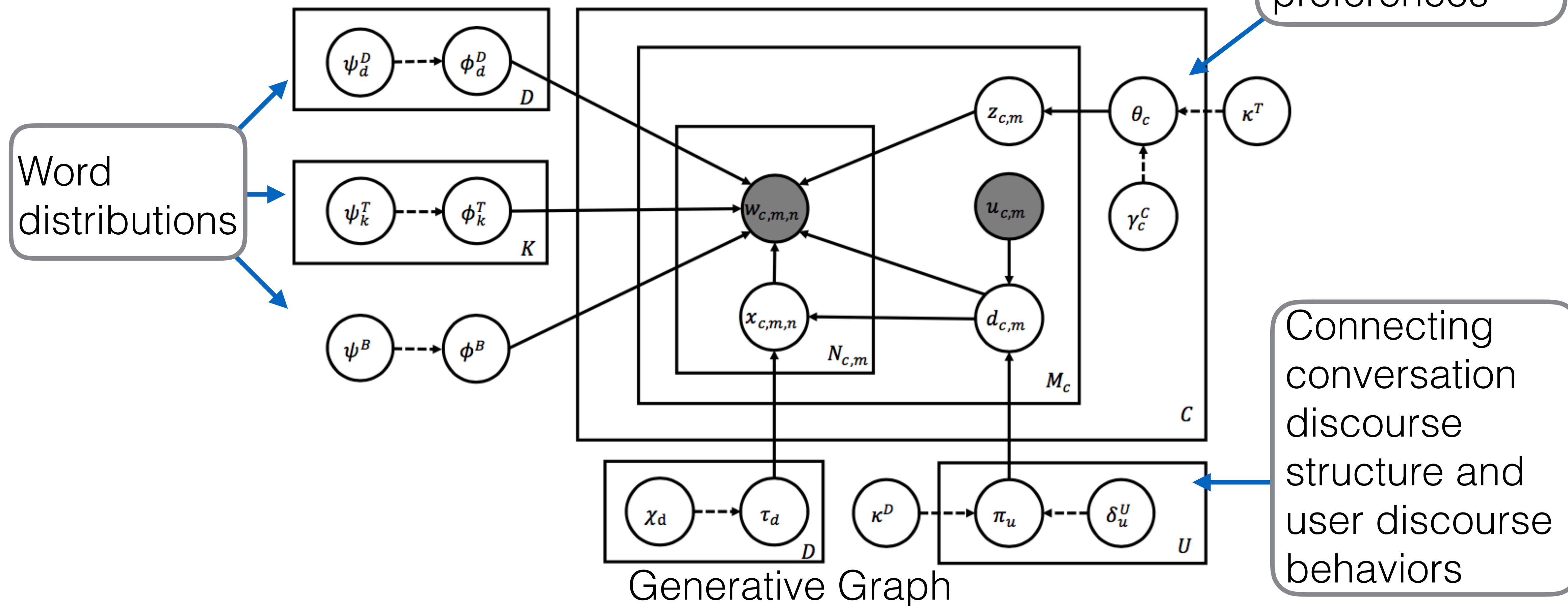
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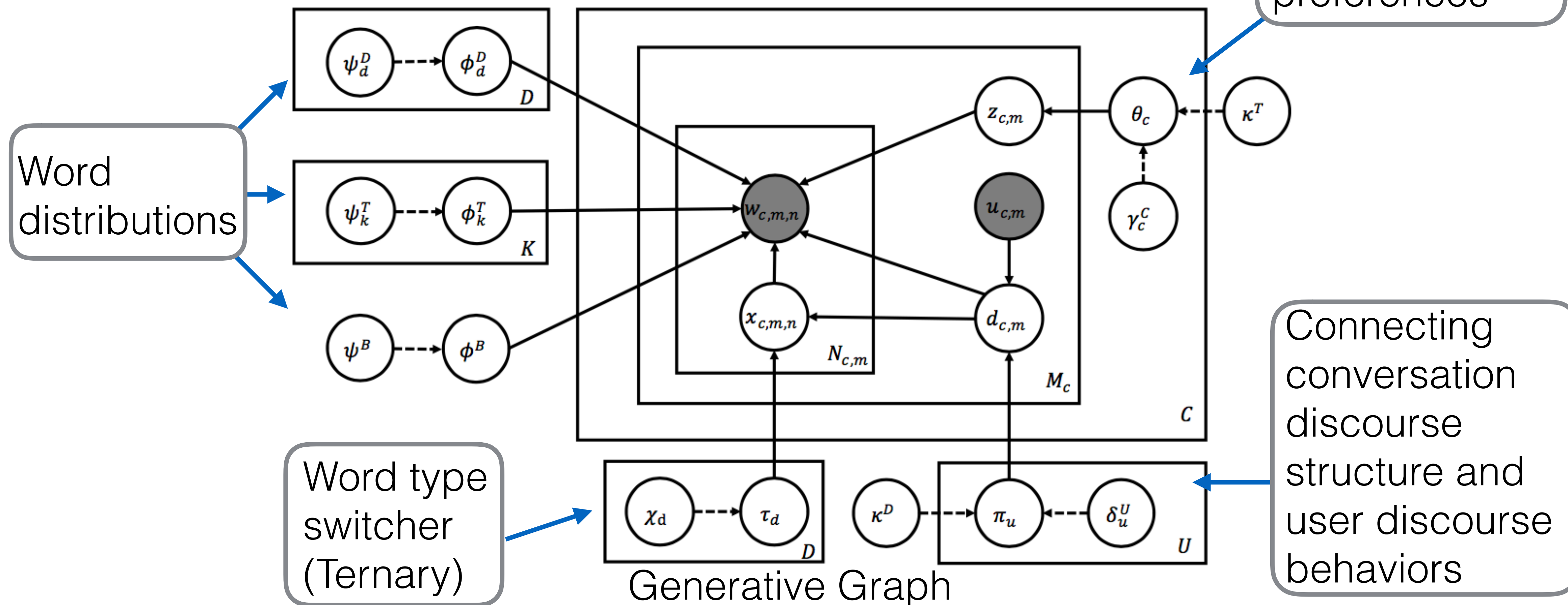
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Datasets

- US Election
- TREC

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Dataset	# of user	# of conv	# of msg
US Election	4,300	2,013	22,092
TREC	10,122	7,500	38,999

Statistics of two datasets

Datasets

- US Election
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Statistics of two datasets

Experiment setup:

The first 75% of each conversation as training history;
50% for development, 50% for test.

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Evaluation

- Evaluation:

Conversation recommendation: a ranking problem!

- MAP (Mean Average Precision)
- Precision@K
- nDCG@K (Normalized Discounted Cumulative Gain @ K)

Comparison

- Baselines:
 - Random
 - Length
 - Popularity
- Comparisons:
 - One-Class Collaborative Filtering (OCCF) (*Pan et al. 2008*)
 - Ranking SVM (RSVM) (*Duan et al. 2010*)
 - Collaborative Personalized Tweet Recommendation (CTR) (*Chen et al. 2012*)
 - CF + LDA (Adapted HFT) (*McAuley and Leskovec 2013*)

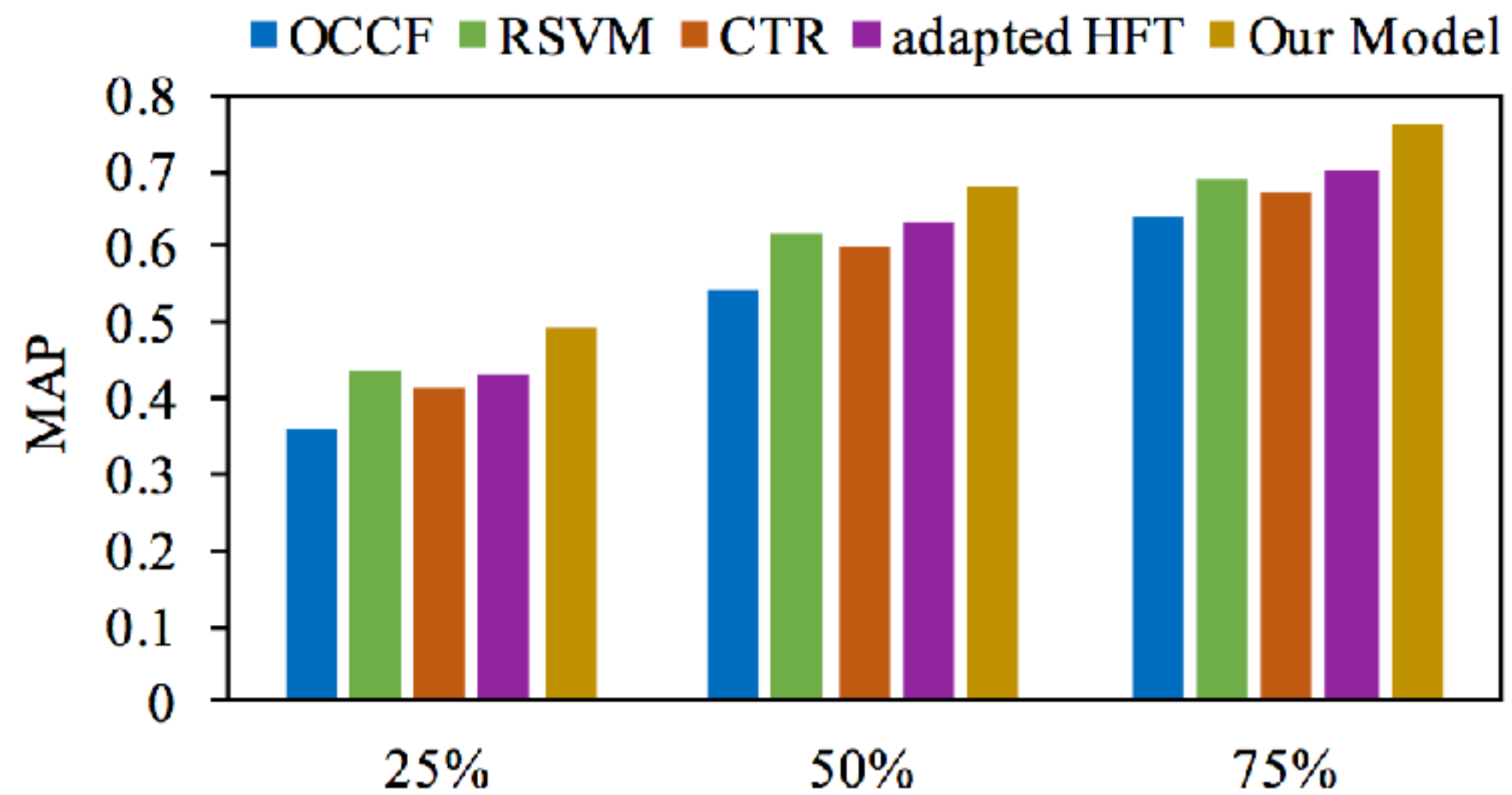
Results

Models	US Election			TREC		
	MAP	P@1	nDCG@5	MAP	P@1	nDCG@5
Baselines	Random	0.018	0.004	0.009	0.006	0.001
	Length	0.025	0.002	0.003	0.013	0.002
	Popularity	0.050	0.010	0.025	0.023	0.005
Comparisons	OCCF	0.637	0.589	0.649	0.410	0.385
	RSVM	0.687	0.680	0.690	0.554	0.575
	CTR	0.673	0.649	0.678	0.475	0.431
	Adapted HFT	0.698	0.652	0.706	0.487	0.447
	Our Model	0.762	0.750	0.757	0.591	0.591

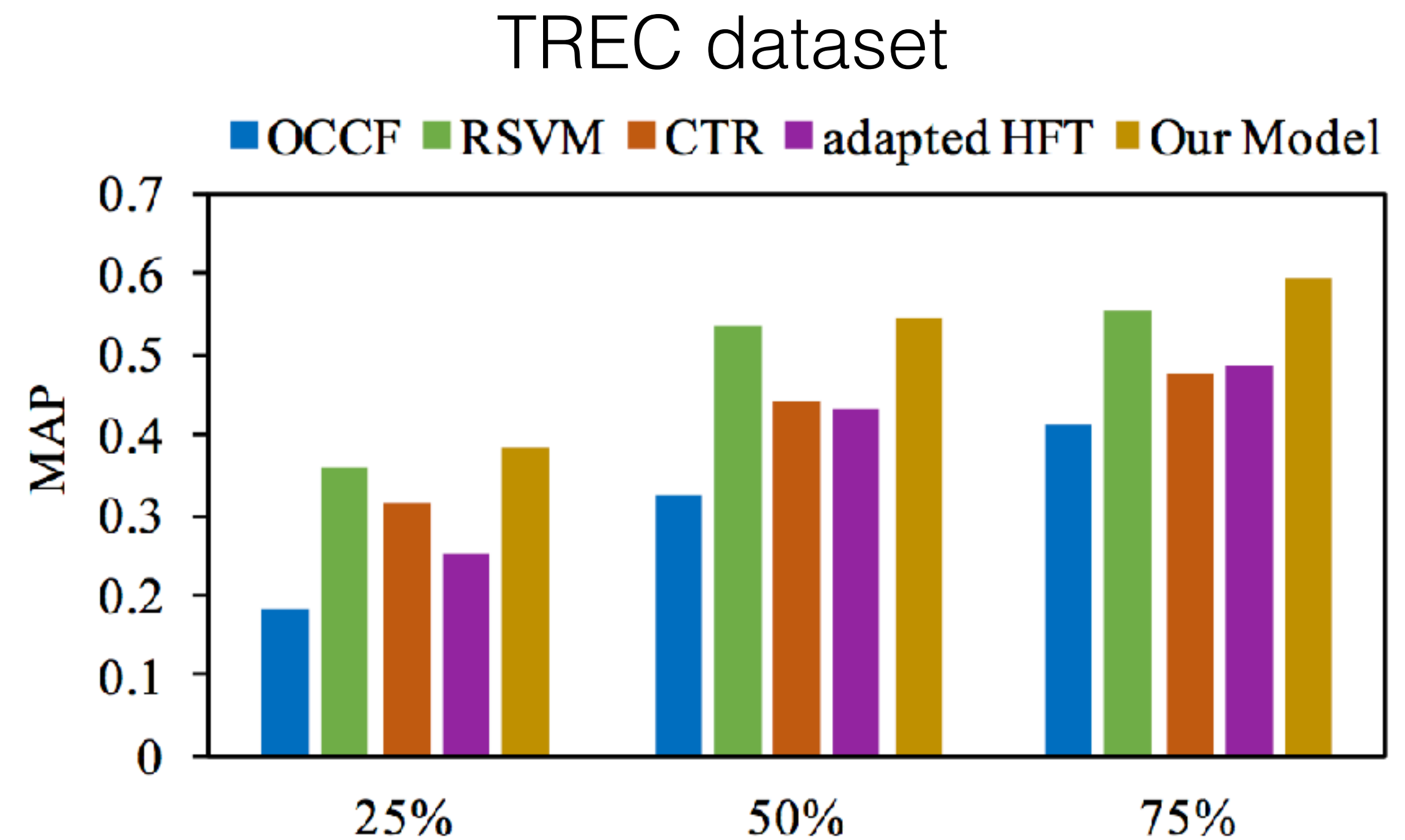
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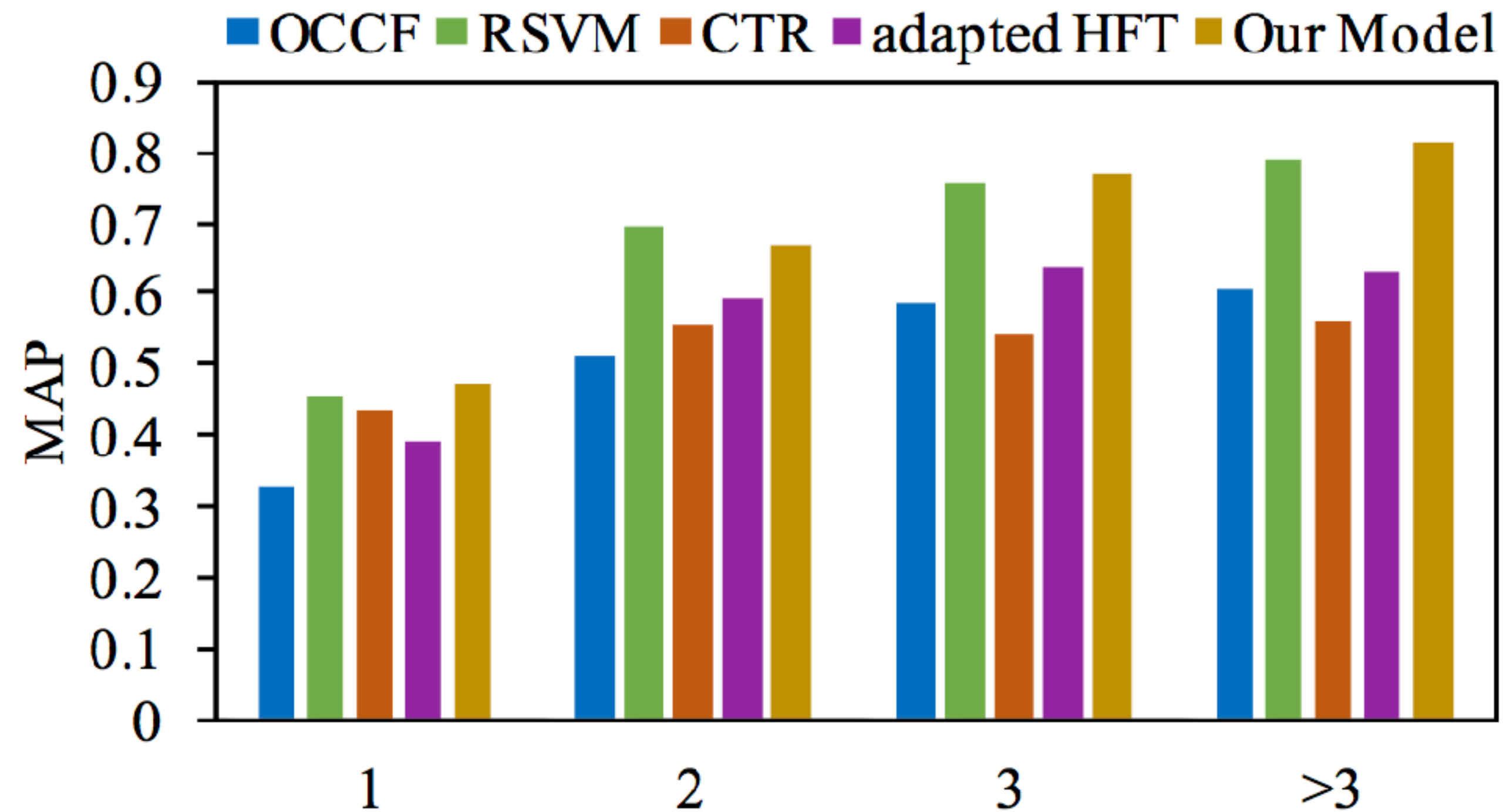
How's the performance when trained on different conversation history?



US Election dataset



How's the performance for different user sparsity?



of conversations that users have participated in training

TREC dataset

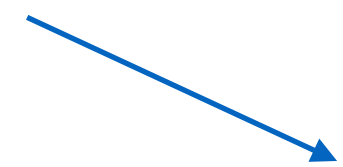
What if only considering topic or discourse?

Models	US Election	TREC
Adapted HFT (content based)	0.698	0.487
Our Model (topic only)	0.711	0.491
Our Model (discourse only)	0.705	0.483
Our Model (full)	0.762	0.591

(MAP scores)

What if only considering topic or discourse?

$\lambda = 1$



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What if only considering first time replies?

Models	US Election	TREC
OCCF	0.035	0.033
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A difficult task!

- Only use features of history and context!
- Discourse behavior history is important!

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Conclusion

- A new task: conversation recommendation
- A novel framework for microblog conversation recommendation (CF + Graphical Model)
- A probabilistic graphical model that can capture both topics and discourse information
- Experiment results show the effectiveness of the model

Thank you!

Datasets:

http://www.ccs.neu.edu/home/luwang/datasets/microblog_conversation.zip

