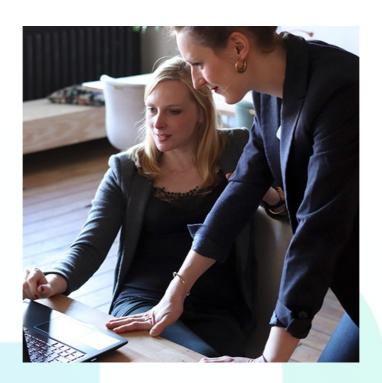
开言会员课后讲义

A2-What's your boss like?



Dialogue/对话

A: Hey Joseph, what's your boss like? Is he nice?

A: 嗨Joseph,你的老板怎么样?他人好吗?

B: Yeah, he's pretty nice. He's also smart and honest.

B: 是的, 他人很好。聪明又诚实。

A: That's good. How old is your boss?

A: 那不错。你老板多大了?

B: I think he's 32 years old.

B: 我觉得他32岁了。

A: Wow, and he <u>already</u> has his own company?

A: 哇, 那他已经有自己的公司了?

B: Yeah, he's a successful and rich guy.

B: 是的, 他是富有的成功人士。

A: Sounds like it.

A: 听起来确实如此。

Key vocabulary/重点词汇

boss /bαːs/ 老板

pretty /'prɪţi/ 非常

smart /smα:rt/ 聪明的

honest /ˈαːnɪst/ 诚实的

already /α:l'redi/ 已经

successful /sək'sesfəl/ 成功的

rich /rɪtʃ/ 富有的

Supplementary vocabulary/补充词汇

bossy /'bαːsi/ 专横的

clever /'klevə/ 聪明的、巧妙的

Expansion/例句

already

1. We already bought our tickets.

我们已经买票了。

2. I already left for the day.

我已经下班了。

3. No, thank you. I already ate.

不用了,谢谢。我已经吃过了。

pretty

1. You look pretty good in that suit.

2. It's pretty cold outside. You should wear a jacket.

外面很冷。你应该穿件夹克。

3. These noodles are pretty spicy.

这些面条很辣。

successful

1. We had a successful meeting.

我们的会议圆满成功。

2. John is a successful doctor.

John是名成功的医生。

3. The product wasn't successful.

这个产品并不成功。

Grammar/语法

形容词修饰名词

在本课中,出现了非常多描述性的词语,如rich (有钱的), successful (成功的), smart (聪明的)等。 这样的词语,我们通常称它们为形容词,也就是adjective.

形容词的用法通常为:形容词 + 名词

在本课中:

He is a successful and rich guy. (他是一个成功的并且富有的男孩。)

形容词successful和rich放在名词guy前面。

例如:

That beautiful girl is my friend. 那个漂亮的女孩是我的朋友。

Mary is a smart student in my class. Mary是我们班上一个聪明的学生。

1. I met a very handsome man yesterday. 我昨天遇见一个大帅哥。

2. I saw an interesting movie!

我看了部很有意思的电影!

3. I read a really boring book.

我读了本很无聊的书。