

Rushil Mallarapu — ∞ -Operads

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($\infty, 1$)-Seminar — SC 232

Intro & Outline

- Thank organizers & attendees
- So the goal is for today to cover the def'n & intuition for ∞ -operads
- This means it's going to mostly be definitions, but that's just how HA 2.1 is.
- Before I get into it, let me say something about the problem we're trying to solve:

Ex. Tensor Product

- Do not confuse via some "product" — construction is noncanonial.
- We actually specify $U \otimes V \rightarrow W$; this is enough!
- Easily find $(U \otimes V) \otimes W \simeq U \otimes (V \otimes W)$!
- So, instead of specifying operation, let's specify (sets) of maps these operations represent

2.0.0.1

Def Let (C, \otimes) by SMC. We define category C^{\otimes}

w/

① obj: n-tuples of obj. of C , e.g. $[c_1, \dots, c_n]$

② morphism: $[c_1, \dots, c_n] \rightarrow [c'_1, \dots, c'_n]$ is

(a) partial map $\alpha: \{1, 2, \dots, n\} \rightarrow \{1, 2, \dots, m\}$
 $(\alpha(i) = i)$

(b) maps $\{f_i: \bigotimes_{i \in \alpha^{-1}(j)} c_i \rightarrow c'_j\}_{1 \leq j \leq m}$

③ Composition

$$\begin{array}{ccc} [c_n] & \xrightarrow{s_t} & [c''_n] \\ & \downarrow (\alpha, t) & \uparrow \\ & [c'_n] & \xrightarrow{s_p} [c'''_n] \end{array}$$

via $(\beta\alpha)$, & maps

$$\bigotimes_{i \in \alpha^{-1}(k)} c_i \simeq \bigotimes_{j \in \alpha^{-1}(i)} c_i \xrightarrow{f_i} \bigotimes_{j \in \beta^{-1}(k)} c'_j \xrightarrow{s_j} c'''_k$$

\vdash $1 \leq k \leq l$.

- Really, we should think of such a category as coming w/ a natural functor to Fin_* - pointed sets!

2.0.0.2

Def The category $\underline{\text{Fin}}_*$ has objects pointed sets $\langle n \rangle = \{0, 1, 2, \dots, n\}$ & maps which preserve basept. Think of \bullet as a Maybe type

- Also, $p^i : \langle n \rangle \rightarrow \langle i \rangle$, defn $p^i(j) = \begin{cases} \bullet & j=i \\ \circ & j \neq i \end{cases}$

Punchline: $C^\otimes \rightarrow \text{Fin}$ is an op-fibration, which effectively means we can take an object $[C_n] \in C^\otimes$, map $f : \langle n \rangle \rightarrow \langle m \rangle$, & lift uniquely to a map $[C_n] \rightarrow [C_m]$.
 \rightarrow via \bar{f} giving isom $C_j' \cong \bigotimes_{f^{-1}(j)} C_i \quad \forall 1 \leq j \leq m$.

\rightarrow maps in Fin "determine" higher composition & coherence.

- In fact, we can make this work better, & get an SMC out of an op-fibra $D \rightarrow \text{Fin}_*$.

(Work out) D_0 , $D_2 \rightarrow D_1$, symm $\sigma : [1, 2] \rightarrow [2, 1]$

- Taking σ is that this is the better perspective on organizing a Symmetric Monoidal structure on ∞ -cats, & the point of ∞ -operads is to encapsulate all this data!

1: Operads & ∞ -Operads

- First, some classical review:

2.1.1.1

Def A typed operad (colored/multicat) \mathcal{O} , is the following:

- ① Collection of types X, Y, \dots "objects"
- ② A finit set I , set $\text{Mul}(X_I, Y)$ $X_I = \{X_i\}_{i \in I}$
- ③ Composition map $\prod_J \text{Mul}(X_{I_i}, Y_j) \times \text{Mul}(Y_j, Z) \rightarrow \text{Mul}(X_I, Z)$
- ④ Units, & associativity!

$$\begin{array}{c} X \\ | \\ x \quad x \\ \diagup \quad \diagdown \\ Y \end{array} \quad \text{id}_x \in \text{Mul}(X, X)$$

$$\begin{array}{c} X \quad Y \quad Z \quad W \\ \checkmark \quad \checkmark \quad \checkmark \quad \checkmark \\ A \quad Y \quad B \quad Z \\ | \quad | \quad | \quad | \\ c \quad \quad \quad \quad \end{array} = \begin{array}{c} X \quad Y \quad Z \quad \sim \\ \diagup \quad \diagdown \quad \diagup \quad \diagdown \\ B \end{array} \quad \text{either way}$$

2.1.1 - Variants:

- Simplicial operad - Mul is simplicial set
- Operadification - $(\mathcal{C}_{\text{Op}} \mapsto \mathcal{C}_{\text{ct}})$ via $\text{Mul}(X_{\infty}, Y) = \begin{cases} \text{Hom}(X_i, Y) & i=1 \\ \emptyset & \text{else} \end{cases}$
- By above discussn, if \mathcal{C} is smc,
i.e. $\otimes: \mathcal{C} \times \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$, then \mathcal{C} is operad via
 $\text{Mul}(X_{\infty}, Y) = \text{Hom}(\otimes_i X_i, Y) \rightarrow$ recoum \otimes via Yoneda!
- Operad is typed operad w/ 1 cdm! $\mathcal{O}(n) \rightarrow \mathcal{O}(m)!$
- We can repeat prev. construct to get \mathcal{O}^{\otimes} , w/
some punchline. \rightarrow flip definition!

Def Say $f: \langle n \rangle \rightarrow \langle m \rangle$ inert if, i.e., $f^{-1}(i)$ is single.

2.1.1.10 Def An ∞ -operad is a functor $p: \mathcal{O}^{\otimes} \longrightarrow N(Fin.)$ s.t.

- ① $\forall f: \langle m \rangle \rightarrow \langle n \rangle$ inert & $C \in \mathcal{O}_{\leq m}^{\otimes}$, then is a
 p -CoCart lift $\bar{f}: C \rightarrow C'$; functor $\mathcal{O}_{\leq m}^{\otimes} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_{\leq n}^{\otimes}$.
- ② $C \in \mathcal{O}_{\leq m}$, $C' \in \mathcal{O}_{\leq n}$, $f: \langle m \rangle \rightarrow \langle n \rangle$, $\text{Map}^f(C, C')$ cat comp.
of $\text{Map}(C, C')$ over f ; choose p -CoCart mrys
 $C' \rightarrow C'$ over $p^i: \langle n \rangle \rightarrow \langle 1 \rangle$; then induced
 $\text{Map}^f(C, C') \longrightarrow \prod_{i \in n} \text{Map}^{p^i f}(C, C'_i)$ is
hory equiv.
- ③ \forall link $c_1, c_2, \dots, c_n \in \mathcal{O}_{\leq 1}$, \exists obj. $C \in \mathcal{O}_{\leq n}$
& p -CC's $C \rightarrow c_i$ over p^i !

Remark

- Usually just write $\mathcal{O} := \mathcal{O}_{\leq 1}^{\otimes}$ or underlying ∞ -cat.
- \mathcal{O}^{\otimes} is ∞ -operad.

2.1.1.11 • Get canonical equiv. $\mathcal{O}_{\leq n}^{\otimes} \simeq \mathcal{O}^n$
 \rightarrow obj. in \mathcal{O}^{\otimes} are sq. of obj. in \mathcal{O} .

2.1.1.13 • $p: \mathcal{C}^{\otimes} \rightarrow N(Fin.)$ is fibration (HTT magic)
 \hookrightarrow HTT 2.3.1.5, 2.4.G.5, 2.4.1.5

Ex.

- 2.1.1.14
- $\text{Comm}^{\otimes} = N(Fin.) \xrightarrow{\text{id}} N(Fin.)$ - "commut ∞ -operad"
 - $Fin^{(i)} \subset Fin.$; $\mathbb{E}_0^{\otimes} := N(Fin^{(i)})$ - "unital ∞ -operad"
 - $\text{Triv}: (Fin., \text{inert})$; $\mathcal{T}\text{riv}^{\otimes} := N(\text{Triv})$ - "trivial ∞ -operad"

all mean the same as !

• Get all usual generalization to simplicial opns: we can

repeat segm const, & take simplicial nmn;

This is opendic nmn $N^\otimes(\mathcal{O})$

• Say typd op. is fibnt if all mult-sel fibnt.

2.1.1.27 Prop | If \mathcal{O} is fibnt simplicial typd op, then $N^\otimes(\mathcal{O})$ is ∞ -opnd!

Pf. (1) \mathcal{O}^\otimes fibnt simp. cat, so $N^\otimes(\mathcal{O})$ is ∞ -cat.

If $C = (n, [c_1, \dots, c_m]) \in N^\otimes(\mathcal{O})$, $\alpha: \langle m \rangle \rightarrow \langle n \rangle$ imm,

then have canonical map

$$C \longrightarrow C' = (\langle n \rangle, [c_{\alpha^{-1}(i)}]), \text{ which}$$

is edge $\bar{\alpha}$ over α .

By HTT 2.4.1.10, $\bar{\alpha}$ is p -coCart! ($p: N^\otimes(\mathcal{O}) \rightarrow N(F_n)$)

(2) Specifically, we get p -coCart maps $\bar{\alpha}^{\text{inv}}: C \rightarrow (\langle 1 \rangle, c_i)$

covering p^i ! We want then to define p -limit diagram

$$\langle m \rangle^{\otimes \mathbb{N}} \rightarrow N^\otimes(\mathcal{O}); \text{ i.e. } \forall D = (n, [c_\alpha]) \text{ in } N\mathcal{O},$$

$\beta: \langle n \rangle \rightarrow \langle m \rangle$, canonical map

$$\text{Map}^\beta(D, C) \longrightarrow \prod_{i \in m} \text{Map}^{p^i \beta}(D, c_i) \text{ is hny}$$

equiv, this is iso of sets!!

(3) Finally, need functor p^i to induce exactness seq:

map

$$N^\otimes(\mathcal{O}) \times_{N(F_n)} \{\langle m \rangle\} \longrightarrow \prod_{i \in m} N(\mathcal{O})$$

which want be $N^\otimes(\mathcal{O}) \times_{N(F_n)} \{\langle m \rangle\}$ is canonically

iso to $N(\mathcal{O})^m$!

□

2: ∞ -Opnd Mops

2.1.2.1 Def | A morphism $f: \langle n \rangle \rightarrow \langle m \rangle$ is actine if $f^{-1}\{x\} = \{x\}$

• In $F_{\mathbb{N}_+}$:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \langle n \rangle & \xrightarrow{f} & \langle m \rangle \\ p \searrow & \nearrow f' & \\ \text{inert} & & \text{actine} \end{array}$$

2.1.2.3 Def | Let $p: \mathcal{O}^\otimes \rightarrow N(F_{\mathbb{N}_+})$ be ∞ -opnd. $f \in \mathcal{O}^\otimes$ is

① inert if $p(f)$ inert, f p -actnb

② active is $p(\ell)$ action.

- This determines factorization system on \mathcal{O}^\otimes via clostrus ∞ -nerves allowing us to lift certain FSs against inner fibration. (HA 2.1.2.5)

2.1.2.7 Def A map of ∞ -operad is map $f: \mathcal{O}^\otimes \rightarrow \mathcal{O}'^\otimes$ s.t.

$$(1) \text{ TFC } \mathcal{O}^\otimes \xrightarrow{f} \mathcal{O}'^\otimes$$

$$\rho \searrow N(\text{Fin}) \swarrow q$$

(2) f preserves int. morphism.

Let $\text{Alg}_{\mathcal{O}}(\mathcal{O}')$ be subset of $\text{Fun}_{N(\text{Fin})}(\mathcal{O}^\otimes, \mathcal{O}'^\otimes)$ consisting of ∞ -op. maps.

2.1.2.8 Rmk In fact, only need f to preserve inclusions of lifts of p 's!

Def $g: C^\otimes \rightarrow \mathcal{O}^\otimes$ of ∞ -ops is fibered if a categorical fibration.

2.1.2.12 Prop Let \mathcal{O}^\otimes be ∞ -op. $g: C^\otimes \rightarrow \mathcal{O}^\otimes$ a Cat fib. Then $T = AE$:

- ① Composition $C^\otimes \rightarrow \mathcal{O}^\otimes \rightarrow N(\text{Fin})$ make C^\otimes ∞ -op.
- ② $\exists T = T_1 \otimes \dots \otimes T_n \in \mathcal{O}_{\text{con}}^\otimes$, such that $T \rightarrow T_i$ induces equiv.

$$C_T \simeq \prod_{i \in \text{Irr}} C_{T_i}^\otimes$$

Pf. ① p preserves int. morphism; by HTT 2.4.1.2, we can lift p -coCat lifts of $g(H)$ into g -coCat lifts, as needed.

② Cat fib. diag:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} C_{\text{con}}^\otimes & \longrightarrow & \mathcal{O}_{\text{con}}^\otimes \\ \downarrow s & & \downarrow s \\ C^n & \longrightarrow & \mathcal{O}^\otimes \end{array} \quad \text{if both } \infty\text{-ops.}$$

Passing to hlim fib over $T \in \mathcal{O}_{\text{con}}^\otimes$, we get desired

equiv!

\Leftarrow ① $C \in C^\otimes$, invert $\alpha: g(C) \rightarrow \mathcal{O}^\otimes$. Can lift to $\bar{\alpha}: p(C) \rightarrow X$,

& b/c p is coCat, we can lift to p -coCat $\bar{\alpha}: C \rightarrow \bar{X}$,

which by HTT 2.4.1.3 is g -coCat!

② Let $C \in C_{(m)}^\otimes$, $C' \in C_{(n)}^\otimes$, $f: (m) \rightarrow (n)$,

$T = p(C)$, $T' = p(C')$, choose $g_i: T' \rightarrow T'_i$ over p_i ,

& p -coCat $\bar{\alpha}_i: C' \rightarrow C'_i$ over g_i . Let $t_i = p_i f$

Get diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Map}^+(C, C') & \longrightarrow & \prod \text{Map}^{F_i}(c, c'_i) \\ \downarrow & \text{C}_H & \downarrow \\ \text{Map}^F(T, T') & \xrightarrow{\sim} & \prod \text{Map}^{F_i}(T_i, T'_i) \end{array}$$

Bottom map is b/c \mathcal{O}^\otimes ∞ -operad.

To get desired equiv, want \simeq w/ fibres over any $1\leq i \leq n$: $T_i \rightarrow T'_i$ or f_i .

Let $D = h_! C$, $D_i = g_i_! D$. Then, this map is

$$\text{Map}_{C_T}(D, C) \longrightarrow \prod_{i \in [n]} \text{Map}_{C_{T_i}}(D_i, C_i)$$

which is \simeq by assumption (b).

③ Fix objects $\{C_i \in \mathcal{C}_{\text{fin}}^\otimes\}$ & set $T_i = p(C_i)$. b/c \mathcal{O}^\otimes ∞ -op, choose cover $f: T \rightarrow T_i$, & by (b), we have $t: T_i: C \rightarrow C_i$; by HTT 2.4.1.3, T_i is q -coCart. \square

2.1.2.13 Def Such a map is a coCart fib of ∞ -opers. It "exhibits" C^\otimes as \mathcal{O} -monoidal ∞ -cat!

Also, define $\mathcal{E} := C^\otimes \otimes_{\mathcal{O}^\otimes} \mathcal{O}$, call \mathcal{E} an \mathcal{O} -monoidal ∞ -cat.

2.1.2.18 Def A Sym. monoidal ∞ -cat is ∞ -cat w/ coCart fib
 • ∞ -opers $C^\otimes \rightarrow N(\text{Fin.})$
 $\otimes_{\text{pr}}: \langle 0 \rangle \rightarrow \langle 1 \rangle \quad \langle 2 \rangle \rightarrow \langle 1 \rangle$
 $\Delta^\otimes \rightarrow C \quad C \times C \rightarrow C$
 + all higher coherence

Or, just coCart fib w/ equiv b/c $C_{\text{fin}}^\otimes \simeq \mathcal{E}^\otimes$ ($\mathcal{E} = C_{\text{fin}}^\otimes$)

2.1.2.22 Prop Let $g: C^\otimes \rightarrow \mathcal{O}^\otimes$ be inv fib on ∞ -opers. TFAE
 (1) g is inv fib of ∞ -opers.
 (2) If $c \in C^\otimes$, $f: g(c) \rightarrow x$ int in \mathcal{O}^\otimes , \exists int fib
 $F: C \rightarrow X$.

In this case, int morph in C^\otimes are those which are q -coCart & have invert img.

Pl. Simplicial argument: $2 \rightrightarrows 1$ by HTT 2.4.6.5, & $1 \rightrightarrows 2$ w

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & x' & \\ q^{(1)} \nearrow & \downarrow & \\ q(c) & \xrightarrow{f} & X \end{array} \text{ w/ equiv, as } A, q(f) \text{ lifts of } \alpha_0!$$

$f_0 = \text{inv } f \in N(Fm)$, f' in \mathcal{C}^\otimes

$C \rightarrow \bar{X}'$

& lift to C^\otimes b/c g inv!

↗

3. Algebra Objects

2.1.3.1 Def Let $p: C^\otimes \rightarrow O^\otimes$ be fib. of ∞ -opds, & suppose we have
 ∞ -opds $\alpha: O'^\otimes \rightarrow O^\otimes$.

$$O'^\otimes \xrightarrow{f} C^\otimes \quad p \in \text{Fun}_{O'}(O'^\otimes, C^\otimes)$$

$\alpha \downarrow O^\otimes \quad \text{(i) } \text{Alg}_{O'/O}(e) \text{ full subcat of } \infty\text{-op. mpr.}$ ← fiber over α at

$$\text{(ii) If } O = O'. \quad \text{Alg}_O(e)$$

$$\text{Alg}_{O'}(e) \xrightarrow[p_*]{\sim} \text{Alg}_O(e)$$

$$\text{Bi } O = O' = N(Fm). \quad \text{Alg}_{O/O}(e) = C\text{Alg}_O(e),$$

col of comm ch. obj. in \mathcal{C} !

Rmk.

• Call $\text{Alg}_{O/O}(e)$ col of O' -ch. obj. of \mathcal{C} .

Ex. \mathcal{C} SMC, $N(\mathcal{C})$ sym. mon ∞ -ct;

$$\text{Alg}_{N(Fm)} \mathcal{C} \cong C\text{Alg}(N(\mathcal{C})) \text{ — comm ch. obj. of } \mathcal{C};$$

i.e. obj. A w/ unit & multiplication

$$I \rightarrow A, \quad A \otimes A \rightarrow A.$$

2.1.3.4 Rmk. If $C^\otimes \rightarrow O^\otimes$ is coCart fib. of ∞ -opds, K escty,

skip $\text{Fun}(K, C^\otimes) \otimes_{\text{Fun}(K, O^\otimes)} O^\otimes \rightarrow O^\otimes$ is colab fib.

$\forall x \in O$, iso $D_x = \text{Fun}(K, e_x)$ & compute \otimes_F ptwise.

$$\Rightarrow \text{Alg}_{O/O}(D) \cong \text{Fun}(K, \text{Alg}_{O/O}(e))$$

• If $\mathcal{C}^\otimes, D^\otimes$ are sym. mon. ∞ -cts. An ∞ -op. mpr

$F \in \text{Alg}_{\mathcal{C}}(D)$ is a funct $F: \mathcal{C} \rightarrow D$ which is compatible

w/ SM struc in sense that we have maps

$$FC \otimes FC' \rightarrow F(C \otimes C'), \quad I \rightarrow F(I) \quad (\text{loc sense})$$

2.1.3.7 Def Let O^\otimes be ∞ -opnd, let $p: C^\otimes \rightarrow O^\otimes$ & $q: D^\otimes \rightarrow O^\otimes$

coCart fib. of ∞ -opds. We say $F \in \text{Alg}_{\mathcal{C}}(D)$ is an

O -monoidal funct if it carries p-coCart morphism to

q -coCart morphism.

$\text{Fun}_\infty^{\mathcal{O}}(\mathcal{C}, \mathcal{D})$ is full subcat. of \mathcal{O} -monoidal functors.

When $\mathcal{O}^\otimes = N(\text{Fin}_\infty)$, $\text{Fin}(\mathcal{C}, \mathcal{D})$ is sym. monoidal functor.

2.1.3.8 Rmk. Let $F: \mathcal{C}^\otimes \rightarrow \mathcal{D}^\otimes$ b. \mathcal{O} -monoidal b/w \mathcal{O} -monoidal ∞ -cats; TFAE

① F is equivariant

② Underlying map $\mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{D}$ is equivariant.

③ $\forall X \in \mathcal{O}$, map $\mathcal{C}_X \rightarrow \mathcal{D}_X$ is equiv.

2.1.3.9 Prop. Let $p: \mathcal{O}^\otimes \rightarrow \mathbb{E}_0^\otimes$ b. lib, consider $\mathcal{D}' \rightarrow \mathbb{E}_0^\otimes$ induced by

$\alpha: \langle \mathcal{O} \rangle \rightarrow \langle \mathcal{D}' \rangle$ of $\text{Fin}_\infty^{\mathcal{O}}$. Then, restriction is trivial b/w

Lib: $\theta: \text{Alg}_{/\mathbb{E}_0}(\mathcal{O}) \longrightarrow \text{Fun}_{\mathbb{E}_0^\otimes}(\mathcal{D}', \mathcal{O}^\otimes)$

Pf. Long & messy.

2.1.3.10 \Rightarrow If \mathcal{C}^\otimes is symm. then \mathbb{E}_0 -alg. obj. is obj.

Acc w/ map $I \rightarrow A$, via $\text{Alg}_{/\mathbb{E}_0}(\mathcal{C}) \rightarrow \text{Fun}_{\mathbb{E}_0}(\mathbb{I}, \mathcal{C})$!

$\text{Alg}_{/\mathbb{E}_0}(\mathcal{C})$ - with objects!

4. Preoperads & Top. operads

We can organize all ∞ -op. into simp. cat

$\mathcal{O}_{\text{pos}}^\Delta$, w/ \mathcal{O} -simplices $\overset{(\text{small})}{\infty}$ -operads b

$N_{\mathcal{O}_{\text{pos}}^\Delta}(\mathcal{O}, \mathcal{O}')$ in Kan w/ $\text{Alg}_{\mathcal{O}}(\mathcal{O}') \cong$ of ∞ -op. maps.

Def || $\mathcal{O}_{\text{pos}} = N(\mathcal{O}_{\text{pos}}^\Delta)$ - ∞ -cat of ∞ -operads.

HA 2.1.4 goes on to show \mathcal{O}_{pos} is presented by

combinatorial simplicial model cat of ∞ -preoperads.

One last thing: there is a paper by Heuts, Hinich, & Moerdijk

that gives a zig-zag of Quillen equivalences b/w the

theory of ∞ -operads as we have it, & a theory based on

"dendroidal sets". I'll stop here, but what you should

take away from this is that if you set topological operads,

e.g. little cubes, then the step to ∞ -operads isn't too bad.

This is a question!

I Name _____

