

Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP)

User Guide

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Chapter 1

Introduction to HTTP

The Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) is a protocol designed for transferring content on the Web. HTTP is a simple protocol that utilizes reliable Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) services to perform its content transfer function. Because of this, HTTP is a highly reliable content transfer protocol. HTTP is one of the most used application protocols. All operations on the Web utilize the HTTP protocol.

HTTP Requirements

In order to function properly, the NetX HTTP package requires that a NetX (version 5.2 or later) is installed. In addition, an IP instance must already be created and TCP must be enabled on that same IP instance. The demo file in section "Small Example System" in **Chapter 2** will demonstrate how this is done.

The HTTP Client portion of the NetX HTTP package has no further requirements.

The HTTP Server portion of the NetX HTTP package has several additional requirements. First, it requires complete access to TCP *well-known port 80* for handling all Client HTTP requests. The HTTP Server is also designed for use with the FileX embedded file system. If FileX is not available, the user may port the portions of FileX used to their own environment. This is discussed in later sections of this guide.

HTTP Constraints

The NetX HTTP protocol implements the HTTP 1.0 standard. However, there are following constraints:

- 1. Persistent connections are not supported
- 2. Request pipelining is not supported
- 3. The HTTP Server supports both basic and MD5 digest authentication, but not MD5-sess. At present, the HTTP Client supports only basic authentication.

- 4. No content compression is supported.
- 5. TRACE, OPTIONS, and CONNECT requests are not supported.
- 6. The packet pool associated with the HTTP Server or Client must be large enough to hold the complete HTTP header.
- 7. HTTP Client services are for content transfer only—there are no display utilities provided in this package.

HTTP URL (Resource Names)

The HTTP protocol is designed to transfer content on Web. The requested content is specified by the Universal Resource Locator (URL). This is the primary component of every HTTP request. URLs always start with a "/" character and typically correspond to files on the HTTP Server. Common HTTP file extensions are shown below:

Extension	Meaning
.htm (or .html)	Hypertext Markup Language (HTML)
.txt	Plain ASCII text
.gif	Binary GIF image
.xbm	Binary Xbitmap image

HTTP Client Requests

The HTTP has a simple mechanism for requesting Web content. There is basically a set of standard HTTP commands that are issued by the Client after a connection has been successfully established on the TCP *well-known port 80*. The following shows some of the basic HTTP commands:

HTTP Command	Meaning
GET resource HTTP/1.0	Get the specified resource
POST resource HTTP/1.0	Get the specified resource and pass attached input to the HTTP Server
HEAD resource HTTP/1.0	Treated like a GET but not content is returned by the HTTP Server
PUT resource HTTP/1.0	Place resource on HTTP Server
DELETE resource HTTP/1	.0 Delete resource on the Server

These ASCII commands are generated internally by Web browsers and the NetX HTTP Client services to perform HTTP operations with an HTTP Server.

Note that the HTTP Client application default to the connect port of 80. However, it can change the connect port to the HTTP Server at runtime using the *nx_http_client_set_connect_port* service. See Chapter 4 for more details of this service. This is to accommodate web servers that occasionally use alternate ports for Client connections.

HTTP Server Responses

The HTTP Server utilizes the same *well-known TCP port 80* to send Client command responses. Once the HTTP Server processes the Client command, it returns an ASCII response string that includes a 3-digit numeric status code. The numeric response is used by the HTTP Client software to determine whether the operation succeeded or failed. Following is a list of various HTTP Server responses to Client commands:

Numeric Field	Meaning
200	Request was successful
400	Request was not formed properly
401	Unauthorized request, client needs to send authentication
404	Specified resource in request was not found
500	Internal HTTP Server error
501	Request not implemented by HTTP Server
502	Service is not available

For example, a successful Client request to PUT the file "test.htm" is responded with the message "HTTP/1.0 200 OK."

HTTP Communication

As mentioned previously, the HTTP Server utilizes the *well-known TCP* port 80 to field Client requests. HTTP Clients may use any available TCP port. The general sequence of HTTP events is as follows:

HTTP GET Request:

- 1. Client issues TCP connect to Server port 80.
- 2. Client sends "**GET resource HTTP/1.0**" request (along with other header information).
- 3. Server builds an "HTTP/1.0 200 OK" message with additional information followed immediately by the resource content (if any).
- 4. Server performs a disconnection.
- 5. Client performs a disconnection.

HTTP PUT Request:

- 1. Client issues TCP connect to Server port 80.
- Client sends "PUT resource HTTP/1.0" request, along with other header information, and followed by the resource content.
- 3. Server builds an "HTTP/1.0 200 OK" message with additional information followed immediately by the resource content.
- 4. Server performs a disconnection.
- 5. Client performs a disconnection.

Note: as mentioned previously, the HTTP Client can change the default connect port from 80 to another port using the *nx_http_client_set_connect_port* for web servers that use alternate ports to connect to clients.

HTTP Authentication

HTTP authentication is optional and isn't required for all Web requests. There are two flavors of authentication, namely *basic* and *digest*. Basic authentication is equivalent to the *name* and *password* authentication found in many protocols. In HTTP basic authentication, the name and passwords are concatenated and encoded in the base64 format. The main disadvantage of basic authentication is the name and password are transmitted openly in the request. This makes it somewhat easy for the name and password to be stolen. Digest authentication addresses this problem by never transmitting the name and password in the request. Instead, an algorithm is used to derive a 128-bit key or digest from the name, password, and other information. The NetX HTTP Server supports the standard MD5 digest algorithm.

When is authentication required? Basically, the HTTP Server decides if a requested resource requires authentication. If authentication is required

and the Client request did not include the proper authentication, a "HTTP/1.0 401 Unauthorized" response with the type of authentication required is sent to the Client. The Client is then expected to form a new request with the proper authentication.

HTTP Authentication Callback

As mentioned before, HTTP authentication is optional and isn't required on all Web transfers. In addition, authentication is typically resource dependent. Access of some resources on the Server require authentication, while others do not. The NetX HTTP Server package allows the application to specify (via the *nx_http_server_create* call) an authentication callback routine that is called at the beginning of handling each HTTP Client request.

The callback routine provides the NetX HTTP Server with the username, password, and realm strings associated with the resource and return the type of authentication necessary. If no authentication is necessary for the resource, the authentication callback should return the value of NX_HTTP_DONT_AUTHENTICATE. Otherwise, if basic authentication is required for the specified resource, the routine should return NX_HTTP_BASIC_AUTHENTICATE. And finally, if MD5 digest authentication is required, the callback routine should return NX_HTTP_DIGEST_AUTHENTICATE. If no authentication is required for any resource provided by the HTTP Server, the callback is not needed and a NULL pointer can be provided to the HTTP Server create call.

The format of the application authenticate callback routine is very simple and is defined below:

The input parameters are defined as follows:

Parameter	Meaning
request_type	Specifies the HTTP Client request, valid requests are defined as:
	NX_HTTP_SERVER_GET_REQUEST NX_HTTP_SERVER_POST_REQUEST NX_HTTP_SERVER_HEAD_REQUEST NX_HTTP_SERVER_PUT_REQUEST NX_HTTP_SERVER_DELETE_REQUEST

resource Specific resource requested.

name Destination for the pointer to the required

username.

password Destination for the pointer to the required

password.

realm Destination for the pointer to the realm for this

authentication.

The return value of the authentication routine specifies if authentication is required. name, password, and realm pointers are not used if **NX_HTTP_DONT_AUTHENTICATE** is returned by the authentication callback routine. Otherwise the HTTP server developer must ensure that **NX_HTTP_MAX_USERNAME** and **NX_HTTP_MAX_PASSWORD** defined in *nx_http_server.h* are large enough for the username and password specified in the authentication callback. These are both defaulted to size 20 chars.

HTTP Invalid Username/Password Callback

The optional invalid username/password callback in NetX HTTP Server is invoked if HTTP server receives an invalid username and password combination in a Client request. If the HTTP server application registers a callback with HTTP server it will be invoked if either basic or digest authentication fails in nx_http_server_get_process, in nx_http_server_put_process, or in nx_http_server_delete_process.

To register a callback with the HTTP server, the following service is defined in NetX HTTP Server.

The request types are defined as follows:

```
NX_HTTP_SERVER_GET_REQUEST
NX_HTTP_SERVER_POST_REQUEST
NX_HTTP_SERVER_HEAD_REQUEST
NX_HTTP_SERVER_PUT_REQUEST
```

NX_HTTP_SERVER_DELETE_REQUEST

HTTP Insert GMT Date Header Callback

There is an optional callback in NetX HTTP Server to insert a date header in its response messages. This callback is invoked when the HTTP Server is responding to a put or get request

To register a GMT date callback with the HTTP server, the following service is defined in the NetX HTTP Server.

The NX_HTTP_SERVER_DATE data type is defined as follows:

HTTP Cache Info Get Callback

The HTTP Server has a callback to request the max age and date from the HTTP application for a specific resource. This information is used to determine if the HTTP server sends the entire page in response to a Client Get request. If the "if modified since" in the Client request is not found or does not match the "last modified" date returned by the get cache callback, the entire page is sent.

To register the callback with the HTTP server the following service is defined:

HTTP Multipart Support

Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) was originally intended for the SMTP protocol, but its use has spread to HTTP. MIME allows messages to contain mixed message types (e.g. image/jpg and text/plain) within the same message. NetX HTTP Server has added services to determine content type in HTTP messages containing MIME from the Client. To enable HTTP multipart support and use these services, the configuration option NX_HTTP_MULTIPART_ENABLE must be defined.

For more details on the use of these services, see their description in Chapter 3 "Description of HTTP Services".

HTTP Multi-Thread Support

The NetX HTTP Client services can be called from multiple threads simultaneously. However, read or write requests for a particular HTTP Client instance should be done in sequence from the same thread.

HTTP RFCs

NetX HTTP is compliant with RFC1945 "Hypertext Transfer Protocol/1.0", RFC 2581 "TCP Congestion Control", RFC 1122 "Requirements for Internet Hosts", and related RFCs.

Chapter 2

Installation and Use of HTTP

This chapter contains a description of various issues related to installation, setup, and usage of the NetX HTTP component.

Product Distribution

HTTP for NetX is shipped on a single CD-ROM compatible disk. The package includes three source files, two include files, and a file that contains this document, as follows:

nx_http_client.hHeader file for HTTP Client for NetXnx_http_server.hHeader file for HTTP Server for NetXnx_http_client.cC Source file for HTTP Client for NetXnx_http_server.cC Source file for HTTP Server for NetXnx_md5.cMD5 digest algorithmsfilex_stub.hStub file if FileX is not present

nx_http.pdf Description of HTTP for NetX demo_netx_http.c NetX HTTP demonstration

HTTP Installation

In order to use HTTP for NetX, the entire distribution mentioned previously should be copied to the same directory where NetX is installed. For example, if NetX is installed in the directory "\threadx\arm7\green" then the nx_http_client.h and nx_http_client.c for NetX HTTP Client applications, and nx_http_server.h and nx_http_server.c for NetX HTTP Server applications. nx_md5.c should be copied into this directory. For the demo 'ram driver' application NetX HTTP Client and Server files should be copied into the same directory.

Using HTTP

Using HTTP for NetX is easy. Basically, the application code must include $nx_http_client.h$ and/or $nx_http_server.h$ after it includes $tx_api.h$, $fx_api.h$, and $nx_api.h$, in order to use ThreadX, FileX, and NetX, respectively. Once the HTTP header files are included, the application code is then able to make the HTTP function calls specified later in this guide. The

application must also include *nx_http_client.c*, *nx_http_server.c*, and *md5.c* in the build process. These files must be compiled in the same manner as other application files and its object form must be linked along with the files of the application. This is all that is required to use NetX HTTP.

Note that if NX_HTTP_DIGEST_ENABLE is not specified in the build process, the *md5.c* file does not need to be added to the application. Similarly, if no HTTP Client capabilities are required, the *nx_http_client.c* file may be omitted.

Note also that since HTTP utilizes NetX TCP services, TCP must be enabled with the *nx_tcp_enable* call prior to using HTTP.

Small Example System

An example of how easy it is to use NetX HTTP is described in Figure 1.1 that appears below. In this example, the HTTP include file *nx_http_client.h* and *nx_http_server.h* are brought in at line 8. Next, the HTTP Server is created in "*tx_application_define*" at line 131. Note that the HTTP Server control block "*Server*" was defined as a global variable at line 25 previously. After successful creation, an HTTP Server is started at line 136. At line 149 the HTTP Client is created. And finally, the Client writes the file at line 157 and reads the file back at line 195.

```
001 /* This is a small demo of HTTP on the high-performance NetX TCP/IP stack.
002 This demo relies on ThreadX, NetX, and FileX to show a simple HTML
003 transfer from the client and then back from the server. */
004
                   "tx_api.h"
"fx_api.h"
005 #include
006 #include
007 #include
                  "nx_api.h"
                   "nx_http_client.h"
008 #include
009 #include "nx_http_server.h"
010 #define DEMO_STACK_SIZE
                                                       4096
011
012
013 /* Define the ThreadX and NetX object control blocks... */
014
015 TX_THREAD
                                       thread 0:
016 TX_THREAD
017 NX_PACKET_POOL
                                       thread 1:
                                      poo1_0;
018 NX_PACKET_POOL
019 NX_IP
                                       pool_1;
                                       ip_0;
020 NX_IP
                                       ip 1:
                                       ram_disk;
021 FX_MEDIA
022
023 /* Define HTTP objects. */
024
025 NX_HTTP_SERVER
                                      my_server;
026 NX_HTTP_CLIENT
                                      my_client;
028 /* Define the counters used in the demo application...
029
030 ULONG
                                      error_counter;
031
032
```

```
033 /* Define the RAM disk memory. */
034
035 UCHAR
                              ram_disk_memory[32000];
036
037
038 /* Define function prototypes.
039
040 void
             thread_0_entry(ULONG thread_input);
             _fx_ram_driver(FX_MEDIA *media_ptr)
041 VOID
042 void
043 UINT
            __nx_ram_network_driver(struct NX_IP_DRIVER_STRUCT *driver_req);
authentication_check(NX_HTTP_SERVER *server_ptr, UINT request_type,
044
                 CHAR *resource, CHAR **name, CHAR **password, CHAR **realm);
045
046 /* Define the application's authentication check.
                                                          This is called by
047 the HTTP server whenever a new request is received. */
048 UINT authentication_check(NX_HTTP_SERVER *server_ptr, UINT request_type,
049 CHAR *resource, CHAR **name, CHAR **password, CHAR **realm)
050 {
051
052
        /* Just use a simple name, password, and realm for all
           requests and resources.

ame = "name";
053
        *name =
054
        *password = "password";
055
                    "NetX HTTP demo";
056
        *realm =
057
058
         /* Request basic authentication.
059
        return(NX_HTTP_BASIC_AUTHENTICATE);
060 }
061
062
063 /* Define main entry point. */
064
065 int main()
066 {
067
068
         /* Enter the ThreadX kernel. */
069
        tx_kernel_enter();
070 }
071
072
073 /* Define what the initial system looks like. */
074 void
            tx_application_define(void *first_unused_memory)
075 {
076
077 CHAR
            *pointer;
078
079
        /* Setup the working pointer. */
pointer = (CHAR *) first_unused_memory;
080
081
082
        083
084
085
086
087
088
089
         /* Initialize the NetX system. */
090
        nx_system_initialize();
091
092
          * Create packet pool.
093
        nx_packet_pool_create(&pool_0, "Netx Packet Pool 0"
                                                            600, pointer, 8192);
094
095
        pointer = pointer + 8192;
096
         /* Create an IP instance. */
097
        098
099
100
101
        pointer = pointer + 4096;
102
        /* Create another packet pool. */
nx_packet_pool_create(&pool_1, "NetX Packet Pool 1", 600, pointer, 8192);
103
104
105
        pointer = pointer + 8192;
106
        107
108
109
                              pointer, 4096, 1);
110
        pointer = pointer + 4096;
111
        /* Enable ARP and supply ARP cache memory for IP Instance 0. */
```

```
nx_arp_enable(&ip_0, (void *) pointer, 1024);
pointer = pointer + 1024;
115
116
       /* Enable ARP and supply ARP cache memory for IP Instance 1. */
nx_arp_enable(&ip_1, (void *) pointer, 1024);
pointer = pointer + 1024;
117
118
119
120
       /* Enable TCP processing for both IP instances. */
nx_tcp_enable(&ip_0);
121
122
123
124
        nx_tcp_enable(&ip_1);
       125
126
127
128
129
       130
131
132
133
134
135
        /* Start the HTTP Server.
        nx_http_server_start(&my_server);
136
137 }
138
139
140 /* Define the test thread. */
141 void
142 {
           thread_0_entry(ULONG thread_input)
143
144 NX_PACKET
145 UINT
               *my_packet;
               status;
146
147
148
        /* Create an HTTP client instance. */
       status = nx_http_client_create(&my_client, "My Client", &ip_0,
149
                                                               &pool_0, 600);
150
151
152
        /* Check status. */
153
154
        if (status)
           error_counter++;
155
156
157
       158
159
160
        /* Check status. */
161
        if (status)
162
163
           error_counter++;
164
        /* Allocate a packet.
       status = nx_packet_allocate(&pool_0, &my_packet, NX_TCP_PACKET,
165
166
                                                           NX_WAIT_FORÉVER);
167
       /* Check status. */
if (status != NX_SUCCESS)
168
169
170
171
172
173
174
175
      return:
176
177
178
179
180
181
182
183
184
185
186
187
        /* Complete the PUT by writing the total length. */
188
        status = nx_http_client_put_packet(&my_client, my_packet, 50);
189
190
        /* Check status. */
191
        if (status)
           error_counter++;
193
        /* Now GET the file back! */
```

Figure 1.1 Example of HTTP use with NetX

Configuration Options

There are several configuration options for building HTTP for NetX. Following is a list of all options, where each is described in detail. The default values are listed, but can be redefined prior to inclusion of *nx_http_client.h* and *nx_http_server.h*:

Define	Meaning

NX_DISABLE_ERROR_CHECKING Defined, this option removes the

basic HTTP error checking. It is

typically used after the

application has been debugged.

NX_HTTP_SERVER_PRIORITY The priority of the HTTP Server

thread. By default, this value is defined as 16 to specify priority

16.

NX_HTTP_NO_FILEX Defined, this option provides a

stub for FileX dependencies. The HTTP Client will function without any change if this option is defined. The HTTP Server will need to either be modified or the user will have to create a handful

of FileX services in order to

function properly.

NX HTTP TYPE OF SERVICE Type of service required for the

HTTP TCP requests. By default,

this value is defined as NX_IP_NORMAL to indicate normal IP packet service.

NX HTTP SERVER THREAD TIME SLICE

The number of timer ticks the Server thread is allowed to run before yielding to threads of the same priority. The default value is

2.

NX_HTTP_FRAGMENT_OPTION Fragment enable for HTTP TCP

requests. By default, this value is NX_DONT_FRAGMENT to disable HTTP TCP fragmenting.

NX_HTTP_SERVER_WINDOW_SIZE Server socket window size. By

default, this value is 2048 bytes.

NX_HTTP_TIME_TO_LIVE Specifies the number of routers

this packet can pass before it is discarded. The default value is

set to 0x80.

NX_HTTP_SERVER_TIMEOUT Specifies the number of ThreadX

ticks that internal services will suspend for. The default value is

set to 10 seconds (10 * NX_IP_PERIODIC_RATE).

.

NX_HTTP_SERVER_TIMEOUT_ACCEPT

Specifies the number of ThreadX ticks that internal services will

suspend for in internal

nx_tcp_server_socket_accept
calls. The default value is set to
(10 * NX_IP_PERIODIC_RATE).

NX_HTTP_SERVER_TIMEOUT_DISCONNECT

Specifies the number of ThreadX ticks that internal services will

suspend for in internal

nx_tcp_socket_disconnect calls.
The default value is set to 10

seconds (10 *

NX_IP_PERIODIC_RATE).

.

NX_HTTP_SERVER_TIMEOUT_RECEIVE

Specifies the number of ThreadX ticks that internal services will

suspend for in internal

nx_tcp_socket_receive calls. The default value is set to 10 seconds (10 * NX_IP_PERIODIC_RATE).

.

NX HTTP SERVER TIMEOUT SEND

Specifies the number of ThreadX ticks that internal services will

suspend for in internal

nx_tcp_socket_send calls. The default value is set to 10 seconds (10 * NX_IP_PERIODIC_RATE).

NX_HTTP_MAX_HEADER_FIELD

Specifies the maximum size of the HTTP header field. The

default value is 256.

NX_HTTP_MULTIPART_ENABLE

If defined, enables HTTP Server to support multipart HTTP

requests.

NX_HTTP_SERVER_MAX_PENDING

Specifies the number of connections that can be queued for the HTTP Server. The default

value is set to 5.

NX_HTTP_MAX_RESOURCE

Specifies the number of bytes allowed in a client supplied resource name. The default value is set to 40.

NX_HTTP_MAX_NAME

Specifies the number of bytes allowed in a client supplied username. The default value is set to 20.

NX_HTTP_MAX_PASSWORD

Specifies the number of bytes allowed in a client supplied password. The default value is set to 20.

NX HTTP SERVER MIN PACKET SIZE

Specifies the minimum size of the packets in the pool specified at Server creation. The minimum size is needed to ensure the complete HTTP header can be contained in one packet. The default value is set to 600.

NX_HTTP_CLIENT_MIN_PACKET_SIZE

Specifies the minimum size of the packets in the pool specified at

Client creation. The minimum size is needed to ensure the complete HTTP header can be contained in one packet. The default value is set to 300.

NX_HTTP_SERVER_RETRY_SECONDS

Set the Server socket retransmission timeout in seconds. The default value is set to 2.

NX HTTP SERVER RETRY MAX

This sets the maximum number of retransmissions on Server socket. The default value is set to 10.

NX_HTTP_ SERVER_RETRY_SHIFT

This value is used to set the next retransmission timeout. The current timeout is multiplied by the number of retransmissions thus far, shifted by the value of the socket timeout shift. The default value is set to 1 for doubling the timeout.

NX_HTTP_ SERVER_RETRY_TRANSMIT_QUEUE_DEPTH

This specifies the maximum number of packets that can be enqueued on the Server socket retransmission queue. If the number of packets enqueued reaches this number, no more packets can be sent until one or more enqueued packets are released. The default value is set to 20.

Chapter 3

Description of HTTP Services

This chapter contains a description of all NetX HTTP services (listed below) in alphabetical order.

In the "Return Values" section in the following API descriptions, values in **BOLD** are not affected by the **NX_DISABLE_ERROR_CHECKING** define that is used to disable API error checking, while non-bold values are completely disabled.

HTTP Client services:

nx_http_client_create

Create an HTTP Client Instance

nx_http_client_delete

Delete an HTTP Client instance

nx_http_client_get_start
Start an HTTP GET request

nx_http_client_get_start_extended Start an HTTP GET request

nx_http_client_get_packet

Get next resource data packet

nx_http_client_put_start
Start an HTTP PUT request

nx_http_client_put_start_extended Start an HTTP PUT request

nx_http_client_put_packet

Send next resource data packet

nx_http_client_set_connect_port

Change the port to connect to the HTTP Server

HTTP Server services:

- nx_http_server_cache_info_callback_set

 Set callback to retrieve age and last modified date of
 specified URL
- nx_http_server_callback_data_send

 Send HTTP data from callback function
- nx_http_server_callback_generate_response_header

 Create response header in callback functions
- nx_http_server_callback_generate_response_header_ extended Create response header in callback functions
- nx_http_server_callback_packet_send
 Send an HTTP packet from an HTTP callback
- nx_http_server_callback_response_send

 Send response from callback function
- nx_http_server_callback_response_send_extended Send response from callback function
- nx_http_server_content_get

 Get content from the request
- nx_http_server_content_get_extended

 Get content from the request; supports empty (zero
 Content Length) requests
- nx_http_server_content_length_get

 Get length of content in the request
- nx_http_server_content_length_get_extended

 Get length of content in the request; supports empty
 (zero Content Length) requests
- nx_http_server_create

 Create an HTTP Server instance
- nx_http_server_delete

 Delete an HTTP Server instance
- nx_http_server_get_entity_content

Return size and location of entity content in URL

- nx_http_server_get_entity_header

 Extract URL entity header into specified buffer
- nx_http_server_gmt_callback_set

 Set callback to retrieve GMT date and time
- nx_http_server_invalid_userpassword_notify_set
 Set callback for when invalid username and password
 is received in a Client request
- nx_http_server_mime_maps_additional_set

 Define additional mime maps for HTML
- nx_http_server_packet_content_find Extract content length in HTTP header and set pointer to start of content data
- nx_http_server_packet_get

 Receive client packet directly
- nx_http_server_param_get

 Get parameter from the request
- nx_http_server_query_get

 Get query from the request
- nx_http_server_start
 Start the HTTP Server
- nx_http_server_stop
 Stop the HTTP Server
- nx_http_server_type_get_extended Extract HTTP type e.g. text/plain from header
- nx_http_server_digest_authenticate_notify_set Set digest authenticate callback function
- nx_http_server_authentication_check_set

 Set authentication checking callback function

nx_http_client_create

Create an HTTP Client Instance

Prototype

```
UINT nx_http_client_create(NX_HTTP_CLIENT *client_ptr,
CHAR *client_name, NX_IP *ip_ptr, NX_PACKET_POOL *pool_ptr,
ULONG window_size);
```

Description

This service creates an HTTP Client instance on the specified IP instance.

Input Parameters

client_ptr Pointer to HTTP Client control block.

client name Name of HTTP Client instance.

ip_ptr Pointer to IP instance.

pool_ptr Pointer to default packet pool. Note that the packets

in this pool must have a payload large enough to handle the complete response header. This is defined

by NX_HTTP_CLIENT_MIN_PACKET_SIZE in

nx_http_client.h.

window size Size of the Client's TCP socket receive window.

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successful HTTP Client create
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x16)	Invalid HTTP, ip_ptr, or packet

pool pointer

NX_HTTP_POOL_ERROR(0xE9) Invalid payload size in packet

pool

Allowed From

Initialization, Threads

Example

```
/* Create the HTTP Client instance "my_client" on "ip_0". */
status = nx_http_client_create(&my_client, "my client", &ip_0, &pool_0, 100);
/* If status is NX_SUCCESS an HTTP Client instance was successfully created. */
```

nx_http_client_delete

Delete an HTTP Client Instance

Prototype

```
UINT nx_http_client_delete(NX_HTTP_CLIENT *client_ptr);
```

Description

This service deletes a previously created HTTP Client instance.

Input Parameters

client_ptr Pointer to HTTP Client control block.

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successful HTTP Client delete
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x16)	Invalid HTTP pointer
NX_CALLER_ERROR	(0x11)	Invalid caller of this service

Allowed From

Threads

Example

```
/* Delete the HTTP Client instance "my_client." */
status = nx_http_client_delete(&my_client);
/* If status is NX_SUCCESS an HTTP Client instance was successfully deleted. */
```

nx_http_client_get_start

Start an HTTP GET request

Prototype

Description

This service attempts to GET the resource specified by "resource" pointer on the previously created HTTP Client instance. If this routine returns NX_SUCCESS, the application can then make multiple calls to $nx_http_client_get_packet$ to retrieve packets of data corresponding to the requested resource content.

Note that the resource string can refer to a local file e.g. "/index.htm" or it can refer to another URL e.g. http://abc.website.com/index.htm if the HTTP Server indicates it supports referring GET requests.

This service is deprecated. Developers are encouraged to migrate to *nx http client get start extended()*

Input Parameters

client_ptr	Pointer to HTTP	Client control block.
------------	-----------------	-----------------------

ip_address IP address of the HTTP Server.

resource Pointer to URL string for requested resource.

input_ptr Pointer to additional data for the GET request. This is

optional. If valid, the specified input is placed in the content area of the message and a POST is used

instead of a GET operation.

input_size Number of bytes in optional additional input pointed

to by input_ptr.

username Pointer to optional user name for authentication.

password Pointer to optional password for authentication.

wait_option
Defines how long the service will wait for the

HTTP Client get start request. The wait options are

defined as follows:

time out value (0x00000001 through

0xFFFFFFE)

TX_WAIT_FOREVER (0xFFFFFFF)

Selecting TX_WAIT_FOREVER causes the calling thread to suspend indefinitely until the HTTP Server responds to the request.

Selecting a numeric value (0x1-0xFFFFFFE) specifies the maximum number of timer-ticks to stay suspended while waiting for the HTTP Server response.

Return Values

Successfully sent HTTP Client
GET start message
Internal HTTP Client error
HTTP Client not ready
HTTP Client error communicating
with the HTTP Server.

NX_HTTP_AUTHENTICATION_ERROR (0xEB) Invalid name and/or password.

NX PTR ERROR (0x07) Invalid pointer input

NX_CALLER_ERROR (0x11) Invalid caller of this service.

Allowed From

Threads

Example

nx_http_client_get_start_extended

Start an HTTP GET request

Prototype

Description

This service attempts to GET the resource specified by "resource" pointer on the previously created HTTP Client instance. If this routine returns NX_SUCCESS, the application can then make multiple calls to nx_http_client_get_packet to retrieve packets of data corresponding to the requested resource content.

Note that the resource string can refer to a local file e.g. "/index.htm" or it can refer to another URL e.g. http://abc.website.com/index.htm if the HTTP Server indicates it supports referring GET requests.

This service replaces *nx_http_client_get_start()*. It requires caller to specify the length of the resource, username and password.

Input Parameters

client ptr Pointer to HTTP Client control block.

ip_address IP address of the HTTP Server.

resource Pointer to URL string for requested resource.

resource_length Length of URL string for requested resource.

input_ptr Pointer to additional data for the GET request. This is

optional. If valid, the specified input is placed in the content area of the message and a POST is used

instead of a GET operation.

to by input_ptr.

username Pointer to optional user name for authentication.

username_length Length of optional user name for authentication.

password Pointer to optional password for authentication.

password_length Length of optional password for authentication.

wait_option
Defines how long the service will wait for the

HTTP Client get start request. The wait options are

defined as follows:

time out value (0x0000001 through

0xFFFFFFE)

TX WAIT FOREVER (0xFFFFFFF)

Selecting TX_WAIT_FOREVER causes the calling thread to suspend indefinitely until the

HTTP Server responds to the request.

Selecting a numeric value (0x1-0xFFFFFFE) specifies the maximum number of timer-ticks to stay suspended while waiting for the HTTP

Server response.

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successfully sent HTTP Client
		GET start message
NX_HTTP_ERROR	(0xE0)	Internal HTTP Client error

NX_HTTP_ERROR (0xE0) Internal HTTP Client error NX_HTTP_NOT_READY (0xEA) HTTP Client not ready

NX_HTTP_FAILED (0xE2) HTTP Client error communicating

with the HTTP Server.

NX_HTTP_AUTHENTICATION_ERROR (0xEB) Invalid name and/or

password.

NX_PTR_ERROR (0x07) Invalid pointer input

NX_CALLER_ERROR (0x11) Invalid caller of this service.

Allowed From

Threads

Example

nx_http_client_get_packet

Get next resource data packet

Prototype

UINT **nx_http_client_get_packet**(NX_HTTP_CLIENT *client_ptr, NX_PACKET **packet_ptr, ULONG wait_option);

Description

This service retrieves the next packet of content of the resource requested by the previous $nx_http_client_get_start$ call. Successive calls to this routine should be made until the return status of NX_HTTP_GET_DONE is received.

Input Parameters

client_ptr Pointer to HTTP Client control block.

packet_ptr
Destination for packet pointer containing partial

resource content.

wait_option
Defines how long the service will wait for the

HTTP Client get packet. The wait options are

defined as follows:

timeout value (0x00000001 through

0xFFFFFFE)

TX WAIT FOREVER (0xFFFFFFF)

Selecting TX_WAIT_FOREVER causes the calling thread to suspend indefinitely until the

HTTP Server responds to the request.

Selecting a numeric value (0x1-0xFFFFFFE) specifies the maximum number of timer-ticks to stay suspended while waiting for the HTTP

Server response.

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS (0x00) Successful HTTP Client get

packet.

NX_HTTP_GET_DONE	(0xEC)	HTTP Client get packet is done	
NX_HTTP_NOT_READY	(0xEA)	HTTP Client not in get mode.	
NX_HTTP_BAD_PACKET_LENGTH			
	(0xED)	Invalid packet length	
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x07)	Invalid pointer input	
NX_CALLER_ERROR	(0x11)	Invalid caller of this service	

Allowed From

Threads

Example

```
/* Get the next packet of resource content on the HTTP Client "my_client."
Note that the nx_http_client_get_start routine must have been called
previously. */
status = nx_http_client_get_packet(&my_client, &next_packet, 1000);
```

^{/*} If status is NX_SUCCESS, the next packet of content is pointed to by "next_packet". $\ensuremath{^{*/}}$

nx_http_client_put_start

Start an HTTP PUT request

Prototype

UINT nx_http_client_put_start(NX_HTTP_CLIENT *client_ptr, ULONG ip_address, CHAR *resource, CHAR *username, CHAR *password, ULONG total_bytes, ULONG wait_option);

Description

This service attempts to send a PUT request with the specified resource to the HTTP Server at the supplied IP address. If this routine is successful, the application code should make successive calls to the <code>nx_http_client_put_packet</code> routine to actually send the resource contents to the HTTP Server.

Note that the resource string can refer to a local file e.g. "/index.htm" or it can refer to another URL e.g. http://abc.website.com/index.htm if the HTTP Server indicates it supports referring PUT requests.

This service is deprecated. Developers are encouraged to migrate to $nx_http_client_put_start_extended()$.

Input Parameters

client_ptr Pointer to HTTP Client control block.

ip_address IP address of the HTTP Server.

resource Pointer to URL string for resource to send to Server.

username Pointer to optional user name for authentication.

password Pointer to optional password for authentication.

total_bytes Total bytes of resource being sent. Note that the

combined length of all packets sent via subsequent calls to *nx_http_client_put_packet* must equal this

value.

wait_option

Defines how long the service will wait for the HTTP Client PUT start. The wait options are defined as follows:

timeout value (0x0000001 through 0xFFFFFFE)

TX_WAIT_FOREVER (0xFFFFFFFF)

Selecting TX_WAIT_FOREVER causes the calling thread to suspend indefinitely until the HTTP Server responds to the request.

Selecting a numeric value (0x1-0xFFFFFFE) specifies the maximum number of timer-ticks to stay suspended while waiting for the HTTP Server response.

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successfully sent PUT request	
NX_HTTP_USERNAME_TOO_LONG			
	(0xF1)	Username too large for buffer	
NX_HTTP_NOT_READY	(0xEA)	HTTP Client not ready	
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x07)	Invalid pointer input	
NX_SIZE_ERROR	(0x09)	Invalid total size of resource	
NX_CALLER_ERROR	(0x11)	Invalid caller of this service	

Allowed From

Threads

Example

/* If status is NX_SUCCESS, the PUT operation for TEST.HTM has successfully been started. $\ensuremath{^{*/}}$

nx_http_client_put_start_extended

Start an HTTP PUT request

Prototype

Description

This service attempts to send a PUT request with the specified resource to the HTTP Server at the supplied IP address. If this routine is successful, the application code should make successive calls to the <code>nx_http_client_put_packet</code> routine to actually send the resource contents to the HTTP Server.

Note that the resource string can refer to a local file e.g. "/index.htm" or it can refer to another URL e.g. http://abc.website.com/index.htm if the HTTP Server indicates it supports referring PUT requests.

This service replaces *nx_http_client_put_start()*. It requires caller to specify the length of the resource, username and password.

Input Parameters

client_ptr Pointer to HTTP Client control block.

ip_address IP address of the HTTP Server.

resource Pointer to URL string for resource to send to Server.

resource_length Length of URL string for resource to send to Server.

username Pointer to optional user name for authentication.

username length Length of optional user name for authentication.

password Pointer to optional password for authentication.

password_length Length of optional password for authentication.

total_bytesTotal bytes of resource being sent. Note that the

combined length of all packets sent via subsequent calls to *nx_http_client_put_packet* must equal this

value.

wait_option

Defines how long the service will wait for the HTTP Client PUT start. The wait options are defined as follows:

timeout value (0x00000001 through

0xFFFFFFE)

. ..

TX_WAIT_FOREVER (0xFFFFFFFF)

Selecting TX_WAIT_FOREVER causes the calling thread to suspend indefinitely until the HTTP Server responds to the request.

Selecting a numeric value (0x1-0xFFFFFFE) specifies the maximum number of timer-ticks to stay suspended while waiting for the HTTP Server response.

Return Values

NV 01100E00

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successfully sent PUT request
NX_HTTP_USERNAME_TOO_LONG		
	(0xF1)	Username too large for buffer
NX_HTTP_NOT_READY	(0xEA)	HTTP Client not ready
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x07)	Invalid pointer input
NX_SIZE_ERROR	(0x09)	Invalid total size of resource
NX_CALLER_ERROR	(0x11)	Invalid caller of this service

Allowed From

Threads

nx_http_client_put_packet

Send next resource data packet

Prototype

UINT **nx_http_client_put_packet**(NX_HTTP_CLIENT *client_ptr, NX_PACKET *packet_ptr, ULONG wait_option);

Description

This service attempts to send the next packet of resource content to the HTTP Server. Note that this routine should be called repetitively until the combined length of the packets sent equals the "total_bytes" specified in the previous *nx http client put start()* call.

Input Parameters

client_ptr Pointer to HTTP Client control block.

packet_ptr
Pointer to next content of the resource to being sent

to the HTTP Server.

wait_option
Defines how long the service will wait internally to

process the HTTP Client PUT packet. The wait

options are defined as follows:

timeout value (0x0000001 through

0xFFFFFFE)

TX WAIT FOREVER (0xFFFFFFF)

Selecting TX_WAIT_FOREVER causes the calling thread to suspend indefinitely until the

HTTP Server responds to the request.

Selecting a numeric value (0x1-0xFFFFFFE) specifies the maximum number of timer-ticks to stay suspended while waiting for the HTTP

Server response.

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS (0x00) Successfully sent HTTP Client

packet.

NX_HTTP_NOT_READY (0xEA) HTTP Client not ready NX_HTTP_REQUEST_UNSUCCESSFUL_CODE

(0xEE)

Received Server error code

NX_HTTP_BAD_PACKET_LENGTH

(0xED) Invalid packet length

NX_HTTP_AUTHENTICATION_ERROR (0xEB) Invalid name and/or Password

NX_HTTP_INCOMPLETE_PUT_ERROR

(0xEF) Server responds before PUT

Is complete

NX_PTR_ERROR (0x07) Invalid pointer input

NX_INVALID_PACKET (0x12) Packet too small for TCP header

NX_CALLER_ERROR (0x11) Invalid caller of this service

Allowed From

Threads

Example

/* Send a 20-byte packet representing the content of the resource
 "/TEST.HTM" to the HTTP Server. */
status = nx_http_client_put_packet(NX_HTTP_CLIENT *client_ptr, NX_PACKET
*packet_ptr, ULONG wait_option);

 $/\!\!^*$ If status is NX_SUCCESS, the 20-byte resource contents of TEST.HTM has successfully been sent. $^*/$

nx_http_client_set_connect_port

Set the connection port to the Server

Prototype

Description

This service changes the connect port when connecting to the HTTP Server to the specified port at runtime. Otherwise the connect port defaults to 80. This must be called before *nx_http_client_get_start()* and *nx_http_client_put_start()* e.g. when the HTTP Client connects with the Server.

Input Parameters

client_ptr	Pointer to HTTP Client control block.
------------	---------------------------------------

port Port for connecting to the Server.

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successfully changed the connect port
NX_INVALID_PORT	(0x46)	Port exceeds the maximum (0xFFFF) or is zero.
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x07)	Invalid pointer input

Allowed From

Threads, Initialization

```
NX_HTTP_CLIENT *client_ptr;

/* Change the connect port to 114. */
status = nx_http_client_set_connect_port(client_ptr, 114);

/* If status is NX_SUCCESS, the connect port is successfully changed. */
```

nx_http_server_cache_info_callback_set

Set the callback to retrieve URL max age and date

Prototype

Description

This service sets the callback service invoked to obtain the maximum age and last modified date of the specified resource.

Input Parameters

server_ptr	Pointer to HTTP	' Server	control bl	ock.
------------	-----------------	----------	------------	------

cache_info_get Pointer to the callback

max_age Pointer to maximum age of a resource

data Pointer to last modified date returned.

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successfully set the callback
NX PTR ERROR	(0x07)	Invalid pointer input

Allowed From

Initialization

nx_http_server_callback_data_send

Send data from callback function

Prototype

```
UINT nx_http_server_callback_data_send(NX_HTTP_SERVER *server_ptr, VOID *data_ptr, ULONG data_length);
```

Description

This service sends the data in the supplied packet from the application's callback routine. This is typically used to send dynamic data associated with GET/POST requests. Note that if this function is used, the callback routine is responsible for sending the entire response in the proper format. In addition, the callback routine must return the status of NX_HTTP_CALLBACK_COMPLETED.

Input Parameters

server_ptr Pointer to HTTP Server control block.

data_ptr Pointer to the data to send.

data_length Number of bytes to send.

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successfully sent Server data

NX_PTR_ERROR (0x07) Invalid pointer input

Allowed From

Threads

nx http server callback generate response header

Create a response header in a callback function

Prototype

UINT nx_http_server_callback_generate_response_header(

NX_HTTP_SERVER *server_ptr,
NX_PACKET **packet_pptr,
CHAR *status_code, UINT content_length,

CHAR *content_type, CHAR* additional_header);

Description

This service calls the internal function

_nx_http_server_generate_response_header when the HTTP server responds to Client get, put and delete requests. It is intended for use in HTTP server callback functions when the HTTP server application is designing its response to the Client.

This service is deprecated. Developers are encouraged to migrate to nxd_http_server_callback_generate_response_header_extended().

Input Parameters

Pointer to HTTP Server control block. server_ptr

Pointer a packet pointer allocated for message packet pptr

status code Indicate status of resource. Examples:

NX_HTTP_STATUS_OK

NX HTTP STATUS MODIFIED

NX_HTTP_STATUS_INTERNAL_ERROR

content_length Size of content in bytes

Type of HTTP e.g. "text/plain" content_type

Pointer to additional header text additional_header

Return Values

(0x00)Successfully created HTML NX SUCCESS

header

NX PTR ERROR (0x07)Invalid pointer input

Allowed From

Threads

```
/* my_request_notify is the application request notify callback registered with
the HTTP server in nx_http_server_create, creates a response to the received
Client request. */
  UINT my_request_notify(NX_HTTP_SERVER *server_ptr, UINT request_type, CHAR *resource, NX_PACKET *recv_packet_ptr)
  {
                 *sresp_packet_ptr;
string_length;
    NX PACKET
    ULONG
                 temp_string[30];
    CHAR
                 length = 0;
    UI ONG
       length = strlen(&demotestbuffer[0]);
    /* Derive the client request type from the client request. */
string_length = (ULONG) nx_http_server_type_get(server_ptr, server_ptr ->
                                     nx_http_server_request_resource, temp_string);
   /* Null terminate the string. */
       temp_string[temp] = 0;
   /* Now build a response header with server status is OK and no additional header
       status = nx_http_server_callback_generate_response_header(http_server_ptr,
                                         &resp_packet_ptr, NX_HTTP_STATUS_OK, length, temp_string, NX_NULL);
    /* If status is NX_SUCCESS, the header was successfully appended. */
    if (status != NX_SUCCESS)
            nx_packet_release(resp_packet_ptr);
            return status;
       }
    /* Now send the packet! */
    status = nx_tcp_socket_send(&(server_ptr -> nx_http_server_socket),
                                      resp_packet_ptr, NX_HTTP_SERVER_TIMEOUT_SEND);
       if (status != NX_SUCCESS)
           nx_packet_release(resp_packet_ptr);
           return status;
    /* Let HTTP server know the response has been sent. */
      return NX_HTTP_CALLBACK_COMPLETED;
 }
```

nx_http_server_callback_generate_response_header_ extended

Create a response header in a callback function

Prototype

Description

This service calls the internal function

_nx_http_server_generate_response_header() when the HTTP server responds to Client get, put and delete requests. It is intended for use in HTTP server callback functions when the HTTP server application is designing its response to the Client.

This service replaces

nx_http_server_callback_generate_response_header(). This version supplies additional length information to the callback function.

Input Parameters

server_ptr Pointer to HTTP Server control block.

packet pptr Pointer a packet pointer allocated for message

status code Indicate status of resource. Examples:

NX_HTTP_STATUS_OK

NX_HTTP_STATUS_MODIFIED

NX_HTTP_STATUS_INTERNAL_ERROR

status_code Length of status code

content_length Size of content in bytes

content_type Type of HTTP e.g. "text/plain"

content_type_length Length of HTTP type

additional_header Pointer to additional header text

additional_header_length

Length of additional header text

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successfully created header
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x07)	Invalid pointer input

Allowed From

Threads

```
 \begin{tabular}{ll} CHAR & demotestbuffer[] = "<html>\r\n\r\n<head>\r\n\r\n<title>Main & window</title>\r\n</head>\r\n\r\n<body>Test message\r\n & </body>\r\n</html>\r\n";   \end{tabular} 
/* my_request_notify is the application request notify callback registered with
  the HTTP server in nx_http_server_create, creates a response to the received Client request. */
  UINT my_request_notify(NX_HTTP_SERVER *server_ptr, UINT request_type, CHAR *resource, NX_PACKET *recv_packet_ptr)
               *sresp_packet_ptr;
string_length;
   NX_PACKET
   UI ONG
               temp_string[30];
length = 0;
   CHAR
   ULONG
   length = strlen(&demotestbuffer[0]);
    /* Derive the client request type from the client request. */
   sizeof(temp_string));
   /* Null terminate the string. */
      temp_string[temp] = 0;
   /* Now build a response header with server status is OK and no additional header
      info. */
   /* If status is NX_SUCCESS, the header was successfully appended. */
   /* Now add data to the packet.
   if (status != NX_SUCCESS)
       nx_packet_release(resp_packet_ptr);
       return status;
   }
```

nx_http_server_callback_packet_send

Send an HTTP packet from callback function

Prototype

UINT **nx_http_server_callback_packet_send**(NX_HTTP_SERVER *server_ptr, NX_PACKET *packet_ptr);

Description

This service sends a complete HTTP server response from an HTTP callback. HTTP server will send the packet with the NX_HTTP_SERVER _TIMEOUT_SEND. The HTTP header and data must be appended to the packet. If the return status indicates an error, the HTTP application must release the packet.

The callback should return NX_HTTP_CALLBACK_COMPLETED.

See nx_http_server_callback_generate_response_header() for a more detailed example.

Input Parameters

server_ptr	Pointer to HTTP Server control block
packet_ptr	Pointer to the packet to send

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successfully sent HTTP Server
		packet
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x07)	Invalid pointer input

Allowed From

Threads

....

nx_http_server_callback_response_send

Send response from callback function

Prototype

UINT **nx_http_server_callback_response_send**(NX_HTTP_SERVER *server_ptr, CHAR *header, CHAR *information, CHAR additional_info);

Description

This service sends the supplied response information from the application's callback routine. This is typically used to send custom responses associated with GET/POST requests. Note that if this function is used, the callback routine must return the status of NX_HTTP_CALLBACK_COMPLETED.

This service is deprecated. Developers are encouraged to migrate to $nx_http_server_callback_response_send_extended()$.

Input Parameters

server_ptr Pointer to HTTP Server control block.

header Pointer to the response header string.

information Pointer to the information string.

additional_info Pointer to the additional information string.

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS (0x00) Successfully sent HTTP Server

response

Allowed From

Threads

nx http server callback response send extended

Send response from callback function

Prototype

UINT nx_http_server_callback_response_send_extended(

NX_HTTP_SERVER *server_ptr, CHAR *heade
UINT header_length, CHAR *information,
UINT information_length, CHAR *additional_info,

UINT additional_info_length);

Description

This service sends the supplied response information from the application's callback routine. This is typically used to send custom responses associated with GET/POST requests. Note that if this function is used, the callback routine must return the status of NX_HTTP_CALLBACK_COMPLETED.

This service replaces nx_http_server_callback_response_send(). This version takes length information as input argument.

Input Parameters

Pointer to HTTP Server control block. server_ptr

header Pointer to the response header string.

header length Length of the response header string.

information Pointer to the information string.

information_length Length of the information string.

additional_info Pointer to the additional information string.

additional_info_length Length of the additional information string.

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS (0x00)Successfully sent Server

response

Allowed From

Threads

nx_http_server_content_get

Get content from the request

Prototype

Description

This service attempts to retrieve the specified amount of content from the POST or PUT HTTP Client request. It should be called from the application's request notify callback specified during HTTP Server creation (nx_http_server_create()).

This service is deprecated. Developers are encouraged to migrate to nx http server content get extended().

Input Parameters

server_ptr	Pointer to HTTP	Server control block.
------------	-----------------	-----------------------

packet_ptr
Pointer to the HTTP Client request packet. Note that

this packet must not be released by the request notify

callback.

byte_offset Number of bytes to offset into the content area.

destination_ptr Pointer to the destination area for the content.

destination_size Maximum number of bytes available in the

destination area.

actual size Pointer to the destination variable that will be

set to the actual size of the content copied.

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successful HTTP Server content get
NX_HTTP_ERROR	(0xE0)	HTTP Server internal error
NX_HTTP_DATA_END	(0xE7)	End of request content
NX_HTTP_TIMEOUT	(0xE1)	HTTP Server timeout in getting
		next packet of content
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x07)	Invalid pointer input
NX_CALLER_ERROR	(0x11)	Invalid caller of this service

Allowed From

Threads

nx_http_server_content_get_extended

Get content from the request/supports zero length Content Length

Prototype

Description

This service is almost identical to $nx_http_server_content_get()$; it attempts to retrieve the specified amount of content from the POST or PUT HTTP Client request. However it handles requests with Content Length of zero value ('empty request') as a valid request. It should be called from the application's request notify callback specified during HTTP Server creation ($nx_http_server_create()$).

This service replaces *nx_http_server_content_get()*. This version requires caller to supply additional length information.

Input Parameters

server_ptr Pointer to HTTP Server control block.

packet_ptr
Pointer to the HTTP Client request packet. Note that

this packet must not be released by the request notify

callback.

byte_offset Number of bytes to offset into the content area.

destination_ptr Pointer to the destination area for the content.

destination_size Maximum number of bytes available in the

destination area.

actual size Pointer to the destination variable that will be

set to the actual size of the content copied.

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successful HTTP content get
NX_HTTP_ERROR	(0xE0)	HTTP Server internal error
NX_HTTP_DATA_END	(0xE7)	End of request content
NX_HTTP_TIMEOUT	(0xE1)	HTTP Server timeout in getting
		next packet
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x07)	Invalid pointer input
NX_CALLER_ERROR	(0x11)	Invalid caller of this service

Allowed From

Threads

nx_http_server_content_length_get

Get length of content in the request

Prototype

UINT nx_http_server_content_length_get(NX_PACKET *packet_ptr);

Description

This service attempts to retrieve the HTTP content length in the supplied packet. If there is no HTTP content, this routine returns a value of zero. It should be called from the application's request notify callback specified during HTTP Server creation (*nx_http_server_create()*).

This service is deprecated. Developers are encouraged to migrate to nx_http_server_content_length_get_extended().

Input Parameters

packet ptr

Pointer to the HTTP Client request packet. Note that this packet must not be released by the request notify callback.

Return Values

content length

On error, a value of zero is returned

Allowed From

Threads

```
/* Assuming we are in the application's request notify callback
  routine, get the content length of the HTTP Client request. */
length = nx_http_server_content_length_get(packet_ptr);
/* The "length" variable now contains the length of the HTTP Client
  request content area. */
```

nx_http_server_content_length_get_extended

Get length of content in the request/supports Content Length of zero value

Prototype

Description

This service is similar to $nx_http_server_content_length_get()$; attempts to retrieve the HTTP content length in the supplied packet. However, the return value indicates successful completion status, and the actual length value is returned in the input pointer content_length. If there is no HTTP content/Content Length = 0, this routine still returns a successful completion status and the content_length input pointer points to a valid length (zero). It should be called from the application's request notify callback specified during HTTP Server creation ($nx_http_server_create()$).

This service replaces *nx_http_server_content_length_get()*.

Input Parameters

this packet must not be released by the request notify

callback.

content_length Pointer to value retrieved from Content Length field

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS (0x00) Successful HTTP Server content

get

NX HTTP INCOMPLETE PUT ERROR

(0xEF) Improper HTTP header format

NX PTR ERROR (0x07) Invalid pointer input

Allowed From

Threads

```
/* Assuming we are in the application's request notify callback
   routine, get the content length of the HTTP Client request. */
ULONG content_length;

status = nx_http_server_content_length_get_extended(packet_ptr, &content_length);

/* If the "status" variable indicates successful completion, the "length" variable contains the length of the HTTP Client request content area. */
```

nx_http_server_create

Create an HTTP Server instance

Prototype

Description

This service creates an HTTP Server instance, which runs in the context of its own ThreadX thread. The optional *authentication_check* and *request_notify* application callback routines give the application software control over the basic operations of the HTTP Server.

Input Parameters

http_server_ptr Pointer to HTTP Server control block.

http_server_name Pointer to HTTP Server's name.

ip_ptr Pointer to previously created IP instance.

media_ptr Pointer to previously created FileX media instance.

stack_ptr Pointer to HTTP Server thread stack area.

stack_size Pointer to HTTP Server thread stack size.

authentication check Function pointer to application's authentication

checking routine. If specified, this routine is called for each HTTP Client request. If this parameter is NULL,

no authentication will be performed.

request notify Function pointer to application's request notify routine.

If specified, this routine is called prior to the HTTP server processing of the request. This allows the resource name to be redirected or fields within a resource to be updated prior to completing the HTTP

Client request.

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successful HTTP Server create.
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x07)	Invalid HTTP Server, IP, media,
		stack, or packet pool pointer.
NX_HTTP_POOL_ERROR	(0xE9)	Packet payload of pool is not
		large enough to contain
		complete HTTP request.

Allowed From

Initialization, Threads

nx_http_server_delete

Delete an HTTP Server instance

Prototype

```
UINT nx_http_server_delete(NX_HTTP_SERVER *http_server_ptr);
```

Description

This service deletes a previously created HTTP Server instance.

Input Parameters

http_server_ptr Pointer to HTTP Server control block.

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successful HTTP Server delete
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x07)	Invalid HTTP Server pointer
NX_CALLER_ERROR	(0x11)	Invalid caller of this service

Allowed From

Threads

```
/* Delete the HTTP Server instance called "my_server." */
status = nx_http_server_delete(&my_server);
/* If status equals NX_SUCCESS, the HTTP Server delete was successful. */
```

nx_http_server_get_entity_content

Retrieve the location and length of entity data

Prototype

Description

This service determines the location of the start of data within the current multipart entity in the received Client messages, and the length of data not including the boundary string. Internally HTTP server updates its own offsets so that this function can be called again on the same Client datagram for messages with multiple entities. The packet pointer is updated to the next packet where the Client message is a multi-packet datagram.

Note that NX_HTTP_MULTIPART_ENABLE must be enabled to use this service.

See *nx_http_server_get_entity_header* for more details.

Input Parameters

server ptr	Pointer to HTTP Server
JCIVCI DU	

packet_pptr Pointer to location of packet pointer. Note

that the application should not release this

packet.

available_offset Pointer to offset of entity data from the packet

prepend pointer

available_length Pointer to length of entity data

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS (0x00) Successfully retrieved size and

location of entity content

NX_HTTP_BOUNDARY_ALREADY_FOUND

(0xF4) Content for the HTTP server

internal multipart markers is

already found

NX_HTTP_ERROR (0xE0) HTTP Server internal error

NX_PTR_ERROR (0x07) Invalid pointer input

Allowed From

Threads

Example

NX_HTTP_SERVER my_server;

/* Inside the request notify callback, the HTTP server application first obtains
the entity header to determine details about the multipart data. If
successful, it then calls this service to get the location of entity data: */

 $/\!\!^*$ If status equals NX_SUCCESS, offset and location determine the location of the entity data. $^*\!/$

nx_http_server_get_entity_header

Retrieve the contents of entity header

Prototype

Description

This service retrieves the entity header into the specified buffer. Internally HTTP Server updates its own pointers to locate the next multipart entity in a Client datagram with multiple entity headers. The packet pointer is updated to the next packet where the Client message is a multi-packet datagram.

Note that NX_HTTP_MULTIPART_ENABLE must be enabled to use this service.

Input Parameters

server_ptr	Pointer to HTTP Server
packet_pptr	Pointer to location of packet pointer. Note that the application should not release this packet.
entity_header_buffer	Pointer to location to store entity header
buffer_size	Size of input buffer

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successfully retrieved entity
		heade
NX_HTTP_NOT_FOUND	(0xE6)	Entity header field not found
NX_HTTP_TIMEOUT	(0xE1)	Time expired to receive next
		packet for multipacket client
		message
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x07)	Invalid pointer input
NX_CALLER_ERROR	(0x11)	Invalid caller of this service
NX HTTP ERROR	(0xE0)	Internal HTTP error

Allowed From

Threads

```
/* my_request_notify is the application request notify callback registered with
the HTTP server in nx_http_server_create, creates a response to the received
Client request. */
  UINT my_request_notify(NX_HTTP_SERVER *server_ptr, UINT request_type, CHAR *resource, NX_PACKET *packet_ptr)
               *sresp_packet_ptr;
offset, length;
    NX_PACKET
    UINT
    NX_PACKET
                *response_pkt;
    UCHAR
               buffer[1440];
    /* Process multipart data. */
if(request_type == NX_HTTP_SERVER_POST_REQUEST)
       /* Get the content header. */
      while(nx_http_server_get_entity_header(server_ptr, &packet_ptr, buffer,
                                            sizeof(buffer)) == NX_SUCCESS)
       {
          /* Header obtained successfully. Get the content data location. */
         {
               /* Write content data to buffer. */
              nx_packet_data_extract_offset(packet_ptr, offset, buffer, length,
                                            &length);
              buffer[length] = 0;
          }
        /* Generate HTTP header. */
       if(status == NX_SUCCESS)
           {
                   nx_packet_release(response_pkt);
            }
       }
   }
Else
           /* Indicate we have not processed the response to client yet.*/
           return(NX_SUCCESS);
    /* Indicate the response to client is transmitted. */
    return(NX_HTTP_CALLBACK_COMPLETED);
```

nx_http_server_gmt_callback_set

Set the callback to obtain GMT date and time

Prototype

```
UINT nx_http_server_gmt_callback_set(NX_HTTP_SERVER *server_ptr, VOID (*gmt_get)(NX_HTTP_SERVER_DATE *date);
```

Description

This service sets the callback to obtain GMT date and time with a previously created HTTP server. This service is invoked with the HTTP server is creating a header in HTTP server responses to the Client.

Input Parameters

server ptr	Pointer to HTTP Server
------------	------------------------

gmt_get Pointer to GMT callback

date Pointer to the date retrieved

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successfully set the callback
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x07)	Invalid packet or parameter
		pointer.

Allowed From

Threads

```
NX_HTTP_SERVER my_server;

VOID get_gmt(NX_HTTP_SERVER_DATE *now);

/* After the HTTP server is created by calling nx_http_server_create, and before starting HTTP services when nx_http_server_start is called, set the GMT retrieve callback: */

status = nx_http_server_gmt_callback_set(&my_server, gmt_get);

/* If status equals NX_SUCCESS, the gmt_get will be called to set the HTTP server response header date. */
```

nx_http_server_invalid_userpassword_notify_set

Set the callback to to handle invalid user/password

Prototype

Description

This service sets the callback invoked when an invalid username and password is received in a Client get, put or delete request, either by digest or basic authentication. The HTTP server must be previously created.

Input Parameters

server_ptr Pointer to HTTP Server

invalid_username_password_callback

Pointer to invalid user/pass callback

resource Pointer to the resource specified by the client

client_address Client address

request_type Indicates client request type. May be:

NX_HTTP_SERVER_GET_REQUEST NX_HTTP_SERVER_POST_REQUEST NX_HTTP_SERVER_HEAD_REQUEST NX_HTTP_SERVER_PUT_REQUEST NX_HTTP_SERVER_DELETE_REQUEST

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successfully set the callback
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x07)	Invalid pointer input

Allowed From

Threads

nx_http_server_mime_maps_additional_set

Set additional MIME maps for HTML

Prototype

Description

This service allows the HTTP application developer to add additional MIME types from the default MIME types supplied by NetX HTTP Server (see nx_http_server_get_type for list of defined types).

When a client request is received, e.g. a GET request, HTTP server parses the requested file type from the HTTP header using preferentially the additional MIME map set and if no match if found, it looks for a match in the default MIME map of the HTTP server. If no match is found, the MIME type defaults to "text/plain".

If the request notify function is registered with the HTTP server, the request notify callback can call $nx_http_server_type_get$ to parse the file type.

Input Parameters

server_ptr	Pointer to H1	IP Server instance
------------	---------------	--------------------

mime_maps Pointer to a MIME map array

mime_map_num Number of MIME maps in array

Return Values

NX SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successful HTTP	Server
------------	--------	-----------------	--------

MIME map set

NX_PTR_ERROR (0x07) Invalid pointer input

Allowed From

Initialization, Threads

nx_http_server_packet_content_find

Extract content length and set pointer to start of data

Prototype

Description

This service extracts the content length from the HTTP header. It also updates the supplied packet as follows: the packet prepend pointer (start of location of packet buffer to write to) is set to the HTTP content (data) just passed the HTTP header.

If the beginning of content is not found in the current packet, the function waits for the next packet to be received using the NX_HTTP_SERVER_TIMEOUT_RECEIVE wait option.

Note this should not be called before calling nx_http_server_get_entity_header() because it modifies the prepend pointer past the entity header.

Input Parameters

server ptr	Pointer to HTTF	P server instance
------------	-----------------	-------------------

packet_ptr
Pointer to packet pointer for returning the

packet with updated prepend pointer

content_length Pointer to extracted content_length

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	HTTP content length found and
		packet successfully updated
NX_HTTP_TIMEOUT	(0xE1)	Time expired waiting on next
		packet
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x07)	Invalid pointer input

Allowed From

Threads

Example

/* The HTTP server pointed to by server_ptr is previously created and started. The server has received a Client request packet, recv_packet_ptr, and the packet content find service is called from the request notify callback function registered with the HTTP server. */

UINT content_length;

 $/^{\ast}$ If status equals NX_SUCCESS, the content length specifies the content length and the packet pointer prepend pointer is set to the HTTP content (data). $^{\ast}/$

nx_http_server_packet_get

Receive the next HTTP packet

Prototype

Description

This service returns the next packet received on the HTTP server socket. The wait option to receive a packet is NX HTTP SERVER TIMEOUT RECEIVE.

Input Parameters

server ptr	Pointer to HTTP server instance
------------	---------------------------------

packet_ptr
Pointer to received packet

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successfully received next HTTP
		packet
NX_HTTP_TIMEOUT	(0xE1)	Time expired waiting on next
		packet
NX PTR ERROR	(0x07)	Invalid pointer input

Allowed From

Threads

```
/* The HTTP server pointed to by server_ptr is previously created and started. */
UINT content_length;
NX_PACKET *recv_packet_ptr;
status = nx_http_server_packet_get(server_ptr, &recv_packet_ptr);
/* If status equals NX_SUCCESS, a Client packet is obtained. */
```

nx_http_server_param_get

Get parameter from the request

Prototype

Description

This service attempts to retrieve the specified HTTP URL parameter in the supplied request packet. If the requested HTTP parameter is not present, this routine returns a status of NX_HTTP_NOT_FOUND. This routine should be called from the application's request notify callback specified during HTTP Server creation (*nx_http_server_create()*).

Input Parameters

packet_ptr	Pointer to HTTP	Client request	packet. Note
------------	-----------------	----------------	--------------

that the application should not release this

packet.

param_number Logical number of the parameter starting at

zero, from left to right in the parameter list.

param_ptr Destination area to copy the parameter.

max_param_size Maximum size of the parameter destination

area.

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successful HTTP Server parameter get
NX_HTTP_NOT_FOUND	(0xE6)	Specified parameter not found
NX_HTTP_IMPROPERLY	_TERMINAT	ED_PARAM
	(0xF3)	Request parameter not
		properly terminated
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x07)	Invalid pointer input
NX_CALLER_ERROR	(0x11)	Invalid caller of this service

Allowed From

Threads

nx_http_server_query_get

Get query from the request

Prototype

Description

This service attempts to retrieve the specified HTTP URL query in the supplied request packet. If the requested HTTP query is not present, this routine returns a status of NX_HTTP_NOT_FOUND. This routine should be called from the application's request notify callback specified during HTTP Server creation (*nx_http_server_create(*)).

Input Parameters

packet_ptr	Pointer to HTTP Client request packet. Note
------------	---

that the application should not release this

packet.

query_number Logical number of the parameter starting at

zero, from left to right in the query list.

Destination area to copy the query. query_ptr

Maximum size of the query destination max_query_size

area.

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successful HTTP Server
		query get
NX_HTTP_FAILED	(0xE2)	Query size too small.
NX_HTTP_NOT_FOUND	(0xE6)	Specified query not found
NX_HTTP_NO_QUERY_P	ARSED	
	(0xF2)	No query in Client request
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x07)	Invalid pointer input
NX_CALLER_ERROR	(0x11)	Invalid caller of this service

Allowed From

Threads

nx_http_server_start

Start the HTTP Server

Prototype

```
UINT nx_http_server_start(NX_HTTP_SERVER *http_server_ptr);
```

Description

This service starts the previously create HTTP Server instance.

Input Parameters

http_server_ptr	Pointer to HTTP Server instance.
-----------------	----------------------------------

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successful HTTP Server
		start
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x07)	Invalid pointer input

Allowed From

Initialization, Threads

```
/* Start the HTTP Server instance "my_server." */
status = nx_http_server_start(&my_server);
/* If status equals NX_SUCCESS, the HTTP Server has been started. */
```

nx_http_server_stop

Stop the HTTP Server

Prototype

```
UINT nx_http_server_stop(NX_HTTP_SERVER *http_server_ptr);
```

Description

This service stops the previously create HTTP Server instance. This routine should be called prior to deleting an HTTP Server instance.

Input Parameters

http_server_ptr	Pointer to HTTP Server instance.
-----------------	----------------------------------

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successful HTTP Server
		stop
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x07)	Invalid pointer input
NX CALLER ERROR	(0x11)	Invalid caller of this service

Allowed From

Threads

```
/* Stop the HTTP Server instance "my_server." */
status = nx_http_server_stop(&my_server);
/* If status equals NX_SUCCESS, the HTTP Server has been stopped. */
```

nx_http_server_type_get

Extract file type from Client HTTP request

Prototype

```
UINT nx_http_server_type_get(NX_HTTP_SERVER *http_server_ptr, CHAR *name, CHAR *http_type_string);
```

Description

This service extracts the HTTP request type in the buffer <code>http_type_string</code> and its length in the return value from the input buffer <code>name</code>, usually the URL. If no MIME map is found, it defaults to the "text/plain" type. Otherwise it compares the extracted type against the HTTP Server default MIME maps for a match. The default MIME maps in NetX HTTP Server are:

text/html
text/html
text/plain
image/gif
image/jpeg
image/x-icon

If supplied, it will also search a user defined set of additional MIME maps. See $nx_http_server_mime_maps_addtional_set()$ for more details on user defined maps.

This service is deprecated. Developers are encouraged to migrate to $nx_http_server_type_get_extended()$.

Input Parameters

http_server_ptr Pointer to HTTP Server instance

name Pointer to buffer to search

http_type_string (Pointer to extracted HTML type)

Return Values

Length of string in bytes Non zero value is success

Zero indicates error

Allowed From

Application

Example

For a more detailed example, see the description for nx_http_server_callback_generate_response_header.

nx_http_server_type_get_extended

Extract file type from Client HTTP request

Prototype

```
UINT nx_http_server_type_get_extended(

NX_HTTP_SERVER *http_server_ptr,

CHAR *name, CHAR *http_type_string,

UINT http_type_string_max_size);
```

Description

This service extracts the HTTP request type in the buffer http_type_string and its length in the return value from the input buffer name, usually the URL. If no MIME map is found, it defaults to the "text/plain" type. Otherwise it compares the extracted type against the HTTP Server default MIME maps for a match. The default MIME maps in NetX Duo HTTP Server are:

html	text/html
htm	text/html
txt	text/plain
gif	image/gif
jpg	image/jpeg
ico	image/x-icon

If supplied, it will also search a user defined set of additional MIME maps. See $nx_http_server_mime_maps_addtional_set()$ for more details on user defined maps.

This service replaces $nx_http_server_type_get()$. This version supplies additional length information.

Input Parameters

http_server_ptr Pointer to HTTP Server instance

name Pointer to buffer to search

name_length Length of buffer to search

http_type_string (Pointer to extracted HTML type)

http_type_string_max_size

Size of the *http_type_string* buffer

Return Values

Length of string in bytes Non zero value is success Zero indicates error

Allowed From

Application

Example

For a more detailed example, see the description for nx_http_server_callback_generate_response_header.

nx_http_server_digest_authenticate_notify_set

Set digest authenticate callback function

Prototype

Description

This service sets the callback invoked when digest authenticate is performed.

Input Parameters

```
http_server_ptr Pointer to HTTP Server instance
```

digest_authenticate_callback

Pointer to digest authenticate callback

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successfully set the callback
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x07)	Invalid pointer input
NX NOT SUPPORTED	(0x4B)	Digest authenticate not enabled

Allowed From

Application

NX_HTTP_SERVER my_server;

/* After the HTTP server is created by calling nx_http_server_create, and before starting HTTP services when nx_http_server_start is called, set the digest authenticate callback: */

 $/^{\ast}$ If status equals NX_SUCCESS, the digest_authenticate_callback function will be called when the HTTP server performs digest authenticate. $^{\ast}/$

nx_http_server_authentication_check_set

Set authentication checking callback function

Prototype

Description

This service sets the callback function of authentication checking.

Input Parameters

http_server_ptr Pointer to HTTP Server instance

authentication_check_extended

Pointer to application's authentication checking

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successfully set the callback
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x07)	Invalid pointer input

Allowed From

Application