Statistical Models

Selected Topic from STAT 221/231

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University of Waterloo

Statistical models: A statistical model is a mathematical model that involves the use of probability.

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Purposes of using statistical models: To study and explain the uncertainty and variability in the inferences made to the population when only a small proportion of the units from the population is reachable.

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Purposes of using statistical models: To study and explain the uncertainty and variability in the inferences made to the population when only a small proportion of the units from the population is reachable.

How to choose a statistical model: Depends on the problem of interest

In introductory statistics, we often choose our models from a family of probability distributions.

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We assume that

$$X \sim f(x; \theta)$$
.

 $f(x; \theta)$ is indexed by the parameter θ , which could be a scalar or a vector.

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Model the outcome by a random variable X, a sensible model choice would be the **Bernoulli distribution** indexed by $\theta = \mathbb{P}(X = \text{Head})$, where $\mathbb{P}(X = \text{Head})$ is the probability of getting a head:

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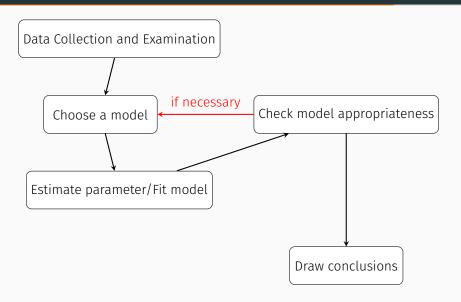
$$X \sim Bernoulli(\theta)$$

In this case, the true value of θ is known $(\frac{1}{2})$ because it is a fair coin.

However, the parameter θ is often unknown to us. So, we need to select a value for θ before we can do anything about the problem using our model.

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The process of selecting a value for θ based on the information (the observed data) we have is called "estimating" the value of θ or "fitting" the model.



References

Department of Statistics and Actuarial Science. STAT 221/231 Course Notes Fall 2021 Edition. University of Waterloo, Waterloo, ON, 2021.



University of Waterloo, Waterloo, ON, 2021.