

The Psql program

Outline

1. The Psql command-line format
2. The psql meta-commands
3. The psqlrc.conf file
4. Importing data with Psql

1. The Psql command-line format

Open SQL shell

- Windows:
 - C1:
 - Start/All Programs/PostgreSQLx.x/SQL shell
 - C2:
 - cmd
 - cd « C:\Program Files\PostgreSQL\x.x\bin »
 - psql -h localhost postgres postgres
- Ubuntu:
 - shell window
 - psql -h localhost postgres postgres
(psql -h 172.28.13.227 postgres postgres)

Connection Options

- **Format:** `psql [options] [databasename [username]]`
 - *options* can be one or more options that define additional controlling information
 - The *databasename* and *username* parameters directly specify these values on the command line WITHOUT having *options* format
 - Example:

`psql postgres postgres`
`psql test barney`

- Connect as
 - superuser: #
 - normal users: >

```
C:\Program Files\PostgreSQL\9.1\bin>psql test barney
Password for user barney:
psql (9.1.5)
Type "help" for help.

test=> \q

C:\Program Files\PostgreSQL\9.1\bin>psql test postgres
Password for user postgres:
psql (9.1.5)
Type "help" for help.

test=#
```

Feature Options

- <file:///C:/Program%20Files/PostgreSQL/9.4/doc/postgresql/html/app-psql.html>
- Format: `options`
- *optionname* parameter
 - **Long-name format** Uses a common name to represent the option, preceded by a double dash, such as `--port`
`psql --host=localhost --port=5432`
 - **Short-name format** Uses a single character to represent the option, preceded by just a single dash, such as `-e`.
`psql -h localhost -p 5432`

Be careful when using the optionnames, as they are case sensitive.

General options:

-c, --command=COMMAND	run only single command (SQL or internal) and exit
-d, --dbname=DBNAME	database name to connect to (default: "oanh")
-f, --file=FILENAME	execute commands from file, then exit
-l, --list	list available databases, then exit
-v, --set=, --variable=NAME=VALUE	set psql variable NAME to VALUE
-X, --no-psqlrc	do not read startup file (~/.psqlrc)
-1 ("one"), --single-transaction	execute command file as a single transaction
--help	show this help, then exit
--version	output version information, then exit

Input and output options:

-a, --echo-all	echo all input from script
-e, --echo-queries	echo commands sent to server
-E, --echo-hidden	display queries that internal commands generate
-L, --log-file=FILENAME	send session log to file
-n, --no-readline	disable enhanced command line editing (readline)
-o, --output=FILENAME	send query results to file (or pipe)
-q, --quiet	run quietly (no messages, only query output)
-s, --single-step	single-step mode (confirm each query)
-S, --single-line	single-line mode (end of line terminates SQL command)

Output format options:

-A, --no-align	unaligned table output mode
-F, --field-separator=STRING	set field separator (default: " ")
-H, --html	HTML table output mode
-P, --pset=VAR[=ARG]	set printing option VAR to ARG (see \pset command)
-R, --record-separator=STRING	set record separator (default: newline)
-t, --tuples-only	print rows only
-T, --table-attr=TEXT	set HTML table tag attributes (e.g., width, border)
-x, --expanded	turn on expanded table output

Connection options:

-h, --host=HOSTNAME	database server host or socket directory (default: "localhost socket")
-p, --port=PORT	database server port (default: "5432")
-U, --username=USERNAME	database user name (default: "oanh")
-w, --no-password	never prompt for password
-W, --password	force password prompt (should happen automatically)

Examples

- Help

`psql -?`

`psql --help`

- Database and username

`psql test postgres`

`psql -d test --username=postgres`

`psql --database=test --username=postgres`

Examples

- Run commands from file *filename*

```
psql -f filename test postgres
```

```
psql --file= filename test postgres
```

- Put all query output into file *filename*

```
psql -o filename test postgres
```

```
psql --output= filename test postgres
```

```
psql -f filename -o filename_out test postgres
```

- E.g.: The content of file *file_sql.sql* :

`select * from store."Product";`

`select * from store."Order";`

```
C:\Program Files\PostgreSQL\9.1\bin>psql -f "D:\Travail\A.Documents\Bai giang\Th
uchanhCSDL-VN\A.Oanhnt\L4\file_sql.sql" test postgres
Password for user postgres:
ProductID | ProductName | Model | Manufacturer | UnitPrice | Inventory
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----
LAP001    | Vaio CR31Z  | CR    | Sony Vaio    | 1.300,00  | 5
LAP002    | HP AZE     | d     | HP           | 1.000,00  | 18
LP0000    | d          | d     |              |           |
(3 rows)
```



```
ProductID | OrderID | CustomerID | PurchaseDate | Quantity | TotalCost
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----
LAP001    | ODR001  | BLU001     | 2012-08-21   | 1        | 1.300,00
LAP002    | ODR002  | BLU002     | 2012-02-03   | 2        | 2.000,00
LP0000    | ORD003  | BLU001     |              | 2        | 3,00
(3 rows)
```

Using the Command-Line Options

- Can use **more than one option** within the command line, but any values associated with the command-line option must be included after the specific command-line option

```
C:\Program Files\PostgreSQL\8.2\bin>psql -U fred -l
```

```
Password for user fred:
```

```
List of databases
```

Name		Owner		Encoding
postgres		postgres		UTF8
template0		postgres		UTF8
template1		postgres		UTF8
test		postgres		UTF8

(4 rows)

```
C:\Program Files\PostgreSQL\8.2\bin>
```

2. The psql meta-commands

The *psql meta-commands*

- are predefined shortcuts in *psql* that save you from typing more complex SQL commands
- Each meta-command is preceded by a backslash
- Divided into
 - General meta-commands
 - Query buffer meta-commands
 - Input/output meta-commands
 - Informational meta-commands
 - Formatting meta-commands
 - Copy and large object meta-commands
- Use **\?** to see

The psql *meta-commands* (...)

- General meta-commands

- \copyright
- \h [*name*] : ex. \h or \h *SELECT*
- \q : quit
- \cd *directory*
- \! *cd*

- Input/output commands

- \i *filename*: execute commands from file *filename*
- \o *filename*: send all query results to file
- \copy ...
- \e [*filename*]: open an editor to edit the file after the editor exits, its content is copied back to the query buffer

```
test=# \cd 'D:\\Travail\\A.Documents\\Bai giang\\ThucHanhCSDL-  
VN\\A.Oanhnt\\6C'
```

```
test=# \o 'L4\\out.sql' \i 'L4\\file_sql.sql'
```

The psql *meta-commands* (...)

- Informational meta-commands
 - `\conninfo` : connection information
 - `\c` : current database
 - `\c mydb`: change current database
 - `\list` or `\l`: list all databases

- `\dn`: list of schemas
- `\du` : list of roles
- `\df` : lists functions
- `\dy` : lists event trigger
- ..

The psql *meta-commands* (...)

- Informational meta-commands
 - `\d`: show tables, views in the current contexte (database/schema)
`\d *.*`
`\d *. «Customer »`
 - `\dp`: list tables, views and sequences with their associated access privileges
 - `\dt`: show tables in the current contexte (database/schema)
`\dt table`: table description. Ex. `\dt «Customer»`
`\dt *.*`
 - ..
(SHOW search_path; SET search_path to store,public;)

Other examples

- `select 1+3;`
- `select current_user;`
- `select current_date;`
- `select current_timestamp;`
- `select current_database();`
- `select current_schema();`
- `select version();`
- `select * from pg_user;`
- `select * from pg_tables;`

3. The `psqlrc.conf` file

The psqlrc.conf file

- The psqlrc startup file allows you to **place commonly used metacommands** and **SQL statements in a file** that is processed every time you start psql
 - Is not created this file automatically
 - >echo %APPDATA%
 - On Windows : %APPDATA%\postgresql\psqlrc.conf
 - On Ubuntu : ~/.psqlrc
 - Example: create psqlrc.conf or .psqlrc with
 - \set cust "Customer"
 - \set prod "Product"
- C:\Program Files\PostgreSQL\9.4\bin>psql -q test postgres
- test=> select * from :cust;
 - test=> select * from store.:cust;

4. Importing data with Psql

Importing data with Psql

- The format of the \copy commands
 - `\copy tablename from|to filename [delimiter 'delim'] [...]`
- Convert data: Excel → text or CSV files
 - BLU002,Blum,Barbara,879 Oak,Gary,IN,46100,555-4321
 - BLU003,Blum,Katie,342 Pine,Hammond,IN,46200,555-9242
 - BLU004,Blum,Jessica,229 State,Whiting,IN,46300,555-0921
- test=> `\copy store."Customer" from data.txt delimiter ','`
- test=> `select * from :cust;`

<http://wiki.postgresql.org/wiki/COPY>

