CellOmics Coding Document

Yuxiang Zhang

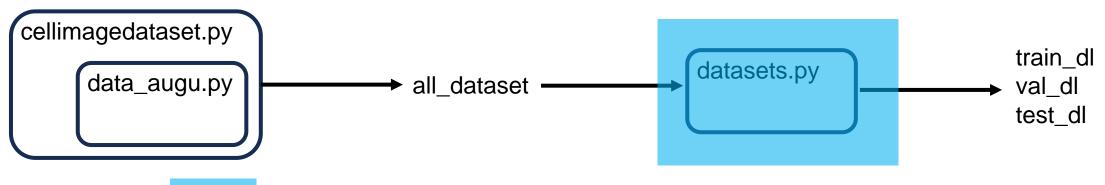
Details

- dataset
- model
- CellOmicsV2train.py
- CellOmicsV4train.py
- CellOmicsV4train.py

dataset

- cellimagedataset.py
 - Return the Dataset class (Pytorch) for different dataset
- data_augu.py
 - Different image data augmentation functions
- datasets.py
 - Return the Dataloader class (Pytorch) for train, validate and test

Pipeline:



When using this code, user only need to modified this file

cellimagedataset.py

- classfunction
 - EMTCellImageDataset • get_cell_image_dataset
 - iPSImageDatasetget_ips_dataset

The root of label file

Transforms
Simple / Mask
Output format

```
def __init__(self, data_root, csv_file, transform=None, transform_output='mask', downstream_task='None'):
    self.data_root = data_root
    self.data_df = pd.read_csv(csv_file)
    self.transform = transform
    self.transform_output = transform_output
    self.downstream_task = downstream_task
```

- downstream_task
 - 2typesclassification | 3typesclassification ————— Cell type classification
 - 2typesPCAregression | 3typesPCAregression ————— PCA coordinates regression
 - 2typesLevelregression | 3typesLevelregression ————— Gene expression level regression

data_augu.py

- class
 - SimpleTrasform
 - MaskContrastiveViewGenerator
 - RegionAugmentation

- Simple augmentation
- Mask based augmentation
- Region augmentation

Numbers of view Normalize or not Version is same as number in GM slides

```
def __init__(self, num_patch=4, version='v1', normalize=False) -> None:
    self.num_patch = num_patch
    self.normalize = normalize
    self.version = version# Local or Global for Region Augmentation
```

For mask based augmentation, we should calculate the mask for each image using **mask_calcu-batch_cal.py** PS: DELL sever is recommended

```
def main():
    num_threads = 20
    with Pool(num_threads) as pool:
        pool.map(process_image, image_filenames)
```

Multithreads calculation of mask image

datasets.py (API for dataset)

- load_dataset ——— dataset
- get_cell_image_dataloader ———— dataloader

 Load different dataset to Dataset class (Pytorch)

- Load dataset to dataloader class (Pytorch)
- Cross validation setting
- batch size

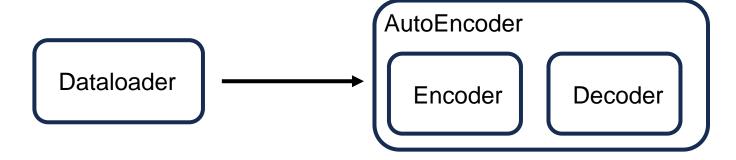
model

- eval.py
 - Dimensional reduction visualization of extracted features
- loss.py
 - Different loss function for model training and monitoring
- models.py
 - Different block of model (e.g. encoder, decoder, ...)
- optim.py
 - LARS strategy for optimization in training process
 - Mostly copy-paste from Layer-wise Adaptive Rate Scaling

models.py

- class
 - encoder
 - decoder
 - AutoEncoder Combine encoder and decoder for training/test
 - MLPregressionModel ———— Very bad performance, not recommended
 - encoder
 - resnet18-cellimage
 - vit-in21k
 - vit-in21k-noproj
 - Delete the projection head

- decoder
 - Using deconvolution based decoder
 - Linear is **not** recommended



loss.py

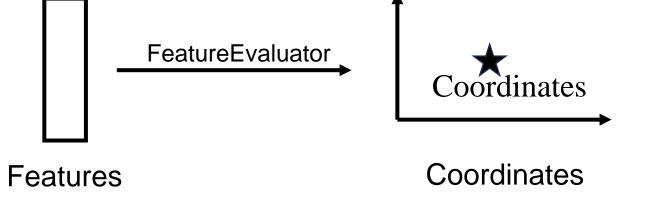
- class
 - Similarity_Loss ————— Cosine similarity for feature extraction
 - mutual_loss ————— Entropy based mutual loss for global and local feature
 - TotalCodingRate ———— Only for monitoring, avoiding collapsing

```
# Maximize similarity
return -z_sim, z_sim_out
scaled_mutual_info = torch.sigmoid(mutual_info)
return -scaled_mutual_info
```

"-": Minimize the loss function, maximize similarity and mutual info

eval.py

- class
 - FeatureEvaluator ———— Dimensional reduction visualization



Method for dimensional reduction

- t-SNE
- PCA
- UMAP

Quick Check scripts

Usage:

When running CellOmicsV3test.py, add -qc True

Click data point -> show original image

Training, validation and test

- CellOmicsV2train.py
- CellOmicsV3train.py
- CellOmicsV3test.py
- CellOmicsV4train.py
- util.py

run_CellOmics.py
(A easy-use script)