

Given the following vector field and oriented curve  $C$ , evaluate  $\int_C \vec{F} \cdot \vec{T} ds$ .

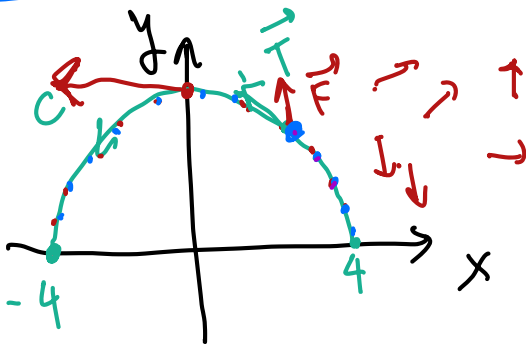
$\vec{F} = \langle -y, x \rangle$  on the semicircle

$-4 \sin t$   $4 \cos t$

$\vec{r}(t) = \langle 4 \cos t, 4 \sin t \rangle$ ,

$x(t)$  for  $0 \leq t \leq \pi$   $y(t)$

function on  $C$



$$\int_C \vec{F} \cdot \vec{T} ds$$

$$= \int_{t_0}^{t_1} \underbrace{\vec{F} \cdot \vec{r}'(t)}_{\text{function of } t} dt$$

$$\vec{F} = \langle -4 \sin t, 4 \cos t \rangle$$

$$\vec{r}'(t) = \langle -4 \sin t, 4 \cos t \rangle$$

$$\vec{F} \cdot \vec{r}'(t) = 16 \sin^2 t + 16 \cos^2 t$$

$$= 16 (\sin^2 t + \cos^2 t)$$

$$= 16 \cdot 1$$

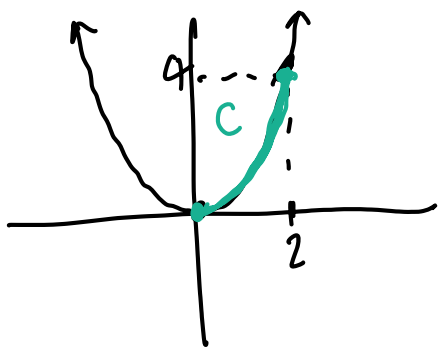
$$= 16$$

$$\int_C \vec{F} \cdot \vec{T} ds = \int_0^\pi 16 dt = \boxed{16\pi}$$

Same question for

$\vec{F} = \langle -y, x \rangle$  on the parabola  $y = x^2$   
from  $(0, 0)$  to  $(2, 4)$ .

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$$\int_C \vec{F} \cdot \hat{T} ds$$

$$\vec{r}(t) = \langle t, t^2 \rangle$$

$$0 \leq t \leq 2$$

$$\vec{F} = \langle -y, x \rangle = \langle -t^2, t \rangle.$$

$$\vec{r}'(t) = \langle 1, 2t \rangle.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{F} \cdot \vec{r}'(t) &= -t^2 + 2t^2 \\ &= t^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\int_C \vec{F} \cdot \hat{T} ds = \int_0^2 t^2 dt$$

$$= \left. \frac{1}{3} t^3 \right|_0^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} (2)^3 - \frac{1}{3} (0)^3$$

$$= \left( \frac{8}{3} \right)$$

