

ANTENNA POINTER

Nathaniel Blair

By: Joshua Nutter

Cesar Vasquez

Senior Design 1: Team 3

Group Members

Nathaniel Blair, E.E.

Joshua Nutter, M.E.

Cesar Vasquez, M.E. – Team Leader

Group Meetings

Tuesday 3:00pm–4:00pm

Thursday 12:00pm–4:00pm

Advisors

Dr. Tej Lamichhane (Main)

- Tuesday 11:00:am–1:00pm

Jonathan Adams (FAA)

- Friday 12:00pm–1:00pm

Dr. Evan Lemley (Co)

Dr. Nesreen Alsbou (Co)

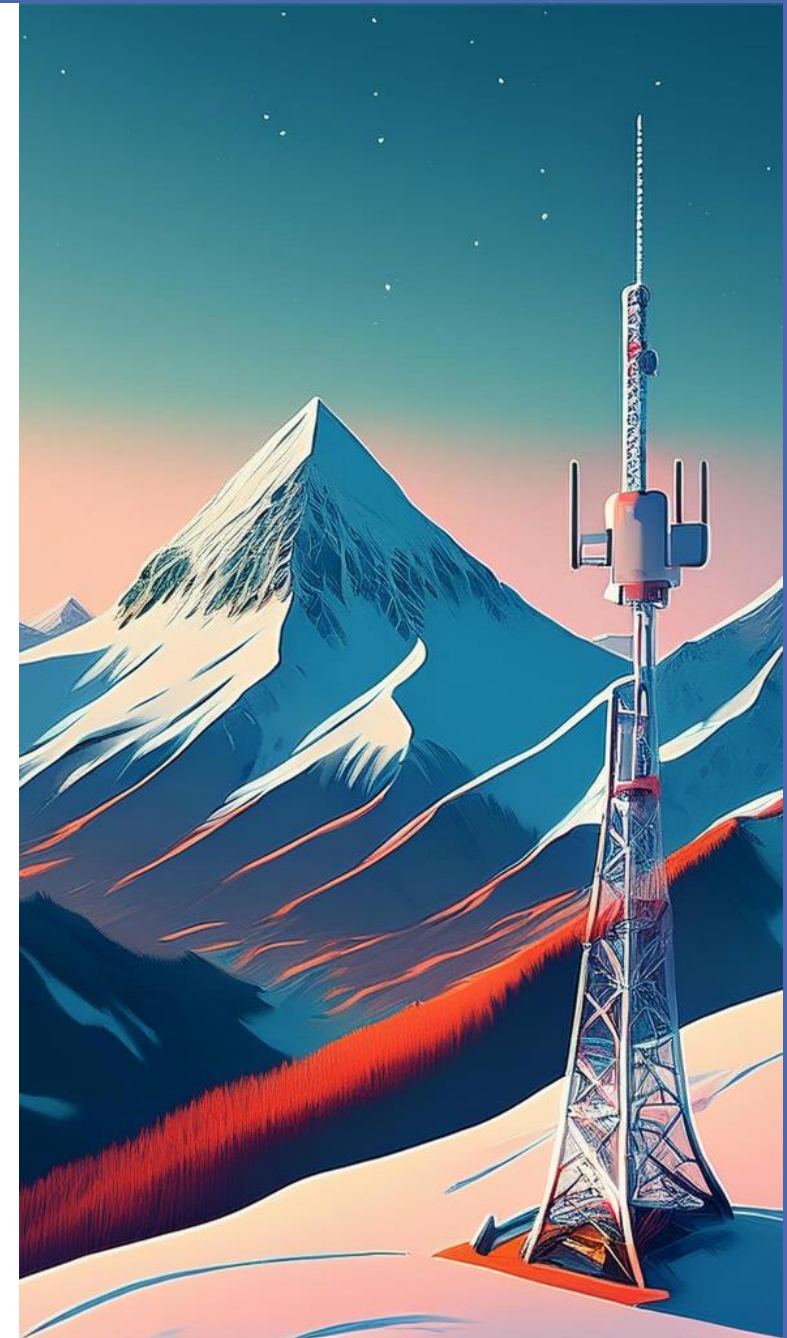
Introduction

ASTI team with FAA

Setup antennas at FAA supported airports

- Point at geostationary satellites
- No hardline communication

Use compass and plumb bob for orientation





Deliverables

Digital Handheld Device

- Outputs current antenna orientation
- Battery powered, usable in cold weather

User Manual

- How to use

Design Documentation

- CAD Models
- Wiring Diagrams
- Software



Plan of Execution

ESP32

- User Interface
- Sensor data

MPU9250

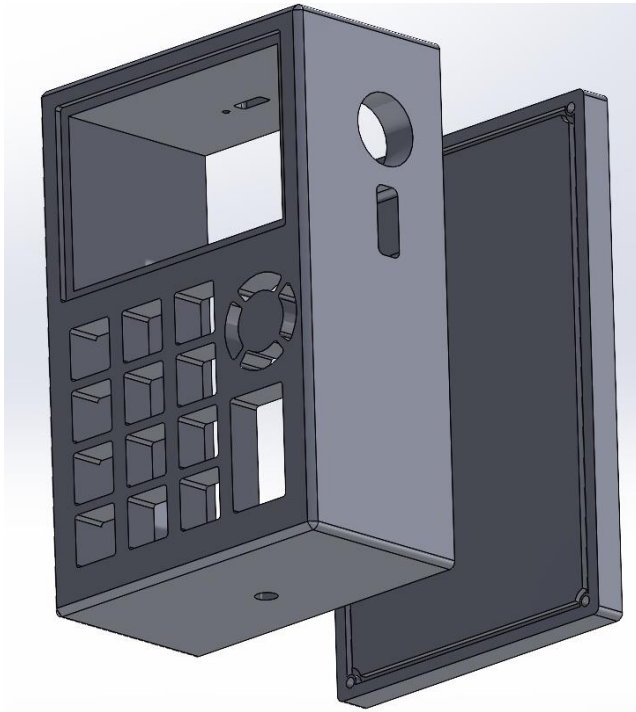
- Magnetometer
- Gyroscope
- Accelerometer

Ceramic coated fabric

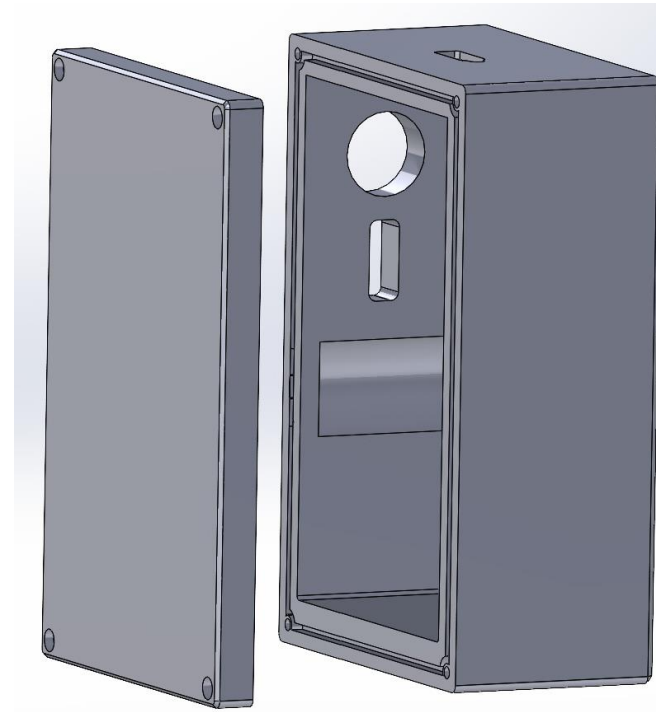
- Lightweight and durable
- Non-magnetic
- Insulated (Cold and heat proof)

Antenna Pointer Device Shell

Keypad



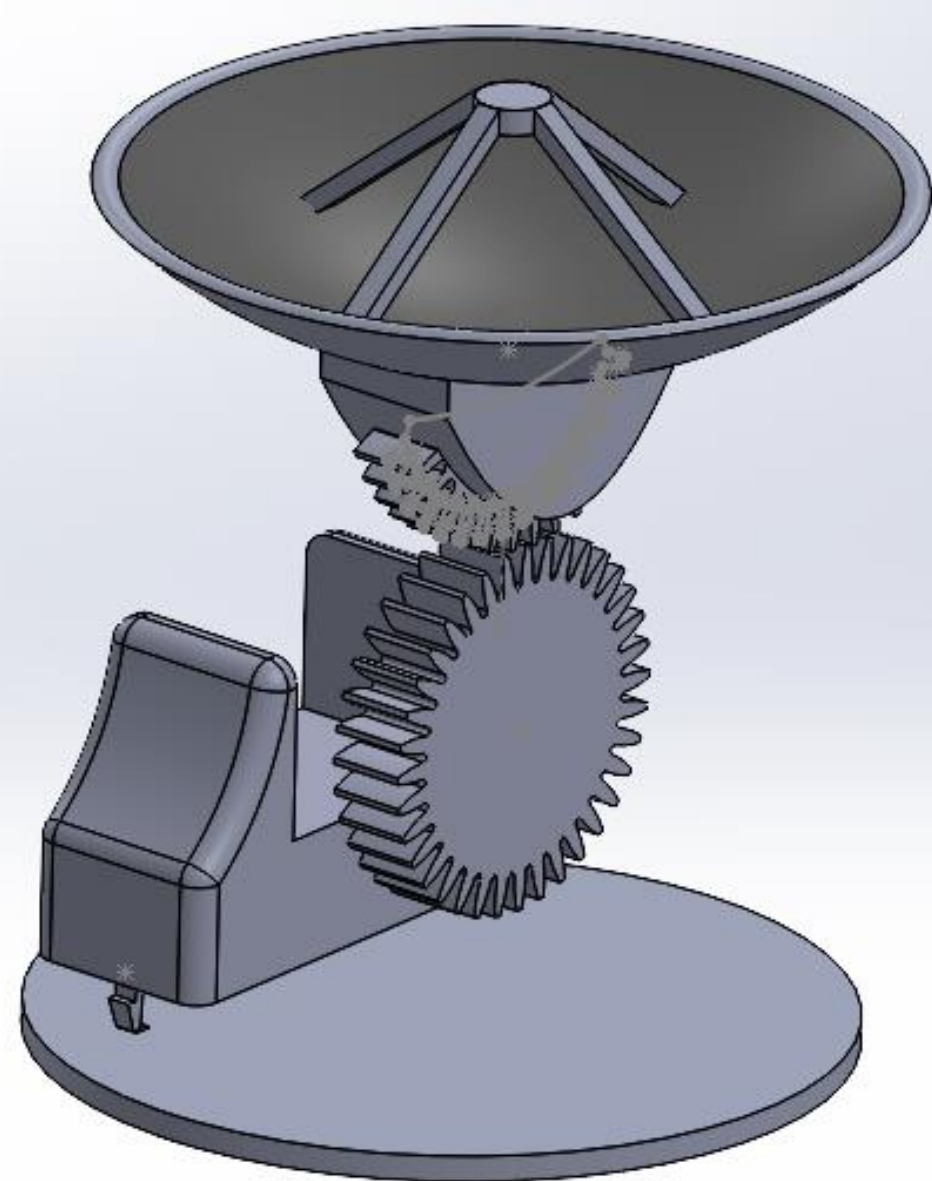
Backplate



Antenna SolidWorks Model

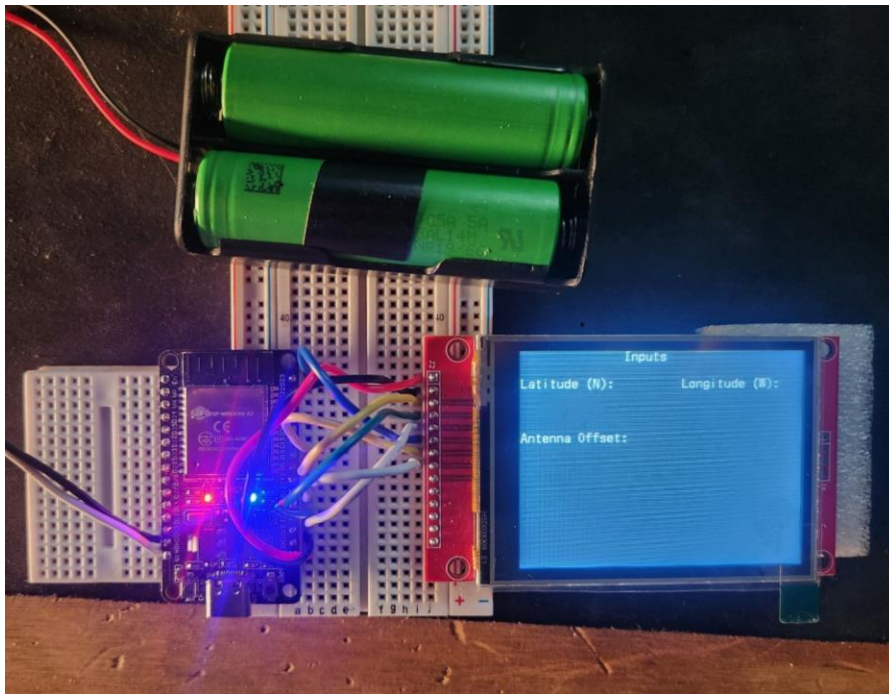
Antenna materials thus far include:

- Antenna dish
- Elevation gear
- Servo base
- Platform



Electrical Prototype

Display



Code

```
TickType_t UITest(TFT_t * dev, FontxFile *fx, int width, int height) {
    TickType_t startTick, endTick, diffTick;
    startTick = xTaskGetTickCount();

    // get font width & height
    uint8_t buffer[FontxGlyphBufSize];
    uint8_t fontWidth;
    uint8_t fontHeight;
    GetFontx(fx, 0, buffer, &fontWidth, &fontHeight);
    //ESP_LOGI(__FUNCTION__, "fontWidth=%d fontHeight=%d", fontWidth, fontHeight);

    uint16_t color;
    lcdFillScreen(dev, BLACK);
    uint8_t ascii[20];

    color = BLUE;
    lcdSetFontDirection(dev, 0);

    strcpy((char *)ascii, "Latitude");
    lcdDrawString(dev, fx, 0, fontHeight-1, ascii, color);

    endTick = xTaskGetTickCount();
    diffTick = endTick - startTick;
    ESP_LOGI(__FUNCTION__, "elapsed time[ms]:%u", diffTick*portTICK_PERIOD_MS);
    return diffTick;
}
```


User Interface Prototype

Input

Inputs

Latitude:

61.2176 N

Longitude:

149.8997 W

Antenna Offset:

18.9 °

Enter

Output

Outputs

Magnetic Declination:

14.5833 ° E

Magnetic Azimuth:

167.64 °

True Azimuth:

153.06 °

Antenna Offset:

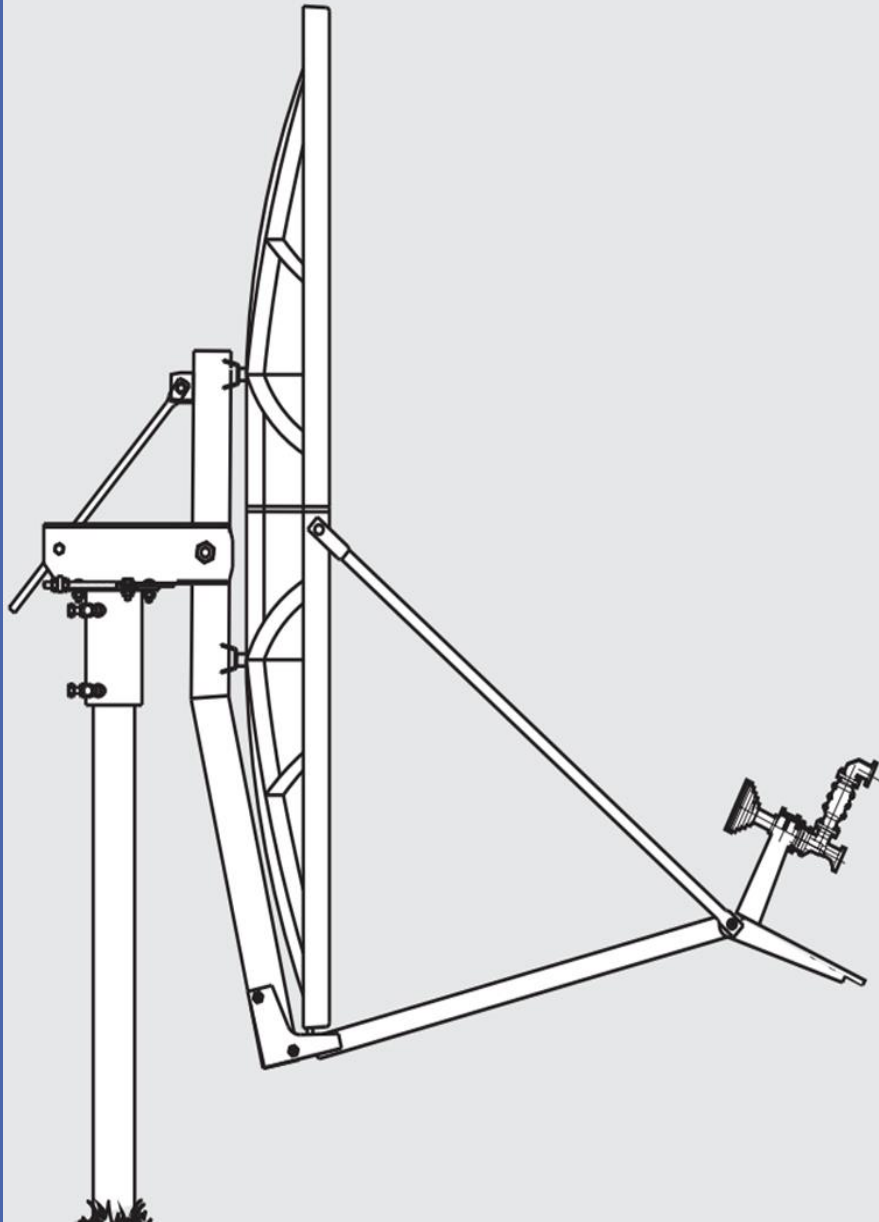
18.9 °

Device Elevation:

48.4 °

Adjusted Elevation:

29.5 °



Future Work

Nathaniel:

- Order components before end of October
- Program user input
- Read sensor data
- Output adjusted data

Joshua:

- Get antenna 3D printed by this week
- Research button materials

Cesar:

- Get shell 3D printed by this week
- Find suitable seal

Goals

Senior Design 1

Setup

- User data input
- Sensor Data

3D print necessary components

Finish usable prototype

Senior Design 2

Improve UI

Weatherproof device

Incorporate stand & clamp

Custom keypad & switches to fit

SolidWorks model

Test on antennas at FAA

Impacts

Social

- Communication is critical
- ATC and pilot communication
- Weather data
- Supports aircraft operations

Economic

- Lower maintenance costs
- Device is relatively cheap



Project Standards

Mechanical

- ASME Y14.5:
Dimensioning and Tolerancing

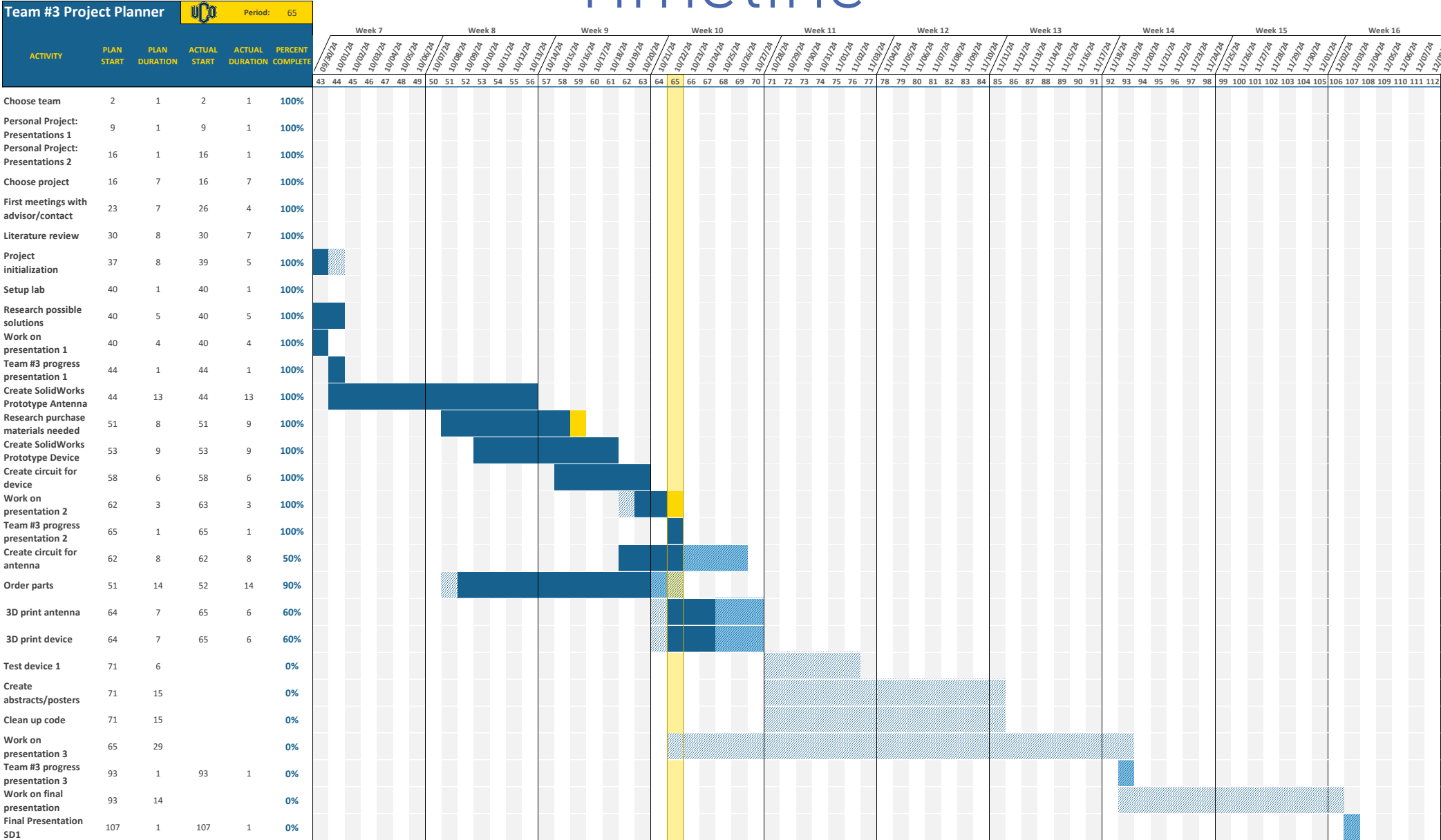


Electrical

- IEEE 315:
Graphical Symbols for Electrical and Electronic Diagrams
- IEEE P145:
IEEE Draft Standards for Definition of Terms for Antennas



Timeline



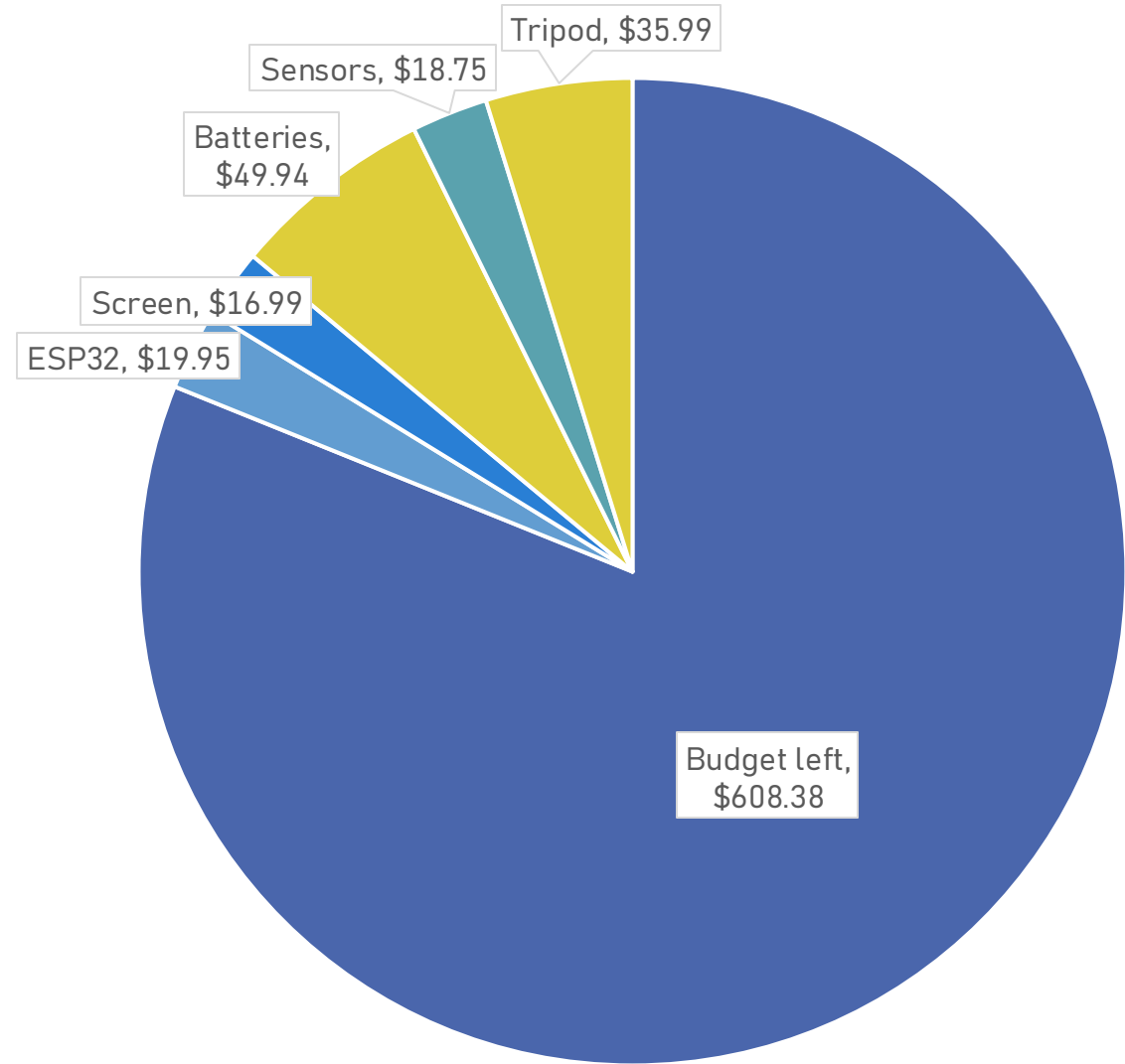
Budget

Theoretically Spent:

- \$143.62, still need to order parts

Possible Future Costs:

- Keypad, switches, etc.
- Satellite Finder App
- Prime ribeye steaks



The background of the slide features a light blue surface with a pattern of dark blue question marks. A dark blue rectangular overlay covers the majority of the image, with the word 'QUESTIONS?' centered in white text. A thin white horizontal line is positioned directly below the text.

QUESTIONS?

Thank you

