



Consumer Sentiments VS. Economy Realities: Longitudinal Analysis of Changing Consumer Perceptions in Relation to Employment

November 2025

Socio-Economic Background

Exploratory Data Analysis Executive Summary

- Project Objective
- Data Source
- Data Reliability
- THEME FOUND123
- Limitations of the Analysis

Research Questions

-
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Data Source and Assumptions

Data Cleaning Process

Notable Findings

Finding 1. Finding Theme

State the finding in a few lines (See Figure 1).

Finding 2. (See Figure 2).

Finding 3. (See Figure 3).

Limitations

Visualizations

Working repo could be fount at:

<https://github.com/zzeng05/ZENG1-LIU2-727FINAL-scaVSepl.git>

```
# Fetch SCA Data

cs_url <- "https://data.sca.isr.umich.edu/data-archive/mine.php#"

#function to fetch any sca table from data site
get_sca_table <- function(table_num,
                           from_year = 2008,
                           to_year   = 2025,
                           freq       = "monthly") {

  body_list <- list(
    table = as.character(table_num),
    format = "html",
    from   = as.character(from_year),
    to     = as.character(to_year),
    freq   = freq
  )

  res <- POST(cs_url, body = body_list, encode = "form")
  stop_for_status(res)

  page <- read_html(res)
```

```

page %>%
  html_node("div.output table") %>%
  html_table(fill = TRUE)
}

#fetch & clean table1: Consumer Sentiment Index
CS <- get_sca_table(1) %>%
  # same logic as your cs_tables[[2]] cleaning
  rename(
    month_chr = X1,
    year_chr = X2,
    cs_chr     = X3
  ) %>%
  slice(-1) %>% # drop the header row inside the table
  mutate(
    month = as.integer(month_chr),
    year  = as.integer(year_chr),
    cs    = as.numeric(cs_chr),
    date  = ymd(sprintf("%04d-%02d-01", year, month))
  ) %>%
  arrange(date) %>%
  select(date, cs, year, month)

head(CS)

# A tibble: 6 x 4
date      cs   year month

```

	<date>	<dbl>	<int>	<int>
1	2008-01-01	78.4	2008	1
2	2008-02-01	70.8	2008	2
3	2008-03-01	69.5	2008	3
4	2008-04-01	62.6	2008	4
5	2008-05-01	59.8	2008	5
6	2008-06-01	56.4	2008	6

```
#fetch & clean table30: Expected Change in Unemployment During the Next Year
UNEPLY1 <- get_sca_table(30) %>%
  { setNames(., as.character(unlist(.[1, ]))) } %>%
  slice(-1) %>%
  mutate(
    Month = as.integer(Month),
    Year = as.integer(Year)
  ) %>%
  mutate(
    across(
      -c(Month, Year),
      ~ suppressWarnings(as.numeric(.))
    ),
    date = as.Date(sprintf("%04d-%02d-01", Year, Month))
  ) %>%
  relocate(date)

head(UNEPLY1)
```

```
# A tibble: 6 x 8
  date      Month Year Less Same More `DK; NA` Relative
  <date>     <int> <int> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
1 2008-01-01     1 2008     6    46    47      1     59
2 2008-02-01     2 2008     9    41    50      0     59
3 2008-03-01     3 2008     7    38    55      0     52
4 2008-04-01     4 2008     5    36    59      0     46
5 2008-05-01     5 2008     3    41    56      0     47
6 2008-06-01     6 2008     5    31    64      0     41
```

```
UNEPLY_supp <- UNEPLY1 %>%
  transmute(
    date,
    less_unemp = Less,
    same_unemp = Same,
    more_unemp = More,
    dk_unemp = `DK; NA`,
    rel_unemp = Relative,
    net_unemp_expect = less_unemp - more_unemp
  )

head(UNEPLY_supp)
```

```
# A tibble: 6 x 7
  date      less_unemp same_unemp more_unemp dk_unemp rel_unemp
  <date>     <dbl>       <dbl>       <dbl>       <dbl>       <dbl>
1 2008-01-01        6         46         47         1         59
```

2	2008-02-01	9	41	50	0	59
3	2008-03-01	7	38	55	0	52
4	2008-04-01	5	36	59	0	46
5	2008-05-01	3	41	56	0	47
6	2008-06-01	5	31	64	0	41

```
# i 1 more variable: net_unemp_expect <dbl>
```

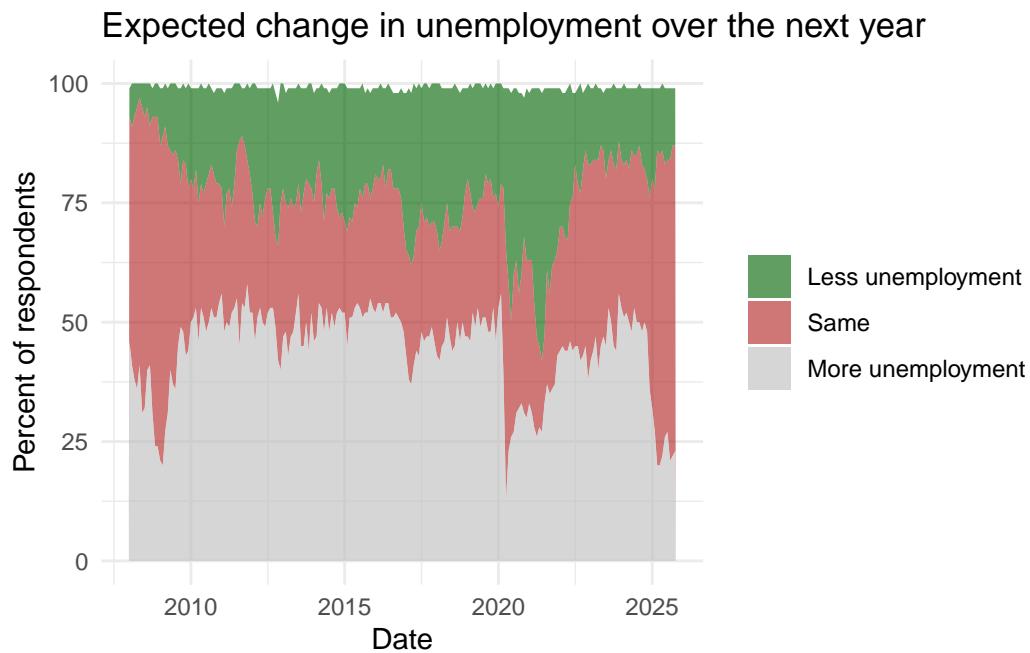
```
UNEPLY_long <- UNEPLY_supp %>%
  select(date, less_unemp, same_unemp, more_unemp) %>%
  pivot_longer(
    cols = -date,
    names_to = "expectation",
    values_to = "share"
  )

ggplot(UNEPLY_long, aes(x = date, y = share, fill = expectation)) +
  geom_area(alpha = 0.618) +
  scale_fill_manual(
    values = c(
      less_unemp = "darkgreen",
      same_unemp = "grey",
      more_unemp = "firebrick"
    ),
    labels = c("Less unemployment", "Same", "More unemployment")
  ) +
  labs(
    title = "Expected change in unemployment over the next year",
```

```

x      = "Date",
y      = "Percent of respondents",
fill   = NULL
) +
theme_minimal()

```



```

# Fetch BLS Data

bls_key <- "554489bce3f14059aaa2dbb976d62372" #need to change back to path before submission

# BLS series IDs:
# - LNS14000000: Unemployment rate (CPS, seasonally adjusted)
# - CES0000000001: All employees, total nonfarm (CES, thousands, SA)
series_ids <- c("LNS14000000", "CES0000000001")

```

```

# Request monthly data from 2008 to latest

res <- POST(
  url   = "https://api.bls.gov/publicAPI/v2/timeseries/data/",
  body  = list(
    seriesid        = series_ids,
    startyear       = "2008",
    endyear         = "2025",
    registrationkey = bls_key),
  encode = "json"
)

stop_for_status(res)

bls_list <- fromJSON(content(res, as = "text", encoding = "UTF-8"), simplifyDataFrame = TRUE)

# Transform BLS data to long format
series_tbl <- bls_list$Results$series

bls_long <- map_dfr(seq_len(nrow(series_tbl)), function(i) {
  series_id <- series_tbl$seriesID[i]
  dat        <- series_tbl$data[[i]]    #data.frame for the series
  as_tibble(dat) %>%
    transmute(
      series_id = series_id,
      year      = as.integer(year),

```

```

    period,
    value      = as.numeric(value)
) %>%
# keep monthly observations (M01-M12)
filter(str_starts(period, "M")) %>%
mutate(
  month = as.integer(str_remove(period, "M")),
  date   = ymd(sprintf("%04d-%02d-01", year, month))
)
}

head(bls_long)

```

```

# A tibble: 6 x 6
  series_id     year period value month date
  <chr>       <int> <chr>  <dbl> <int> <date>
1 LNS14000000  2025 M09     4.4     9 2025-09-01
2 LNS14000000  2025 M08     4.3     8 2025-08-01
3 LNS14000000  2025 M07     4.2     7 2025-07-01
4 LNS14000000  2025 M06     4.1     6 2025-06-01
5 LNS14000000  2025 M05     4.2     5 2025-05-01
6 LNS14000000  2025 M04     4.2     4 2025-04-01

```

```

# CPS unemployment rate
UNEMPLOY_R <- bls_long %>%
  filter(series_id == "LNS14000000") %>%

```

```

arrange(date) %>%
transmute(
  date,
  unrate = value
)

# CES total nonfarm employment & monthly job change
Job_V <- bls_long %>%
filter(series_id == "CES0000000001") %>%
arrange(date) %>%
transmute(
  date,
  nonfarm_emp = value,
  job_change = nonfarm_emp - lag(nonfarm_emp)
)

head(UNEploy_R)

```

```

# A tibble: 6 x 2
  date      unrate
  <date>    <dbl>
1 2008-01-01     5
2 2008-02-01    4.9
3 2008-03-01    5.1
4 2008-04-01     5
5 2008-05-01    5.4

```

```
6 2008-06-01      5.6
```

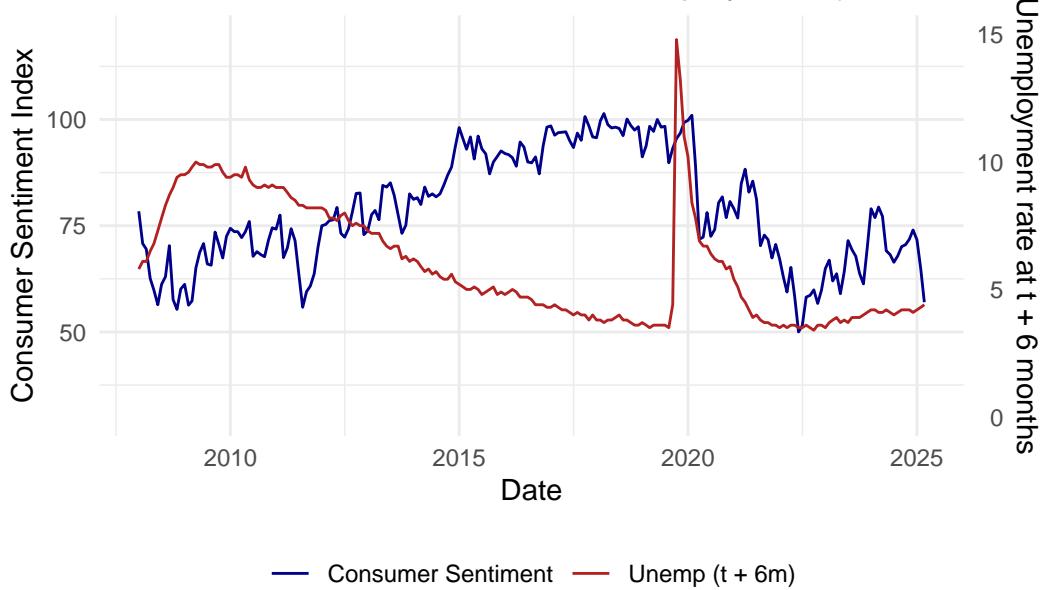
```
head(Job_V)
```

```
# A tibble: 6 x 3
  date      nonfarm_emp job_change
  <date>        <dbl>     <dbl>
1 2008-01-01    138391      NA
2 2008-02-01    138327     -64
3 2008-03-01    138257     -70
4 2008-04-01    138038    -219
5 2008-05-01    137851    -187
6 2008-06-01    137698    -153
```

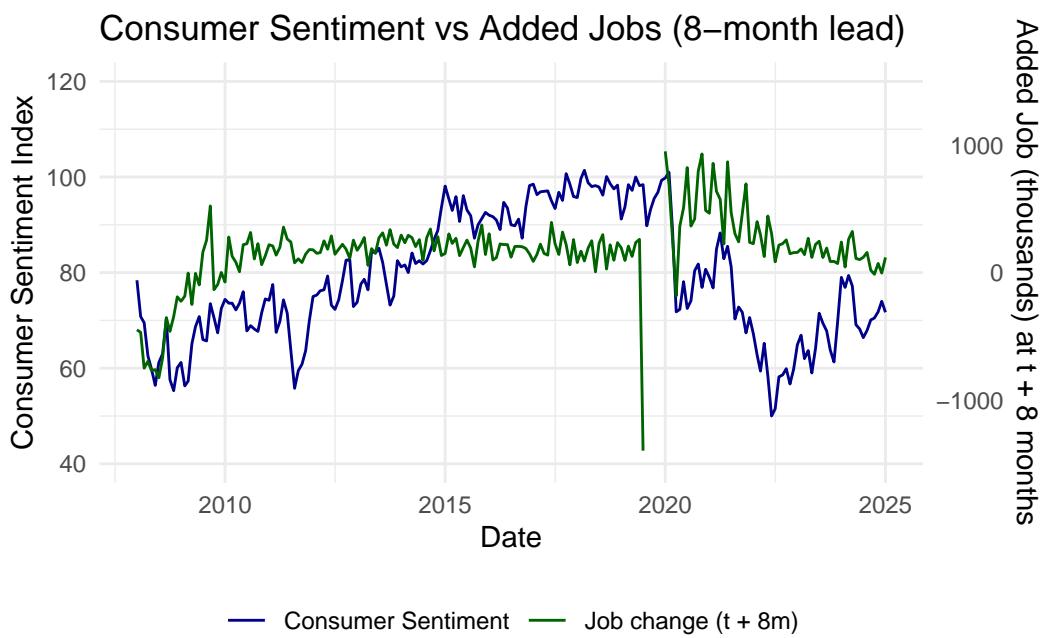
Figure 1. Lagged Time-Series of Consumer Sentiment and Unemployment Rate/Job Change

```
# A tibble: 6 x 5
  date      cs unrate nonfarm_emp job_change
  <date>    <dbl>   <dbl>        <dbl>     <dbl>
1 2008-01-01  78.4    5       138391      NA
2 2008-02-01  70.8   4.9       138327     -64
3 2008-03-01  69.5   5.1       138257     -70
4 2008-04-01  62.6    5       138038    -219
5 2008-05-01  59.8   5.4       137851    -187
6 2008-06-01  56.4   5.6       137698    -153
```

Consumer Sentiment vs Future Unemployment (6-month lead)



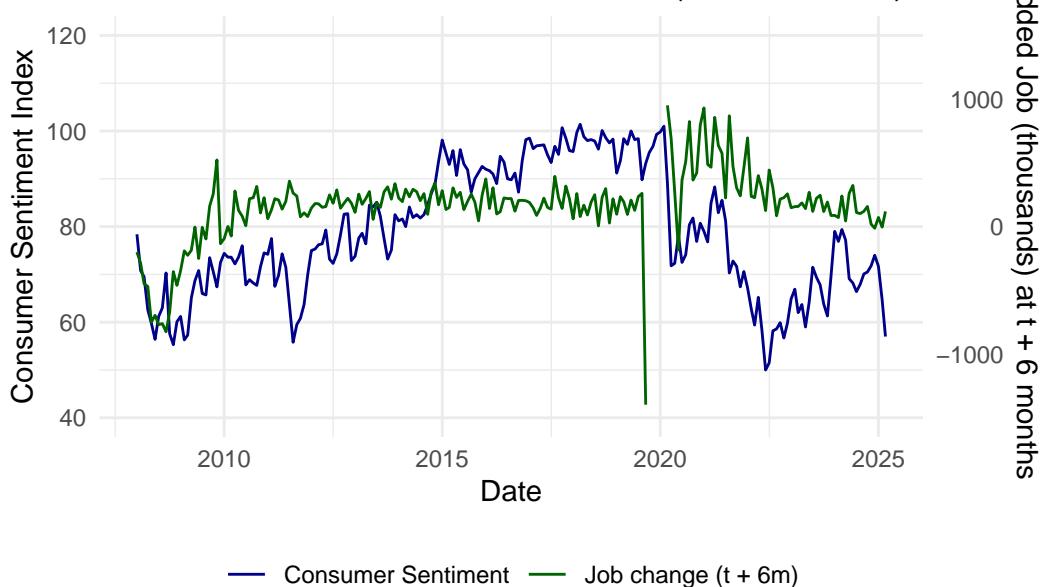
Consumer Sentiment vs Added Jobs (8-month lead)

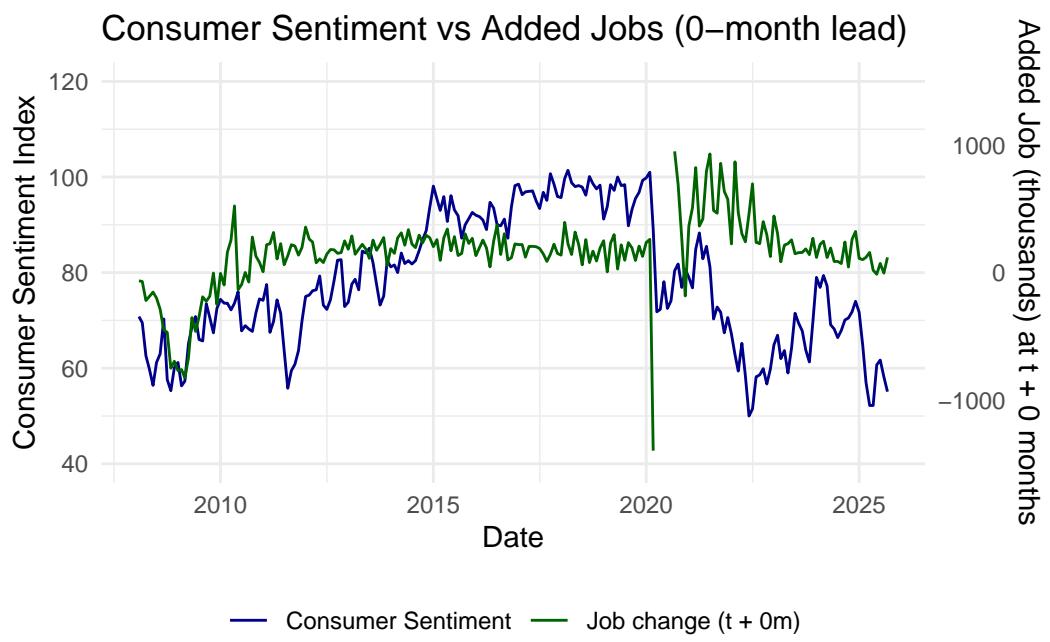
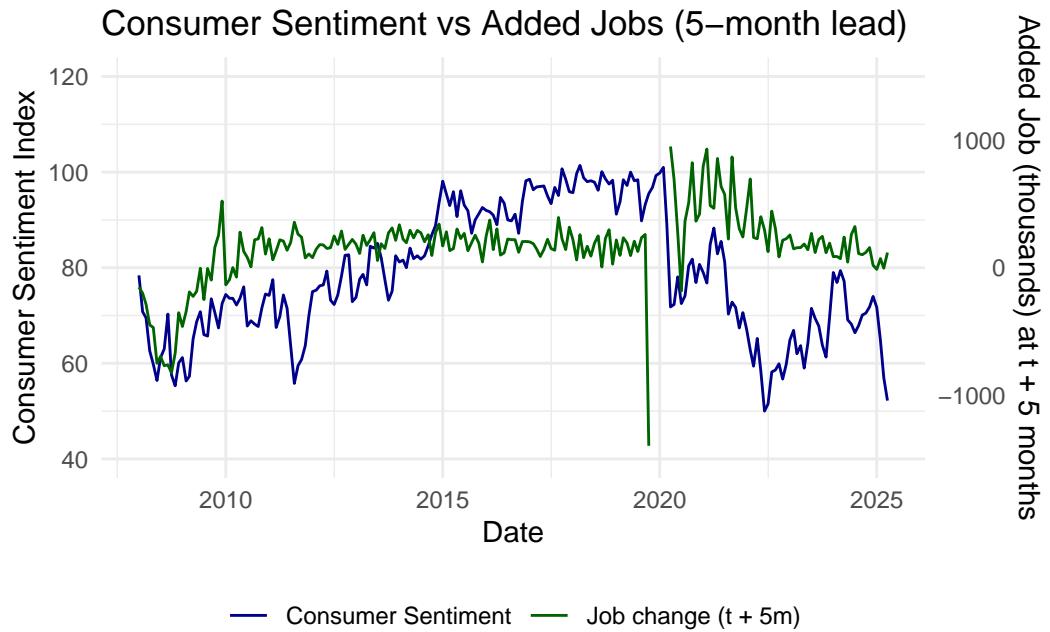


Consumer Sentiment vs Added Jobs (7-month lead)



Consumer Sentiment vs Added Jobs (6-month lead)





```
## Main dual-axis plot: CS vs future job creation
## with unemployment extremes overlaid (no separate y-axis)

lag_months <- 3 # choose 3, 6, or 12
```

```

cs_limits    <- c(40, 120)                  # left axis (CS)
jobs_limits <- c(-1000, 1000)                # right axis (job change, thousands)
unemp_limits <- c(2, 12)                     # used only for scaling unemployment vertically

df <- macro %>%
  arrange(date) %>%
  mutate(
    jobchg_lead = lead(job_change, lag_months),
    unrate_lead = lead(unrate,      lag_months)
  ) %>%
  filter(!is.na(cs), !is.na(jobchg_lead), !is.na(unrate_lead))

# unpack limits
cs_min     <- cs_limits[1];  cs_max <- cs_limits[2]
jb_min     <- jobs_limits[1]; jb_max <- jobs_limits[2]
ur_min     <- unemp_limits[1]; ur_max <- unemp_limits[2]

cs_range <- cs_max - cs_min
jb_range <- jb_max - jb_min
ur_range <- ur_max - ur_min

# scale job change & unemployment into CS vertical space for plotting
df <- df %>%
  mutate(
    jobchg_scaled = cs_min + (jobchg_lead - jb_min) * (cs_range / jb_range),
    unrate_scaled = cs_min + (unrate_lead - ur_min) * (cs_range / ur_range)
  )

```

```

)

# pick a few extreme unemployment values (e.g., 3 highest & 3 lowest)
top3 <- df %>% slice_max(order_by = unrate_lead, n = 3)
bottom3 <- df %>% slice_min(order_by = unrate_lead, n = 3)

unemp_extremes <- bind_rows(top3, bottom3) %>%
  arrange(date) %>%
  distinct(date, .keep_all = TRUE)

# legend labels
cs_label      <- "Consumer Sentiment"
job_label     <- paste0("Job change (t + ", lag_months, "m)")
unemp_label <- "Unemployment (no axis)"

ggplot(df, aes(x = date)) +
  # main series: Consumer Sentiment (left axis)
  geom_line(aes(y = cs, color = cs_label), linewidth = 0.7) +
  # main series: job creation (right axis, scaled onto CS scale)
  geom_line(aes(y = jobchg_scaled, color = job_label),
            linewidth = 0.7) +
  # overlay unemployment (same lag), no axis - dashed grey line
  geom_line(aes(y = unrate_scaled, color = unemp_label),
            linewidth = 0.4, alpha = 0.5, linetype = "dashed") +

```

```

# label only extreme high/low unemployment months
geom_point(
  data = unemp_extremes,
  aes(y = unrate_scaled),
  color = "black", size = 1.8
) +
  geom_text(
    data = unemp_extremes,
    aes(y = unrate_scaled,
        label = sprintf("%.1f%%", unrate_lead)),
    vjust = -0.4,
    size = 3,
    color = "black"
) +
  # dual y-axes: left = CS, right = job change
  scale_y_continuous(
    name = "Consumer Sentiment Index",
    limits = cs_limits,
    sec.axis = sec_axis(
      trans = ~ (.- cs_min) * (jb_range / cs_range) + jb_min,
      name = paste0("Monthly change in nonfarm employment (thousands), t + ",
                    lag_months, " months")
    )
  ) +

```

```

scale_color_manual(
  values = setNames(
    c("steelblue", "darkgreen", "grey50"),
    c(cs_label, job_label, unemp_label)
  )
) +
labs(
  title = paste0("Consumer Sentiment vs Future Job Creation (", lag_months, "-month lead)"),
  subtitle = "Unemployment rate at the same horizon is shown as a dashed line; extremes are",
  x = "Date",
  color = NULL
) +
theme_minimal() +
theme(
  legend.position = "bottom"
)

```

Warning: Removed 2 rows containing missing values or values outside the scale range
`geom_point()`.

Warning: Removed 2 rows containing missing values or values outside the scale range
`geom_text()`.

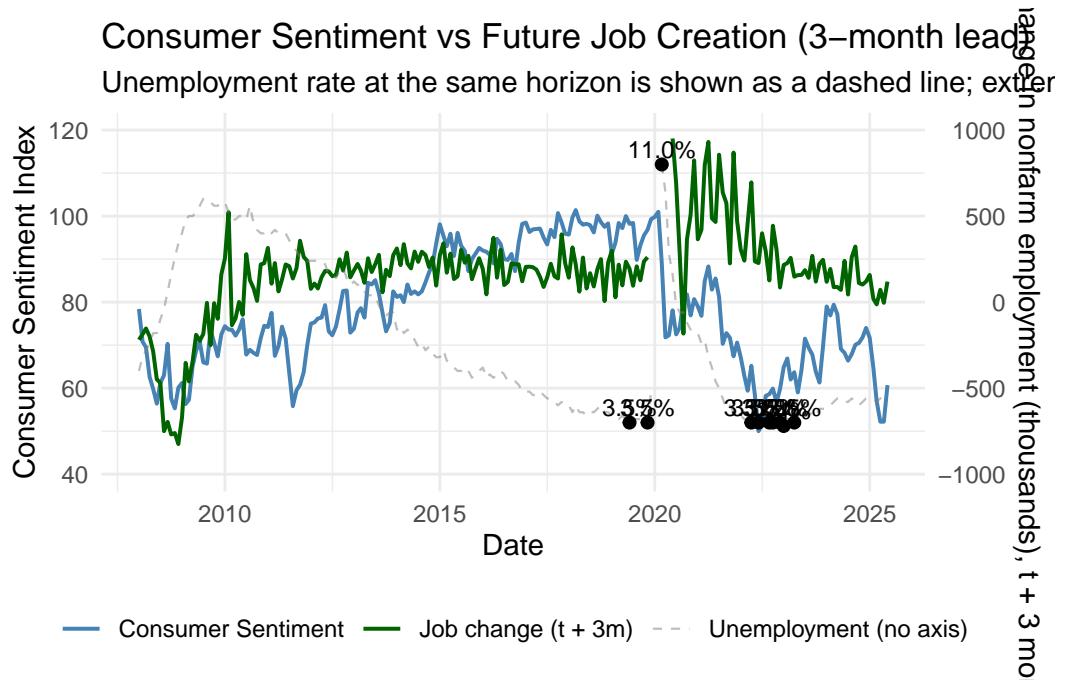


Figure 2. Scatter: net expectations vs subsequent unemployment change

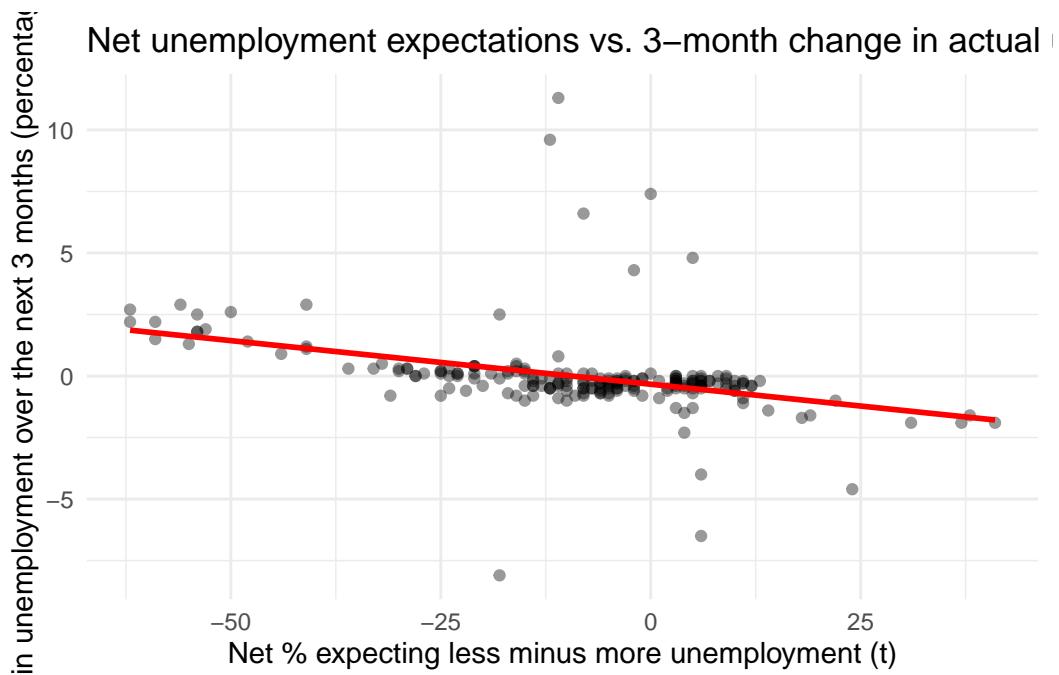


Figure 3. Time series: net expectations vs actual unemployment (dual axis)

```
plot_expect_vs_unemp_dual <- function(data_macro2,
                                         cs_limits    = c(-60, 60),    # for net expectations
                                         unemp_limits= c(2, 12)) {

  df <- data_macro2 %>%
    filter(!is.na(net_unemp_expect), !is.na(unrate)) %>%
    arrange(date)

  ex_min <- cs_limits[1]
```

```

ex_max <- cs_limits[2]
ur_min <- unemp_limits[1]
ur_max <- unemp_limits[2]

ex_rng <- ex_max - ex_min
ur_rng <- ur_max - ur_min

df <- df %>%
  mutate(
    unrate_scaled = ex_min + (unrate - ur_min) * (ex_rng / ur_rng)
  )

ggplot(df, aes(x = date)) +
  geom_line(aes(y = net_unemp_expect, color = "Net expectations (Less-More)")) +
  geom_line(aes(y = unrate_scaled, color = "Unemployment")) +
  scale_y_continuous(
    name    = "Net (Less-More) unemployment expectations",
    limits = cs_limits,
    sec.axis = sec_axis(
      trans = ~ (.- ex_min) * (ur_rng / ex_rng) + ur_min,
      name  = "Unemployment"
    )
  ) +
  scale_color_manual(
    values = setNames(
      c("darkgreen", "firebrick"),

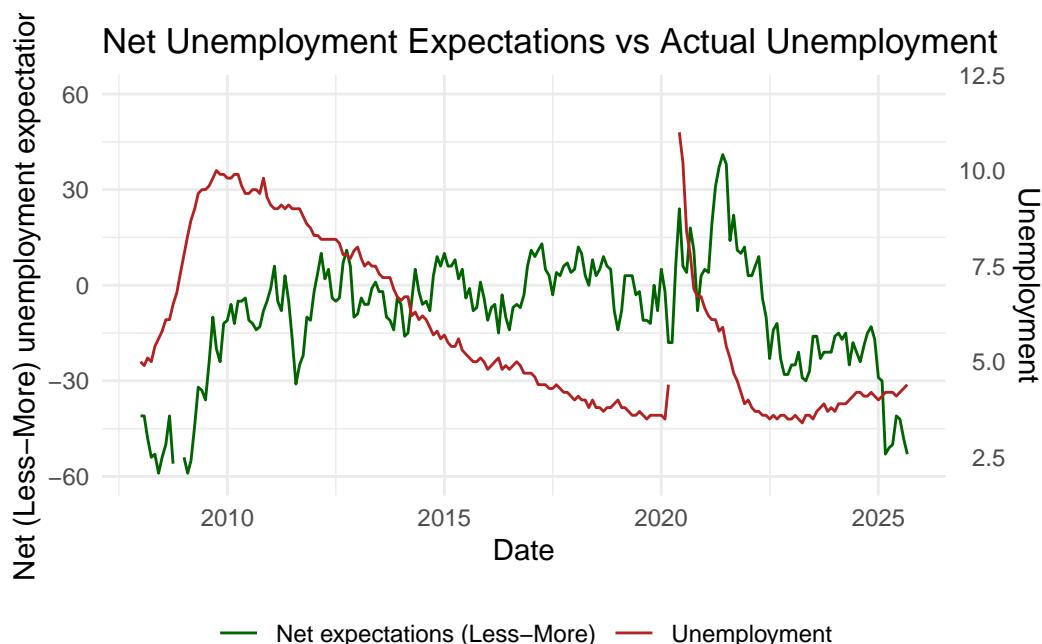
```

```

    c("Net expectations (Less-More)", "Unemployment")
  )
) +
  labs(
    title = "Net Unemployment Expectations vs Actual Unemployment",
    x      = "Date",
    color = NULL
  ) +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(legend.position = "bottom")
}

plot_expect_vs_unemp_dual(macro2)

```



Indications

Strengthening Tenant Protections.

Conclusion & Outlook

References

<https://data.sca.isr.umich.edu/data-archive/mine.php> <https://www.bls.gov/cps>

<https://www.bls.gov/ces>