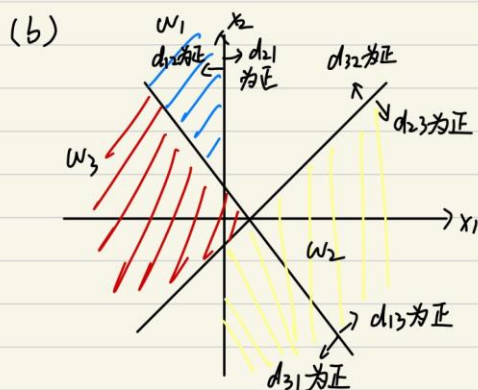
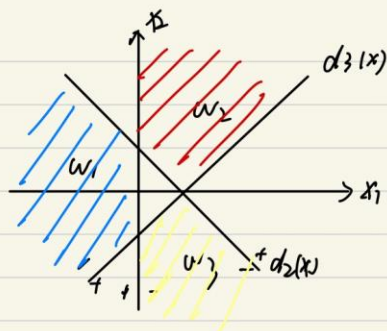
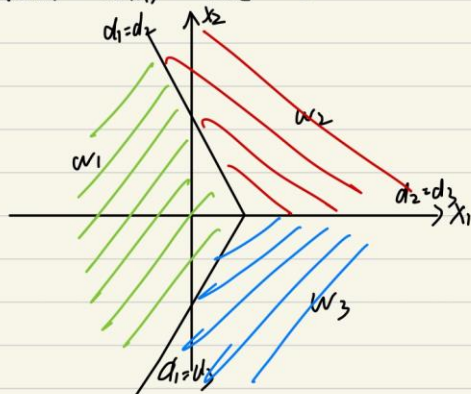


1. 解 (a) 判别界面 $\begin{cases} d_1(x) = -x_1 = 0 \\ d_2(x) = x_1 + x_2 - 1 = 0 \\ d_3(x) = x_1 - x_2 - 1 = 0 \end{cases}$



(c) $\begin{cases} d_1(x) - d_2(x) = -2x_1 - x_2 + 1 = 0 \\ d_1(x) - d_3(x) = -2x_1 + x_2 + 1 = 0 \\ d_2(x) - d_3(x) = 2x_2 = 0 \end{cases}$



2. 解: 类内总离差阵 $S_w = S_1 + S_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\therefore S_w^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{u} = S_w^{-1} (\vec{m}_1 - \vec{m}_2) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\therefore y_t = \frac{M'_1 m_1 + M'_2 m_2}{2} = -1$$

3. $\vec{m}_1 = \text{mean}(w_1) = (0, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3})^T$

$\vec{m}_2 = \text{mean}(w_2) = (1, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3})^T$

$$S_{w1} = \sum_j (\vec{x}_j - \vec{m}_1)(\vec{x}_j - \vec{m}_1)' = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{2}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

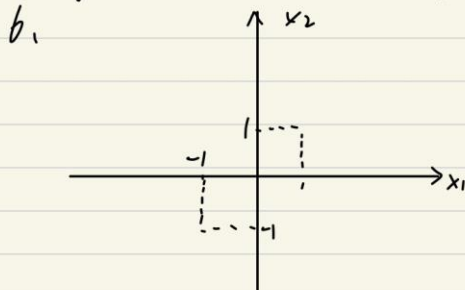
$$S_{w2} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{2}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$S_w = S_{w1} + S_{w2} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{4}{3} & -\frac{2}{3} \\ 0 & -\frac{2}{3} & \frac{4}{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

4. 解: 判别界面: $y = 3x_1 + 2x_2 + 6 = 0$

\therefore 原点到判别界面的距离为 $d = \frac{6}{\sqrt{13}}$
原点在 $y > 0$ 的一侧

5. 代价函数 $\min_{w,b} \max_{\alpha} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} w^T w + \sum_{n=1}^N \alpha_n [1 - y_n (w^T x_n + b)] \right\}$
 先优化 w 和 b , 再优化 α 比原始问题更容易. 优化 w 和 b 是通过求一次导实现的, 显然比优化 α 容易. 可以先解决容易的部分



两类样本线性不可分

$(1,1)^T$		$(1,1,1,1)$	
$(-1,-1)^T$	$\xrightarrow{\varphi(x)}$	$(1,-1,-1,1)$	线性可分
$(0,-1)^T$		$(1,0,-1,0)$	
$(-1,0)^T$		$(1,-1,0,0)$	