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李翰林

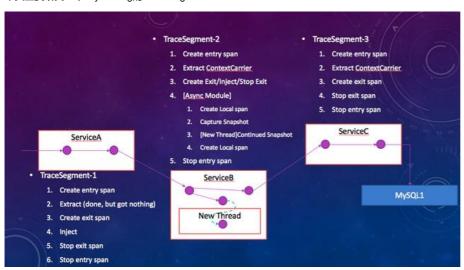
李翰林的技术论文集

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浅谈skywalking的TraceSegmentServiceClient

本文参考原文-<u>http://bjbsair.com/2020-03-22/tech-info/5102.html</u> 序

本文主要研究一下skywalking的TraceSegmentServiceClient



TracingContextListener

skywalking-6.6.0/apm-sniffer/apm-agent-core/src/main/java/org/apache/skywalking/apm/agent/core/context/TracingContextListener.java

```
public interface TracingContextListener {
    void afterFinished(TraceSegment traceSegment);
}
```

• TracingContextListener定义了afterFinished方法,其参数为TraceSegment

TraceSegment

skywalking-6.6.0/apm-sniffer/apm-agent-core/src/main/java/org/apache/skywalking/apm/agent/core/context/trace/TraceSegment.java

```
public class TraceSegment {
    private ID traceSegmentId;
    private List<TraceSegmentRef> refs;
    private List<AbstractTracingSpan> spans;
    private DistributedTraceIds relatedGlobalTraces;
    private boolean ignore = false;
    private boolean isSizeLimited = false;
    private final long createTime;
```

公告

昵称: 李翰林 园龄: 9年10个月 粉丝: 3 关注: 0 +加关注

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```
public TraceSegment() {
   this.traceSegmentId = GlobalIdGenerator.generate();
    this.spans = new LinkedList<AbstractTracingSpan>();
    this.relatedGlobalTraces = new DistributedTraceIds();
    this.relatedGlobalTraces.append(new NewDistributedTraceId());
    this.createTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
public void ref(TraceSegmentRef refSegment) {
   if (refs == null) {
       refs = new LinkedList<TraceSegmentRef>();
   if (!refs.contains(refSegment)) {
       refs.add(refSegment);
public void relatedGlobalTraces(DistributedTraceId distributedTraceId) {
   relatedGlobalTraces.append(distributedTraceId);
public void archive(AbstractTracingSpan finishedSpan) {
   spans.add(finishedSpan);
public TraceSegment finish(boolean isSizeLimited) {
   this.isSizeLimited = isSizeLimited;
   return this;
public ID getTraceSegmentId() {
   return traceSegmentId;
public int getServiceId() {
   return RemoteDownstreamConfig.Agent.SERVICE ID;
public boolean hasRef() {
   return !(refs == null || refs.size() == 0);
public List<TraceSegmentRef> getRefs() {
   return refs;
public List<DistributedTraceId> getRelatedGlobalTraces() {
   return relatedGlobalTraces.getRelatedGlobalTraces();
public boolean isSingleSpanSegment() {
   return this.spans != null && this.spans.size() == 1;
public boolean isIgnore() {
   return ignore;
public void setIgnore(boolean ignore) {
   this.ignore = ignore;
public UpstreamSegment transform() {
   UpstreamSegment.Builder upstreamBuilder = UpstreamSegment.newBuilder();
   for (DistributedTraceId distributedTraceId : getRelatedGlobalTraces()) {
       upstreamBuilder = upstreamBuilder.addGlobalTraceIds(distributedTraceI
    SegmentObject.Builder traceSegmentBuilder = SegmentObject.newBuilder();
```

```
* Trace Segment
    traceSegmentBuilder.setTraceSegmentId(this.traceSegmentId.transform());
    // Don't serialize TraceSegmentReference
    // SpanObject
    for (AbstractTracingSpan span : this.spans) {
        traceSegmentBuilder.addSpans(span.transform());
    traceSegmentBuilder.setServiceId(RemoteDownstreamConfig.Agent.SERVICE ID)
    {\tt traceSegmentBuilder.setServiceInstanceId} \ ({\tt RemoteDownstreamConfig.Agent.SER})
    traceSegmentBuilder.setIsSizeLimited(this.isSizeLimited);
    upstreamBuilder.setSegment(traceSegmentBuilder.build().toByteString());
    return upstreamBuilder.build();
@Override
public String toString() {
    return "TraceSegment{" +
        "traceSegmentId='" + traceSegmentId + '\'' +
        ", refs=" + refs +
        ", spans=" + spans +
        ", relatedGlobalTraces=" + relatedGlobalTraces +
public int getApplicationInstanceId() {
   return RemoteDownstreamConfig.Agent.SERVICE INSTANCE ID;
public long createTime() {
   return this.createTime;
```

TraceSegment定义了traceSegmentId、refs、spans、relatedGlobalTraces等属性;它提供了ref、relatedGlobalTraces、archive、finish、transform等方法

IConsumer

skywalking-6.6.0/apm-commons/apm-

datacarrier/src/main/java/org/apache/skywalking/apm/commons/datacarrier/consumer/IConsumer.java

```
public interface IConsumer<T> {
    void init();

    void consume(List<T> data);

    void onError(List<T> data, Throwable t);

    void onExit();
}
```

• IConsumer定义了init、consume、onError、onExit方法

TraceSegmentServiceClient

skywalking-6.6.0/apm-sniffer/apm-agent-

core/src/main/java/org/apache/skywalking/apm/agent/core/remote/TraceSegmentServiceClient.java

```
@DefaultImplementor
public class TraceSegmentServiceClient implements BootService, IConsumer<TraceSeg
    private static final ILog logger = LogManager.getLogger(TraceSegmentServiceCl
    private static final int TIMEOUT = 30 * 1000;

    private long lastLogTime;
    private long segmentUplinkedCounter;
    private long segmentAbandonedCounter;
    private volatile DataCarrier<TraceSegment> carrier;
    private volatile TraceSegmentReportServiceGrpc.TraceSegmentReportServiceStub
```

```
private volatile GRPCChannelStatus status = GRPCChannelStatus.DISCONNECT;
@Override
public void prepare() throws Throwable {
   ServiceManager.INSTANCE.findService(GRPCChannelManager.class).addChannelL
@Override
public void boot() throws Throwable {
   lastLogTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
   segmentUplinkedCounter = 0;
   segmentAbandonedCounter = 0;
   carrier = new DataCarrier<TraceSegment>(CHANNEL_SIZE, BUFFER_SIZE);
    carrier.setBufferStrategy(BufferStrategy.IF_POSSIBLE);
   carrier.consume(this, 1);
public void onComplete() throws Throwable {
   TracingContext.ListenerManager.add(this);
@Override
public void shutdown() throws Throwable {
   TracingContext.ListenerManager.remove(this);
   carrier.shutdownConsumers();
@Override
public void init() {
@Override
public void consume(List<TraceSegment> data) {
   if (CONNECTED.equals(status)) {
        final GRPCStreamServiceStatus status = new GRPCStreamServiceStatus(fa
        StreamObserver<UpstreamSegment> upstreamSegmentStreamObserver = servi
            @Override
            public void onNext(Commands commands) {
               ServiceManager.INSTANCE.findService(CommandService.class).rec
            @Override
            public void onError(Throwable throwable) {
               status.finished();
               if (logger.isErrorEnable()) {
                    logger.error(throwable, "Send UpstreamSegment to collecto
                ServiceManager.INSTANCE.findService(GRPCChannelManager.class)
            @Override
            public void onCompleted() {
               status.finished();
        });
        try {
            for (TraceSegment segment : data) {
               UpstreamSegment upstreamSegment = segment.transform();
                upstreamSegmentStreamObserver.onNext(upstreamSegment);
        } catch (Throwable t) {
            logger.error(t, "Transform and send UpstreamSegment to collector
        upstreamSegmentStreamObserver.onCompleted();
        status.wait4Finish();
```

```
segmentUplinkedCounter += data.size();
    } else {
        segmentAbandonedCounter += data.size();
   printUplinkStatus();
private void printUplinkStatus() {
    long currentTimeMillis = System.currentTimeMillis();
    if (currentTimeMillis - lastLogTime > 30 * 1000) {
        lastLogTime = currentTimeMillis;
        if (segmentUplinkedCounter > 0) {
            logger.debug("{} trace segments have been sent to collector.", se
            segmentUplinkedCounter = 0;
        if (segmentAbandonedCounter > 0) {
            logger.debug("{} trace segments have been abandoned, cause by no
            segmentAbandonedCounter = 0;
    }
public void onError(List<TraceSegment> data, Throwable t) {
    logger.error(t, "Try to send {} trace segments to collector, with unexpec
@Override
public void onExit() {
public void afterFinished(TraceSegment traceSegment) {
   if (traceSegment.isIgnore()) {
        return;
    if (!carrier.produce(traceSegment)) {
        if (logger.isDebugEnable()) {
            logger.debug("One trace segment has been abandoned, cause by buff
    }
@Override
public void statusChanged(GRPCChannelStatus status) {
   if (CONNECTED.equals(status)) {
       Channel channel = ServiceManager.INSTANCE.findService(GRPCChannelMana
        serviceStub = TraceSegmentReportServiceGrpc.newStub(channel);
    this.status = status;
```

TraceSegmentServiceClient实现了BootService、IConsumer、TracingContextListener、GRPCChannelListener接口;其prepare方法往GRPCChannelManager注册自身的channelListener;其boot方法设置lastLogTime,实例化DataCarrier,并设置其consumer为自身;其onComplete方法执行TracingContext.ListenerManager.add(this);其shutdown方法执行TracingContext.ListenerManager.remove(this)以及carrier.shutdownConsumers();其consume方法在status为CONNECTED的时候执行upstreamSegmentStreamObserver.onNext(upstreamSegment)、upstreamSegmentStreamObserver.onCompleted()以及status.wait4Finish();其afterFinished方法执行carrier.produce(traceSegment);其statusChanged设置serviceStub及status

ConsumerThread

skywalking-6.6.0/apm-commons/apm-datacarrier/src/main/java/org/apache/skywalking/apm/commons/datacarrier/consumer/ConsumerThread.java

```
public class ConsumerThread<T> extends Thread {
    private volatile boolean running;
   private IConsumer<T> consumer;
   private List<DataSource> dataSources;
   private long consumeCycle;
   ConsumerThread(String threadName, IConsumer<T> consumer, long consumeCycle)
       super(threadName);
       this.consumer = consumer;
       running = false;
       dataSources = new ArrayList<DataSource>(1);
       this.consumeCycle = consumeCycle;
    * add whole buffer to consume
    * @param sourceBuffer
    void addDataSource(QueueBuffer<T> sourceBuffer) {
       this.dataSources.add(new DataSource(sourceBuffer));
    @Override
    public void run() {
       running = true;
       final List<T> consumeList = new ArrayList<T>(1500);
       while (running) {
           if (!consume(consumeList)) {
               try {
                   Thread.sleep(consumeCycle);
                } catch (InterruptedException e) {
            }
        }
        // consumer thread is going to stop
        // consume the last time
       consume(consumeList);
       consumer.onExit();
    }
    private boolean consume(List<T> consumeList) {
       for (DataSource dataSource : dataSources) {
           dataSource.obtain(consumeList);
       if (!consumeList.isEmpty()) {
           try {
               consumer.consume(consumeList);
            } catch (Throwable t) {
               consumer.onError(consumeList, t);
            } finally {
               consumeList.clear();
           return true;
       return false;
    void shutdown() {
       running = false;
    }
    * DataSource is a refer to {@link Buffer}.
```

```
class DataSource {
    private QueueBuffer<T> sourceBuffer;

    DataSource(QueueBuffer<T> sourceBuffer) {
        this.sourceBuffer = sourceBuffer;
    }

    void obtain(List<T> consumeList) {
        sourceBuffer.obtain(consumeList);
    }
}
```

• ConsumerThread继承了Thread,其run方法会循环执行consume(consumeList),跳出循环时会再次执行consume(consumeList),最后执行consumer.onExit(); consume方法会遍历dataSources,执行其dataSource.obtain(consumeList),然后在consumeList不为空的时候执行consumer.consume(consumeList)方法

ConsumeDriver

skywalking-6.6.0/apm-commons/apm-

datacarrier/src/main/java/org/apache/skywalking/apm/commons/datacarrier/consumer/ConsumeDriver.java

```
public class ConsumeDriver<T> implements IDriver {
   private boolean running;
    private ConsumerThread[] consumerThreads;
    private Channels<T> channels;
    private ReentrantLock lock;
    public ConsumeDriver(String name, Channels<T> channels, Class<? extends ICons</pre>
        long consumeCycle) {
        this (channels, num);
        for (int i = 0; i < num; i++) {</pre>
           consumerThreads[i] = new ConsumerThread("DataCarrier." + name + ".Con
            consumerThreads[i].setDaemon(true);
        }
    }
    public ConsumeDriver(String name, Channels<T> channels, IConsumer<T> prototype
       this(channels, num);
        prototype.init();
        for (int i = 0; i < num; i++) {</pre>
            consumerThreads[i] = new ConsumerThread("DataCarrier." + name + ".Con
            consumerThreads[i].setDaemon(true);
    private ConsumeDriver(Channels<T> channels, int num) {
       running = false;
        this.channels = channels;
        consumerThreads = new ConsumerThread[num];
        lock = new ReentrantLock();
    private IConsumer<T> getNewConsumerInstance(Class<? extends IConsumer<T>> con
        try {
            IConsumer<T> inst = consumerClass.newInstance();
            inst.init();
            return inst;
        } catch (InstantiationException e) {
            throw new ConsumerCannotBeCreatedException(e);
        } catch (IllegalAccessException e) {
            throw new ConsumerCannotBeCreatedException(e);
        }
    }
    public void begin(Channels channels) {
```

```
if (running) {
        return;
    try {
        lock.lock();
        this.allocateBuffer2Thread();
        for (ConsumerThread consumerThread: consumerThreads) {
            consumerThread.start();
        running = true;
   } finally {
       lock.unlock();
public boolean isRunning(Channels channels) {
   return running;
private void allocateBuffer2Thread() {
   int channelSize = this.channels.getChannelSize();
    * if consumerThreads.length < channelSize
    * each consumer will process several channels.
    * if consumerThreads.length == channelSize
    * each consumer will process one channel.
     * if consumerThreads.length > channelSize
     * there will be some threads do nothing.
    for (int channelIndex = 0; channelIndex < channelSize; channelIndex++) {</pre>
        int consumerIndex = channelIndex % consumerThreads.length;
        consumerThreads[consumerIndex].addDataSource(channels.getBuffer(chann
}
@Override
public void close(Channels channels) {
   try {
        lock.lock();
        this.running = false;
        for (ConsumerThread consumerThread: consumerThreads) {
            consumerThread.shutdown();
    } finally {
       lock.unlock();
}
```

• ConsumeDriver实现了IDriver接口,其ConsumeDriver会创建num个ConsumerThread; 其begin方法会执行allocateBuffer2Thread,给每个consumerThread添加dataSource,然后执行consumerThread.start(); 其close方法会执行consumerThread.shutdown()

小结

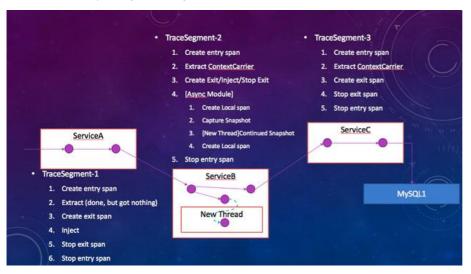
TraceSegmentServiceClient实现了BootService、IConsumer、TracingContextListener、GRPCChannelListener接口; 其prepare方法往GRPCChannelManager注册自身的channelListener; 其boot方法设置lastLogTime, 实例化DataCarrier,并设置其consumer为自身; 其onComplete方法执行TracingContext.ListenerManager.add(this); 其shutdown方法执行TracingContext.ListenerManager.remove(this)以及carrier.shutdownConsumers(); 其consume方法在status为CONNECTED的时候执行upstreamSegmentStreamObserver.onNext(upstreamSegment)、upstreamSegmentStreamObserver.onCompleted()以及status.wait4Finish(); 其afterFinished方法执行carrier.produce(traceSegment); 其statusChanged设置serviceStub及status

doc

TraceSegmentServiceClient本文参考原文-http://bjbsair.com/2020-03-22/tech-info/5102/序

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本文主要研究一下skywalking的TraceSegmentServiceClient



TracingContextListener

skywalking-6.6.0/apm-sniffer/apm-agent-

core/src/main/java/org/apache/skywalking/apm/agent/core/context/TracingContextListener.java

```
public interface TracingContextListener {
    void afterFinished(TraceSegment traceSegment);
}
```

• TracingContextListener定义了afterFinished方法, 其参数为TraceSegment

TraceSegment

skywalking-6.6.0/apm-sniffer/apm-agent-

core/src/main/java/org/apache/skywalking/apm/agent/core/context/trace/TraceSegment.java

```
public class TraceSegment {
    private ID traceSegmentId;
   private List<TraceSegmentRef> refs;
    private List<AbstractTracingSpan> spans;
    private DistributedTraceIds relatedGlobalTraces;
    private boolean ignore = false;
    private boolean isSizeLimited = false;
    private final long createTime;
    public TraceSegment() {
        this.traceSegmentId = GlobalIdGenerator.generate();
        this.spans = new LinkedList<AbstractTracingSpan>();
        this.relatedGlobalTraces = new DistributedTraceIds();
        this.relatedGlobalTraces.append(new NewDistributedTraceId());
        this.createTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
    public void ref(TraceSegmentRef refSegment) {
        if (refs == null) {
            refs = new LinkedList<TraceSegmentRef>();
        if (!refs.contains(refSegment)) {
            refs.add(refSegment);
```

```
public void relatedGlobalTraces(DistributedTraceId distributedTraceId) {
   relatedGlobalTraces.append(distributedTraceId);
public void archive(AbstractTracingSpan finishedSpan) {
   spans.add(finishedSpan);
public TraceSegment finish(boolean isSizeLimited) {
   this.isSizeLimited = isSizeLimited;
   return this;
public ID getTraceSegmentId() {
   return traceSegmentId;
public int getServiceId() {
   return RemoteDownstreamConfig.Agent.SERVICE_ID;
public boolean hasRef() {
   return ! (refs == null || refs.size() == 0);
public List<TraceSegmentRef> getRefs() {
   return refs;
public List<DistributedTraceId> getRelatedGlobalTraces() {
   return relatedGlobalTraces.getRelatedGlobalTraces();
public boolean isSingleSpanSegment() {
   return this.spans != null && this.spans.size() == 1;
public boolean isIgnore() {
   return ignore;
public void setIgnore(boolean ignore) {
   this.ignore = ignore;
public UpstreamSegment transform() {
   UpstreamSegment.Builder upstreamBuilder = UpstreamSegment.newBuilder();
    for (DistributedTraceId distributedTraceId : getRelatedGlobalTraces()) {
       upstreamBuilder = upstreamBuilder.addGlobalTraceIds(distributedTraceI
   SegmentObject.Builder traceSegmentBuilder = SegmentObject.newBuilder();
    * Trace Segment
    traceSegmentBuilder.setTraceSegmentId(this.traceSegmentId.transform());
    // Don't serialize TraceSegmentReference
    // SpanObject
    for (AbstractTracingSpan span : this.spans) {
        traceSegmentBuilder.addSpans(span.transform());
   traceSegmentBuilder.setServiceId(RemoteDownstreamConfig.Agent.SERVICE ID)
    traceSegmentBuilder.setServiceInstanceId(RemoteDownstreamConfig.Agent.SER
   traceSegmentBuilder.setIsSizeLimited(this.isSizeLimited);
   upstreamBuilder.setSegment(traceSegmentBuilder.build().toByteString());
    return upstreamBuilder.build();
```

TraceSegment定义了traceSegmentId、refs、spans、relatedGlobalTraces等属性;它提供了ref、relatedGlobalTraces、archive、finish、transform等方法

IConsumer

skywalking-6.6.0/apm-commons/apm-

datacarrier/src/main/java/org/apache/skywalking/apm/commons/datacarrier/consumer/IConsumer.java

```
public interface IConsumer<T> {
    void init();

    void consume(List<T> data);

    void onError(List<T> data, Throwable t);

    void onExit();
}
```

• IConsumer定义了init、consume、onError、onExit方法

TraceSegmentServiceClient

skywalking-6.6.0/apm-sniffer/apm-agent-

core/src/main/java/org/apache/skywalking/apm/agent/core/remote/TraceSegmentServiceClient.java

```
@DefaultImplementor
public class TraceSegmentServiceClient implements BootService, IConsumer<TraceSeg</pre>
    private static final ILog logger = LogManager.getLogger(TraceSegmentServiceCl
    private static final int TIMEOUT = 30 * 1000;
    private long lastLogTime;
   private long segmentUplinkedCounter;
    private long segmentAbandonedCounter;
    private volatile DataCarrier<TraceSegment> carrier;
    private volatile TraceSegmentReportServiceGrpc.TraceSegmentReportServiceStub
    private volatile GRPCChannelStatus status = GRPCChannelStatus.DISCONNECT;
    @Override
    public void prepare() throws Throwable {
        ServiceManager.INSTANCE.findService(GRPCChannelManager.class).addChannelL
    @Override
    public void boot() throws Throwable {
       lastLogTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
       segmentUplinkedCounter = 0;
       segmentAbandonedCounter = 0;
       carrier = new DataCarrier<TraceSegment>(CHANNEL_SIZE, BUFFER_SIZE);
        carrier.setBufferStrategy(BufferStrategy.IF_POSSIBLE);
        carrier.consume(this, 1);
```

```
@Override
public void onComplete() throws Throwable {
   TracingContext.ListenerManager.add(this);
@Override
public void shutdown() throws Throwable {
   TracingContext.ListenerManager.remove(this);
    carrier.shutdownConsumers();
@Override
public void init() {
@Override
public void consume(List<TraceSegment> data) {
    if (CONNECTED.equals(status)) {
        final GRPCStreamServiceStatus status = new GRPCStreamServiceStatus(fa
        StreamObserver<UpstreamSegment> upstreamSegmentStreamObserver = servi
            @Override
            public void onNext(Commands commands) {
                ServiceManager.INSTANCE.findService(CommandService.class).rec
            @Override
            public void onError(Throwable throwable) {
                status.finished();
                if (logger.isErrorEnable()) {
                    logger.error(throwable, "Send UpstreamSegment to collecto
                ServiceManager.INSTANCE.findService(GRPCChannelManager.class)
            @Override
            public void onCompleted() {
               status.finished();
        });
        try {
            for (TraceSegment segment : data) {
                UpstreamSegment upstreamSegment = segment.transform();
                \verb"upstreamSegmentStreamObserver.onNext" (\verb"upstreamSegment");
        } catch (Throwable t) {
            logger.error(t, "Transform and send UpstreamSegment to collector
        upstreamSegmentStreamObserver.onCompleted();
        status.wait4Finish();
        segmentUplinkedCounter += data.size();
    } else {
        segmentAbandonedCounter += data.size();
   printUplinkStatus();
private void printUplinkStatus() {
   long currentTimeMillis = System.currentTimeMillis();
    if (currentTimeMillis - lastLogTime > 30 * 1000) {
        lastLogTime = currentTimeMillis;
        if (segmentUplinkedCounter > 0) {
            logger.debug("{} trace segments have been sent to collector.", se
            segmentUplinkedCounter = 0;
```

```
if (segmentAbandonedCounter > 0) {
            logger.debug("{} trace segments have been abandoned, cause by no
            segmentAbandonedCounter = 0;
   }
}
public void onError(List<TraceSegment> data, Throwable t)
    logger.error(t, "Try to send {} trace segments to collector, with unexpect
@Override
public void onExit() {
@Override
public void afterFinished(TraceSegment traceSegment) {
   if (traceSegment.isIgnore()) {
        return;
    if (!carrier.produce(traceSegment)) {
        if (logger.isDebugEnable()) {
            logger.debug("One trace segment has been abandoned, cause by buff
    }
@Override
public void statusChanged(GRPCChannelStatus status) {
   if (CONNECTED.equals(status)) {
        Channel channel = ServiceManager.INSTANCE.findService(GRPCChannelMana
        serviceStub = TraceSegmentReportServiceGrpc.newStub(channel);
   this.status = status;
}
```

TraceSegmentServiceClient实现了BootService、IConsumer、TracingContextListener、GRPCChannelListener接口; 其prepare方法往GRPCChannelManager注册自身的channelListener; 其boot方法设置lastLogTime,实例化DataCarrier,并设置其consumer为自身; 其onComplete方法执行TracingContext.ListenerManager.add(this); 其shutdown方法执行TracingContext.ListenerManager.remove(this)以及carrier.shutdownConsumers(); 其consume方法在status为CONNECTED的时候执行upstreamSegmentStreamObserver.onNext(upstreamSegment)、upstreamSegmentStreamObserver.onCompleted()以及status.wait4Finish(); 其afterFinished方法执行carrier.produce(traceSegment); 其statusChanged设置serviceStub及status

ConsumerThread

skywalking-6.6.0/apm-commons/apm-

datacarrier/src/main/java/org/apache/skywalking/apm/commons/datacarrier/consumer/ConsumerThread.java

```
public class ConsumerThread<T> extends Thread {
   private volatile boolean running;
   private IConsumer<T> consumer;
   private List<DataSource> dataSources;
   private long consumeCycle;

ConsumerThread(String threadName, IConsumer<T> consumer, long consumeCycle) {
      super(threadName);
      this.consumer = consumer;
      running = false;
      dataSources = new ArrayList<DataSource>(1);
      this.consumeCycle = consumeCycle;
}

/**
   * add whole buffer to consume
```

```
* @param sourceBuffer
void addDataSource(QueueBuffer<T> sourceBuffer) {
   this.dataSources.add(new DataSource(sourceBuffer));
@Override
public void run() {
   running = true;
    final List<T> consumeList = new ArrayList<T>(1500);
   while (running) {
       if (!consume(consumeList)) {
           try {
               Thread.sleep(consumeCycle);
           } catch (InterruptedException e) {
       }
    // consumer thread is going to stop
    // consume the last time
   consume(consumeList);
   consumer.onExit();
private boolean consume(List<T> consumeList) {
   for (DataSource dataSource : dataSources) {
       dataSource.obtain(consumeList);
   if (!consumeList.isEmpty()) {
       try {
           consumer.consume(consumeList);
        } catch (Throwable t) {
           consumer.onError(consumeList, t);
        } finally {
           consumeList.clear();
       return true;
   return false;
void shutdown() {
   running = false;
* DataSource is a refer to {@link Buffer}.
class DataSource {
   private QueueBuffer<T> sourceBuffer;
   DataSource(QueueBuffer<T> sourceBuffer) {
       this.sourceBuffer = sourceBuffer;
   void obtain(List<T> consumeList) {
       sourceBuffer.obtain(consumeList);
}
```

• ConsumerThread继承了Thread,其run方法会循环执行consume(consumeList),跳出循环时会再次执行consume(consumeList),最后执行consumer.onExit(); consume方法会遍历dataSources,执行其

dataSource.obtain(consumeList),然后在consumeList不为空的时候执行consumer.consume(consumeList)方法

ConsumeDriver

skywalking-6.6.0/apm-commons/apm-

datacarrier/src/main/java/org/apache/skywalking/apm/commons/datacarrier/consumer/ConsumeDriver.java

```
public class ConsumeDriver<T> implements IDriver {
   private boolean running;
   private ConsumerThread[] consumerThreads;
   private Channels<T> channels;
    private ReentrantLock lock;
    public ConsumeDriver(String name, Channels<T> channels, Class<? extends ICons</pre>
       long consumeCycle) {
        this (channels, num);
        for (int i = 0; i < num; i++) {</pre>
            consumerThreads[i] = new ConsumerThread("DataCarrier." + name + ".Con
            consumerThreads[i].setDaemon(true);
    public ConsumeDriver(String name, Channels<T> channels, IConsumer<T> prototyp
        this (channels, num);
        prototype.init();
        for (int i = 0; i < num; i++) {</pre>
            consumerThreads[i] = new ConsumerThread("DataCarrier." + name + ".Con
            consumerThreads[i].setDaemon(true);
    private ConsumeDriver(Channels<T> channels, int num) {
       running = false;
        this.channels = channels;
        consumerThreads = new ConsumerThread[num];
        lock = new ReentrantLock();
    private IConsumer<T> getNewConsumerInstance(Class<? extends IConsumer<T>> con
            IConsumer<T> inst = consumerClass.newInstance();
            inst.init();
            return inst;
        } catch (InstantiationException e) {
            throw new ConsumerCannotBeCreatedException(e);
        } catch (IllegalAccessException e) {
            throw new ConsumerCannotBeCreatedException(e);
    }
    @Override
    public void begin(Channels channels) {
        if (running) {
            return:
        }
        try {
            lock.lock();
            this.allocateBuffer2Thread();
            for (ConsumerThread consumerThread: consumerThreads) {
                consumerThread.start();
            running = true;
        } finally {
            lock.unlock();
    }
    @Override
```

```
public boolean isRunning(Channels channels) {
    return running;
private void allocateBuffer2Thread() {
    int channelSize = this.channels.getChannelSize();
     * if consumerThreads.length < channelSize
     * each consumer will process several channels.
     * if consumerThreads.length == channelSize
     * each consumer will process one channel.
     * if consumerThreads.length > channelSize
     ^{\star} there will be some threads do nothing.
    for (int channelIndex = 0; channelIndex < channelSize; channelIndex++) {</pre>
        int consumerIndex = channelIndex % consumerThreads.length;
        consumerThreads[consumerIndex].addDataSource(channels.getBuffer(chann
public void close(Channels channels) {
   try {
        lock.lock();
        this.running = false;
        for (ConsumerThread consumerThread: consumerThreads) {
            consumerThread.shutdown();
    } finally {
        lock.unlock();
}
```

• ConsumeDriver实现了IDriver接口,其ConsumeDriver会创建num个ConsumerThread;其begin方法会执行allocateBuffer2Thread,给每个consumerThread添加dataSource,然后执行consumerThread.start(); 其close方法会执行consumerThread.shutdown()

小结

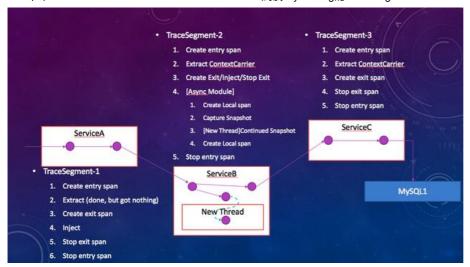
TraceSegmentServiceClient实现了BootService、IConsumer、TracingContextListener、GRPCChannelListener接口; 其prepare方法往GRPCChannelManager注册自身的channelListener; 其boot方法设置lastLogTime,实例化DataCarrier,并设置其consumer为自身; 其onComplete方法执行TracingContext.ListenerManager.add(this); 其shutdown方法执行TracingContext.ListenerManager.remove(this)以及carrier.shutdownConsumers(); 其consume方法在status为CONNECTED的时候执行upstreamSegmentStreamObserver.onNext(upstreamSegment)、upstreamSegmentStreamObserver.onCompleted()以及status.wait4Finish(); 其afterFinished方法执行carrier.produce(traceSegment); 其statusChanged设置serviceStub及status

doc

TraceSegmentServiceClient本文参考原文-<u>http://bjbsair.com/2020-03-22/tech-info/5102/</u>序

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本文主要研究一下skywalking的TraceSegmentServiceClient



TracingContextListener

skywalking-6.6.0/apm-sniffer/apm-agent-core/src/main/java/org/apache/skywalking/apm/agent/core/context/TracingContextListener.java

```
public interface TracingContextListener {
    void afterFinished(TraceSegment traceSegment);
}
```

• TracingContextListener定义了afterFinished方法,其参数为TraceSegment

TraceSegment

skywalking-6.6.0/apm-sniffer/apm-agent-core/src/main/java/org/apache/skywalking/apm/agent/core/context/trace/TraceSegment.java

```
public class TraceSegment {
    private ID traceSegmentId;
    private List<TraceSegmentRef> refs;
    private List<AbstractTracingSpan> spans;
    private DistributedTraceIds relatedGlobalTraces;
    private boolean ignore = false;
    private boolean isSizeLimited = false;
    private final long createTime;
    public TraceSegment() {
       this.traceSegmentId = GlobalIdGenerator.generate();
       this.spans = new LinkedList<AbstractTracingSpan>();
       this.relatedGlobalTraces = new DistributedTraceIds();
        this.relatedGlobalTraces.append(new NewDistributedTraceId());
        this.createTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
    public void ref(TraceSegmentRef refSegment) {
       if (refs == null) {
            refs = new LinkedList<TraceSegmentRef>();
        if (!refs.contains(refSegment)) {
            refs.add(refSegment);
    public void relatedGlobalTraces(DistributedTraceId distributedTraceId) {
        relatedGlobalTraces.append(distributedTraceId);
```

```
public void archive(AbstractTracingSpan finishedSpan) {
   spans.add(finishedSpan);
public TraceSegment finish(boolean isSizeLimited) {
    this.isSizeLimited = isSizeLimited;
   return this;
public ID getTraceSegmentId() {
   return traceSegmentId;
public int getServiceId() {
   return RemoteDownstreamConfig.Agent.SERVICE_ID;
public boolean hasRef() {
   return !(refs == null || refs.size() == 0);
public List<TraceSegmentRef> getRefs() {
   return refs;
public List<DistributedTraceId> getRelatedGlobalTraces() {
   return relatedGlobalTraces.getRelatedGlobalTraces();
public boolean isSingleSpanSegment() {
   return this.spans != null && this.spans.size() == 1;
public boolean isIgnore() {
   return ignore;
public void setIgnore(boolean ignore) {
   this.ignore = ignore;
public UpstreamSegment transform() {
    UpstreamSegment.Builder upstreamBuilder = UpstreamSegment.newBuilder();
    for (DistributedTraceId distributedTraceId : getRelatedGlobalTraces()) {
       upstreamBuilder = upstreamBuilder.addGlobalTraceIds(distributedTraceI
   SegmentObject.Builder traceSegmentBuilder = SegmentObject.newBuilder();
    * Trace Segment
    traceSegmentBuilder.setTraceSegmentId(this.traceSegmentId.transform());
    // Don't serialize TraceSegmentReference
    // SpanObject
    for (AbstractTracingSpan span : this.spans) {
        traceSegmentBuilder.addSpans(span.transform());
    traceSegmentBuilder.setServiceId(RemoteDownstreamConfig.Agent.SERVICE ID)
    traceSegmentBuilder.setServiceInstanceId(RemoteDownstreamConfig.Agent.SER
    traceSegmentBuilder.setIsSizeLimited(this.isSizeLimited);
   upstreamBuilder.setSegment(traceSegmentBuilder.build().toByteString());
   return upstreamBuilder.build();
@Override
public String toString() {
    return "TraceSegment{" +
        "traceSegmentId='" + traceSegmentId + '\'' +
        ", refs=" + refs +
```

TraceSegment定义了traceSegmentId、refs、spans、relatedGlobalTraces等属性;它提供了ref、relatedGlobalTraces、archive、finish、transform等方法

IConsumer

skywalking-6.6.0/apm-commons/apm-

datacarrier/src/main/java/org/apache/skywalking/apm/commons/datacarrier/consumer/IConsumer.java

```
public interface IConsumer<T> {
    void init();

    void consume(List<T> data);

    void onError(List<T> data, Throwable t);

    void onExit();
}
```

• IConsumer定义了init、consume、onError、onExit方法

TraceSegmentServiceClient

skywalking-6.6.0/apm-sniffer/apm-agent-

core/src/main/java/org/apache/skywalking/apm/agent/core/remote/TraceSegmentServiceClient.java

```
@DefaultImplementor
public class TraceSegmentServiceClient implements BootService, IConsumer<TraceSeg</pre>
   private static final ILog logger = LogManager.getLogger(TraceSegmentServiceCl
    private static final int TIMEOUT = 30 * 1000;
    private long lastLogTime;
    private long segmentUplinkedCounter;
    private long segmentAbandonedCounter;
    private volatile DataCarrier<TraceSegment> carrier;
    private volatile TraceSegmentReportServiceGrpc.TraceSegmentReportServiceStub
    private volatile GRPCChannelStatus status = GRPCChannelStatus.DISCONNECT;
    @Override
    public void prepare() throws Throwable {
        ServiceManager.INSTANCE.findService(GRPCChannelManager.class).addChannelL
    @Override
    public void boot() throws Throwable {
       lastLogTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
       segmentUplinkedCounter = 0;
       segmentAbandonedCounter = 0;
       carrier = new DataCarrier<TraceSegment>(CHANNEL SIZE, BUFFER SIZE);
       carrier.setBufferStrategy(BufferStrategy.IF POSSIBLE);
        carrier.consume(this, 1);
    @Override
    public void onComplete() throws Throwable {
        TracingContext.ListenerManager.add(this);
```

```
@Override
public void shutdown() throws Throwable {
   TracingContext.ListenerManager.remove(this);
    carrier.shutdownConsumers();
@Override
public void init() {
@Override
public void consume(List<TraceSegment> data) {
    if (CONNECTED.equals(status)) {
        final GRPCStreamServiceStatus status = new GRPCStreamServiceStatus(fa
        StreamObserver<UpstreamSegment> upstreamSegmentStreamObserver = servi
            public void onNext(Commands commands) {
                ServiceManager.INSTANCE.findService(CommandService.class).rec
            @Override
            public void onError(Throwable throwable) {
                status.finished();
                if (logger.isErrorEnable()) {
                    logger.error(throwable, "Send UpstreamSegment to collecto
                ServiceManager.INSTANCE.findService(GRPCChannelManager.class)
            @Override
            public void onCompleted() {
               status.finished();
        });
        try {
            for (TraceSegment segment : data) {
                UpstreamSegment upstreamSegment = segment.transform();
                upstreamSegmentStreamObserver.onNext(upstreamSegment);
        } catch (Throwable t) {
            logger.error(t, "Transform and send UpstreamSegment to collector
        \verb"upstreamSegmentStreamObserver.onCompleted"()";
        status.wait4Finish();
        segmentUplinkedCounter += data.size();
    } else {
        segmentAbandonedCounter += data.size();
   printUplinkStatus();
private void printUplinkStatus() {
    long currentTimeMillis = System.currentTimeMillis();
    if (currentTimeMillis - lastLogTime > 30 * 1000) {
        lastLogTime = currentTimeMillis;
        if (seamentUplinkedCounter > 0) {
            logger.debug("{} trace segments have been sent to collector.", se
            segmentUplinkedCounter = 0;
        if (segmentAbandonedCounter > 0) {
            logger.debug("{} trace segments have been abandoned, cause by no
            segmentAbandonedCounter = 0;
```

```
@Override
public void onError(List<TraceSegment> data, Throwable t)
   logger.error(t, "Try to send {} trace segments to collector, with unexpec
@Override
public void onExit() {
@Override
public void afterFinished(TraceSegment traceSegment) {
   if (traceSegment.isIgnore()) {
        return;
    if (!carrier.produce(traceSegment)) {
        if (logger.isDebugEnable()) {
            logger.debug("One trace segment has been abandoned, cause by buff
    }
@Override
public void statusChanged(GRPCChannelStatus status) {
   if (CONNECTED.equals(status)) {
        Channel channel = ServiceManager.INSTANCE.findService(GRPCChannelMana
        serviceStub = TraceSegmentReportServiceGrpc.newStub(channel);
    this.status = status;
}
```

TraceSegmentServiceClient实现了BootService、IConsumer、TracingContextListener、GRPCChannelListener接口; 其prepare方法往GRPCChannelManager注册自身的channelListener; 其boot方法设置lastLogTime,实例化DataCarrier,并设置其consumer为自身; 其onComplete方法执行TracingContext.ListenerManager.add(this); 其shutdown方法执行TracingContext.ListenerManager.remove(this)以及carrier.shutdownConsumers(); 其consume方法在status为CONNECTED的时候执行upstreamSegmentStreamObserver.onNext(upstreamSegment)、upstreamSegmentStreamObserver.onCompleted()以及status.wait4Finish(); 其afterFinished方法执行carrier.produce(traceSegment); 其statusChanged设置serviceStub及status

ConsumerThread

skywalking-6.6.0/apm-commons/apm-

datacarrier/src/main/java/org/apache/skywalking/apm/commons/datacarrier/consumer/ConsumerThread.java

```
public class ConsumerThread<T> extends Thread {
    private volatile boolean running;
    private IConsumer<T> consumer;
    private List<DataSource> dataSources;
    private long consumeCycle;

    ConsumerThread(String threadName, IConsumer<T> consumer, long consumeCycle) {
        super(threadName);
        this.consumer = consumer;
        running = false;
        dataSources = new ArrayList<DataSource>(1);
        this.consumeCycle = consumeCycle;
    }

    /**
    * add whole buffer to consume
    *
    * @param sourceBuffer
    */
    void addDataSource(QueueBuffer<T> sourceBuffer) {
        this.dataSources.add(new DataSource(sourceBuffer));
    }
}
```

```
@Override
public void run() {
   running = true;
    final List<T> consumeList = new ArrayList<T>(1500);
    while (running) {
        if (!consume(consumeList)) {
           try {
                Thread.sleep(consumeCycle);
            } catch (InterruptedException e) {
    // consumer thread is going to stop
    // consume the last time
    consume(consumeList);
    consumer.onExit();
private boolean consume(List<T> consumeList) {
    for (DataSource dataSource : dataSources) {
       dataSource.obtain(consumeList);
    if (!consumeList.isEmpty()) {
            consumer.consume(consumeList);
        } catch (Throwable t) {
            consumer.onError(consumeList, t);
        } finally {
           consumeList.clear();
        return true;
   return false;
void shutdown() {
   running = false;
* DataSource is a refer to {@link Buffer}.
class DataSource {
   private QueueBuffer<T> sourceBuffer;
   DataSource(QueueBuffer<T> sourceBuffer) {
       this.sourceBuffer = sourceBuffer;
   void obtain(List<T> consumeList) {
        sourceBuffer.obtain(consumeList);
}
```

• ConsumerThread继承了Thread,其run方法会循环执行consume(consumeList),跳出循环时会再次执行consume(consumeList),最后执行consumer.onExit();consume方法会遍历dataSources,执行其dataSource.obtain(consumeList),然后在consumeList不为空的时候执行consumer.consume(consumeList)方法

ConsumeDriver

skywalking-6.6.0/apm-commons/apm-

datacarrier/src/main/java/org/apache/skywalking/apm/commons/datacarrier/consumer/ConsumeDriver.java

```
public class ConsumeDriver<T> implements IDriver {
    private boolean running;
   private ConsumerThread[] consumerThreads;
   private Channels<T> channels;
   private ReentrantLock lock;
    public ConsumeDriver(String name, Channels<T> channels, Class<? extends ICons</pre>
       long consumeCvcle) {
       this (channels, num);
        for (int i = 0; i < num; i++) {</pre>
           consumerThreads[i] = new ConsumerThread("DataCarrier." + name + ".Con
           consumerThreads[i].setDaemon(true);
    }
    public ConsumeDriver(String name, Channels<T> channels, IConsumer<T> prototyp
       this (channels, num);
       prototype.init();
        for (int i = 0; i < num; i++) {</pre>
           consumerThreads[i] = new ConsumerThread("DataCarrier." + name + ".Con
           consumerThreads[i].setDaemon(true);
    private ConsumeDriver(Channels<T> channels, int num) {
        running = false;
        this.channels = channels;
        consumerThreads = new ConsumerThread[num];
       lock = new ReentrantLock();
    private IConsumer<T> getNewConsumerInstance(Class<? extends IConsumer<T>> con
        try {
           IConsumer<T> inst = consumerClass.newInstance();
           inst.init();
           return inst;
        } catch (InstantiationException e) {
           throw new ConsumerCannotBeCreatedException(e);
        } catch (IllegalAccessException e) {
           throw new ConsumerCannotBeCreatedException(e);
        }
    }
    @Override
    public void begin(Channels channels) {
       if (running) {
           return;
        }
        try {
           lock.lock();
           this.allocateBuffer2Thread();
           for (ConsumerThread consumerThread: consumerThreads) {
               consumerThread.start();
           running = true;
        } finally {
           lock.unlock();
        }
    }
    @Override
   public boolean isRunning(Channels channels) {
       return running;
    private void allocateBuffer2Thread() {
       int channelSize = this.channels.getChannelSize();
```

```
* if consumerThreads.length < channelSize
     * each consumer will process several channels.
     * if consumerThreads.length == channelSize
     * each consumer will process one channel.
     * if consumerThreads.length > channelSize
     * there will be some threads do nothing.
    for (int channelIndex = 0; channelIndex < channelSize; channelIndex++) {</pre>
        int consumerIndex = channelIndex % consumerThreads.length;
        consumerThreads[consumerIndex].addDataSource(channels.getBuffer(chann
@Override
public void close(Channels channels) {
        lock.lock();
        this.running = false;
        for (ConsumerThread consumerThread: consumerThreads) {
            consumerThread.shutdown();
    } finally {
        lock.unlock();
```

• ConsumeDriver实现了IDriver接口,其ConsumeDriver会创建num个ConsumerThread;其begin方法会执行allocateBuffer2Thread,给每个consumerThread添加dataSource,然后执行consumerThread.start(); 其close方法会执行consumerThread.shutdown()

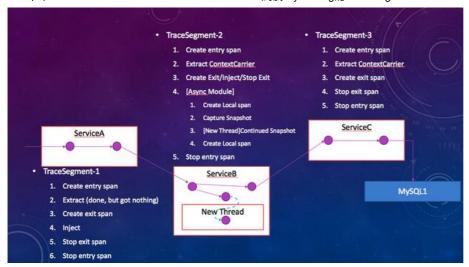
小结

TraceSegmentServiceClient实现了BootService、IConsumer、TracingContextListener、GRPCChannelListener接口; 其prepare方法往GRPCChannelManager注册自身的channelListener; 其boot方法设置lastLogTime,实例化DataCarrier,并设置其consumer为自身; 其onComplete方法执行TracingContext.ListenerManager.add(this); 其shutdown方法执行TracingContext.ListenerManager.remove(this)以及carrier.shutdownConsumers(); 其consume方法在status为CONNECTED的时候执行upstreamSegmentStreamObserver.onNext(upstreamSegment)、upstreamSegmentStreamObserver.onCompleted()以及status.wait4Finish(); 其afterFinished方法执行carrier.produce(traceSegment); 其statusChanged设置serviceStub及status

doc

TraceSegmentServiceClient本文参考原文-http://bjbsair.com/2020-03-22/tech-info/5102/序

本文主要研究一下skywalking的TraceSegmentServiceClient



TracingContextListener

skywalking-6.6.0/apm-sniffer/apm-agent-core/src/main/java/org/apache/skywalking/apm/agent/core/context/TracingContextListener.java

```
public interface TracingContextListener {
    void afterFinished(TraceSegment traceSegment);
}
```

• TracingContextListener定义了afterFinished方法,其参数为TraceSegment

TraceSegment

skywalking-6.6.0/apm-sniffer/apm-agent-core/src/main/java/org/apache/skywalking/apm/agent/core/context/trace/TraceSegment.java

```
public class TraceSegment {
    private ID traceSegmentId;
    private List<TraceSegmentRef> refs;
    private List<AbstractTracingSpan> spans;
    private DistributedTraceIds relatedGlobalTraces;
    private boolean ignore = false;
    private boolean isSizeLimited = false;
    private final long createTime;
    public TraceSegment() {
       this.traceSegmentId = GlobalIdGenerator.generate();
       this.spans = new LinkedList<AbstractTracingSpan>();
       this.relatedGlobalTraces = new DistributedTraceIds();
        this.relatedGlobalTraces.append(new NewDistributedTraceId());
        this.createTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
    public void ref(TraceSegmentRef refSegment) {
       if (refs == null) {
            refs = new LinkedList<TraceSegmentRef>();
        if (!refs.contains(refSegment)) {
            refs.add(refSegment);
    public void relatedGlobalTraces(DistributedTraceId distributedTraceId) {
        relatedGlobalTraces.append(distributedTraceId);
```

```
public void archive(AbstractTracingSpan finishedSpan) {
   spans.add(finishedSpan);
public TraceSegment finish(boolean isSizeLimited) {
    this.isSizeLimited = isSizeLimited;
   return this;
public ID getTraceSegmentId() {
   return traceSegmentId;
public int getServiceId() {
   return RemoteDownstreamConfig.Agent.SERVICE_ID;
public boolean hasRef() {
   return !(refs == null || refs.size() == 0);
public List<TraceSegmentRef> getRefs() {
   return refs;
public List<DistributedTraceId> getRelatedGlobalTraces() {
   return relatedGlobalTraces.getRelatedGlobalTraces();
public boolean isSingleSpanSegment() {
   return this.spans != null && this.spans.size() == 1;
public boolean isIgnore() {
   return ignore;
public void setIgnore(boolean ignore) {
   this.ignore = ignore;
public UpstreamSegment transform() {
    UpstreamSegment.Builder upstreamBuilder = UpstreamSegment.newBuilder();
    for (DistributedTraceId distributedTraceId : getRelatedGlobalTraces()) {
       upstreamBuilder = upstreamBuilder.addGlobalTraceIds(distributedTraceI
   SegmentObject.Builder traceSegmentBuilder = SegmentObject.newBuilder();
    * Trace Segment
    traceSegmentBuilder.setTraceSegmentId(this.traceSegmentId.transform());
    // Don't serialize TraceSegmentReference
    // SpanObject
    for (AbstractTracingSpan span : this.spans) {
        traceSegmentBuilder.addSpans(span.transform());
    traceSegmentBuilder.setServiceId(RemoteDownstreamConfig.Agent.SERVICE ID)
    traceSegmentBuilder.setServiceInstanceId(RemoteDownstreamConfig.Agent.SER
    traceSegmentBuilder.setIsSizeLimited(this.isSizeLimited);
   upstreamBuilder.setSegment(traceSegmentBuilder.build().toByteString());
   return upstreamBuilder.build();
@Override
public String toString() {
    return "TraceSegment{" +
        "traceSegmentId='" + traceSegmentId + '\'' +
        ", refs=" + refs +
```

TraceSegment定义了traceSegmentId、refs、spans、relatedGlobalTraces等属性;它提供了ref、relatedGlobalTraces、archive、finish、transform等方法

IConsumer

skywalking-6.6.0/apm-commons/apm-

datacarrier/src/main/java/org/apache/skywalking/apm/commons/datacarrier/consumer/IConsumer.java

```
public interface IConsumer<T> {
    void init();

    void consume(List<T> data);

    void onError(List<T> data, Throwable t);

    void onExit();
}
```

• IConsumer定义了init、consume、onError、onExit方法

TraceSegmentServiceClient

skywalking-6.6.0/apm-sniffer/apm-agent-

core/src/main/java/org/apache/skywalking/apm/agent/core/remote/TraceSegmentServiceClient.java

```
@DefaultImplementor
public class TraceSegmentServiceClient implements BootService, IConsumer<TraceSeg</pre>
   private static final ILog logger = LogManager.getLogger(TraceSegmentServiceCl
    private static final int TIMEOUT = 30 * 1000;
    private long lastLogTime;
   private long segmentUplinkedCounter;
    private long segmentAbandonedCounter;
    private volatile DataCarrier<TraceSegment> carrier;
    private volatile TraceSegmentReportServiceGrpc.TraceSegmentReportServiceStub
    private volatile GRPCChannelStatus status = GRPCChannelStatus.DISCONNECT;
    @Override
    public void prepare() throws Throwable {
        ServiceManager.INSTANCE.findService(GRPCChannelManager.class).addChannelL
    @Override
    public void boot() throws Throwable {
       lastLogTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
       segmentUplinkedCounter = 0;
       segmentAbandonedCounter = 0;
       carrier = new DataCarrier<TraceSegment>(CHANNEL SIZE, BUFFER SIZE);
       carrier.setBufferStrategy(BufferStrategy.IF POSSIBLE);
        carrier.consume(this, 1);
    @Override
    public void onComplete() throws Throwable {
        TracingContext.ListenerManager.add(this);
```

```
@Override
public void shutdown() throws Throwable {
   TracingContext.ListenerManager.remove(this);
    carrier.shutdownConsumers();
@Override
public void init() {
@Override
public void consume(List<TraceSegment> data) {
    if (CONNECTED.equals(status)) {
        final GRPCStreamServiceStatus status = new GRPCStreamServiceStatus(fa
        StreamObserver<UpstreamSegment> upstreamSegmentStreamObserver = servi
            public void onNext(Commands commands) {
                ServiceManager.INSTANCE.findService(CommandService.class).rec
            @Override
            public void onError(Throwable throwable) {
                status.finished();
                if (logger.isErrorEnable()) {
                    logger.error(throwable, "Send UpstreamSegment to collecto
                ServiceManager.INSTANCE.findService(GRPCChannelManager.class)
            @Override
            public void onCompleted() {
               status.finished();
        });
        try {
            for (TraceSegment segment : data) {
                UpstreamSegment upstreamSegment = segment.transform();
                upstreamSegmentStreamObserver.onNext(upstreamSegment);
        } catch (Throwable t) {
            logger.error(t, "Transform and send UpstreamSegment to collector
        \verb"upstreamSegmentStreamObserver.onCompleted"()";
        status.wait4Finish();
        segmentUplinkedCounter += data.size();
    } else {
        segmentAbandonedCounter += data.size();
   printUplinkStatus();
private void printUplinkStatus() {
    long currentTimeMillis = System.currentTimeMillis();
    if (currentTimeMillis - lastLogTime > 30 * 1000) {
        lastLogTime = currentTimeMillis;
        if (seamentUplinkedCounter > 0) {
            logger.debug("{} trace segments have been sent to collector.", se
            segmentUplinkedCounter = 0;
        if (segmentAbandonedCounter > 0) {
            logger.debug("{} trace segments have been abandoned, cause by no
            segmentAbandonedCounter = 0;
```

```
@Override
public void onError(List<TraceSegment> data, Throwable t)
   logger.error(t, "Try to send {} trace segments to collector, with unexpec
@Override
public void onExit() {
@Override
public void afterFinished(TraceSegment traceSegment) {
   if (traceSegment.isIgnore()) {
        return;
    if (!carrier.produce(traceSegment)) {
        if (logger.isDebugEnable()) {
            logger.debug("One trace segment has been abandoned, cause by buff
    }
@Override
public void statusChanged(GRPCChannelStatus status) {
   if (CONNECTED.equals(status)) {
        Channel channel = ServiceManager.INSTANCE.findService(GRPCChannelMana
        serviceStub = TraceSegmentReportServiceGrpc.newStub(channel);
    this.status = status;
}
```

TraceSegmentServiceClient实现了BootService、IConsumer、TracingContextListener、GRPCChannelListener接口; 其prepare方法往GRPCChannelManager注册自身的channelListener; 其boot方法设置lastLogTime,实例化DataCarrier,并设置其consumer为自身;其onComplete方法执行TracingContext.ListenerManager.add(this);其shutdown方法执行TracingContext.ListenerManager.remove(this)以及carrier.shutdownConsumers();其consume方法在status为CONNECTED的时候执行upstreamSegmentStreamObserver.onNext(upstreamSegment)、upstreamSegmentStreamObserver.onCompleted()以及status.wait4Finish();其afterFinished方法执行carrier.produce(traceSegment);其statusChanged设置serviceStub及status

ConsumerThread

skywalking-6.6.0/apm-commons/apm-

datacarrier/src/main/java/org/apache/skywalking/apm/commons/datacarrier/consumer/ConsumerThread.java

```
public class ConsumerThread<T> extends Thread {
    private volatile boolean running;
    private IConsumer<T> consumer;
    private List<DataSource> dataSources;
    private long consumeCycle;

    ConsumerThread(String threadName, IConsumer<T> consumer, long consumeCycle) {
        super(threadName);
        this.consumer = consumer;
        running = false;
        dataSources = new ArrayList<DataSource>(1);
        this.consumeCycle = consumeCycle;
}

    /**
    * add whole buffer to consume
    *
    * @param sourceBuffer
    */
    void addDataSource(QueueBuffer<T> sourceBuffer) {
        this.dataSources.add(new DataSource(sourceBuffer));
    }
}
```

```
@Override
public void run() {
   running = true;
    final List<T> consumeList = new ArrayList<T>(1500);
    while (running) {
        if (!consume(consumeList)) {
           try {
                Thread.sleep(consumeCycle);
            } catch (InterruptedException e) {
    // consumer thread is going to stop
    // consume the last time
    consume(consumeList);
    consumer.onExit();
private boolean consume(List<T> consumeList) {
    for (DataSource dataSource : dataSources) {
       dataSource.obtain(consumeList);
    if (!consumeList.isEmpty()) {
            consumer.consume(consumeList);
        } catch (Throwable t) {
           consumer.onError(consumeList, t);
        } finally {
           consumeList.clear();
        return true;
   return false;
void shutdown() {
   running = false;
* DataSource is a refer to {@link Buffer}.
class DataSource {
   private QueueBuffer<T> sourceBuffer;
   DataSource(QueueBuffer<T> sourceBuffer) {
       this.sourceBuffer = sourceBuffer;
   void obtain(List<T> consumeList) {
       sourceBuffer.obtain(consumeList);
}
```

• ConsumerThread继承了Thread,其run方法会循环执行consume(consumeList),跳出循环时会再次执行consume(consumeList),最后执行consumer.onExit();consume方法会遍历dataSources,执行其dataSource.obtain(consumeList),然后在consumeList不为空的时候执行consumer.consume(consumeList)方法

ConsumeDriver

skywalking-6.6.0/apm-commons/apm-

datacarrier/src/main/java/org/apache/skywalking/apm/commons/datacarrier/consumer/ConsumeDriver.java

```
public class ConsumeDriver<T> implements IDriver {
    private boolean running;
   private ConsumerThread[] consumerThreads;
   private Channels<T> channels;
   private ReentrantLock lock;
    public ConsumeDriver(String name, Channels<T> channels, Class<? extends ICons</pre>
       long consumeCvcle) {
       this (channels, num);
        for (int i = 0; i < num; i++) {</pre>
           consumerThreads[i] = new ConsumerThread("DataCarrier." + name + ".Con
           consumerThreads[i].setDaemon(true);
    }
    public ConsumeDriver(String name, Channels<T> channels, IConsumer<T> prototyp
       this (channels, num);
       prototype.init();
        for (int i = 0; i < num; i++) {</pre>
           consumerThreads[i] = new ConsumerThread("DataCarrier." + name + ".Con
           consumerThreads[i].setDaemon(true);
    private ConsumeDriver(Channels<T> channels, int num) {
        running = false;
        this.channels = channels;
        consumerThreads = new ConsumerThread[num];
       lock = new ReentrantLock();
    private IConsumer<T> getNewConsumerInstance(Class<? extends IConsumer<T>> con
        try {
           IConsumer<T> inst = consumerClass.newInstance();
           inst.init();
           return inst;
        } catch (InstantiationException e) {
           throw new ConsumerCannotBeCreatedException(e);
        } catch (IllegalAccessException e) {
           throw new ConsumerCannotBeCreatedException(e);
        }
    }
    @Override
    public void begin(Channels channels) {
       if (running) {
           return;
        }
        try {
           lock.lock();
           this.allocateBuffer2Thread();
           for (ConsumerThread consumerThread: consumerThreads) {
               consumerThread.start();
           running = true;
        } finally {
           lock.unlock();
        }
    }
    @Override
   public boolean isRunning(Channels channels) {
       return running;
    private void allocateBuffer2Thread() {
       int channelSize = this.channels.getChannelSize();
```

```
* if consumerThreads.length < channelSize
     * each consumer will process several channels.
     * if consumerThreads.length == channelSize
     * each consumer will process one channel.
     * if consumerThreads.length > channelSize
     * there will be some threads do nothing.
    for (int channelIndex = 0; channelIndex < channelSize; channelIndex++) {</pre>
        int consumerIndex = channelIndex % consumerThreads.length;
        consumerThreads[consumerIndex].addDataSource(channels.getBuffer(chann
@Override
public void close(Channels channels) {
        lock.lock();
        this.running = false;
        for (ConsumerThread consumerThread: consumerThreads) {
            consumerThread.shutdown();
    } finally {
        lock.unlock();
```

• ConsumeDriver实现了IDriver接口,其ConsumeDriver会创建num个ConsumerThread;其begin方法会执行allocateBuffer2Thread,给每个consumerThread添加dataSource,然后执行consumerThread.start(); 其close方法会执行consumerThread.shutdown()

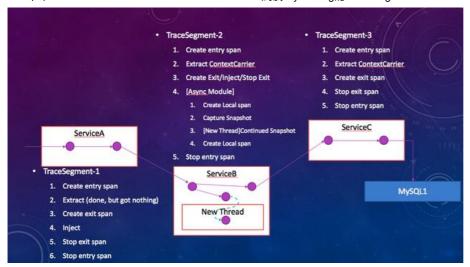
小结

TraceSegmentServiceClient实现了BootService、IConsumer、TracingContextListener、GRPCChannelListener接口; 其prepare方法往GRPCChannelManager注册自身的channelListener; 其boot方法设置lastLogTime,实例化DataCarrier,并设置其consumer为自身; 其onComplete方法执行TracingContext.ListenerManager.add(this); 其shutdown方法执行TracingContext.ListenerManager.remove(this)以及carrier.shutdownConsumers(); 其consume方法在status为CONNECTED的时候执行upstreamSegmentStreamObserver.onNext(upstreamSegment)、upstreamSegmentStreamObserver.onCompleted()以及status.wait4Finish(); 其afterFinished方法执行carrier.produce(traceSegment); 其statusChanged设置serviceStub及status

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TraceSegmentServiceClient本文参考原文-http://bjbsair.com/2020-03-22/tech-info/5102/序

本文主要研究一下skywalking的TraceSegmentServiceClient



TracingContextListener

skywalking-6.6.0/apm-sniffer/apm-agent-core/src/main/java/org/apache/skywalking/apm/agent/core/context/TracingContextListener.java

```
public interface TracingContextListener {
    void afterFinished(TraceSegment traceSegment);
}
```

• TracingContextListener定义了afterFinished方法,其参数为TraceSegment

TraceSegment

skywalking-6.6.0/apm-sniffer/apm-agent-core/src/main/java/org/apache/skywalking/apm/agent/core/context/trace/TraceSegment.java

```
public class TraceSegment {
    private ID traceSegmentId;
    private List<TraceSegmentRef> refs;
    private List<AbstractTracingSpan> spans;
    private DistributedTraceIds relatedGlobalTraces;
    private boolean ignore = false;
    private boolean isSizeLimited = false;
    private final long createTime;
    public TraceSegment() {
       this.traceSegmentId = GlobalIdGenerator.generate();
       this.spans = new LinkedList<AbstractTracingSpan>();
       this.relatedGlobalTraces = new DistributedTraceIds();
        this.relatedGlobalTraces.append(new NewDistributedTraceId());
        this.createTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
    public void ref(TraceSegmentRef refSegment) {
       if (refs == null) {
            refs = new LinkedList<TraceSegmentRef>();
        if (!refs.contains(refSegment)) {
            refs.add(refSegment);
    public void relatedGlobalTraces(DistributedTraceId distributedTraceId) {
        relatedGlobalTraces.append(distributedTraceId);
```

```
public void archive(AbstractTracingSpan finishedSpan) {
   spans.add(finishedSpan);
public TraceSegment finish(boolean isSizeLimited) {
    this.isSizeLimited = isSizeLimited;
   return this;
public ID getTraceSegmentId() {
   return traceSegmentId;
public int getServiceId() {
   return RemoteDownstreamConfig.Agent.SERVICE_ID;
public boolean hasRef() {
   return !(refs == null || refs.size() == 0);
public List<TraceSegmentRef> getRefs() {
   return refs;
public List<DistributedTraceId> getRelatedGlobalTraces() {
   return relatedGlobalTraces.getRelatedGlobalTraces();
public boolean isSingleSpanSegment() {
   return this.spans != null && this.spans.size() == 1;
public boolean isIgnore() {
   return ignore;
public void setIgnore(boolean ignore) {
   this.ignore = ignore;
public UpstreamSegment transform() {
    UpstreamSegment.Builder upstreamBuilder = UpstreamSegment.newBuilder();
    for (DistributedTraceId distributedTraceId : getRelatedGlobalTraces()) {
       upstreamBuilder = upstreamBuilder.addGlobalTraceIds(distributedTraceI
   SegmentObject.Builder traceSegmentBuilder = SegmentObject.newBuilder();
    * Trace Segment
    traceSegmentBuilder.setTraceSegmentId(this.traceSegmentId.transform());
    // Don't serialize TraceSegmentReference
    // SpanObject
    for (AbstractTracingSpan span : this.spans) {
        traceSegmentBuilder.addSpans(span.transform());
    traceSegmentBuilder.setServiceId(RemoteDownstreamConfig.Agent.SERVICE ID)
    traceSegmentBuilder.setServiceInstanceId(RemoteDownstreamConfig.Agent.SER
    traceSegmentBuilder.setIsSizeLimited(this.isSizeLimited);
   upstreamBuilder.setSegment(traceSegmentBuilder.build().toByteString());
   return upstreamBuilder.build();
@Override
public String toString() {
    return "TraceSegment{" +
        "traceSegmentId='" + traceSegmentId + '\'' +
        ", refs=" + refs +
```

TraceSegment定义了traceSegmentId、refs、spans、relatedGlobalTraces等属性;它提供了ref、relatedGlobalTraces、archive、finish、transform等方法

IConsumer

skywalking-6.6.0/apm-commons/apm-

datacarrier/src/main/java/org/apache/skywalking/apm/commons/datacarrier/consumer/IConsumer.java

```
public interface IConsumer<T> {
    void init();

    void consume(List<T> data);

    void onError(List<T> data, Throwable t);

    void onExit();
}
```

• IConsumer定义了init、consume、onError、onExit方法

TraceSegmentServiceClient

skywalking-6.6.0/apm-sniffer/apm-agent-

core/src/main/java/org/apache/skywalking/apm/agent/core/remote/TraceSegmentServiceClient.java

```
@DefaultImplementor
public class TraceSegmentServiceClient implements BootService, IConsumer<TraceSeg</pre>
   private static final ILog logger = LogManager.getLogger(TraceSegmentServiceCl
    private static final int TIMEOUT = 30 * 1000;
    private long lastLogTime;
    private long segmentUplinkedCounter;
    private long segmentAbandonedCounter;
    private volatile DataCarrier<TraceSegment> carrier;
    private volatile TraceSegmentReportServiceGrpc.TraceSegmentReportServiceStub
    private volatile GRPCChannelStatus status = GRPCChannelStatus.DISCONNECT;
    @Override
    public void prepare() throws Throwable {
        ServiceManager.INSTANCE.findService(GRPCChannelManager.class).addChannelL
    @Override
    public void boot() throws Throwable {
       lastLogTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
       segmentUplinkedCounter = 0;
       segmentAbandonedCounter = 0;
       carrier = new DataCarrier<TraceSegment>(CHANNEL SIZE, BUFFER SIZE);
       carrier.setBufferStrategy(BufferStrategy.IF POSSIBLE);
        carrier.consume(this, 1);
    @Override
    public void onComplete() throws Throwable {
        TracingContext.ListenerManager.add(this);
```

```
@Override
public void shutdown() throws Throwable {
   TracingContext.ListenerManager.remove(this);
    carrier.shutdownConsumers();
@Override
public void init() {
@Override
public void consume(List<TraceSegment> data) {
    if (CONNECTED.equals(status)) {
        final GRPCStreamServiceStatus status = new GRPCStreamServiceStatus(fa
        StreamObserver<UpstreamSegment> upstreamSegmentStreamObserver = servi
            public void onNext(Commands commands) {
                ServiceManager.INSTANCE.findService(CommandService.class).rec
            @Override
            public void onError(Throwable throwable) {
                status.finished();
                if (logger.isErrorEnable()) {
                    logger.error(throwable, "Send UpstreamSegment to collecto
                ServiceManager.INSTANCE.findService(GRPCChannelManager.class)
            @Override
            public void onCompleted() {
               status.finished();
        });
        try {
            for (TraceSegment segment : data) {
                UpstreamSegment upstreamSegment = segment.transform();
                upstreamSegmentStreamObserver.onNext(upstreamSegment);
        } catch (Throwable t) {
            logger.error(t, "Transform and send UpstreamSegment to collector
        \verb"upstreamSegmentStreamObserver.onCompleted"()";
        status.wait4Finish();
        segmentUplinkedCounter += data.size();
    } else {
        segmentAbandonedCounter += data.size();
   printUplinkStatus();
private void printUplinkStatus() {
    long currentTimeMillis = System.currentTimeMillis();
    if (currentTimeMillis - lastLogTime > 30 * 1000) {
        lastLogTime = currentTimeMillis;
        if (seamentUplinkedCounter > 0) {
            logger.debug("{} trace segments have been sent to collector.", se
            segmentUplinkedCounter = 0;
        if (segmentAbandonedCounter > 0) {
            logger.debug("{} trace segments have been abandoned, cause by no
            segmentAbandonedCounter = 0;
```

```
@Override
public void onError(List<TraceSegment> data, Throwable t)
   logger.error(t, "Try to send {} trace segments to collector, with unexpec
@Override
public void onExit() {
@Override
public void afterFinished(TraceSegment traceSegment) {
   if (traceSegment.isIgnore()) {
        return;
    if (!carrier.produce(traceSegment)) {
        if (logger.isDebugEnable()) {
            logger.debug("One trace segment has been abandoned, cause by buff
    }
@Override
public void statusChanged(GRPCChannelStatus status) {
   if (CONNECTED.equals(status)) {
        Channel channel = ServiceManager.INSTANCE.findService(GRPCChannelMana
        serviceStub = TraceSegmentReportServiceGrpc.newStub(channel);
    this.status = status;
}
```

TraceSegmentServiceClient实现了BootService、IConsumer、TracingContextListener、GRPCChannelListener接口;其prepare方法往GRPCChannelManager注册自身的channelListener;其boot方法设置lastLogTime,实例化DataCarrier,并设置其consumer为自身;其onComplete方法执行TracingContext.ListenerManager.add(this);其shutdown方法执行TracingContext.ListenerManager.remove(this)以及carrier.shutdownConsumers();其consume方法在status为CONNECTED的时候执行upstreamSegmentStreamObserver.onNext(upstreamSegment)、upstreamSegmentStreamObserver.onCompleted()以及status.wait4Finish();其afterFinished方法执行carrier.produce(traceSegment);其statusChanged设置serviceStub及status

ConsumerThread

skywalking-6.6.0/apm-commons/apm-

datacarrier/src/main/java/org/apache/skywalking/apm/commons/datacarrier/consumer/ConsumerThread.java

```
public class ConsumerThread<T> extends Thread {
   private volatile boolean running;
   private IConsumer<T> consumer;
   private List<DataSource> dataSources;
   private long consumeCycle;

ConsumerThread(String threadName, IConsumer<T> consumer, long consumeCycle) {
      super(threadName);
      this.consumer = consumer;
      running = false;
      dataSources = new ArrayList<DataSource>(1);
      this.consumeCycle = consumeCycle;
}

/**
   * add whole buffer to consume
   *
   * @param sourceBuffer
   */
   void addDataSource(QueueBuffer<T> sourceBuffer) {
      this.dataSources.add(new DataSource(sourceBuffer));
}
```

```
@Override
public void run() {
   running = true;
    final List<T> consumeList = new ArrayList<T>(1500);
    while (running) {
        if (!consume(consumeList)) {
           try {
                Thread.sleep(consumeCycle);
            } catch (InterruptedException e) {
    // consumer thread is going to stop
    // consume the last time
    consume(consumeList);
    consumer.onExit();
private boolean consume(List<T> consumeList) {
    for (DataSource dataSource : dataSources) {
        dataSource.obtain(consumeList);
    if (!consumeList.isEmpty()) {
            consumer.consume(consumeList);
        } catch (Throwable t) {
            consumer.onError(consumeList, t);
        } finally {
           consumeList.clear();
        return true;
    return false;
void shutdown() {
    running = false;
 * DataSource is a refer to {@link Buffer}.
class DataSource {
    private QueueBuffer<T> sourceBuffer;
    DataSource(QueueBuffer<T> sourceBuffer) {
        this.sourceBuffer = sourceBuffer;
    void obtain(List<T> consumeList) {
        sourceBuffer.obtain(consumeList);
}
```

• ConsumerThread继承了Thread,其run方法会循环执行consume(consumeList),跳出循环时会再次执行consume(consumeList),最后执行consumer.onExit();consume方法会遍历dataSources,执行其dataSource.obtain(consumeList),然后在consumeList不为空的时候执行consumer.consume(consumeList)方法

ConsumeDriver

skywalking-6.6.0/apm-commons/apm-

datacarrier/src/main/java/org/apache/skywalking/apm/commons/datacarrier/consumer/ConsumeDriver.java

```
public class ConsumeDriver<T> implements IDriver {
    private boolean running;
   private ConsumerThread[] consumerThreads;
   private Channels<T> channels;
   private ReentrantLock lock;
    public ConsumeDriver(String name, Channels<T> channels, Class<? extends ICons</pre>
       long consumeCvcle) {
       this (channels, num);
        for (int i = 0; i < num; i++) {</pre>
           consumerThreads[i] = new ConsumerThread("DataCarrier." + name + ".Con
           consumerThreads[i].setDaemon(true);
    }
    public ConsumeDriver(String name, Channels<T> channels, IConsumer<T> prototyp
       this (channels, num);
       prototype.init();
        for (int i = 0; i < num; i++) {</pre>
           consumerThreads[i] = new ConsumerThread("DataCarrier." + name + ".Con
           consumerThreads[i].setDaemon(true);
    private ConsumeDriver(Channels<T> channels, int num) {
        running = false;
        this.channels = channels;
        consumerThreads = new ConsumerThread[num];
       lock = new ReentrantLock();
    private IConsumer<T> getNewConsumerInstance(Class<? extends IConsumer<T>> con
        try {
           IConsumer<T> inst = consumerClass.newInstance();
           inst.init();
           return inst;
        } catch (InstantiationException e) {
           throw new ConsumerCannotBeCreatedException(e);
        } catch (IllegalAccessException e) {
           throw new ConsumerCannotBeCreatedException(e);
        }
    }
    @Override
    public void begin(Channels channels) {
       if (running) {
           return;
        }
        try {
           lock.lock();
           this.allocateBuffer2Thread();
           for (ConsumerThread consumerThread: consumerThreads) {
               consumerThread.start();
           running = true;
        } finally {
           lock.unlock();
        }
    }
    @Override
   public boolean isRunning(Channels channels) {
       return running;
    private void allocateBuffer2Thread() {
       int channelSize = this.channels.getChannelSize();
```

```
* if consumerThreads.length < channelSize
      each consumer will process several channels.
     * if consumerThreads.length == channelSize
     * each consumer will process one channel.
     * if consumerThreads.length > channelSize
     * there will be some threads do nothing.
    for (int channelIndex = 0; channelIndex < channelSize; channelIndex++) {</pre>
        int consumerIndex = channelIndex % consumerThreads.length;
        consumerThreads[consumerIndex].addDataSource(channels.getBuffer(chann
@Override
public void close(Channels channels) {
    try {
        lock.lock();
        this.running = false;
        for (ConsumerThread consumerThread: consumerThreads) {
            consumerThread.shutdown();
    } finally {
        lock.unlock();
```

• ConsumeDriver实现了IDriver接口,其ConsumeDriver会创建num个ConsumerThread;其begin方法会执行allocateBuffer2Thread,给每个consumerThread添加dataSource,然后执行consumerThread.start(); 其close方法会执行consumerThread.shutdown()

小结

TraceSegmentServiceClient实现了BootService、IConsumer、TracingContextListener、GRPCChannelListener接口; 其prepare方法往GRPCChannelManager注册自身的channelListener; 其boot方法设置lastLogTime,实例化DataCarrier,并设置其consumer为自身; 其onComplete方法执行TracingContext.ListenerManager.add(this); 其shutdown方法执行TracingContext.ListenerManager.remove(this)以及carrier.shutdownConsumers(); 其consume方法在status为CONNECTED的时候执行upstreamSegmentStreamObserver.onNext(upstreamSegment)、upstreamSegmentStreamObserver.onCompleted()以及status.wait4Finish(); 其afterFinished方法执行carrier.produce(traceSegment); 其statusChanged设置serviceStub及status

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• TraceSegmentServiceClient



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