

# Approximation-First Timeseries Query At Scale

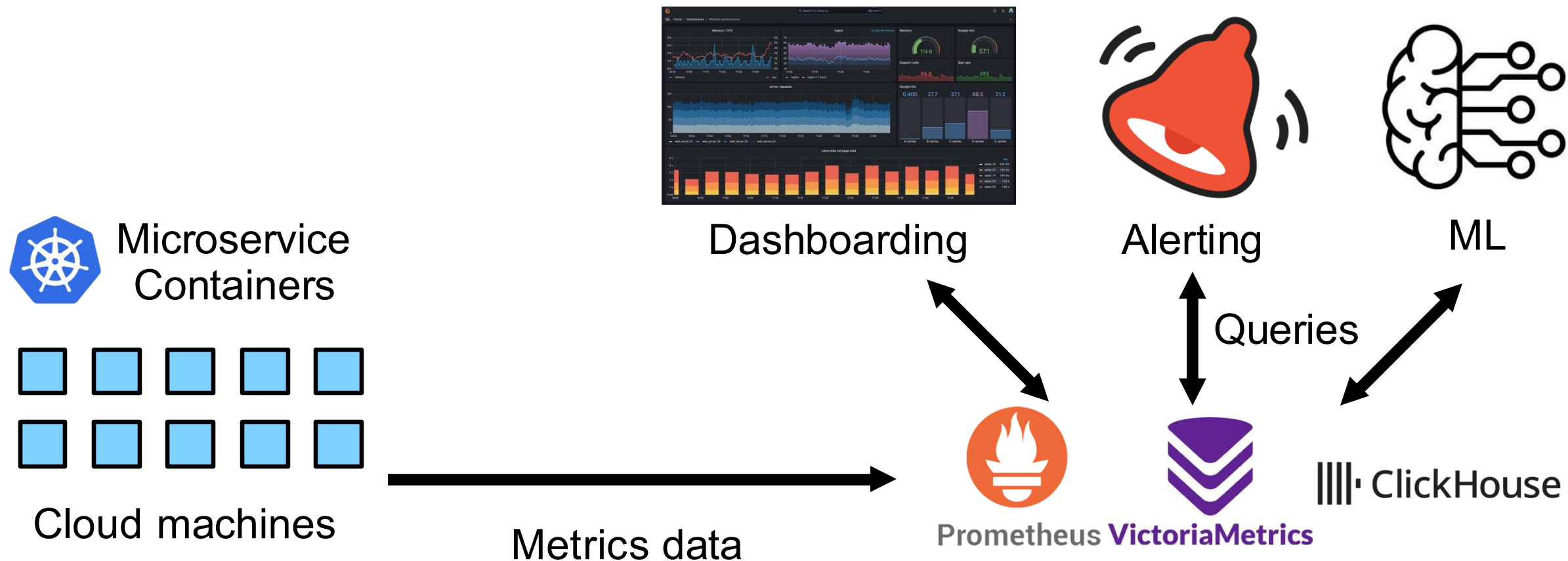
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David Starobinski<sup>†</sup>, Zaoxing Liu

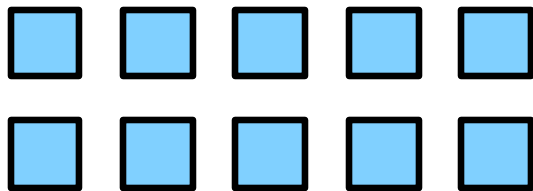
University of Maryland, <sup>†</sup>Boston University



# Need for Cloud and Network Observability



# Example: Monitoring Cloud Machines



Cloud machines

CPU Usage /Timestamps	5:00:00	5:00:01	5:00:02	5:00:03	...
Host 1	10%	35%	15%	20%	
Host 2	20%	15%	19%	20%	
Host 3	15%	75%	80%	85%	
Host 4	90%	80%	95%	75%	
...					



Metrics data



Queries



# Example *Rule* Queries for Cloud Resource Scaling

CPU Usage /Timestamps	5:00:00	...	5:01:00	...	5:02:00	...	5:03:00	...	5:04:00	...	5:05:00	...	5:06:00	...	5:07:00	...
Host 1	10%	...	35%	...	15%	...	20%	...	15%	...	20%	...	50%	...	15%	...
Host 2	20%	...	15%	...	19%	...	20%	...	19%	...	10%	...	40%	...	19%	...
Host 3	15%	...	75%	...	80%	...	85%	...	81%	...	80%	...	83%	...	80%	...
Host 4	90%	...	80%	...	95%	...	75%	...	85%	...	95%	...	80%	...	95%	...
...	Sliding Window Queries with overlaps between windows												...			...

- *Rule* Queries: Periodically (every 1 min) querying 0.95-quantile of CPU usage of last 5 min, for each host.
  - `quantile_over_time(0.95, cpu_usage[5m])`

# Bottlenecks in Window-based Queries

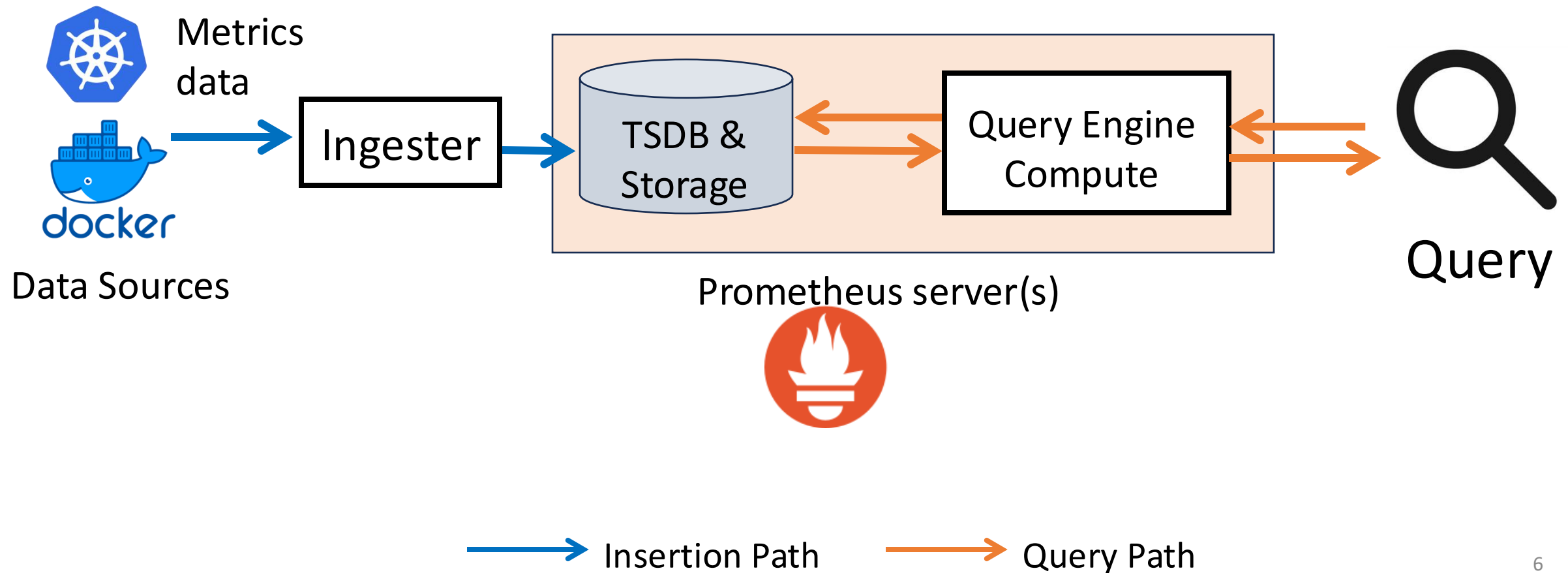
**Table 2: CPU hotspots of evaluating a quantile rule query in Prometheus and VictoriaMetrics.**

Func/Call Stack	CPU Time		Description
	Prometheus	VictoriaMetrics	
<b>Data Scanning</b>	<b>41%</b>	<b>80.2%</b>	Fetch data from storage
<b>Query computation</b>	<b>27.6%</b>	<b>11.7%</b>	Aggregation queries in rule
<b>Go Garbage Collector</b>	24.7%	4.3%	Golang garbage collector
<b>mcall</b>	4.5%	0.8%	Golang runtime scheduling

Major Bottlenecks due to window overlaps:

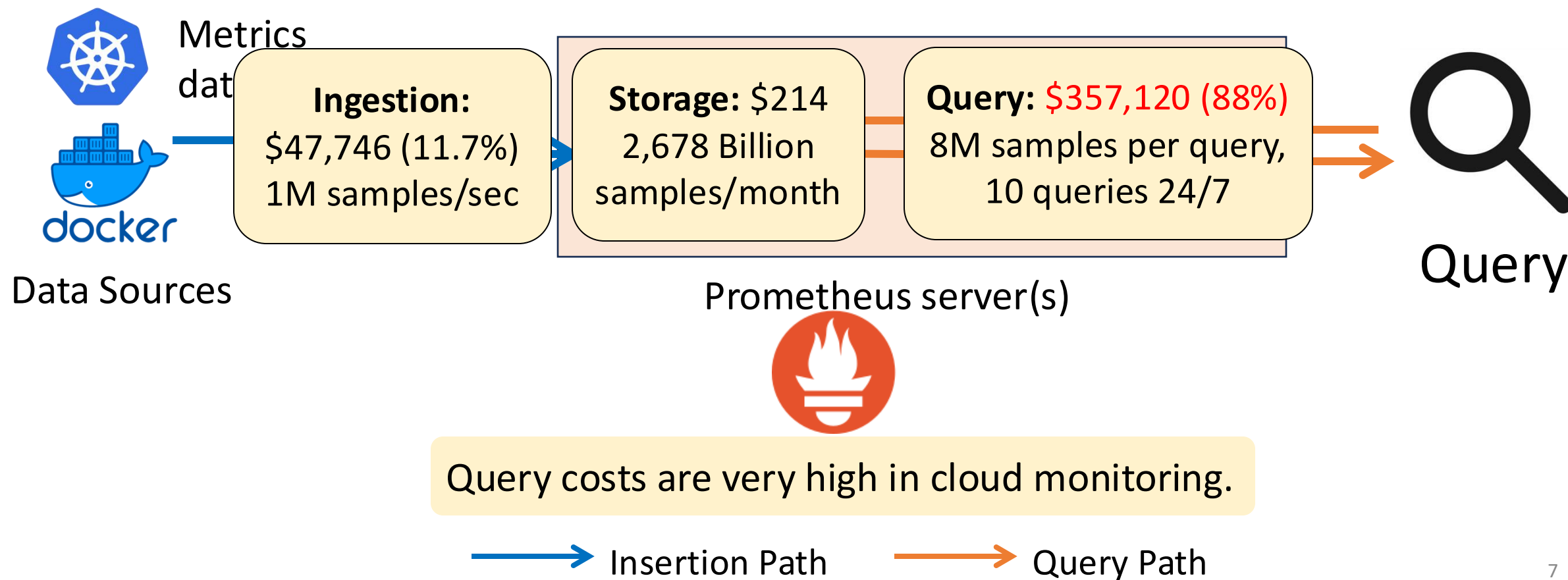
- Repeated data scanning from storage.
- Repeated and heavy query computation.

# Prometheus is a Popular Observability Platform

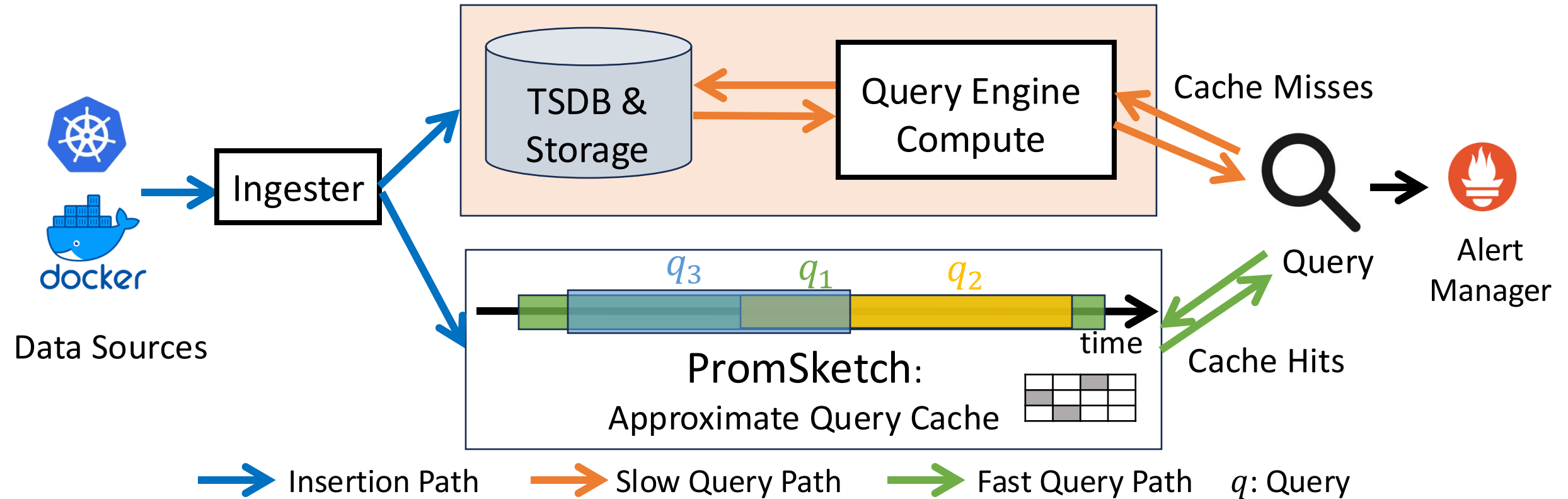


# Cloud Monitoring Costs Example

Setup: monitoring 1000-node Kubernetes cluster, each node having 1000 metrics.  
AWS Prometheus Pricing: Charge users based on the number of data samples processed.



# PromSketch as an Intermediate Cache

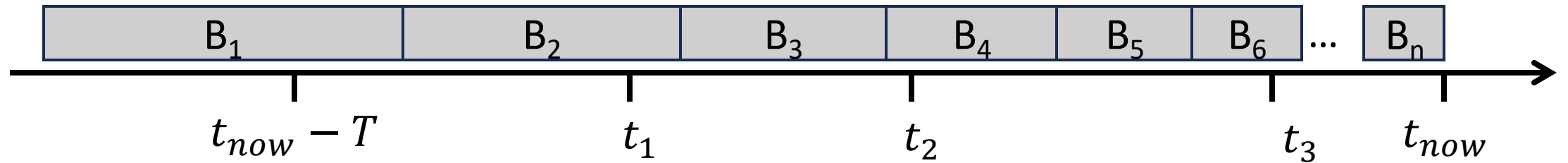


**Key Idea:** Combining arbitrary sub-window query frameworks and compact sketches as an intermediate query cache, computing overlapping windows once.



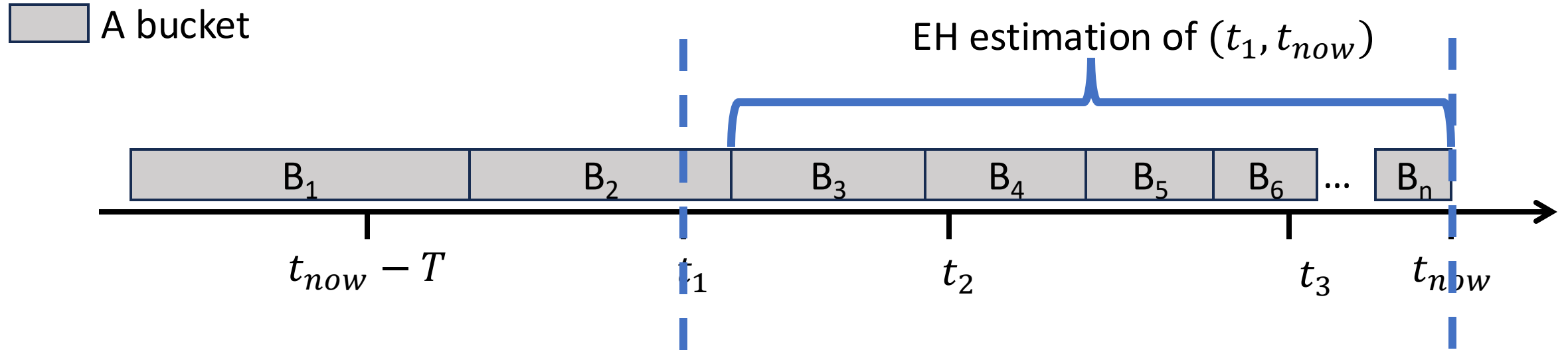
# Exponential Histogram (EH) Framework

 A bucket



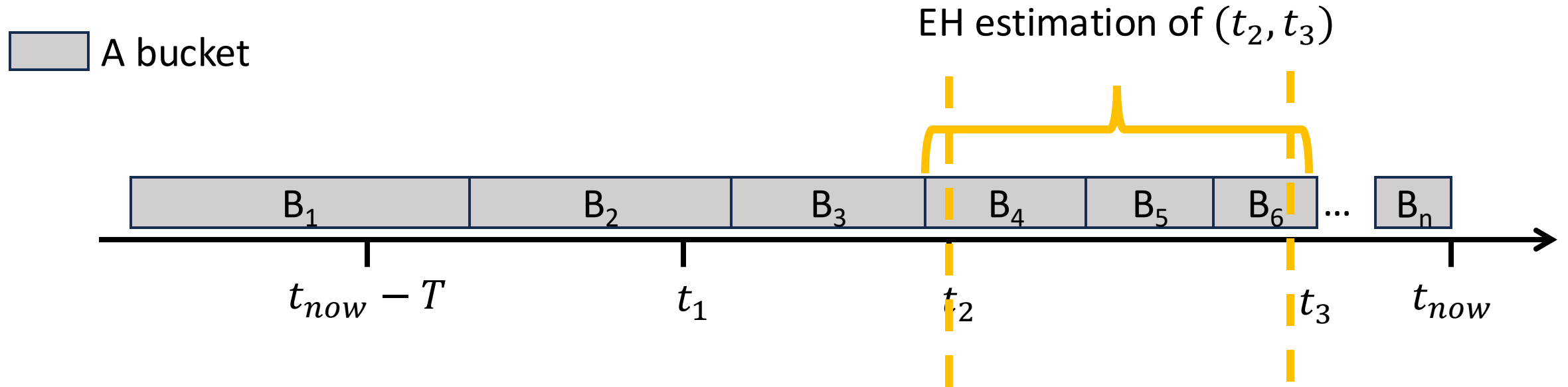
- EH supports querying arbitrary sub-windows cached by most recent  $T$ .

# Querying Sub-windows by Merging Buckets



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  - Combining buckets closest to the query time range.

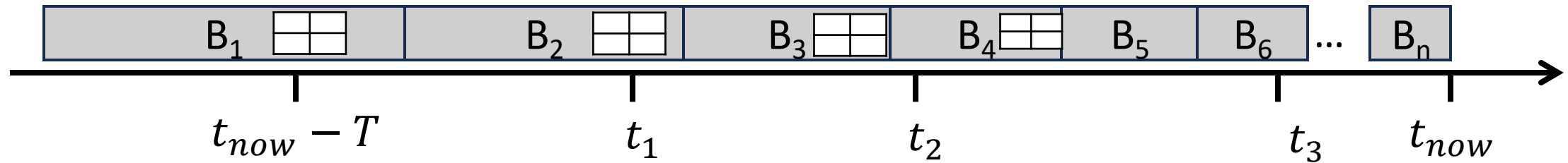
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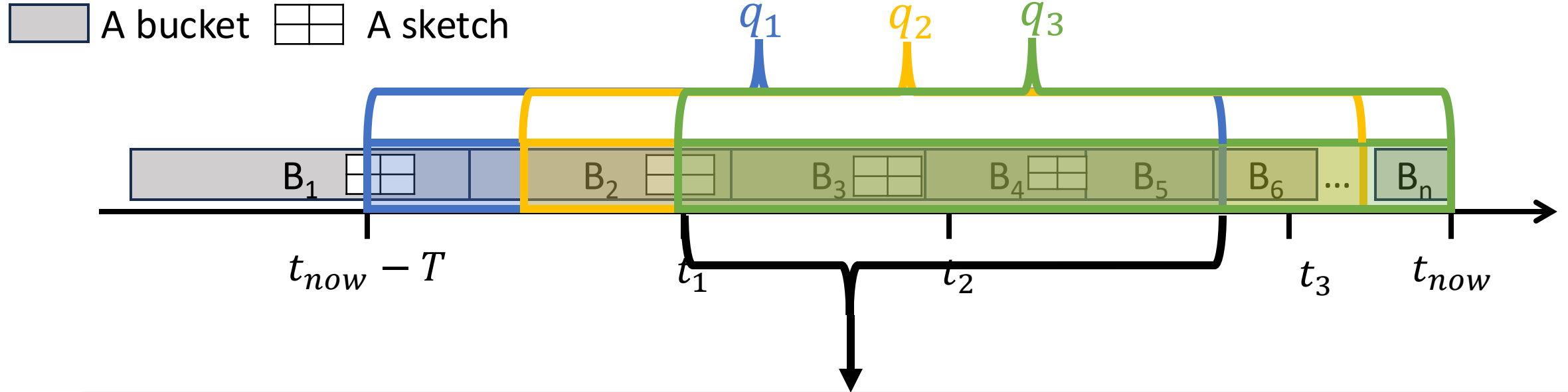
# Provable Compact Sketches as Buckets

 A bucket    A sketch



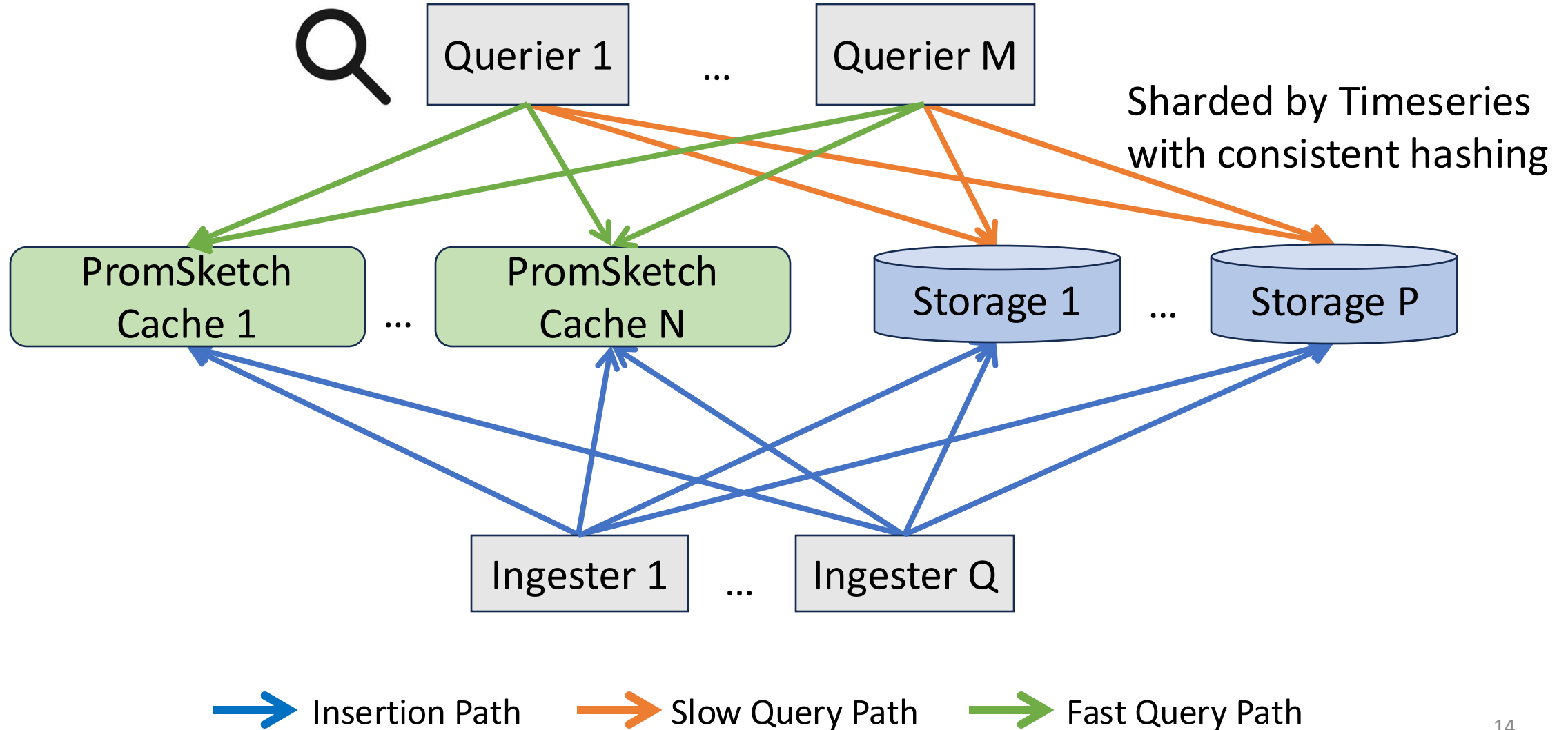
- KLL Sketch for Quantiles, Min, and Max.
- Universal Sketching for a wide range of functions, e.g., cardinality, L2 norm, entropy, top-K finding.

# Precomputed Intermediate Cache Eliminates Query Overhead



- Overlapping windows are only computed once and cached in memory.

# PromSketch Supports Cluster Version



# Evaluation

- Testbed
  - Ubuntu servers with a 32-core CPU, 384GB DDR4 memory, and 1TB Seagate HD
- Baselines
  - Prometheus (single-machine)
  - Single-machine and cluster version VictoriaMetrics
  - Single-machine and distributed PromSketch
- Workloads
  - Google Cluster Dataset 2019 (Google), CAIDA NYU 2018 and CAIDA NYU 2019
  - Dynamic dataset with Zipf, uniform, normal distribution data samples
  - 10 million records

# End-to-End Total Concurrent Query Latency

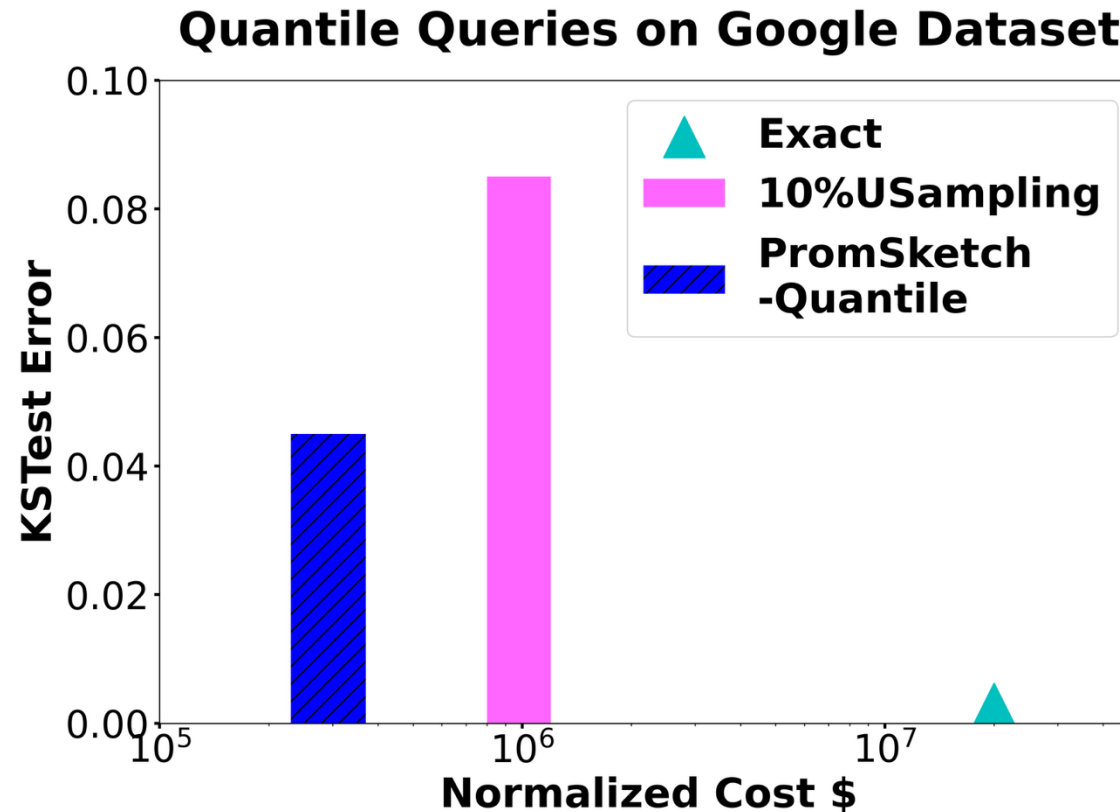
**Total concurrent rule query latency on 10K-, 100K-, and 1M-sample windows**

Metrics	Prometheus	Prometheus-PromSketch	VictoriaMetrics (VM)	VM-PromSketch
0.9-Quantile	5005 sec	28 sec <b>(181x ↓)</b>	96.1 sec	3.2 sec <b>(30x ↓)</b>
0.9-Quantile &Max &Average &Distinct	13177 sec	88.6 sec <b>(154x ↓)</b>	590 sec	9 sec <b>(65x ↓)</b>

- Up to 231x concurrent query latency reduction compared to Prometheus.
- Up to 158x compared to single-machine VictoriaMetrics.



# Accuracy-Operational Cost Tradeoffs



- Achieve better cost-accuracy tradeoffs compared to uniform sampling.
- Achieve 5% mean errors with 5x~75x smaller cost compared to exact computation.

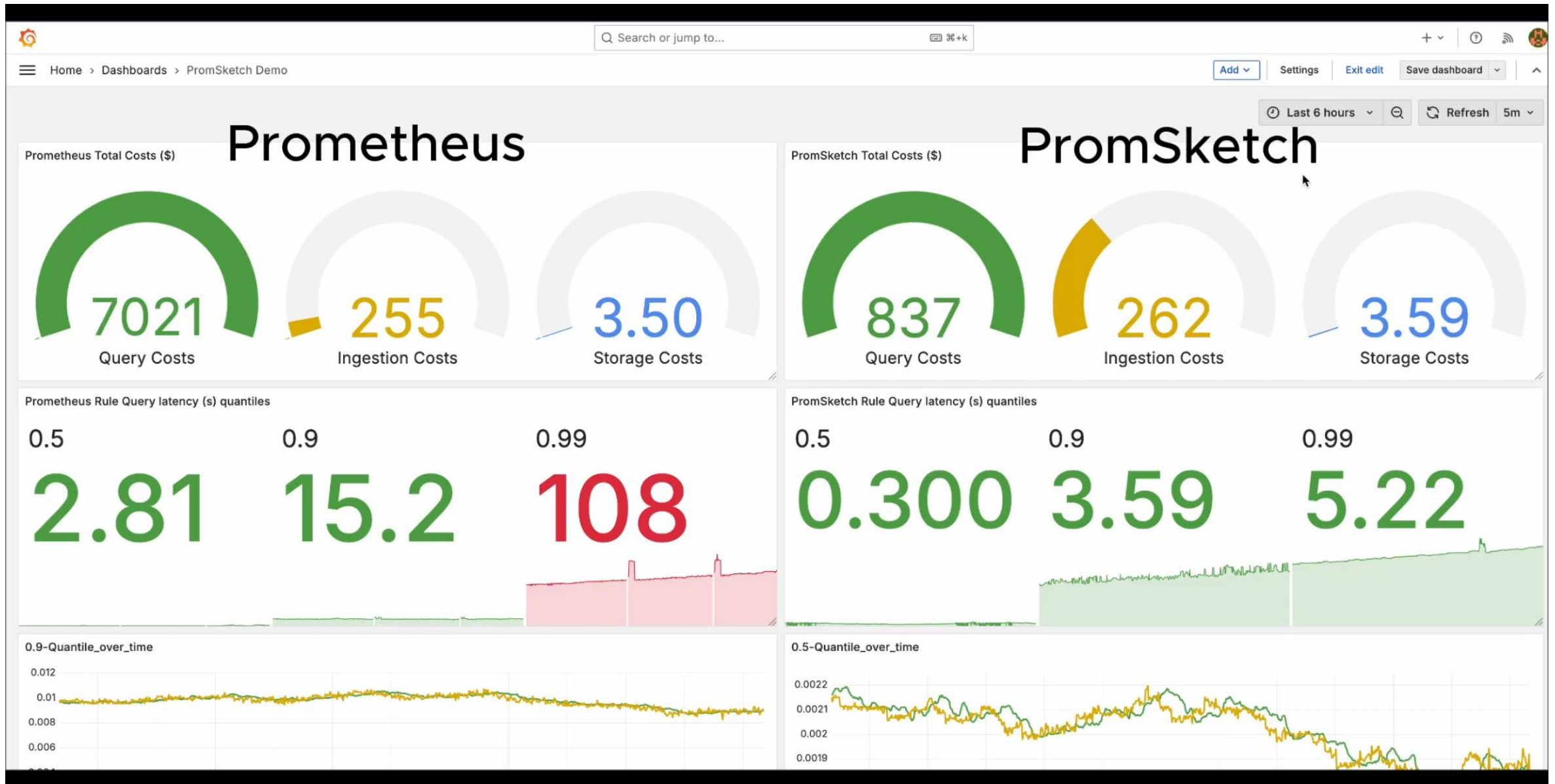
# PromSketch Saves Monitoring Costs

Setup: monitoring 1000-node Kubernetes cluster, each node having 1000 metrics.

Resources	Data Volume	AWS Prometheus Costs/Month	Prometheus-PromSketch
Storage	2,678 Billion samples/month	\$214	\$214
Data Ingestion	1M samples/sec	\$47,746	\$47,746
Query Processing	8M samples per query, 10 queries running 24/7	<b>\$357,120</b>	<b>\$267.8 (1,334x ↓)</b>
Total Costs		\$405,080	\$48,227.8

- Reducing query costs by up to three orders of magnitude.

# It's Demo Time!



# PromSketch Conclusions

- Cloud timeseries monitoring systems, such as Prometheus, incur significant operational costs and high query latency.
- We design PromSketch, an approximation-first query processing framework that leverages sub-window query frameworks and sketch-based precomputation as intermediate caches.
- Integrated with Prometheus & VictoriaMetrics, open-sourced at <https://github.com/Froot-NetSys/promsketch>.



Thank you!