Computer Science NEA - Chess Engine

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Chapter 1

Analysis of the problem

1.1 Problem Identification

The game of chess has skyrocketed in terms of popularity recently, so much so that half of my school now spend their break times playing each other on chess.com. Chess is a strategy board game with the end goal being to checkmate the opponent's king. [4] This means that capture of the opponent's king is inevitable upon the next move. The game also involves **no** elements of luck and the outcome of the game is soley dependent on the actions of the player. Moreover, the game of chess is known to be very hard to master with many of the best chess *Grandmasters* starting training from the ages of 7-8 [6]. The game of chess has an average of 35 moves [5] per position. This means that if one wants to think three moves ahead of his opponent he must consider 42,875 positions in total! This is simply not possible for a human, however for a computer this task is something that could be done in less than 1 second. By leveraging the high computational power of modern computers, I aim to write a chess engine that is able to beat an average human chess player 9 times out of 10.

Whilst chess prodigies and Grandmasters dedicate their entire lifes to improving their chess abilities, using high order thinking processes, experience and strategical tactics to play the best move in a position we may simply use a brute-force style of play, in which we consider all legal moves from a given position and simply choose the one that gives the most advantageous position even if our opponent doesn't make any mistakes.

1.2 Stakeholders

One of the students at my school who plays chess regularly is John Arco. John Arco is a 17 year old male with a passion for chess. John has a rating of roughly 1000 ELO but wishes to improve to a higher rating and beat all of his classmates. John is also very competitive and wishes to guarentee that none of his classmates can beat him. The use of a strong chess engine is one method to ensure that John Arco always beats his classmates and requires little to no effort on his part, all he has to do is replicate the moves played by his opponent on the engine's board and he will simply replicate the computer's moves.

Moreover using a chess engine can also be highly educational as we may learn new ideas or moves from the engine that we may have never considered previously. Even Magnus Carlsen has openly said that he has learnt new ideas from chess engines.

This means the engine is to serve 2 purposes, the first is ensure that John Arco remains undefeated against his classmates, and the second is to improve John Arco's chess ability by exposing him to new and unique tactics that he wouldn't have thought of otherwise. The construction of a strong chess engine will be able to solve both problems effectively, providing both educational benefits and competitive benefits also.

¹I do realise that this is considered cheating, however we intend to use this engine completely offline in unrated friendly games against close friends. I do not advocate cheating in any way shape or form.

1.3 Research the problem

To begin research it is first nescessary to get a higher level understanding of how a chess engine works. To learn about this topic I made use of resources like https://www.chessprogramming.org/Main_Page and https://www.talkchess.com/forum/index.php, citations will be given accordingly.

Any chess engine must be comprised of these 3 fundamental components:

- Legal move generation
- Evaluation functions
- Searching algorithms

Bitboards

To understand the following algorithms it is nescessary to have a good understanding on *bit-boards*. If you already understand this concept please skip this subsection entirely, otherwise I will provide a brief introduction to the idea here. Some helpful resources can be found here [2].

Legal move generation

Legal move generation is the first step, in this component we wish to find a way to feed in a position to a computer program and have it output to us all of the possible legal moves available in this position. The study of move generation algorithms in the chess programming world is still very new, with one of the newest algorithm being discovered in 2017 [1]. The two algorithms I decided to research were *Hyperbola quintessence* and *Magic bitboards*.

Hyperbola quintessence is a bit manipulation algorithm, that applies the o xor (o-2r) trick to generate correct and legal moves for the bishop, rook and queen.

List of Figures

Bibliography

- [1] Black magic bitboards. URL: https://www.talkchess.com/forum/viewtopic.php?t=
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