## Cyprus IMO Team Selection Test 2018 — P1/5

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Determine all integers  $n \ge 2$  for which the number 11111 in base n is a perfect square.

## **Solution**

Recalling the definition of base-*n* numbers the problem is asking us to find solutions to

$$(11111)_n = n^4 + n^3 + n^2 + n + 1 = m^2$$

for some integer m. Reducing that equation modulo n yields  $m^2 \equiv 1 \pmod{n}$ . But by Euler's theorem  $\varphi(n) \mid 2$ , where  $\varphi(n)$  is Euler's totient function. That means  $\varphi(n) \in \{1,2\}$ , so  $n \in \{2,3\}$ . Now simply checking both cases shows that only n = 3 works where  $(11111)_3 = 121 = 11^2$ .