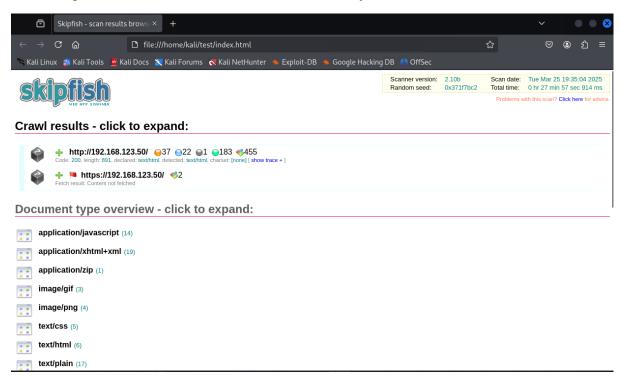
Lab 1

```
(kali@ kali)-[~]
skipfish -0 ~/test/ -S /usr/share/skipfish/dictionaries/complete.wl http://192.168.123.50/phpMyAdmin
```

Ran skip fish towards jcu eh lab



Took longer than estimated time, I exited manually



Issue type overview - click to expand: Incorrect caching directives (higher risk) (1) Interesting server message (32) XSS vector in document body (4) Signature match detected (17) Incorrect caching directives (lower risk) (3) HTML form with no apparent XSRF protection (1) O Directory listing restrictions bypassed (1) Response varies randomly, skipping checks (1) Numerical filename - consider enumerating (2) Incorrect or missing charset (low risk) (41) Generic MIME used (low risk) (8) Password entry form - consider brute-force (6) HTML form (not classified otherwise) (35) Unknown form field (can't autocomplete) (33) Hidden files / directories (9) Oirectory listing enabled (20) Resource not directly accessible (1) New 404 signature seen (1) New 'X-*' header value seen (25) New 'Server' header value seen (1) New HTTP cookie added (10)

These screenshots are result of scan

Findings are

Incorrect caching directives: Can lead to sensitive data being stored in cache

XSS vector in document body: May indicate possible Cross-Site Scripting vulnerabilities

Interesting server messages: May leak information about server config or behaviour

Directory listing enabled: Exposes internal file structure, which attackers can use to gather more intel

Hidden files/directories: These could be forgotten or sensitive files unintentionally exposed

Password entry forms: May be brute-forceable or improperly secured

No XSRF protection in an HTML form: Puts the server at risk of Cross-Site Request Forgery

In the content of incorrect caching directive, the css format is visible showing incorrect caching

Lab 2

```
(kali@ kali)-[~]
$ sudo uniscan -u http://192.168.123.50/mutillidae -q
```

Ran uniscan -q on eh lab

```
Domain: http://192.168.123.50/mutillidae/
| Server: Apache/2.2.8 (Ubuntu) DAV/2
| IP: 192.168.123.50

| Directory check:
| [+] CODE: 200 URL: http://192.168.123.50/mutillidae/classes/
| [+] CODE: 200 URL: http://192.168.123.50/mutillidae/credits/
| [+] CODE: 200 URL: http://192.168.123.50/mutillidae/footer/
| [+] CODE: 200 URL: http://192.168.123.50/mutillidae/home/
| [+] CODE: 200 URL: http://192.168.123.50/mutillidae/inages/
| [+] CODE: 200 URL: http://192.168.123.50/mutillidae/includes/
| [+] CODE: 200 URL: http://192.168.123.50/mutillidae/index/
| [+] CODE: 200 URL: http://192.168.123.50/mutillidae/jndex/
| [+] CODE: 200 URL: http://192.168.123.50/mutillidae/login/
| [+] CODE: 200 URL: http://192.168.123.50/mutillidae/login/
| [+] CODE: 200 URL: http://192.168.123.50/mutillidae/register/
| [+] CODE: 200 URL: http://192.168.123.50/mutillidae/register/
| [+] CODE: 200 URL: http://192.168.123.50/mutillidae/styles/
```

Uniscan found several open folders on the website, like /phpinfo/, /login/, and /register/.

These could be used to find more information or weaknesses during a security test
The /phpinfo/ page is especially risky because it can show details about the server
This kind of scan helps spot areas that might need better protection

```
(kali@kali)-[~]
$ sudo uniscan -u http://192.168.123.50/mutillidae -we
```

Ran -we scan

The -we scan found several important files like /config.inc, /login.php, and /phpinfo.php. It also found a robots.txt file which listed restricted paths like /passwords/ and /config.inc/. These hidden or sensitive directories might contain sensitive data or vulnerabilities and are good targets for further exploit