# Electroconvulsive Therapy Modulates Loudness Dependence of Auditory Evoked Potential: an MEG study

Michael Dib<sup>1</sup>, William Altekruse<sup>2,3</sup>, Jessica Gilbert<sup>3</sup>, Jeffrey Lewine<sup>4</sup>, Christopher C. Abbott<sup>4</sup>, Zhi-De Deng<sup>2,3</sup>

- <sup>1</sup>University of Maryland, College Park, Department of Bioengineering
- <sup>2</sup> Noninvasive Neuromodulation Unit, <sup>3</sup> Experimental Therapeutics & Pathophysiology Branch, NIMH
- <sup>4</sup> University of New Mexico, Department of Psychiatry

### Abstract

#### Objective

❖ Determine the effect of electroconvulsive therapy on serotonin (5-hydroxy-tryptamine, 5-HT) function within subjects with major depressive disorder (MDD).

#### **ECT**

- \* "Gold" standard of treatments for MDD
- Ultra brief pulse right unilateral protocol
- Stimulus strength exceeds threshold required to induce generalized seizure in anesthetized patients
- Alters several 5-HT-receptor subtypes' functions in the central nervous system

#### Patient Characteristics

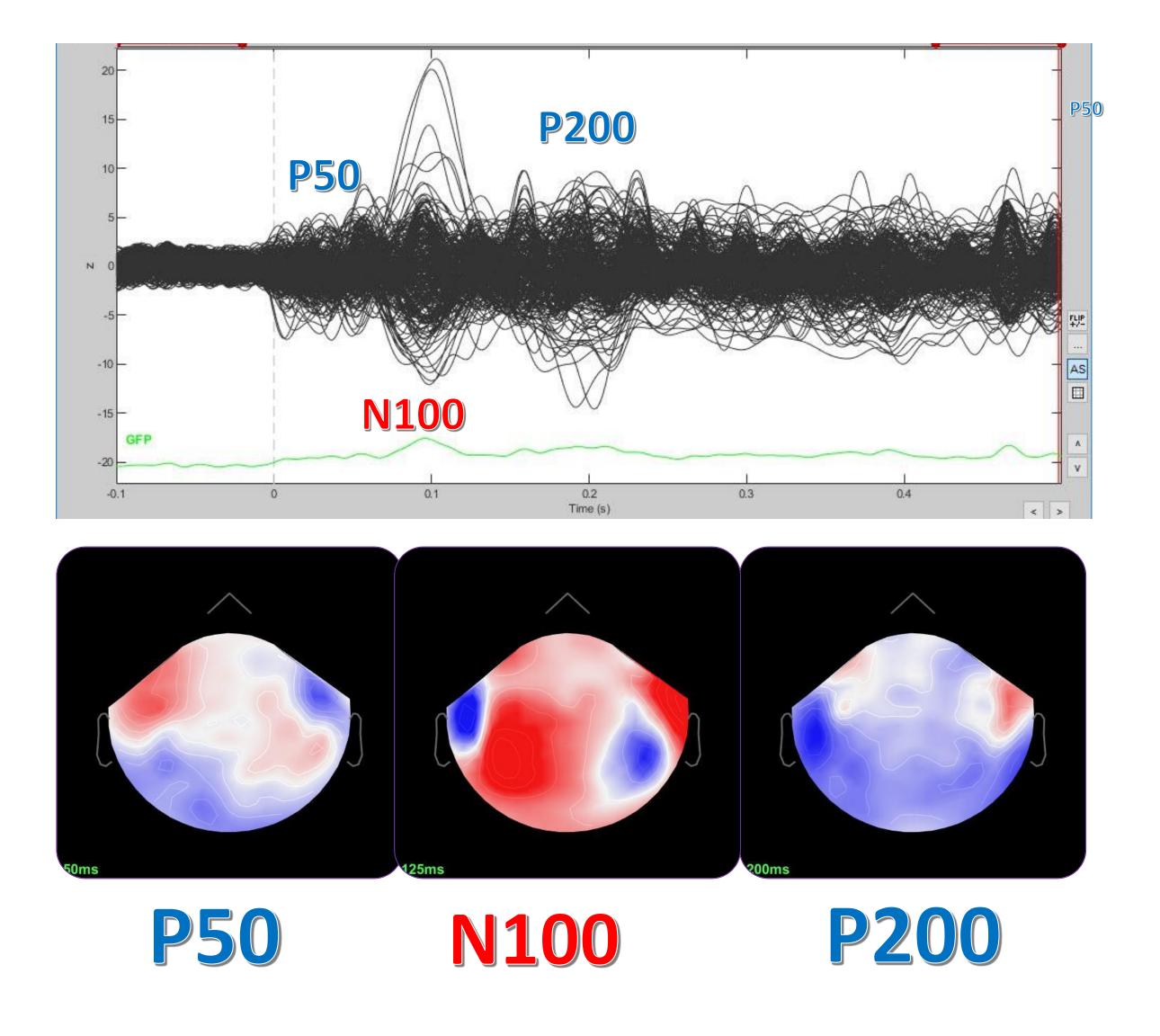
- ❖ 9 patients (6 females) with major depressive disorder
- **Age** = 68.1 ± 10.7
- **A** Baseline HAMD24 = 37.2 ± 12.8
- **❖** Post ECT HAMD24 = 9.1 ± 7.6 (6 responders)

#### LDAEP

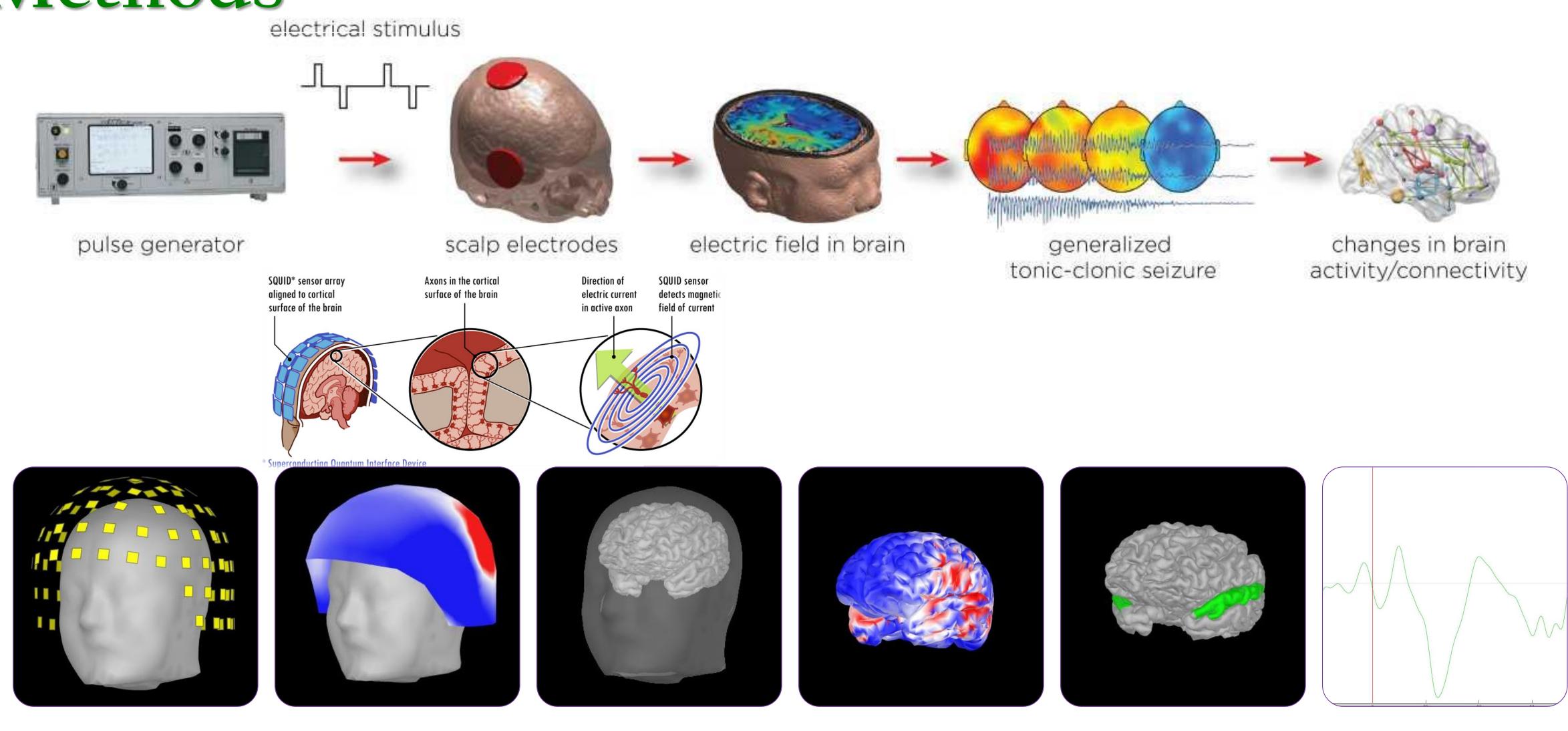
- Loudness Dependence of Auditory Evoked Potential: indicates change in amplitude of N100/P200 component as a function of sound intensity (dB)
- \* Correlate of central serotonergic neurotransmission (CSN)
- Concept: CSN modulates sensitivity of cortical neurons in PAC
- ❖ High LDAEP reflects low CSN; low LDAEP reflects high CSN

#### Data Processing

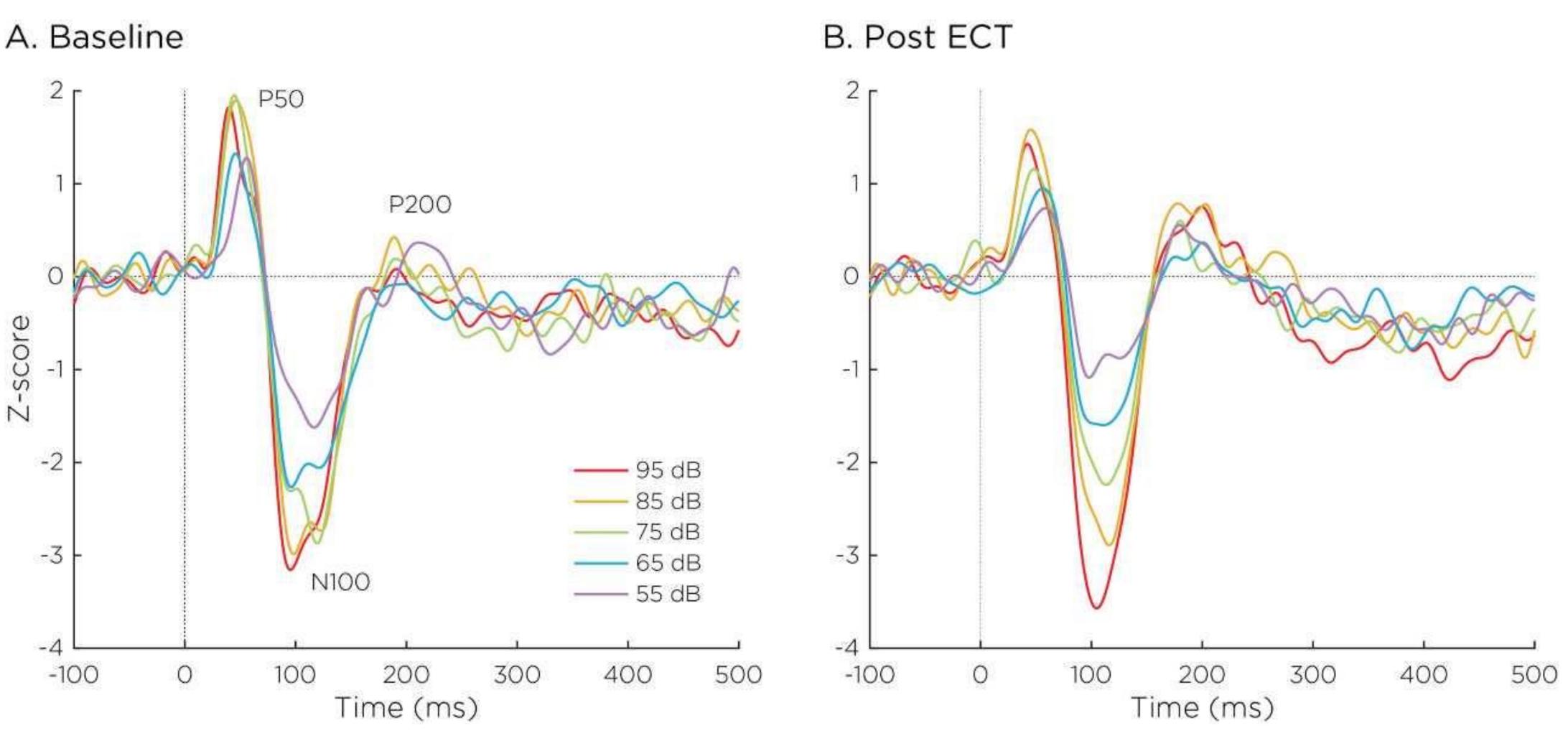
❖ Performed on Brainstorm 3 (channel removal, heartbeat/ eyeblink detection, independent component analysis, signal space projection, bandpass/notch filter, linearly constrained minimum variance, z-score normalization)

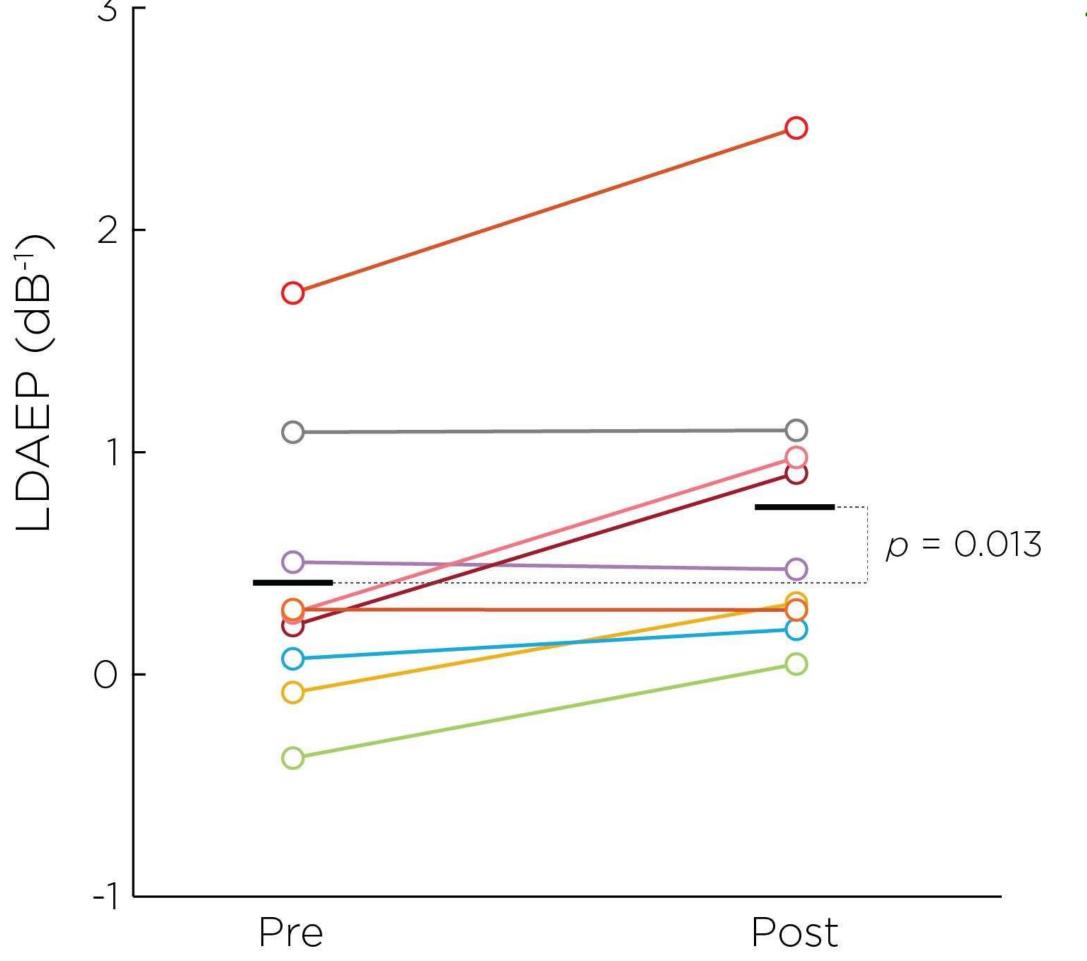


## Methods



# Results





## Discussion

- Previous research has established an inverse relationship between LDAEP and CSN, ECT increases CSN
- ❖ We hypothesized ECT would decrease LDAEP
- Although ECT was successful in treating MDD, we found that it increases LDAEP
- Research also shows that LDAEP is positively correlated with dopamine neurotransmission
- Alternative hypothesis: the antidepressant effect of ECT may be mediated via increased dopamine neurotransmission