

## Ejercicios de Cálculo de Límites y Continuidad

### Recordatorio...

1.  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} = 0$
2.  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sin n}{n} = 0$
3.  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^n = e$
4.  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a^n = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{si } 0 < a < 1 \\ \infty, & \text{si } a > 1 \end{cases}$
5.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 1$
6.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x - 1}{x} = 0$
7.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\arctan x}{x} = 1$
8.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1+x)^{\frac{1}{x}} = e$
9.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x - 1}{x} = 1$
10.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln(x+1)}{x} = 1$
11. **Stolz.**  $\{x_n\}$  arbitraria,  $\{y_n\}$  estrictamente creciente y divergente. Entonces  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x_n}{y_n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x_{n+1} - x_n}{y_{n+1} - y_n}$ .

### Calcule los siguientes límites

1.  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} 3^n \sin(3^{-n}\pi) = \pi$
2.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\ln x}{\sin(x-1)} = 1$
3.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 + \tan^2 \sqrt{x})^{\frac{1}{2x}} = \sqrt{e}$
4.  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{\sqrt{1}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{3} + \dots + \frac{\sqrt{n}}{n+1}}{\sqrt{n}} = 2$
5.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} (7-2x)^{\tan(\frac{\pi x}{6})} = e^{\frac{12}{\pi}}$
6.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \sqrt{1-x^3}}{\tan x - \sin x} = 1$
7.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln(\cos x + a \sin x)}{\sin x} = a$
8.  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1+2\sqrt{2}+3\sqrt{3}+\dots+n\sqrt{n}}{n^2\sqrt{n}} = \frac{2}{5}$
9.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x \left( \sqrt{x^2 + \sqrt{x^4 + 1}} - x\sqrt{2} \right) = 0$
10.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\cos x}{\sqrt[3]{(1-\sin x)^2}} = \infty$
11.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(2x+3)^5(3x+2)^6}{2+x^{11}} = 2^5 \cdot 3^6$
12.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt{x+3} - \sqrt[3]{9-x}}{\sqrt{x^3+15}-2} = 0$
13.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\cos x}{x - \frac{\pi}{2}} = -1$
14.  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (2n+3)^{n+2} (2n+1)^{-n-2} = e$
15.  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{n^2 + an + 1} - \sqrt{n^2 + bn + 1} = \frac{a-b}{2}$
16.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sin 2(x-1)}{x^3-1} = \frac{2}{3}$
17.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1-\cos x}{x} = 0$
18.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan 2x}{\sin 3x} = \frac{2}{3}$
19.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{1}{\sin x} - \frac{1}{\tan x} \right) = 0$
20.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{\cos x - \sin x}{\cos 2x} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$
21.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (x^2 - 4) \sin\left(\frac{1}{x-2}\right) = 0$
22.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{1+\cos x}}{\sin^2 x} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{8}$
23.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{\ln ax}{\ln bx} \right)^{\ln x} = \frac{a}{b}$
24.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x^{\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{1-x}}} = e^2$
25.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{3}} \frac{1-2\cos x}{\sin(x-\frac{\pi}{3})} = \sqrt{3}$
26.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan x - \sin x}{x^3} = \frac{1}{2}$

$$27. \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x (\ln(1+x) - \ln x) = 1$$

$$28. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x+x^2}{|x|} = \nexists$$

$$29. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1^2+3^2+5^2+\dots+(2n-1)^2}{1^2+2^2+\dots+n^2} = 4$$

$$30. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1^2 \cdot 2^1 + 2^2 \cdot 2^2 + 3^2 \cdot 2^3 + \dots + n^2 \cdot 2^n}{n^2 \cdot 2^n} = 2$$

$$31. \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1-x^2}{\sin \pi x} = \frac{2}{\pi}$$

Estudie la continuidad de las siguientes funciones.

$$1. f(x) = \begin{cases} x+1 & \text{si } x < 2, \\ 5-x & \text{si } 2 \leq x \leq 4, \\ x-3 & \text{si } x > 4. \end{cases}$$

$$2. f(x) = \frac{1}{x-2} - 3x.$$

Encuentre el valor de las constantes para que la función sea continua.

$$1. f(x) = \begin{cases} x+1 & \text{si } 1 < x < 3, \\ x^2 + 4x + M & \text{si } |x-2| \geq 1. \end{cases}$$

$$2. f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{A(x^3+1)}{x+1} + B & \text{si } x < 2, \\ 2Ax - 3 & \text{si } 2 \leq x \leq 4, \\ \frac{B(x^2+3x-10)}{x-2} & \text{si } x > 4. \end{cases}$$