Package 'geohabnet'

September 8, 2023

```
Title Analysis of Cropland Connectivity
```

Version 1.0.0

Description Geographical spatial analysis of cropland connectivity.,

Allows users to visualize risk index plots for a given set of crops.

The functions are developed as an extension to analysis from 10.1093/biosci/biaa067.

Package currently supports crops sourced from monfreda and mapspam.

This analysis produces 3 maps - mean, variance, and difference for the crop risk index.

There are multiple ways in which functions can be used -

generate final outcome and then the intermediate outcomes for more sophisticated use cases. Refer to vignettes.

\code{\link{sean}()} will set some global variables which can be accessed us-

ing \code{the\$} prefix. These values are propagated to other functions for performing operations such as distance matrix calculation.

 $\label{lem:code} $$ \operatorname{code} \operatorname{link} \operatorname{get_parameters}()$. Refer it's usage.$

```
License file LICENSE
Encoding UTF-8
Roxygen list(markdown = TRUE)
RoxygenNote 7.2.3
Imports config (>= 0.3.1),
      geodata (>= 0.5.8),
      geosphere (>= 1.5.18),
      igraph (>= 1.4.2),
      terra (>= 1.7.29),
      easycsv (>= 1.0.8),
      yam1 (>= 2.3.7),
      stats (>= 4.2.3),
      stringr (>= 1.5.0),
      memoise (>= 2.0.1),
      graphics (>= 4.2.3),
      stringi,
      rlang (>= 1.1.1),
      viridisLite (>= 0.4.2),
      beepr (>= 1.3),
      rnaturalearth (>= 0.3.3)
Suggests knitr,
      lintr (>= 3.0.2),
```

mockthat (>= 0.2.8),

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```
rmarkdown,
testthat (>= 3.1.7)
```

URL https://github.com/GarrettLab/CroplandConnectivity,

https://garrettlab.com

 $\textbf{BugReports} \ \text{https://github.com/GarrettLab/CroplandConnectivity/issues}$

VignetteBuilder knitr

R topics documented:

ccri_diff
ccri_mean
ccri_variance
connectivity
dist_methods
geoscale_param
get_cropharvest_raster
get_cropharvest_raster_sum
get_crop_raster_fromtif
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ccri_diff

Calculate difference map

Description

This function produces a map of difference b/w mean and sum indexes in rank of cropland harvested area fraction.

Usage

```
ccri_diff(rast, x, y, global, geoscale, res = reso())
```

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Arguments

rast	A raster object for mean index raster difference
X	A raster object for cropland harvest
у	A raster object for cropland harvest
global	logical. TRUE if global analysis is required, FALSE otherwise. When TRUE, geoscale is ignored. Default is TRUE.
geoscale	vector. geographical scale
res	numeric. map resolution
ccri_mean	Calculate mean of raster objects

Description

Wrapper for terra::mean(). Calculates mean of list of rasters.

Usage

```
ccri_mean(indexes, global = TRUE, geoscale = NULL, plt = TRUE)
```

Arguments

indexes	list of rasters. See details.
global	logical. TRUE if global analysis is required, FALSE otherwise. When TRUE, geoscale is ignored. Default is TRUE.
geoscale	vector. geographical scale
plt	TRUE if need to plot mean map, FALSE otherwise and geoscale.

Description

ccri_variance

This function produces a map of variance of CCRI based on input parameters

Calculate variance of CCRI

Usage

```
ccri_variance(indexes, rast, global, geoscale, res = reso())
```

Arguments

indexes	list of rasters. See details.
rast	A raster object. It will be used in calculating variance.
global	logical. TRUE if global analysis is required, FALSE otherwise. When TRUE, geoscale is ignored. Default is TRUE.
geoscale	vector. geographical scale
res	numeric. map resolution

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connectivity	Calculate and plot maps

Description

Calculate mean, variance and difference. The result is produced in form of maps plotted with predefir Currently, the settings for plot cannot be customized.

Default value is `TRUE` for all logical arguments

Usage

```
connectivity(
  indexes,
  global = TRUE,
  geoscale,
  res = reso(),
  pmean = TRUE,
  pvar = TRUE,
  pdiff = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

indexes	list of rasters. See details.
global	logical. TRUE if global analysis is required, FALSE otherwise. When TRUE, geoscale is ignored. Default is TRUE.
geoscale	vector. geographical scale
res	numeric. map resolution
pmean	TRUE if map of mean should be plotted, FALSE otherwise.
pvar	TRUE if variance map should be plotted, FALSE otherwise
pdiff	TRUE if difference map should be plotted, FALSE otherwise

Details

indexes are actually risk resulting from operations on crop's raster and parameters provided in either parameters.yaml or sean().

It will save all the opted plots using - pmean, pvar and pdiff. File will be saved in getwd().If interactive() is TRUE, then plots can be seen in active plot window. E.g. Rstudio

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dist_methods

Distance methods supported

Description

Contains supported strategies to calculate distance between two points. Use of one the methods in sean() or sensitivity_analysis().

Usage

```
dist_methods()
```

Value

vector

geoscale_param

Get geographical scales from the parameters

Description

This function returns a list of geographical scales set in global and custom extent in parameters.yaml. If global is TRUE, the CustomExt is ignored.

Usage

```
geoscale_param()
```

Value

A list of geographical scales

```
get_cropharvest_raster
```

Get raster object for crop

Description

Get cropland information in a form of raster object from data source for crop

Usage

```
get_cropharvest_raster(crop_name, data_source)
```

Arguments

crop_name Name of the crop

data_source Data source for cropland information

Value

Raster object

Examples

```
get_cropharvest_raster("avocado", "monfreda")
```

```
get_cropharvest_raster_sum
```

Get sum of rasters for individual crops

Description

Takes crop names and returns raster object which is sum of raster of individual crops. Currently, only supports crops listed in geodata::monfredaCrops(), geodata::spamCrops() If crop is present in multiple sources, then their mean is calculated.

Usage

```
get_cropharvest_raster_sum(crop_names)
```

Arguments

crop_names

A named list of source along with crop names

Value

Raster object which is sum of all the individual crop rasters

Examples

```
## Not run:
get_cropharvest_raster_sum(list(monfreda = c("wheat", "barley"), mapspam = c("wheat", "potato")))
## End(Not run)
```

```
get_crop_raster_fromtif
```

Get raster object from tif file

Description

This is a wrapper of terra::rast() and generates a raster object if provided with a TIF file.

Usage

```
get_crop_raster_fromtif(path_to_tif)
```

Arguments

```
path_to_tif TIF file
```

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Value

Raster object

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Generate raster for usage
fp <- .get_helper_filepath("avocado")
get_crop_raster_fromtif(fp)
get_crop_raster_fromtif("avocado_HarvestedAreaFraction.tif")
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

get_parameters

Get Parameters

Description

Retrieves the parameters and copies the parameter file to the specified output path.

Usage

```
get_parameters(out_path = getwd(), iwindow = FALSE)
```

Arguments

out_path character. The output path where the parameter file will be copied. Default is

current working directory getwd()

iwindow logical. If TRUE, prompts the user to select the output directory using a file

chooser window. Default is FALSE

Details

Using configuration file is an alternative to sean()

Value

character. The path to the copied parameter file.

```
set_parameters()
```

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get_param_metrics

Get metrics from parameters

Description

Get metrics and parameters stored in parameters.yaml.

Usage

```
get_param_metrics(params = load_parameters())
```

Arguments

params

R object of load_parameters(). Default is load_parameters().

Value

List of metrics - parameters and values. See usage.

Examples

```
# Get metrics from parameters
get_param_metrics()
get_param_metrics(load_parameters())
```

get_rasters

Get rasters object from parameters

Description

Takes named list of hosts as an input. See host object in get_parameters() or load_parameters(). Function creates 2 raster object - one is a sum of all the crops specified under sources and other using the provided raster file. See get_crop_raster_fromtif()

Usage

```
get_rasters(hosts)
```

Arguments

hosts

List of hosts and values. It is synonym to Hosts object in parameters

Value

List of rasters

```
load\_parameters(), get\_parameters(), get\_crop\_raster\_fromtif(), get\_cropharvest\_raster()
```

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Examples

```
# Get default rasters
## Not run:
get_rasters(list(mapspam = c("wheat"), monfreda = c("avocado"), file = "some_raster.tif"))
## End(Not run)
```

```
get_supported_sources Get supported sources of crops
```

Description

When provided, get_cropharvest_raster() will look for cropland data in this specific source.

Usage

```
get_supported_sources()
```

Value

return vector of supported sources. Also used as a lookup to find get raster object.

Examples

```
# Get currently supported sources
get_supported_sources()
```

global_scales

Global geographical extent

Description

See geographical extents used in global analysis. Returns eastern and western hemisphere extents. Each extent is in the form of c(Xmin, Xmax, Ymin, Ymax).

Usage

```
global_scales()
```

```
set_global_scales()
```

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load_parameters

Load Parameters from YAML File

Description

This function loads parameters from a YAML file and stores them in an object.

Usage

```
load_parameters(filepath = .get_helper_filepath(.kparameters_file_type))
```

Arguments

filepath

Path to the YAML file containing the parameters. By default, it takes the value of ".kparameters_file_type" which is set to "parameters.yaml".

Value

object with parameters and values

Examples

```
# Load parameters from default file
load_parameters()
```

model_powerlaw

Calculate risk index using inbuilt models.

Description

- model_powerlaw() calculates risk index using power law.
- model_neg_exp() calculates risk index using negative exponential.

Usage

```
model_powerlaw(
  beta,
  link_threshold,
  distance_matrix = the$distance_matrix,
  thresholded_crop_values,
  adj_mat = NULL,
  crop_raster,
  crop_cells_above_threshold,
  metrics = the$parameters_config$^CCRI parameters^$NetworkMetrics$InversePowerLaw
)

model_neg_exp(
  gamma_val,
  link_threshold,
```

nn_sum

```
distance_matrix = the$distance_matrix,
  thresholded_crop_values,
  adj_mat = NULL,
  crop_raster,
  crop_cells_above_threshold,
  metrics = the$parameters_config$`CCRI parameters`$NetworkMetrics$InversePowerLaw)
```

Arguments

beta A list of beta values. DispersalParameterBeta in parameters.yaml.

link_threshold A threshold value for link.

distance_matrix

distance matrix, generated during sean().

thresholded_crop_values

crop values above threshold.

adj_mat Adjacency matrix(optional) representing un-directed graph network. If this is

provided, then gamma_val, distance_matrix, link_threshold and thresholded_crop_values

are ignored. These ignored parameters are used to generate adjacency matrix in-

ternally. This is the only way to use custom adjacency matrix.

crop_raster A raster object for cropland harvest.

crop_cells_above_threshold

crop cells above threshold. Only contains cells and not the the values.

metrics A list 2 vectors - metrics and weights.

gamma_val A list of beta values. DispersalParameterGamma in parameters.yaml.

Details

Network metrics should be passed as a list of vectors e.g. list(metrics = c("betweeness"), weights = c(100)). Default values are fetched from parameters.yaml and arguments uses the same structure.

Value

risk index

nn_sum

Calculation on network matrix.

Description

These are basically an abstraction of functions under the igraph package. The functions included in this abstraction are:

- nn_sum(): Calculates the sum of nearest neighbors igraph::graph.knn().
- node_strength(): Calculates the sum of edge weights of adjacent nodes igraph::graph.strength().
- betweeness(): Calculates the vertex and edge betweenness based on the number of geodesics igraph::betweenness().
- ev(): Calculates the eigenvector centrality of positions within the network igraph::evcent().

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- closeness(): measures how many steps is required to access every other vertex from a given vertex igraph::closeness().
- degree(): number of adjacent edges igraph::degree().
- page_rank(): page rank score for vertices igraph::page_rank().

Usage

```
nn_sum(crop_dm, we)
node_strength(crop_dm, we)
betweeness(crop_dm, we)
ev(crop_dm, we)
degree(crop_dm, we)
closeness(crop_dm, we)
page_rank(crop_dm, we)
```

Arguments

crop_dm Distance matrix. In the internal workflow, the distance matrix comes is a result

of operations within sean() and risk functions.

we Weight in percentage.

Value

Matrix with the mean value based on the assigned weight.

See Also

Other metrics: supported_metrics()

reso

Get resolution value

Description

 $Resolution \ stored \ in \ parameter. \ yaml. \ If \ not \ present \ it \ will \ result \ default \ value.$

Usage

reso()

```
set_reso()
```

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sa_onrasters Run senstivity analysis

Description

Same as sensitivity_analysis() but it takes raster object and other parameters as an input.

Usage

```
sa_onrasters(
  rast,
  global = TRUE,
  geoscale,
  link_thresholds,
  host_density_thresholds,
  agg_methods = c("sum", "mean"),
  dist_method = "geodesic",
  res = reso(),
  maps = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

rast Raster object which will be used in analysis.

global Logical. TRUE if global analysis, FALSE otherwise. Default is TRUE

geoscale Vector. Geographical coordinates in the form of c(Xmin, Xmax, Ymin, Ymax)

link_thresholds

vector. link threshold values

 $\verb|host_density_thresholds|$

vector. host density threshold values

agg_methods vector. Aggregation methods

dist_method character. One of the values from dist_methods()

res numeric. resolution at which operations will run. Default is reso()

maps logical. TRUE if maps are to be plotted, FALSE otherwise

Details

When global = TRUE, geo_scale is ignored. Instead uses scales from global_scales().

Value

A list of calculated CCRI indices after operations. An index is generated for each combination of paramters. One combination is equivalent to sean() function.

See Also

Use get_rasters() to obtain raster object.

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Examples

```
## Not run:
rr <- get_rasters(list(monfreda = c("avocado")))</pre>
sa_onrasters(rr[[1]],
            global = FALSE,
            geoscale = c(-115, -75, 5, 32),
            c(0.0001, 0.00004),
            c(0.0001, 0.00005),
            c("sum", "mean"),
            res = 24)
sa_onrasters(rr[[1]],
            global = TRUE,
            link\_thresholds = c(0.000001),
            host_density_thresholds = c(0.00015),
            agg_methods = c("sum"),
            res = 24)
## End(Not run)
```

sean

Calculate sensitivity analysis on cropland harvested area fraction

Description

This function calculates sensitivity analysis on cropland harvested area fraction based on provided parameters. It can be used as an entry point for sensitivity analysis.

Usage

```
sean(
  rast,
  global = TRUE,
  geoscale,
  agg_methods = c("sum", "mean"),
  dist_method = "geodesic",
  link_threshold = 0,
  host_density_threshold = 0,
  res = reso(),
  maps = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

```
rast Raster object which will be used in analysis.

global Logical. TRUE if global analysis, FALSE otherwise. Default is TRUE

geoscale Vector. Geographical coordinates in the form of c(Xmin, Xmax, Ymin, Ymax)

agg_methods vector. Aggregation methods

dist_method character. One of the values from dist_methods()

link_threshold numeric. A threshold value for link

host_density_threshold

A host density threshold value
```

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res numeric. resolution at which operations will run. Default is reso()
maps logical. TRUE if maps are to be plotted, FALSE otherwise

Details

When global = TRUE, geoscale is ignored and global_scales() is used

Value

A list of calculated CCRI values using negative exponential

See Also

Uses connectivity()

search_crop

Search for crop

Description

It returns the dataset sources in which crop data is available. It's a wrapper around geodata::spamCrops() and geodata::monfredaCrops()

Usage

```
search_crop(name)
```

Arguments

name

name of crop

See Also

```
get_supported_sources()
```

Examples

```
search_crop("coffee")
search_crop("wheat")
## Not run:
search_crop("jackfruit")
## End(Not run)
```

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```
sensitivity_analysis Calculate sensitivity analysis on parameters
```

Description

This function runs sensitivity analysis on parameters based on parameters provided through set_parameters(). It can be used as an entry point for CCRI. By default, it runs analysis on global sclaesglobal_scales(). After analysis is complete, it will suppress maps for outcomes if maps = FALSE or interactive() is FALSE.

Usage

```
sensitivity_analysis(maps = TRUE, alert = TRUE)
```

Arguments

maps logical. TRUE if maps are to be plotted, FALSE otherwise alert logical. TRUE if beep sound is to be played, FALSE otherwise

Details

```
vignette("global_analysis", package = "geohabnet")
```

Value

logical. TRUE if analysis is completed, FALSE otherwise. Errors are not handled.

See Also

```
sa_onrasters() sean() global_scales() get_parameters() set_parameters() connectivity()
```

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Run analysis on specified parameters.yaml
sensitivity_analysis()
sensitivity_analysis(FALSE, FALSE)
sensitivity_analysis(TRUE, FALSE)
## End(Not run)
```

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set_global_scales

Set global geographical extent

Description

Set the geographical extents used in global analysis. Each extent should be in the form of c(Xmin, Xmax, Ymin, Ymax)

Usage

```
set_global_scales(value)
```

Arguments

value

list. Named list of eastern and western hemisphere extents. See usage.

See Also

```
global_scales() terra::ext()
```

Examples

```
## Not run:
set_global_scales(list(east = c(-24, 180, -58, 60), west = c(-140, -34, -58, 60)))
## End(Not run)
```

set_parameters

Set Parameters

Description

This function allows you to set the parameters by replacing the existing parameters file with a new one. Use get_parameters() to modify the parameter values.

Usage

```
set\_parameters(new\_params, iwindow = FALSE)
```

Arguments

new_params

The path to the new parameters file.

iwindow

Logical indicating whether to prompt the user to select the new parameters file

using a file selection window. Defaults to FALSE.

Value

None

sp_rast

set_reso

Set resolution value

Description

Set resolution to be used in analysis. It doesn't modify the parameters.yaml but instead a currently loaded instance of it. Must be greater than 0 and less than or equal to 48.

Usage

```
set_reso(value)
```

Arguments

value

numeric. Resolution value.

Examples

```
## Not run:
set_reso(24)
## End(Not run)
```

sp_rast

raster for mapspam crop.

Description

get raster for crop in mapspam dataset

Usage

```
sp_rast(crp)
```

Arguments

crp

character. name of a crop. Case-insensitive.

Details

```
See geodata::spamCrops() for supported crops.
```

Value

spatRaster

References

www.mapspam.com/data International Food Policy Research Institute, 2020. Spatially-Disaggregated Crop Production Statistics Data in Africa South of the Sahara for 2017. https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/FSSKBW, Harvard Dataverse, V2

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See Also

```
geodata::spamCrops() search_crop()
```

Examples

```
## Not run:
sp_rast("rice")
## End(Not run)
```

supported_metrics

Returns metrics currently supported in the analysis.

Description

Returns metrics currently supported in the analysis.

Usage

```
supported_metrics()
```

Value

vector of supported metrics.

See Also

```
Other metrics: nn_sum()
```

Examples

```
supported_metrics()
```