Module Interface Specification for the Companion Cube Calculator (\mathbb{C}^3)

Geneva Smith

November 29, 2017

1 Revision History

Date		Version	Notes
November 2017	27,	1.0	Initial draft completed

2 Symbols, Abbreviations and Acronyms

See SRS Documentation at https://github.com/GenevaS/CAS741/tree/master/Doc/SRS for project symbols, abbreviations, and acronyms.

Contents

1	1 Revision History						
2	2 Symbols, Abbreviations	Symbols, Abbreviations and Acronyms					
3	3 Introduction						
4	4 Notation						
5	5 Module Decomposition						
6	6 MIS of the Control Flow	Module					
	6.1 Module						
	6.2 Uses						
	6.3 Syntax						
	6.3.1 Exported Acces	ss Programs					
	6.4.1 State Variables						
	6.4.2 Access Routine	Semantics					
7	7 MIS of the User Input N	Module					
	7.1 Module						
	7.2 Uses						
	7.3 Syntax						
	7.3.1 Exported Access	ss Programs					
	7.4 Semantics						
	7.4.1 Environment V	ariables					
	7.4.2 State Variables						
	7.4.3 Assumptions.						
	7.4.4 Access Routine	Semantics					
3	8 MIS of the Interval Con	version Module					
	8.1 Module						
	8.2 Uses						
	8.3 Syntax						
	· ·	ss Programs					
	<u> </u>	Semantics					

9	MIS	of the Equation Conversion Module
	9.1	Module
	9.2	Uses
	9.3	Syntax
		9.3.1 Exported Access Programs
	9.4	Semantics
	0.1	9.4.1 State Variables
		9.4.2 Assumptions
		9.4.3 Access Routine Semantics
		5.4.5 Access floutine benianties
10	MIS	of the Variable Consolidation Module
	10.1	Module
		Uses
		Syntax
		10.3.1 Exported Access Programs
	10 4	Semantics
	10.1	10.4.1 State Variables
		10.4.2 Assumptions
		10.4.3 Access Routine Semantics
		10.4.5 Access froutine peniantics
11	MIS	of the Range Solver Module
		Module
		Uses
		Syntax
	11.0	11.3.1 Exported Constants
		11.3.2 Exported Access Programs
	11 /	Semantics
	11.4	11.4.1 State Variables
		11.4.2 Assumptions
		11.4.5 Access floutine peniantics
12	MIS	of the Output Module
	12.1	Module
		Uses
		Syntax
		12.3.1 Exported Access Programs
	12.4	Semantics
	14. £	12.4.1 State Variables
		12.4.2 Environment Variables
		12.4.3 Assumptions
		12.4.5 Assumptions

13 MIS of the Interval Data Structure Module	17
13.1 Module	17
13.2 Uses	17
13.3 Syntax	17
13.3.1 Exported Access Programs	17
13.4 Semantics	
13.4.1 State Variables	17
13.4.2 Access Routine Semantics	17
14 MIS of the Equation Data Structure Module	19
14.1 Module	19
14.2 Uses	
14.3 Syntax	19
14.3.1 Exported Access Programs	
14.4 Semantics	
14.4.1 State Variables	
14.4.2 Assumptions	
14.4.3 Access Routine Semantics	
15 Appendix	22

3 Introduction

The following document details the Module Interface Specifications for the Companion Cube Calculator (C^3) , a mathematical tool which determines the range of a user-specified function given the domains of the function's variables. The calculations are performed using interval arithmetic.

Complementary documents include the System Requirement Specifications and Module Guide. The full documentation and implementation can be found at https://github.com/GenevaS/CAS741.

It is assumed that the chosen implementation language will automatically check that the appropriate number of inputs are provided to a function and that all inputs are of the expected type. Therefore, these exceptions are not listed in this specification.

4 Notation

The structure of the MIS for modules comes from Hoffman and Strooper (1995), with the addition that template modules have been adapted from Ghezzi et al. (2003). The mathematical notation comes from Chapter 3 of Hoffman and Strooper (1995). For instance, the symbol := is used for a multiple assignment statement and conditional rules follow the form $(c_1 \Rightarrow r_1|c_2 \Rightarrow r_2|...|c_n \Rightarrow r_n)$.

The following table summarizes the primitive data types used by Companion Cube Calculator.

Data Type	Notation	Description
Real	\mathbb{R}	Any number in $(-\infty, \infty)$
String	$char^n$	A sequence of alphanumeric and special characters

The specification of Companion Cube Calculator uses some derived data types: sequences, strings, and tuples. Sequences are lists filled with elements of the same data type. Strings are sequences of characters. Tuples contain a list of values, potentially of different types. In addition, Companion Cube Calculator uses functions, which are defined by the data types of their inputs and outputs. Local functions are described by giving their type signature followed by their specification.

5 Module Decomposition

The following table is taken directly from the Module Guide document for this project. It can be found at https://github.com/GenevaS/CAS741/blob/master/Doc/Design/MG.

Level 1	Level 2		
Hardware-Hiding Module	-		
Behaviour-Hiding Module	Control Flow Module User Input Module Interval Conversion Module Equation Conversion Module Variable Consolidation Module Range Solver Module Output Module		
Software Decision Module	Interval Data Structure Module Equation Data Structure Module		

Table 1: Module Hierarchy

6 MIS of the Control Flow Module

6.1 Module

Main

6.2 Uses

Input (Section 7), Consolidate (Section 10), Solver (Section 11), Output (Section 12), IntervalStruct (Section 13), EquationStruct (Section 14)

6.3 Syntax

6.3.1 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions	
Main	-	-	-	

6.4 Semantics

6.4.1 State Variables

N/A

6.4.2 Access Routine Semantics

Main():

• transition: Create data structures to contain the user inputs and modify their states for the Output module.

```
# Get User Input
userInputs := Input.GetUserInputs()
eqString := userInputs[0]
varList := userInputs[1, userInputs.Length - 1]

# Convert input into equation and interval data structures using
# the list of valid operators from Solver
operators := Solver.GetValidOperators()
Consolidate.ConvertAndCheckInputs(eqString, varList, operators)

# Get the equation and interval data structures and pass them to
# the Solver module
equationData := Consolidate.GetEquationStruct()
intervalDataList := Consolidate.GetIntervalStructList()
```

```
range := Solver.CalculateRange(equationData, intervalDataList)
```

Report the results back to the user
Output.PrintInterval(range)
Output.PrintEquationTree(equationData)
for each interval in intervalDataList:
Output.PrintInterval(interval)

7 MIS of the User Input Module

7.1 Module

Input

7.2 Uses

N/A

7.3 Syntax

7.3.1 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
CotHoorInnuta		$String^n$	IN_BAD_FILE,
GetUserInputs	-		IN_EMPTY_FILE

7.4 Semantics

7.4.1 Environment Variables

 $inputFile: String^n$

7.4.2 State Variables

N/A

7.4.3 Assumptions

- The GetInputMethod function accepts user inputs from files or as direct inputs (From SRS R1).
- If the user chooses to enter their values via a file, it must be formatted such that:
 - The user equation on the first line
 - The list of variable names and interval values associated with the user equation; each name/value set is on its own line and is of the form varName, minBound, maxBound
- The output of the GetUserInputs function is a list of *String* where the first item is the user equation. The remaining items are the variable names and interval values such that every set of three values represents one data set.

7.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

${\bf GetUserInputs}() \colon$

- transition: If the user has chosen to enter their values via a file, inputFile is associated with the provided file name.
- output: out := eqString||varList|

```
• exception: exc := (\nexists inputFile \lor \neg Read(inputFile) \Rightarrow IN\_BAD\_FILE)

| (Read(inputFile) == \emptyset \Rightarrow IN\_EMPTY\_FILE)
```

8 MIS of the Interval Conversion Module

8.1 Module

IntervalConversion

8.2 Uses

IntervalStruct (Section 13)

8.3 Syntax

8.3.1 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
MakeInterval	$String^3$	interval Struct	IVC_EMPTY_VARNAME, IVC_CONV_ERR_MIN, IVC_CONV_ERR_MAX, IVC_NO_MIN, IVC_NO_MAX

8.4 Semantics

8.4.1 State Variables

N/A

8.4.2 Assumptions

• Ensuring that $min \leq max$ is handled by the IntervalStruct (Section 13) module.

8.4.3 Access Routine Semantics

MakeInterval(varName, min, max):

• output: out := newInterval

```
• exception: exc := (varName = ```` \Rightarrow IVC\_EMPTY\_VARNAME) | (ToReal(min) \notin \mathbb{R} \Rightarrow IVC\_CONV\_ERR\_MIN) | (ToReal(max) \notin \mathbb{R} \Rightarrow IVC\_CONV\_ERR\_MAX) | (min == ```` \Rightarrow IVC\_NO\_MIN)
```

 $(max == "" \Rightarrow IVC_NO_MAX)$

9 MIS of the Equation Conversion Module

9.1 Module

EquationConversion

9.2 Uses

EquationStruct (Section 14)

9.3 Syntax

9.3.1 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
MakeEquationTree	$String, \\ String^n$	equation Struct	EQC_CONST_FUNC, EQC_IMPLICIT_MULT, EQC_INCOMPLETE_OP, EQC_UNSUPPORTED_OP
${\it GetVariableList}$	-	$String^n$	· -

9.4 Semantics

9.4.1 State Variables

 \bullet variableList: $String^n$

9.4.2 Assumptions

• The MakeEquationTree function will always be called before the GetVariableList function, otherwise it will not contain any data.

9.4.3 Access Routine Semantics

MakeEquationTree(userEquation, supportedOperations):

- transition: The value of *variableList* is updated with new variable names as they are encountered during equation processing.
- \bullet output: out := equationTreeRoot
- exception: $exc := (ToReal(userEquation) \in \mathbb{R} \Rightarrow EQC_CONST_FUNC)$ | $(\exists subEq | subEq = \{subEq_1, subEq_2\} \land subEq_1 \in \mathbb{R} \land subEq_2 \in variableList \Rightarrow EQC_IMPLICIT_MULT)$

```
(\exists op \in userEquation | (NULL < op > userEquation) \lor (userEquation < op > NULL) \Rightarrow EQC\_INCOMPLETE\_OP)
(\exists op | op \in userEquation \land op \notin supportedOperations \Rightarrow EQC\_UNSUPPORTED\_OP)
GetVariableList():
```

ullet output: out := variableList

• exception: N/A

10 MIS of the Variable Consolidation Module

10.1 Module

Consolidate

10.2 Uses

IntervalConversion (Section 8), EquationConversion (Section 9), IntervalStruct (Section 13), EquationStruct (Section 14)

10.3 Syntax

10.3.1 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
Convert And Check Inputs	$String, \\ String^n, \\ String^n$	_	VC_MISSING_VARS, VC_EXTRA_VARS, VC_NO_FUNCTION, VC_INVALID_VARNAME
${\bf GetEquationStruct}$	-	equation Struct	-
GetIntervalStructList	-	$intervalStruct^n$	-

10.4 Semantics

10.4.1 State Variables

 \bullet equation TreeRoot: equation Struct

 \bullet intervalList: intervalStructⁿ

10.4.2 Assumptions

• The ConvertAndCheckInputs function will change the state variables before the GetE-quationStruct or GetIntervalStructList functions are called.

10.4.3 Access Routine Semantics

ConvertAndCheckInputs(eqString, varList, operators):

- transition: The state variables equation Tree Root and interval List will be assigned the values that result from a successful parse and consolidation process.
- output: N/A

```
• exception: exc := (\exists var | var \in eqString \land var \notin varList \Rightarrow VC\_MISSING\_VARS)

| (\exists var | var \notin eqString \land var \in varList \Rightarrow VC\_EXTRA\_VARS)

| (eqString == ```` \Rightarrow VC\_NO\_FUNCTION)

| (\exists varName \supset \{+, -, *, ^, (, )\} \Rightarrow VC\_INVALID\_VARNAME)
```

GetEquationStruct():

• output: out := equationTreeRoot

• exception: N/A

GetIntervalStructList():

 \bullet output: out := intervalList

• exception: N/A

11 MIS of the Range Solver Module

11.1 Module

Solver

11.2 Uses

IntervalStruct (Section 13), EquationStruct (Section 14)

11.3 Syntax

11.3.1 Exported Constants

• $supportedOps : String^n$

11.3.2 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
GetValidOperat	tors -	$String^n$	-
FindRange	$equation Struct, \\interval Struct^n$	interval Struct	SOL_UNSUPPORTED_OP

11.4 Semantics

11.4.1 State Variables

N/A

11.4.2 Assumptions

• The type of *intervalStruct*ⁿ accepts NULL as a valid value.

11.4.3 Access Routine Semantics

GetValidOperators():

• output: out := supportedOps

• exception: N/A

FindRange(eStruct, ivStructList):

• output: out := eqRange

• exception: $exc := ((\exists op \in eStruct \land op \notin supportedOps) \lor (\exists iv1, iv2 \in ivStructList \land \nexists op \in supportedOps | op(iv1, iv2) \lor op(iv2, iv1)) \Rightarrow SOL_UNSUPPORTED_OP)$

12 MIS of the Output Module

12.1 Module

Output

12.2 Uses

IntervalStruct (Section 13), EquationStruct (Section 14)

12.3 Syntax

12.3.1 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
PrintInterval	interval Struct	-	-
PrintEquationTree	e $equationStruct$	_	-

12.4 Semantics

12.4.1 State Variables

N/A

12.4.2 Environment Variables

- cmd: the command-line interface
- win: a 2D sequence of pixels displayed on the screen

12.4.3 Assumptions

- There are no exceptions in this module because it is assumed that only well-formed inputs will be passed in. This assumption is made knowing that this module will only be called post-process and any errors in the data structures have already been identified.
- The object passed to PrintEquationTree is the root of the equation tree

12.4.4 Access Routine Semantics

PrintIntervalList(iStruct):

• transition: If the user interface is the command-line, write the interval *iStruct* to cmd. If the user interface is a GUI, modify win so that the interval is displayed. In both cases, the variable name of the interval must also be displayed.

• exception: N/A

PrintEquationTree(eStruct):

• transition: If the user interface is the command-line, write the equation tree represented by *eStruct* to cmd. If the user interface is a GUI, modify win so that the equation tree is displayed.

• exception: N/A

13 MIS of the Interval Data Structure Module

13.1 Module

IntervalStruct

13.2 Uses

N/A

13.3 Syntax

13.3.1 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
IntervalStruct	$String, \mathbb{R}^2$	interval Struct	IV_ORD_VIOLATED
GetVariableName	-	String	-
${\rm GetMinBound}$	-	\mathbb{R}	-
$\operatorname{GetMaxBound}$	-	\mathbb{R}	-
${\bf Set Variable Name}$	String	-	-
SetMinBound	\mathbb{R}	-	IV_ORD_VIOLATED
SetMaxBound	\mathbb{R}	-	IV_ORD_VIOLATED

13.4 Semantics

13.4.1 State Variables

For R2 using DD1

 $\bullet \ variable Name : String$

• $minBound : \mathbb{R}$

• $maxBound : \mathbb{R}$

13.4.2 Access Routine Semantics

IntervalStruct(varName, minB, maxB):

- output: out := newInterval
- transition: Update state variables variableName, minBound, and maxBound with the provided values varName, minB, and maxB
- exception: $exc := (minB > maxB \Rightarrow IV_ORD_VIOLATED)$

GetVariableName():

- output: out := variableName
- exception: N/A

GetMinBound():

- output: out := minBound
- exception: N/A

GetMaxBound():

- output: out := maxBound
- exception: N/A

SetVariableName(varName):

- \bullet transition: Update state variable variableName with the provided value varName
- exception: N/A

SetMinBound(minB):

- \bullet transition: Update state variable minBound with the provided value minB
- exception: $exc := (minB > maxBound \Rightarrow IV_ORD_VIOLATED)$

SetMaxBound(maxB):

- transition: Update state variable maxBound with the provided value maxB
- exception: $exc := (maxB < minBound \Rightarrow IV_ORD_VIOLATED)$

14 MIS of the Equation Data Structure Module

14.1 Module

EquationStruct

14.2 Uses

N/A

14.3 Syntax

14.3.1 Exported Access Programs

Name	In	Out	Exceptions
EquationStruct	$String^2,$ $equation Struct^2$	equation Struct	-
GetOperator	-	String	-
GetVariableName	-	String	-
GetLeftOperand	-	equation Struct	-
GetRightOperand	_	equation Struct	-
${\bf SetLeftOperand}$	equation Struct	-	-
SetRightOperand	equation Struct	-	-

14.4 Semantics

14.4.1 State Variables

To support R4 and R6

 \bullet operator: String

 $\bullet \ variable Name : String$

 \bullet left Operand: equation Struct

 \bullet right Operand: equation Struct

14.4.2 Assumptions

- The decomposition of the user equation is handled by the Equation Conversion module (Section 9).
- Unsupported operators are identified and handled in the Equation Conversion module (Section 9).

- There is no setter method for the *operator* or *variableName* fields because they will not be changed after initialization.
- The values for leftOperand and rightOperand can be set to NULL as required.

14.4.3 Access Routine Semantics

EquationStruct(op, vName, eStruct1, eStruct2):

- output: out := newEquation
- transition: Update state variables operator, variableName, leftOperand, and rightOperand with the provided values op, vName, eStruct1, and eStruct2
- exception: N/A

GetOperator():

- \bullet output: out := operator
- exception: N/A

GetVariableName():

- output: out := variableName
- exception: N/A

GetLeftOperand():

- output: out := leftOperand
- exception: N/A

GetRightOperand():

- output: out := rightOperand
- exception: N/A

SetLeftOperand(eStruct):

- transition: Update state variable leftOperand with the provided value eStruct
- exception: N/A

SetRightOperand(eStruct):

- transition: Update state variable rightOperand with the provided value eStruct
- exception: N/A

References

Carlo Ghezzi, Mehdi Jazayeri, and Dino Mandrioli. Fundamentals of Software Engineering. Prentice Hall, Upper Saddle River, NJ, USA, 2nd edition, 2003.

Daniel M. Hoffman and Paul A. Strooper. Software Design, Automated Testing, and Maintenance: A Practical Approach. International Thomson Computer Press, New York, NY, USA, 1995. URL http://citeseer.ist.psu.edu/428727.html.

15 Appendix

Table 2: Possible Error Exceptions

Message ID	Error Message
EQC_UNSUPPORTED_OP	Error: The user equation contains an unsupported operator. Supported operators include < supportedOperators >.
EQC_INCOMPLETE_OP	Error: An operator was found that does not have sufficient operands.
IN_BAD_FILE	Error: The file could not be read.
IN_EMPTY_FILE	Error: The file was empty.
IVC_CONV_ERR_MIN	Error: The string provided for the minimum bound cannot be converted to a real number.
IVC_CONV_ERR_MAX	Error: The string provided for the maximum bound cannot be converted to a real number.
IVC_EMPTY_VARNAME	Error: Intervals must have an associated variable name.
SOL_UNSUPPORTED_OP	Error: An unsupported operation was encountered while solving for the range of the equation.
VC_INVALID_VARNAME	Error: Encountered a variable name with reserved characters $(+, -, *, , (,))$.
VC_MISSING_VARS	Error: A variable is referenced in the user equation that does not exist in the variable list.
VC_NO_FUNC	Error: No user equation was received.

Table 3: Possible Warning Exceptions

Message ID	Error Message
EQ_WRONG_OPERATOR_TYPE	Warning: The operator must have type <i>string</i> . String type conversion has been applied.
EQ_WRONG_VARNAME_TYPE	Warning: The variable name must have type <i>string</i> . String type conversion has been applied.
EQC_CONST_FUNC	Warning: The user equation is a constant value and the range will only include this value.

EQC_IMPLICIT_MULT	Warning: Encountered an implicit multiplication of a constant value and a variable. Expanding with ex- plicit operator.
IV_ORD_VIOLATED	Warning: Value provided for intervals are not in increasing order. The values have been exchanged to maintain the interval ordering.
IVC_NO_MIN	Warning: No minimum interval bound given. Setting it to the same value as the maximum bound.
IVC_NO_MAX	Warning: No maximum interval bound given. Setting it to the same value as the minimum bound.
VC_EXTRA_VARS	Warning: There are more variables in the variable list than the user equation. Extraneous variables will be ignored.