



Use Cloud Data Sense

Cloud Data Sense

NetApp
June 13, 2022

This PDF was generated from <https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/cloud-manager-data-sense/task-controlling-governance-data.html> on June 13, 2022. Always check docs.netapp.com for the latest.

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Use Cloud Data Sense

Viewing governance details about the data stored in your organization

Gain control of the costs related to the data on your organizations' storage resources. Cloud Data Sense identifies the amount of stale data, non-business data, duplicate files, and very large files in your systems so you can decide whether you want to remove or tier some files to less expensive object storage.

Additionally, if you are planning to migrate data from on-premises locations to the cloud, you can view the size of the data and whether any of the data contains sensitive information prior to moving it.

The Governance dashboard

The Governance dashboard provides information so that you can increase the efficiency and control the costs related to the data stored on your storage resources.



Saving Opportunities

You may want to investigate the items in the *Saving Opportunities* area to see if there is any data you should delete or tier to less expensive object storage. Click each item to view the filtered results in the Investigation

page.

- **Stale Data** - Data that was last modified over 3 years ago.
- **Non-Business Data** - Data considered not to be business related, based on their Category or File Type. This includes:
 - Application Data
 - Audio
 - Executables
 - Images
 - Logs
 - Videos
 - Miscellaneous (general "other" category)
- **Duplicate Files** - Files that are duplicated in other locations in the data sources you are scanning. [See what types of duplicate files are displayed.](#)

Policies with the largest number of results

Click the name of a Policy in the *Policy* area to display the results in the Investigation page. Click **View All** to view the list of all available Policies.

Click [here](#) to learn more about Policies.

Data Overview

A quick overview of all the data that is being scanned. Click the button to download a full data mapping report that includes Usage Capacity, Age of Data, Size of Data, and File Types for all working environments and data sources. See [Data Mapping Report](#) for complete details.

Top data repositories listed by data sensitivity

The *Top Data Repositories by Sensitivity Level* area lists up to the top four data repositories (working environments and data sources) that contain the most sensitive items. The bar chart for each working environment is divided into:

- Non-Personal data
- Personal data
- Sensitive Personal data

You can hover over each section to see the total number of items in each category.

Click each area to view the filtered results in the Investigation page so that you can investigate further.

Data listed by types of Open Permissions

The *Open Permissions* area shows the percentage for each type of permissions that exist for all files that are being scanned. The chart shows the following types of permissions:

- No Open Access
- Open to Organization

- Open to Public
- Unknown Access

You can hover over each section to see the total number of files in each category. Click each area to view the filtered results in the Investigation page so that you can investigate further.

Age of Data and Size of Data graphs

You may want to investigate the items in the *Age* and *Size* graphs to see if there is any data you should delete or tier to less expensive object storage.

You can hover over a point in the charts to see details about the age or size of the data in that category. Click to view all the files filtered by that age or size range.

- **Age of Data graph** - Categorizes data based on the time it was created, the last time it was accessed, or the last time it was modified.
- **Size of Data graph** - Categorizes data based on size.

Most identified data Classifications

The *Classification* area provides a list of the most identified [Categories](#), [File types](#), and [AIP Labels](#) in your scanned data.

Categories

Categories can help you understand what's happening with your data by showing you the types of information that you have. For example, a category like "resumes" or "employee contracts" can include sensitive data. When you investigate the results, you might find that employee contracts are stored in an insecure location. You can then correct that issue.

See [Viewing files by categories](#) for more information.

File types

Reviewing your file types can help you control your sensitive data because you might find that certain file types are not stored correctly.

See [Viewing file types](#) for more information.

AIP labels

If you have subscribed to Azure Information Protection (AIP), you can classify and protect documents and files by applying labels to content. Reviewing the most used AIP labels that are assigned to files enables you to see which labels are most used in your files.

See [AIP Labels](#) for more information.

Viewing compliance details about the data stored in your organization

Gain control of your private data by viewing details about the personal data and sensitive personal data in your organization. You can also gain visibility by reviewing the categories

and file types that Cloud Data Sense found in your data.



The capabilities described in this section are available only if you have chosen to perform a full classification scan on your data sources. Data sources that have had a mapping-only scan do not show file-level details.

By default, the Cloud Data Sense dashboard displays compliance data for all working environments and databases.



If you want to see data for only some of the working environments, [select those working environments](#).

You can also filter the results from the Data Investigation page and download a report of the results as a CSV file. See [Filtering data in the Data Investigation page](#) for details.

Viewing files that contain personal data

Cloud Data Sense automatically identifies specific words, strings, and patterns (Regex) inside the data. For example, Personal Identification Information (PII), credit card numbers, social security numbers, bank account numbers, passwords, and more. [See the full list](#).

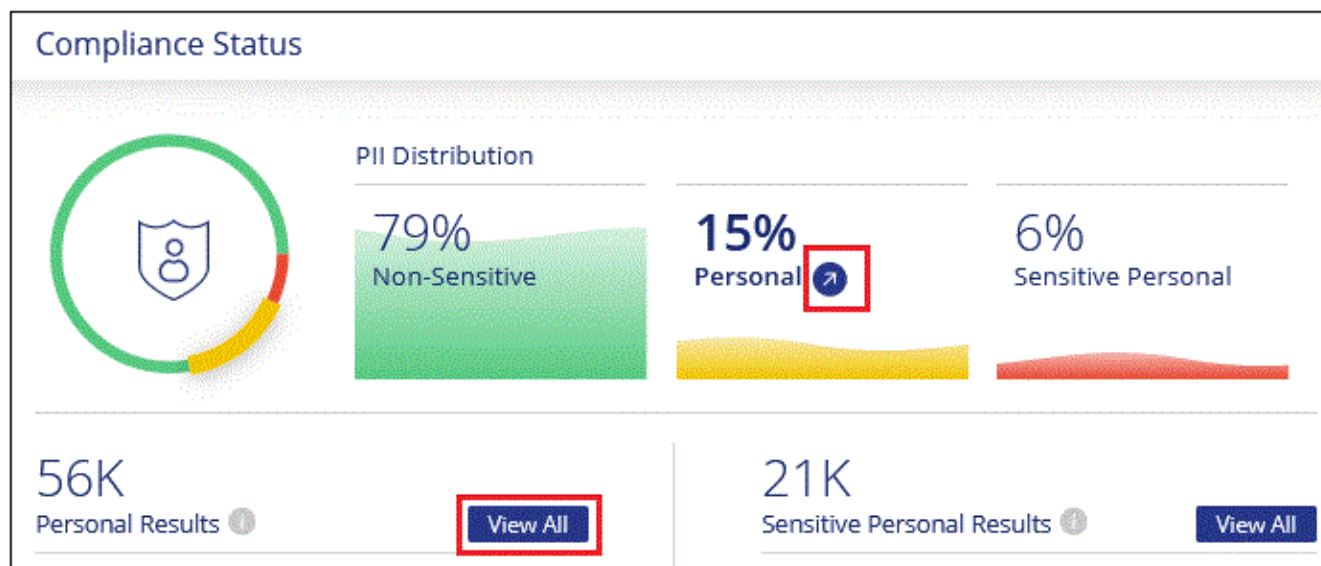
Additionally, if you have added a database server to be scanned, the *Data Fusion* feature allows you to scan your files to identify whether unique identifiers from your databases are found in those files or other databases. See [Adding personal data identifiers using Data Fusion](#) for details.

For some types of personal data, Data Sense uses *proximity validation* to validate its findings. The validation occurs by looking for one or more predefined keywords in proximity to the personal data that was found. For example, Data Sense identifies a U.S. social security number (SSN) as a SSN if it sees a proximity word next to it—for example, SSN or *social security*. [The table of personal data](#) shows when Data Sense uses proximity validation.

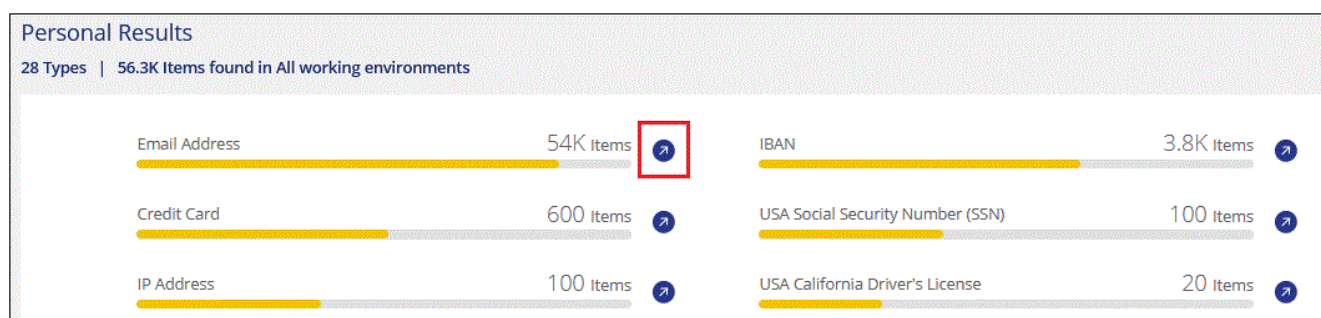
Steps

1. At the top of Cloud Manager, click **Data Sense** and click the **Compliance** tab.

2. To investigate the details for all personal data, click the icon next to the personal data percentage.



3. To investigate the details for a specific type of personal data, click **View All** and then click the **Investigate Results** icon for a specific type of personal data; for example, email addresses.



4. Investigate the data by searching, sorting, expanding details for a specific file, clicking **Investigate Results** to see masked information, or by downloading the file list.



Viewing files that contain sensitive personal data

Cloud Data Sense automatically identifies special types of sensitive personal information, as defined by privacy regulations such as [articles 9 and 10 of the GDPR](#). For example, information regarding a person's health, ethnic origin, or sexual orientation. [See the full list](#).

Cloud Data Sense uses artificial intelligence (AI), natural language processing (NLP), machine learning (ML), and cognitive computing (CC) to understand the meaning of the content that it scans in order to extract entities and categorize it accordingly.

For example, one sensitive GDPR data category is ethnic origin. Because of its NLP abilities, Data Sense can distinguish the difference between a sentence that reads "George is Mexican" (indicating sensitive data as specified in article 9 of the GDPR), versus "George is eating Mexican food."



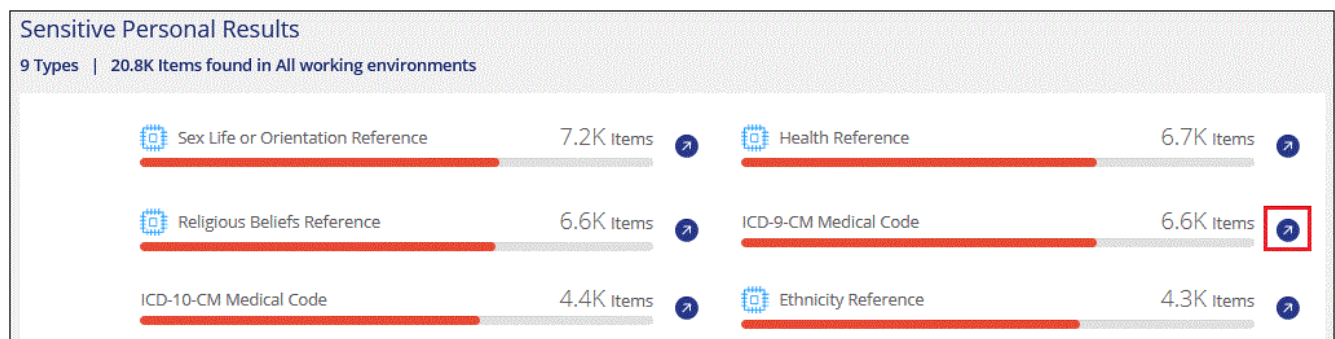
Only English is supported when scanning for sensitive personal data. Support for more languages will be added later.

Steps

1. At the top of Cloud Manager, click **Data Sense** and click the **Compliance** tab.
2. To investigate the details for all sensitive personal data, click the icon next to the sensitive personal data percentage.



3. To investigate the details for a specific type of sensitive personal data, click **View All** and then click the **Investigate Results** icon for a specific type of sensitive personal data.



4. Investigate the data by searching, sorting, expanding details for a specific file, clicking **Investigate Results** to see masked information, or by downloading the file list.

Viewing files by categories

Cloud Data Sense takes the data that it scanned and divides it into different types of categories. Categories are topics based on AI analysis of the content and metadata of each file. [See the list of categories.](#)

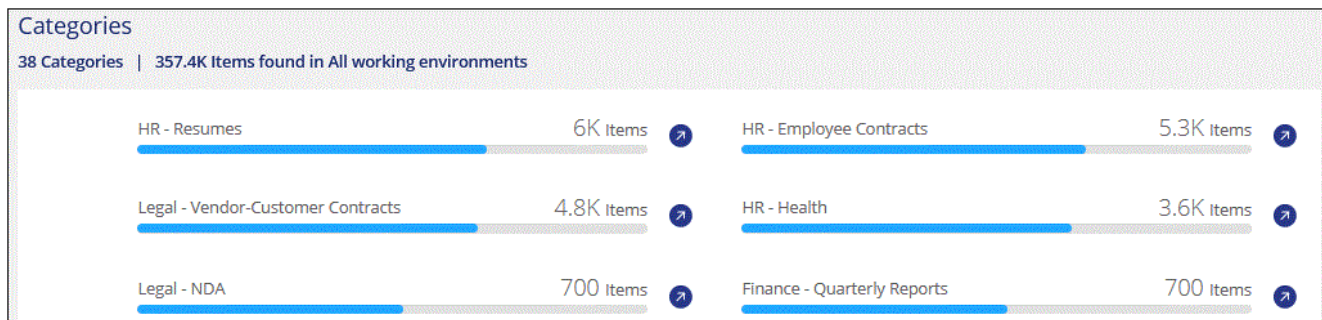
Categories can help you understand what's happening with your data by showing you the types of information that you have. For example, a category like resumes or employee contracts can include sensitive data. When you investigate the results, you might find that employee contracts are stored in an insecure location. You can then correct that issue.



English, German, and Spanish are supported for categories. Support for more languages will be added later.

Steps

1. At the top of Cloud Manager, click **Data Sense** and click the **Compliance** tab.
2. Click the **Investigate Results** icon for one of the top 4 categories directly from the main screen, or click **View All** and then click the icon for any of the categories.



- Investigate the data by searching, sorting, expanding details for a specific file, clicking **Investigate Results** to see masked information, or by downloading the file list.

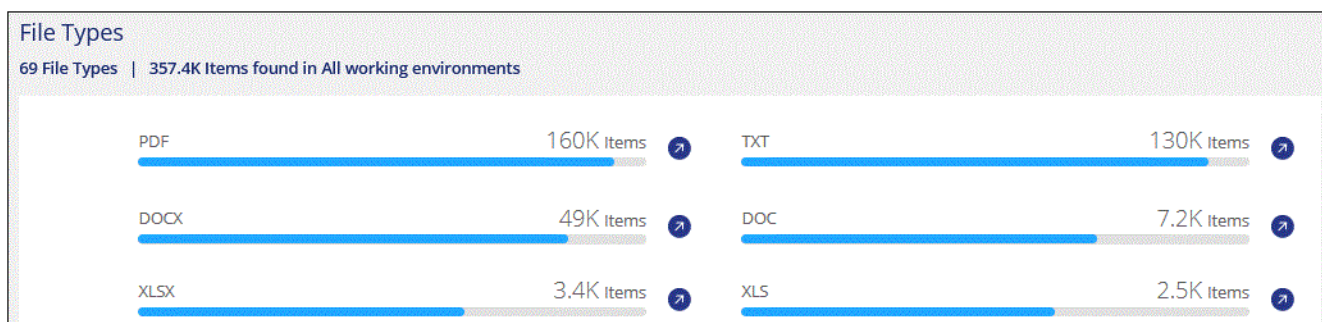
Viewing files by file types

Cloud Data Sense takes the data that it scanned and breaks it down by file type. Reviewing your file types can help you control your sensitive data because you might find that certain file types are not stored correctly. [See the list of file types.](#)

For example, you might be storing CAD files that include very sensitive information about your organization. If they are unsecured, you can take control of the sensitive data by restricting permissions or moving the files to another location.

Steps

- At the top of Cloud Manager, click **Data Sense** and click the **Compliance** tab.
- Click the **Investigate Results** icon for one of the top 4 file types directly from the main screen, or click **View All** and then click the icon for any of the file types.



- Investigate the data by searching, sorting, expanding details for a specific file, clicking **Investigate Results** to see masked information, or by downloading the file list.

Viewing file metadata

In the Data Investigation results pane you can click  for any single file to view the file metadata.

In addition to showing you the working environment and volume where the file resides, the metadata shows much more information, including the file permissions, file owner, whether there are duplicates of this file, and assigned AIP label (if you have [integrated AIP in Cloud Data Sense](#)). This information is useful if you're planning to [create Policies](#) because you can see all the information that you can use to filter your data.

Note that not all information is available for all data sources - just what is appropriate for that data source. For example, volume name, permissions, and AIP labels are not relevant for database files.

When viewing the details for a single file there are a few actions you can take on the file:

- You can move or copy the file to any NFS share. See [Moving source files to an NFS share](#) and [Copying source files to an NFS share](#) for details.
- You can delete the file. See [Deleting source files](#) for details.
- You can assign a certain Status to the file. See [Applying tags](#) for details.
- You can assign the file to a Cloud Manager user to be responsible for any follow-up actions that need to be done on the file. See [Assigning users to a file](#) for details.
- If you have integrated AIP labels with Cloud Data Sense, you can assign a label to this file, or change to a different label if one already exists. See [Assigning AIP labels manually](#) for details.

Viewing permissions for files

To view a list of all users or groups who have access to a file, and the types of permissions they have, click **View all Permissions**. This button is available only for data in CIFS shares, SharePoint, and OneDrive.

Note that if you see SIDs (Security IDentifiers) instead of user and group names, you should integrate your Active Directory into Data Sense. [See how to do this](#).

The screenshot shows a file management interface for a file named "Expense Report TPO-1060.pdf". The file is a PDF, 22 MB in size, and was last modified on 2019-08-06 07:51. The file owner is "Avy". The file is located in the "Working Environment: WorkingEnvironment1" repository at the path "/Prod/labs-base/Expense Report TPO-1060.pdf". The file is categorized as "Legal". The file has 6 "cvo" tags, 3 "Data Subjects" tags, and 16 "File Type" tags. The "Open Permissions" section shows "NO OPEN PERMISSIONS" and a "View all Permissions" link. The "Permissions list for 'Expense Report TPO-1060.pdf'" is displayed below, showing a table of users and groups with their permissions.

User / Group	Name	Read	Write
User Name		✓	✓
Group Name		✓	✓
Group Name		✓	✓
John L		✓	✓
George H		✓	✓
Paul M		✓	✓
Ringo S		✓	✓

You can click  for any group to see the list of users who are part of the group.

Additionally, you can click the name of a user or a group and the Investigation page is displayed with the name of that user or group populated in the "User / Group Permissions" filter so you can see all the files that the user or group has access to.

Checking for duplicate files in your storage systems

You can view if duplicate files are being stored in your storage systems. This is useful if you want to identify areas where you can save storage space. It can also be helpful to make sure certain files that have specific permissions or sensitive information are not unnecessarily duplicated in your storage systems.

Data Sense uses hashing technology to determine duplicate files. If any file has the same hash code as another file, we can be 100% sure that the files are exact duplicates — even if the file names are different.

You can download the list of duplicate files and send it to your storage admin so they can decide which files, if any, can be deleted. Or you can [delete the file](#) yourself if you are confident that a specific version of the file is not needed.

Viewing all duplicated files

If you want a list of all files that are duplicated in the working environments and data sources you are scanning, you can use the filter called **Duplicates > Has duplicates** in the Data Investigation page.

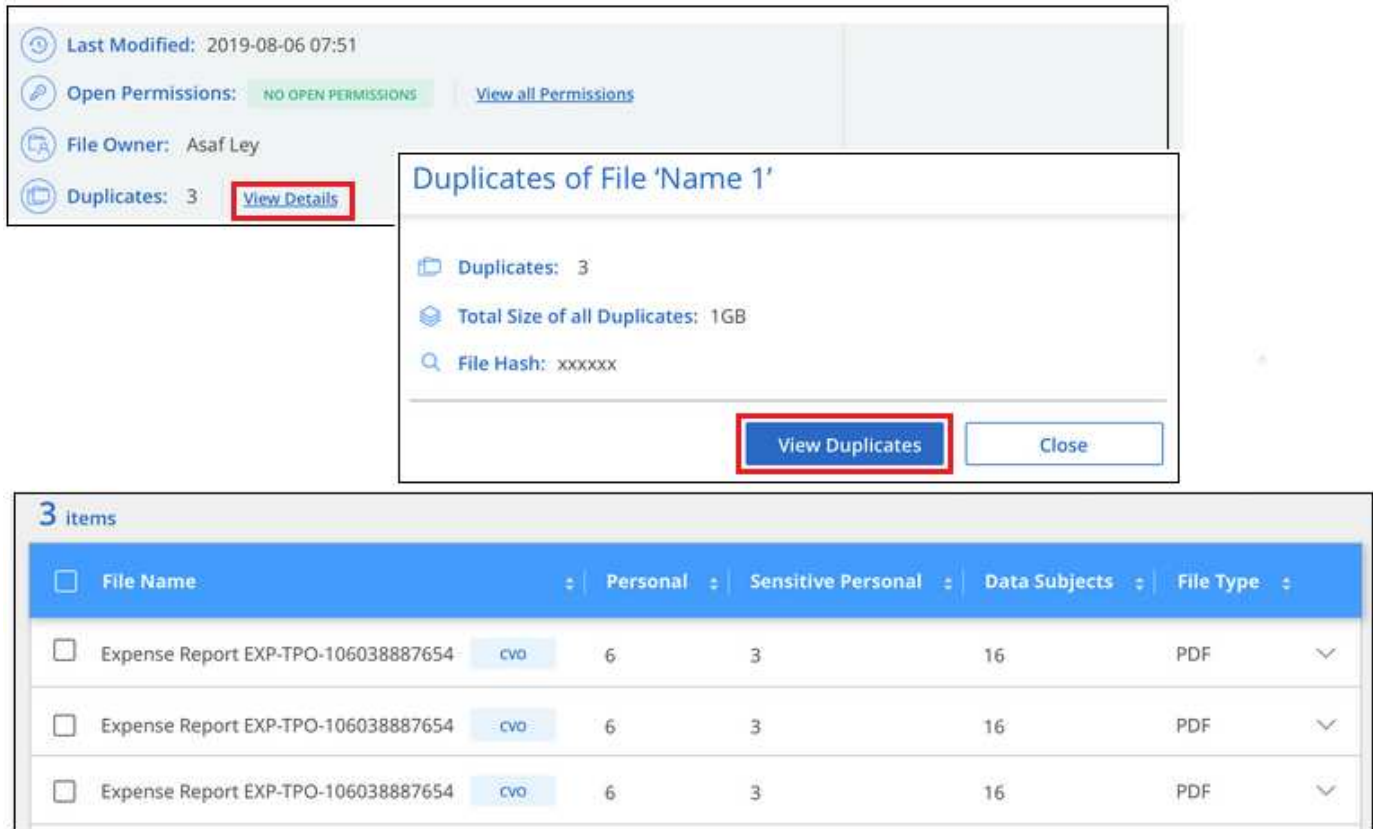
All files with duplicates from all file types (not including databases), with a minimum size of 50 MB, and/or containing personal or sensitive personal information, will show in the Results page.

Viewing if a specific file is duplicated

If you want to see if a single file has duplicates, in the Data Investigation results pane you can click  for any single file to view the file metadata. If there are duplicates of a certain file, this information appears next to the

Duplicates field.

To view the list of duplicate files and where they are located, click **View Details**. In the next page click **View Duplicates** to view the files in the Investigation page.



The screenshot shows a 'View Details' modal for file duplicates. The modal title is 'Duplicates of File 'Name 1''. It displays the following information:

- Duplicates: 3
- Total Size of all Duplicates: 1GB
- File Hash: xxxxxx

A 'View Duplicates' button is highlighted with a red box. Below the modal, a table shows the list of duplicate items.

<input type="checkbox"/>	File Name	Personal	Sensitive Personal	Data Subjects	File Type
<input type="checkbox"/>	Expense Report EXP-TPO-106038887654 - cvo	6	3	16	PDF
<input type="checkbox"/>	Expense Report EXP-TPO-106038887654 - cvo	6	3	16	PDF
<input type="checkbox"/>	Expense Report EXP-TPO-106038887654 - cvo	6	3	16	PDF



You can use the "file hash" value provided in this page and enter it directly in the Investigation page to search for a specific duplicate file at any time - or you can use it in a Policy.

Viewing Dashboard data for specific working environments

You can filter the contents of the Cloud Data Sense dashboard to see compliance data for all working environments and databases, or for just specific working environments.

When you filter the dashboard, Data Sense scopes the compliance data and reports to just those working environments that you selected.


Steps

1. Click the filter drop-down, select the working environments that you'd like to view data for, and click **View**.



Filtering data in the Data Investigation page

You can filter the contents of the investigation page to display only the results you want to see. This is a very powerful feature because after you've refined the data, you can use the button bar at the top of the page to perform a variety of actions, including copying files, moving files, adding a tag or AIP label to the files, and more.

If you want to download the contents of the page as a report after you've refined it, click the  button. You can save the report locally as a .CSV file (which can include up to 5,000 rows of data), or as a .JSON file that you export to an NFS Share (which can include an unlimited number of rows). [Go here for details about Data Investigation reports.](#)

Data Investigation

Unstructured (364K Files)

Directories (64 Folders)

Structured (45 Tables)

Search by file or DB table

FILTERS:

Clear All

Policies

+

Open Permissions

+

File Owner

+

Label

+

Working Environment Type

2

+

Working Environment

+

Storage Repository

2

+

364K items

Tags

Assign to

Label

Move

Copy

Delete

<input type="checkbox"/>	File Name		Personal	Sensitive Personal	Data Subjects	File Type	
<input type="checkbox"/>	cgdpr_yes_adam.txt	ANF	0	797	111	TXT	
<input type="checkbox"/>	cgdpr_yes_adam.txt	ANF	0	797	111	TXT	
<input type="checkbox"/>	true positive.txt	ANF	0	611	111	TXT	
<input type="checkbox"/>	cgdpr_yes_adam.txt	ANF	0	611	111	TXT	
<input type="checkbox"/>	true positive.txt	ANF	0	611	111	TXT	
<input type="checkbox"/>	true positive.txt	ANF	0	611	111	TXT	
<input type="checkbox"/>	cgdpr_yes_adam.txt	ANF	0	611	111	TXT	
<input type="checkbox"/>	cgdpr_yes_adam.txt	ANF	0	611	111	TXT	

- The top-level tabs allow you to view data from files (unstructured data), directories (folders and file shares), or from databases (structured data).
- The controls at the top of each column allow you to sort the results in numerical or alphabetical order.
- The left-pane filters enable you to refine the results by selecting from the following attributes:

Filter	Details
Policies	Select a policy or policies. Go here to view the list of existing policies and to create your own custom policies.
Open Permissions	Select the type of permissions within the data and within folders/shares
User / Group Permissions	Select one or multiple user names and/or group names, or enter a partial name
File Owner	Enter the file owner name
Label	Select AIP labels that are assigned to your files
Working Environment Type	Select the type of working environment. OneDrive, SharePoint, and Google Drive are categorized under "Cloud Apps".
Working Environment name	Select specific working environments
Storage Repository	Select the storage repository, for example, a volume or a schema
File Path	Enter a partial or full path
Category	Select the types of categories
Sensitivity Level	Select the sensitivity level
Number of identifiers	Select the range of detected sensitive identifiers per file. Includes personal data and sensitive personal data.
Personal Data	Select the types of personal data
Sensitive Personal Data	Select the types of sensitive personal data

Filter	Details
Data Subject	Enter a data subject's full name or known identifier
Directory Type	Select the directory type; either "Share" or "Folder"
File Type	Select the types of files
File Size	Select the file size range
Created Time	Select a range when the file was created
Discovered Time	Select a range when Data Sense discovered the file
Last Modified	Select a range when the file was last modified
Last Accessed	Select a range when the file was last accessed. For the types of files that Data Sense scans, this is the last time Data Sense scanned the file.
Duplicates	Select whether the file is duplicated in the repositories
File Hash	Enter the file's hash to find a specific file, even if the name is different
Tags	Select the tag or tags that are assigned to your files
Assigned To	Select the name of the person to which the file is assigned

Note that the actions available in the button bar and Policies are not currently supported at the "Directory" level.

Organizing your private data

Cloud Data Sense provides many ways for you to manage and organize your private data. This makes it easier to see the data that is most important to you.

- If you are subscribed to [Azure Information Protection \(AIP\)](#) to classify and protect your files, you can use Cloud Data Sense to manage those AIP labels.
- You can add Tags to files that you want to mark for organization or for some type of follow-up.
- You can assign a Cloud Manager user to a specific file, or to multiple files, so that person can be responsible for managing the file.
- Using the "Policy" functionality you can create your own custom search queries so that you can easily see the results by clicking one button.
- You can send email alerts to Cloud Manager users when certain critical Policies return results.



The capabilities described in this section are available only if you have chosen to perform a full classification scan on your data sources. Data sources that have had a mapping-only scan do not show file-level details.

Should I use tags or labels?

Below is a comparison of Data Sense tagging and Azure Information Protection labeling.

Tags	Labels
File tags are an integrated part of Data Sense.	Requires that you have subscribed to Azure Information Protection (AIP).
The tag is only kept in the Data Sense database - it is not written to the file. It does not change the file, or the file accessed or modified times.	The label is part of the file and when the label changes, the file changes. This change also changes the file accessed and modified times.
You can have multiple tags on a single file.	You can have one label on a single file.
The tag can be used for internal Data Sense action, such as copy, move, delete, run a policy, etc.	Other systems that can read the file can see the label - which can be used for additional automation.
Only a single API call is used to see if a file has a tag.	

Categorizing your data using AIP labels

You can manage AIP labels in the files that Cloud Data Sense is scanning if you have subscribed to [Azure Information Protection \(AIP\)](#). AIP enables you to classify and protect documents and files by applying labels to content. Data Sense enables you to view the labels that are already assigned to files, add labels to files, and change labels when a label already exists.

Cloud Data Sense supports AIP labels within the following file types: .DOC, .DOCX, .PDF, .PPTX, .XLS, .XLSX.



- You can't currently change labels in files larger than 30 MB. For OneDrive, SharePoint, and Google Drive accounts the maximum file size is 4 MB.
- If a file has a label which doesn't exist anymore in AIP, Cloud Data Sense considers it as a file without a label.
- If you have deployed the Data Sense instance in an on-prem location that has no internet access (also known as a dark site), then the AIP label functionality is unavailable.

Integrating AIP labels in your workspace

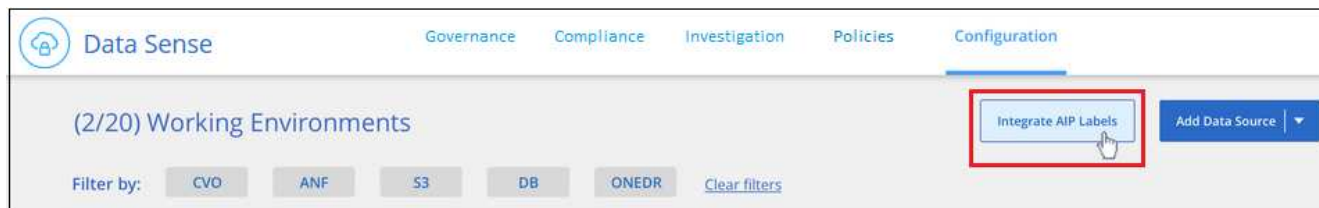
Before you can manage AIP labels, you need to integrate the AIP label functionality into Cloud Data Sense by signing into your existing Azure account. Once enabled, you can manage AIP labels within files for all [working environments and data sources](#) in your Cloud Manager workspace.

Requirements

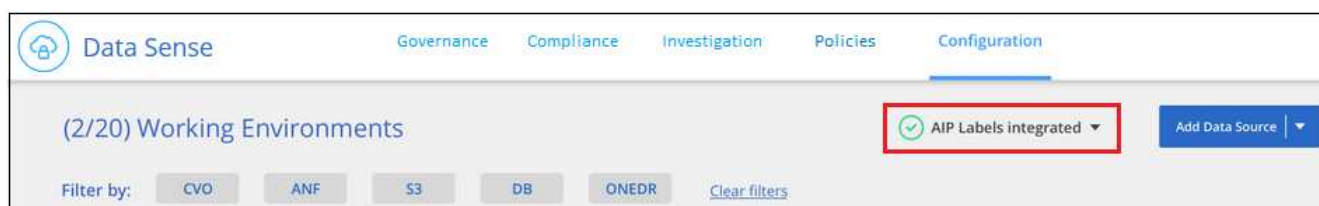
- You must have an account and an Azure Information Protection license.
- You must have the login credentials for the Azure account.
- If you plan to change labels in files that reside in Amazon S3 buckets, ensure that the permission `s3:PutObject` is included in the IAM role. See [setting up the IAM role](#).

Steps

1. From the Cloud Data Sense Configuration page, click **Integrate AIP Labels**.



2. In the Integrate AIP Labels dialog, click **Sign in to Azure**.
3. In the Microsoft page that appears, select the account and enter the required credentials.
4. Return to the Cloud Data Sense tab and you'll see the message "AIP Labels were integrated successfully with the account <account_name>".
5. Click **Close** and you'll see the text *AIP Labels integrated* at the top of the page.



Result

You can view and assign AIP labels from the results pane of the Investigation page. You can also assign AIP labels to files using Policies.

Viewing AIP labels in your files

You can view the current AIP label that is assigned to a file.

In the Data Investigation results pane, click  for the file to expand the file metadata details.



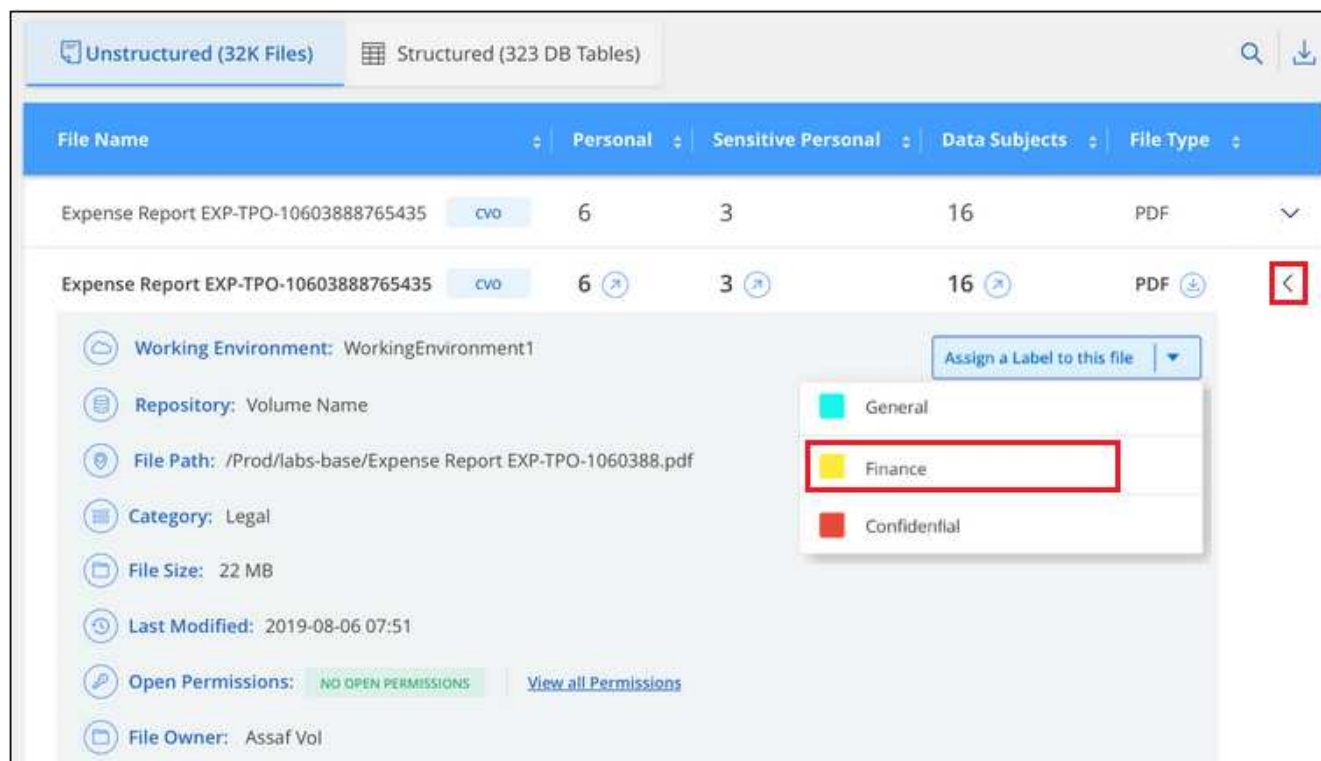
Assigning AIP labels manually

You can add, change, and remove AIP labels from your files using Cloud Data Sense.

Follow these steps to assign an AIP label to a single file.

Steps

1. In the Data Investigation results pane, click  for the file to expand the file metadata details.



Unstructured (32K Files) | Structured (323 DB Tables)

File Name	Personal	Sensitive Personal	Data Subjects	File Type	
Expense Report EXP-TPO-10603888765435	cvo	6	3	16	PDF
Expense Report EXP-TPO-10603888765435	cvo	6	3	16	PDF

Working Environment: WorkingEnvironment1

Repository: Volume Name

File Path: /Prod/labs-base/Expense Report EXP-TPO-1060388.pdf

Category: Legal

File Size: 22 MB

Last Modified: 2019-08-06 07:51

Open Permissions: NO OPEN PERMISSIONS | [View all Permissions](#)

File Owner: Assaf Vol

Assign a Label to this file

- General
- Finance
- Confidential

2. Click **Assign a Label to this file** and then select the label.

The label appears in the file metadata.

To assign an AIP label to multiple files:

Steps

1. In the Data Investigation results pane, select the file, or files, that you want to label.



2345 items

Tags | Assign to | Label | Copy | Move | Delete

File Name	Personal	Sensitive Personal	Data Subjects	File Type	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Expense Report EXP-TPO-106038887654	cvo	6	3	16	PDF
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Expense Report EXP-TPO-106038887654	cvo	6	3	6	PDF
<input type="checkbox"/> Expense Report EXP-TPO-106038887654	cvo	6	3	6	PDF
<input type="checkbox"/> Expense Report EXP-TPO-106038887654	cvo	6	3	6	PDF

- To select individual files, check the box for each file (☒ Volume_1).
- To select all files on the current page, check the box in the title row (☒ File Name).

2. From the button bar, click **Label** and select the AIP label:



The AIP label is added to the metadata for all selected files.

Assigning AIP labels automatically with Policies

You can assign an AIP label to all the files that meet the criteria of the Policy. You can specify the AIP label when creating the Policy, or you can add the label when editing any Policy.

Labels are added or updated in files continuously as Cloud Data Sense scans your files.

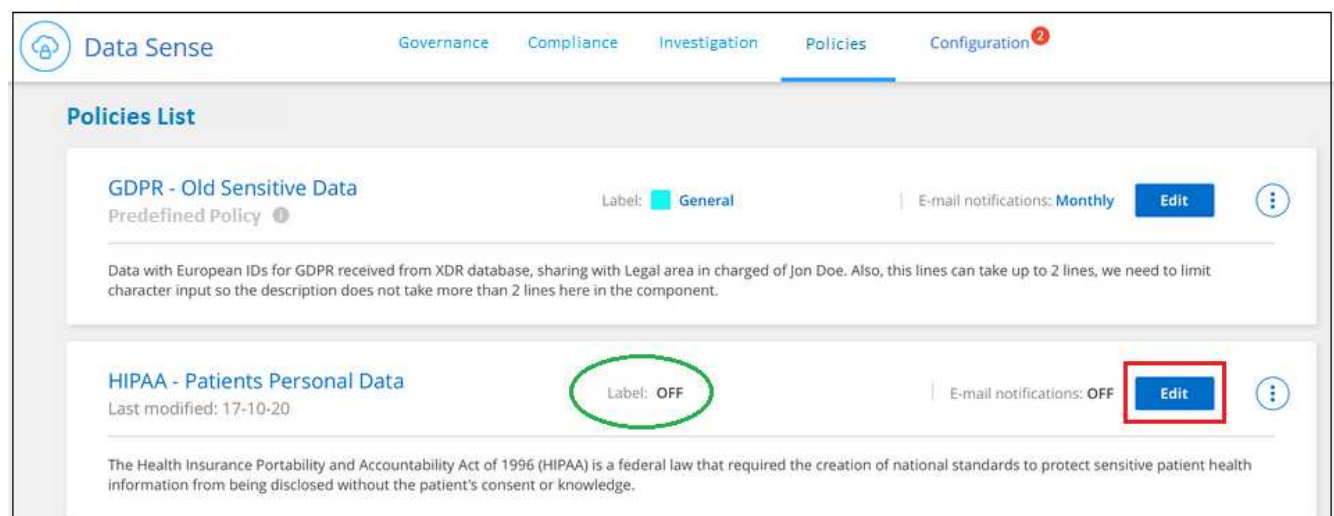
Depending on whether a label is already applied to a file, and the classification level of the label, the following actions are taken when changing a label:

If the file...	Then...
Has no label	The label is added
Has an existing label of a lower level of classification	The higher level label is added
Has an existing label of a higher level of classification	The higher level label is retained
Is assigned a label both manually and by a Policy	The higher level label is added
Is assigned two different labels by two Policies	The higher level label is added

Follow these steps to add an AIP label to an existing Policy.

Steps

1. From the Policies List page, click **Edit** for the Policy where you want to add (or change) the AIP label.



2. In the Edit Policy page, check the box to enable automatic labels for files that match the Policy parameters, and select the label (for example, **General**).

Edit Policy

Saving this filtered view will create a new Policy, you can view/edit it in the "Policy" tab

Name this Policy

HIPAA - Patient Personal Data

Give it a description to quickly identify it

Files containing patient health information that is more than 30 days old

☒ Send email updates about this Policy to Cloud Manager users on this account every Week

☒ Automatically label matches of this Policy with: select label

General

Finance

Confidential

Cancel

3. Click **Save Policy** and the label appears in the Policy description.



If a Policy was configured with a label, but the label has since been removed from AIP, the label name is turned to OFF and the label is not assigned anymore.

Removing the AIP integration

If you no longer want the ability to manage AIP labels in files, you can remove the AIP account from the Cloud Data Sense interface.

Note that no changes are made to the labels you have added using Data Sense. The labels that exist in files will stay as they currently exist.

Steps

1. From the *Configuration* page, click **AIP Labels integrated > Remove Integration**.

Configuration

AIP Labels integrated

Add Data Source

Remove Integration

2. Click **Remove Integration** from the confirmation dialog.

Applying tags to manage your scanned files

You can add a tag to files that you want to mark for some type of follow-up. For example, you may have found some duplicate files and you want to delete one of them, but you need to check to see which one should be deleted. You could add a tag of "Check to delete" to the file so you know this file requires some research and some type of future action.

Data Sense enables you to view the tags that are assigned to files, add or remove tags from files, and change the name or delete an existing tag.

Note that the tag is not added to the file in the same way as AIP Labels are part of the file metadata. The tag is just seen by Cloud Manager users using Cloud Data Sense so you can see if a file needs to be deleted or checked for some type of follow-up.

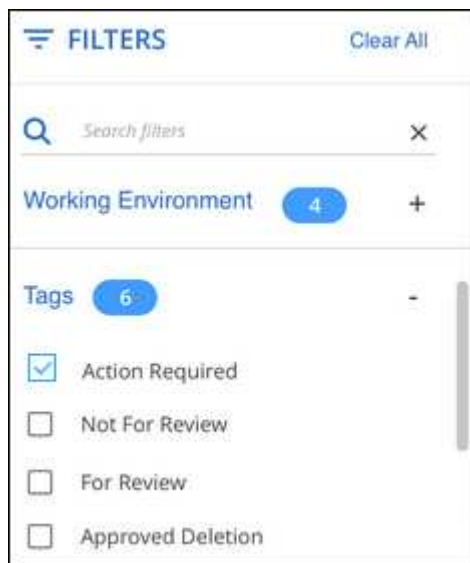


Tags assigned to files in Cloud Data Sense are not related to the tags you can add to resources, such as volumes or virtual machine instances. Data Sense tags are applied at the file level.

Viewing files that have certain tags applied

You can view all the files that have specific tags assigned.

1. Click the **Investigation** tab from Cloud Data Sense.
2. In the Data Investigation page, click **Tags** in the Filters pane and then select the required tags.




The Investigation Results pane displays all the files that have those tags assigned.

Assigning tags to files

You can add tags to a single file or to a group of files.

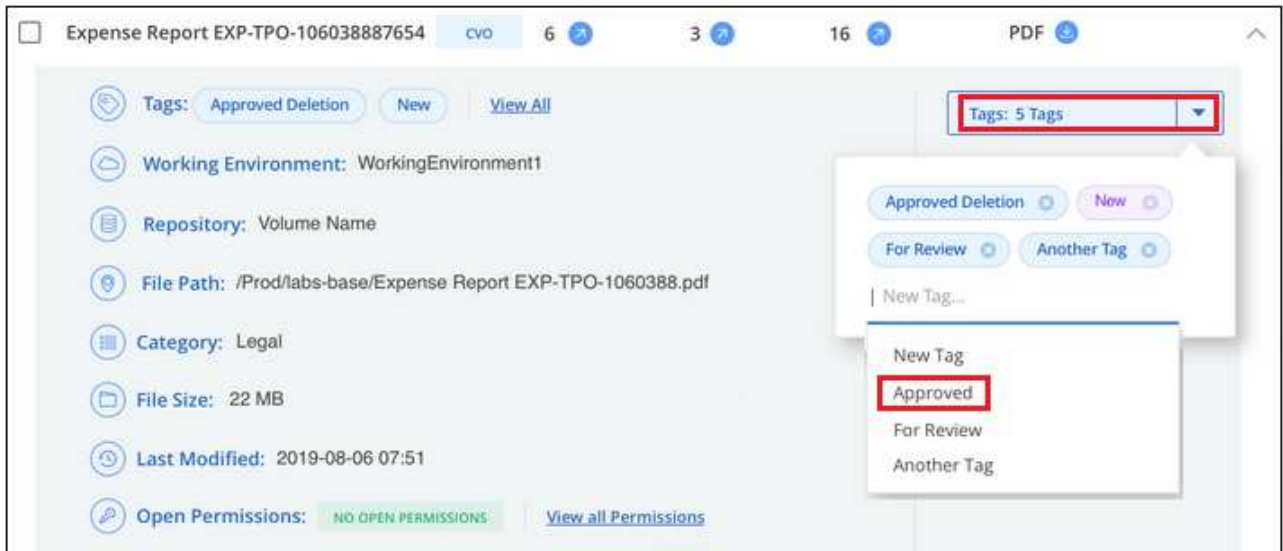
To add a tag to a single file:

Steps

1. In the Data Investigation results pane, click  for the file to expand the file metadata details.
2. Click the **Tags** field and the currently assigned tags are displayed.

3. Add the tag or tags:

- To assign an existing tag, click in the **New Tag...** field and start typing the name of the tag. When the tag you are looking for appears, select it and press **Enter**.
- To create a new tag and assign it to the file, click in the **New Tag...** field, enter the name of the new tag, and press **Enter**.



The tag appears in the file metadata.

To add a tag to multiple files:

Steps

1. In the Data Investigation results pane, select the file, or files, that you want to tag.

2345 items							Tags	Assign to	Label	Copy	Move	Delete
<input type="checkbox"/>	File Name	Personal	Sensitive Personal	Data Subjects	File Type							
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Expense Report EXP-TPO-10603887654	cvo	6	3	16	PDF						
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Expense Report EXP-TPO-10603887654	cvo	6	3	6	PDF						
<input type="checkbox"/>	Expense Report EXP-TPO-10603887654	cvo	6	3	6	PDF						
<input type="checkbox"/>	Expense Report EXP-TPO-10603887654	cvo	6	3	6	PDF						

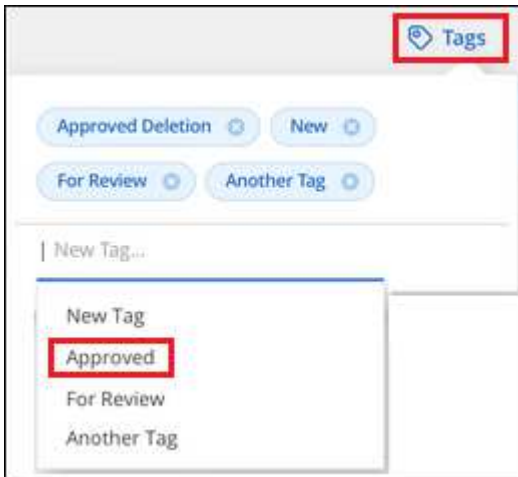
- To select individual files, check the box for each file (☒ Volume_1).
- To select all files on the current page, check the box in the title row (☒ File Name).

2. From the button bar, click **Tags** and the currently assigned tags are displayed.

3. Add the tag or tags:

- To assign an existing tag, click in the **New Tag...** field and start typing the name of the tag. When the tag you are looking for appears, select it and press **Enter**.
- To create a new tag and assign it to the file, click in the **New Tag...** field, enter the name of the new

tag, and press **Enter**.



4. Approve adding the tags in the confirmation dialog and the tags are added to the metadata for all selected files.

Deleting tags from files

You can delete a tag if you don't need to use it anymore.

Just click the **x** for an existing tag.



If you had selected multiple files, the tag is removed from all the files.

Assigning users to manage certain files

You can assign a Cloud Manager user to a specific file, or to multiple files, so that person can be responsible for any follow-up actions that need to be done on the file. This capability is often used with the feature to add custom Status tags to a file.


For example, you might have a file that contains certain personal data that allows too many users read and write access (open permissions). So you could assign the Status tag "Change permissions" and assign this file to user "Joan Smith" so they can decide how to fix the issue. When they have fixed the issue they could change the Status tag to "Completed".

Note that the user name is not added to the file as part of the file metadata - it is just seen by Cloud Manager users when using Cloud Data Sense.

A new Filter in the Investigation page enables you to easily view all files that have the same person in the "Assigned To" field.

To assign a user to a single file:

Steps

1. In the Data Investigation results pane, click  for the file to expand the file metadata details.
2. Click the **Assigned to** field and select the user name.



The User name appears in the file metadata.

To assign a user to multiple files:

Steps

1. In the Data Investigation results pane, select the file, or files, that you want to assign to a user.

2345 items

Tags

Assign to

Label

Copy

Move

Delete

<input type="checkbox"/>	File Name		Personal	Sensitive Personal	Data Subjects	File Type	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Expense Report EXP-TPO-106038887654	cvo	6	3	16	PDF	▼
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Expense Report EXP-TPO-106038887654	cvo	6	3	6	PDF	▼
<input type="checkbox"/>	Expense Report EXP-TPO-106038887654	cvo	6	3	6	PDF	▼
<input type="checkbox"/>	Expense Report EXP-TPO-106038887654	cvo	6	3	6	PDF	▼

- To select individual files, check the box for each file (☒ Volume_1).
- To select all files on the current page, check the box in the title row (☒ File Name).

2. From the button bar, click **Assign to** and select the user name:



The user is added to the metadata for all selected files.

Controlling your data using Policies

Policies are like a favorites list of custom filters that provide search results in the Investigation page for commonly requested compliance queries. Cloud Data Sense provides a set of predefined Policies based on common customer requests. You can create custom Policies that provide results for searches specific to your organization.

Policies provide the following functionality:

- [Predefined Policies](#) from NetApp based on user requests
- Ability to create your own custom Policies
- Launch the Investigation page with the results from your Policies in one click
- Send email alerts to Cloud Manager users when certain critical Policies return results so you can get notifications to protect your data
- Assign AIP (Azure Information Protection) labels automatically to all files that match the criteria defined in a Policy
- Delete files automatically (once per day) when certain Policies return results so you can protect your data automatically

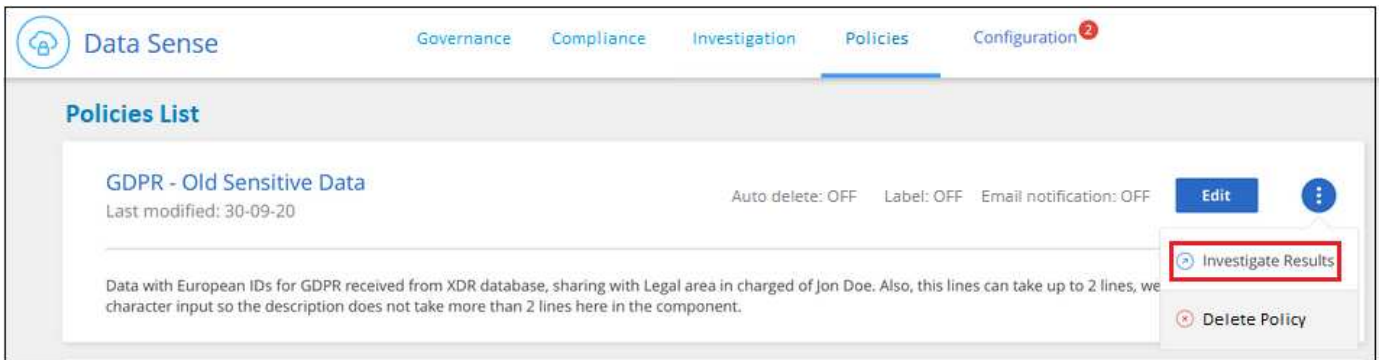
The **Policies** tab in the Compliance Dashboard lists all the predefined and custom Policies available on this instance of Cloud Data Sense.



In addition, Policies appear in the list of Filters in the Investigation page.

Viewing Policy results in the Investigation page

To display the results for a Policy in the Investigation page, click the  button for a specific Policy, and then select **Investigate Results**.

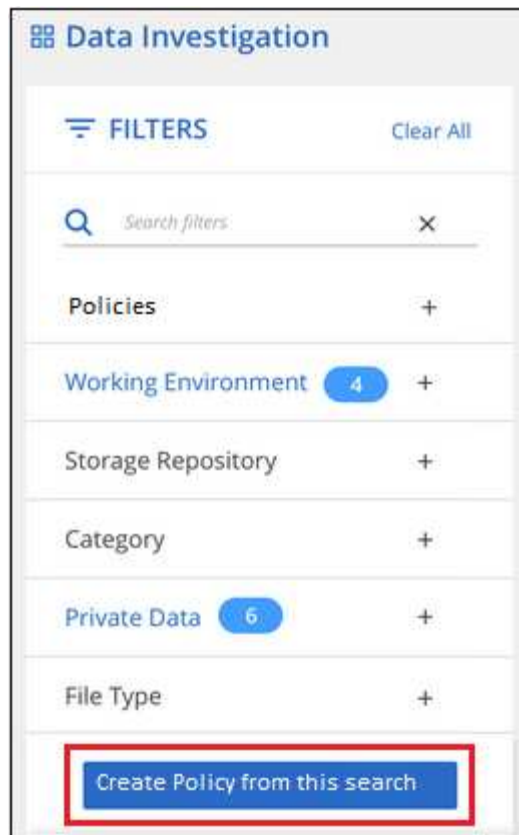


Creating custom Policies

You can create your own custom Policies that provide results for searches specific to your organization.

Steps

1. From the Data Investigation page, define your search by selecting all the filters you want to use. See [Filtering data in the Data Investigation page](#) for details.
2. Once you have all the filter characteristics just the way you want them, click **Create Policy from this search**.



3. Name the Policy and select other actions that can be performed by the Policy:
 - a. Enter a unique name and description.
 - b. Optionally, check the box to automatically delete files that match the Policy parameters. Learn more about [deleting source files using a policy](#).
 - c. Optionally, check the box if you want notification emails sent to Cloud Manager users, and choose the interval at which the email is sent. Learn more about [sending email alerts based on policy results](#).
 - d. Optionally, check the box to automatically assign AIP labels to files that match the Policy parameters, and select the label. (Only if you have already integrated AIP labels. Learn more about [AIP labels](#).)
 - e. Click **Create Policy**.

Create Policy

This will create a new Policy according to the current selected filters and search term. You can view or delete this later from the "Policies" tab.

Note it may take up to 15 minutes for results to be displayed for a new Policy.

Name this Policy

New Policy to view all files that were created over 60 days ago

Give it a detailed description that explains what it searches for

See if any files greater than 60 days old should be deleted from the system

☐ Automatically delete files that match this policy (Every Day)

☒ Send email updates about this Policy to Cloud Manager users on this account every Day

☐ Automatically label this Policy's matches with: Select a label

Create Policy Cancel

Result

The new Policy appears in the Policies tab.

Sending email alerts when non-compliant data is found

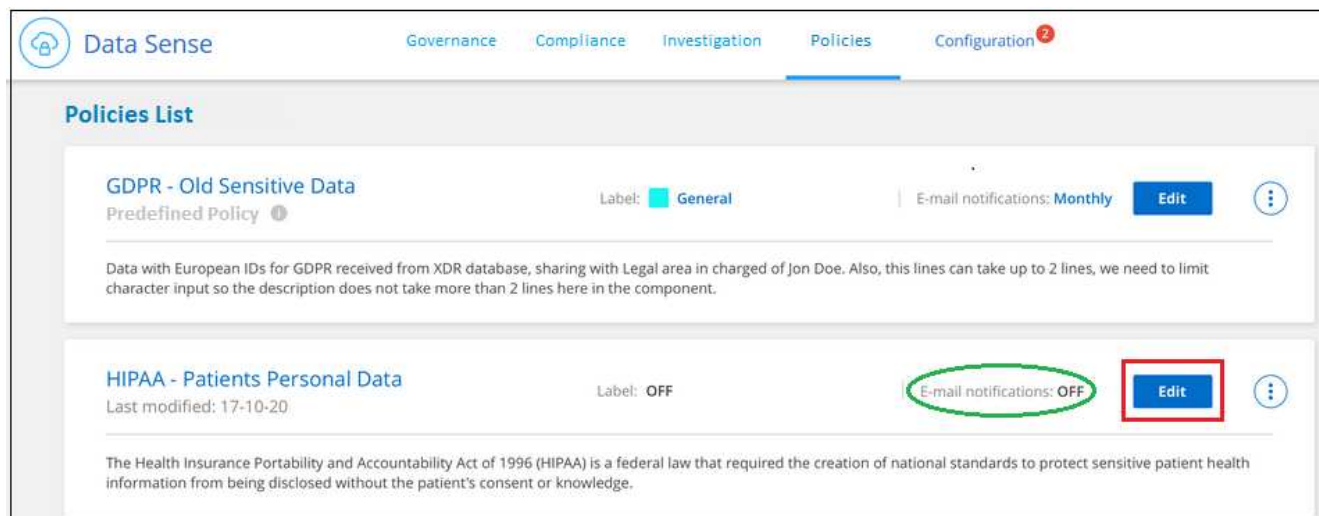
Cloud Data Sense can send email alerts to Cloud Manager users when certain critical Policies return results so you can get notifications to protect your data. You can choose to send the email notifications on a daily, weekly, or monthly basis.

You can configure this setting when creating the Policy or when editing any Policy.

Follow these steps to add email updates to an existing Policy.

Steps

1. From the Policies List page, click **Edit** for the Policy where you want to add (or change) the email setting.



2. In the Edit Policy page, check the box if you want notification emails sent to Cloud Manager users, and choose the interval at which the email is sent (for example, every **Week**).

The screenshot shows the 'Edit Policy' page. It includes a message: 'Saving this filtered view will create a new Policy, you can view/edit it in the "Policy" tab'. Below this, there are two input fields: 'Name this Policy' with the value 'HIPAA - Patient Personal Data' and 'Give it a description to quickly identify it' with the value 'Files containing patient health information that is more than 30 days old'. Below the description field, there is a checkbox labeled 'Send email updates about this Policy to Cloud Manager users on this account every' which is checked. A dropdown menu is open next to the checkbox, showing options for 'Day', 'Week', and 'Month'. The 'Week' option is highlighted with a red box. At the bottom, there are two buttons: 'Save Policy' and 'Cancel'.

3. Click **Save Policy** and the interval at which the email is sent appears in the Policy description.

Result

The first email is sent now if there are any results from the Policy - but only if any files meet the Policy criteria. No personal information is sent in the notification emails. The email indicates that there are files that match the Policy criteria, and it provides a link to the Policy results.

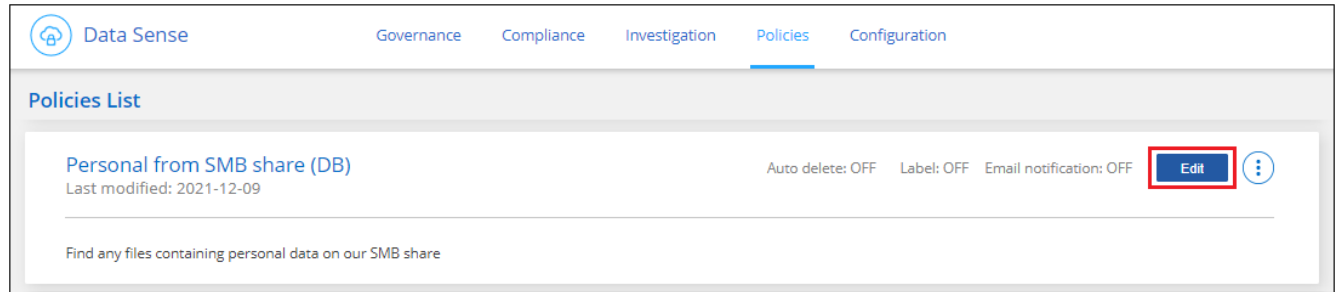
Editing Policies

You can modify any criteria for an existing policy that you previously created. This can be especially useful if you want to change the query (the items you defined using Filters) to add or remove certain parameters.

Note that for Predefined Policies that you can only modify whether email notifications are sent and whether AIP labels are added. No other values can be changed.

Steps

1. From the Policies List page, click **Edit** for the Policy that you want to change.



2. If you just want to change the items on this page (the Name, Description, whether email notifications are sent, and whether AIP labels are added), make the change and click **Save Policy**.

If you want to change the filters for the saved query, click **Edit Query**.

The screenshot shows the 'Edit Policy' form. At the top left, the title 'Edit Policy' is displayed. At the top right, a blue 'Edit Query' button is highlighted with a red rectangular box. The form contains several input fields and checkboxes. The first input field is labeled 'Name this Policy' and contains the text 'Personal from SMB share (DB)'. Below it is a larger text area labeled 'Give it a detailed description that explains what it searches for' containing the text 'Find any files containing personal data on our SMB share'. There are three checkboxes: 'Automatically delete files that match this policy (Every Day)', 'Send email updates about this Policy to Cloud Manager users on this account every Day' (with a dropdown arrow), and 'Automatically label this Policy's matches with: Select a label' (with a dropdown arrow). At the bottom of the form, there are two buttons: a blue 'Save Policy' button and a white 'Cancel' button with a blue border.

3. In the Investigation page that defines that query, edit the query by adding, removing, or customizing the filters, and click **Save Changes**.

Data Investigation		Unstructured (16 Files)	Directories (0 Folders)	Structured (0 Tables)	Search by File, Table or Ioca		
FILTERS: Clear All		16 items					
Policies 1	+	<div> <input type="checkbox"/> File Name <div> Personal Sensitive Personal Data Subjects File Type </div> </div>					
Open Permissions	+	<input type="checkbox"/> cifs2.json	SHARES	1	0	0	JSON
User / Group Permissions	+	<input type="checkbox"/> cifs12.json	SHARES	1	0	0	JSON
File Owner	+	<input type="checkbox"/> TableTextServiceYi.txt	SHARES	1	0	0	TXT
Label	+	<input type="checkbox"/> testpass.json	SHARES	1	0	0	JSON
Working Environment Type	+	<input type="checkbox"/> urlp.txt	SHARES	1	0	0	TXT
Working Environment	+	<input type="checkbox"/> License.sharpen.txt	SHARES	1	0	1	TXT
		<input type="checkbox"/> TableTextServiceYi.txt	SHARES	1	0	0	TXT
		<input type="checkbox"/> Notice.txt	SHARES	1	0	0	TXT
		<input type="checkbox"/> urlp.txt	SHARES	1	0	0	TXT
		<input type="checkbox"/> Notice.txt	SHARES	1	0	0	TXT
Save Changes Cancel Edit Query							


1-16 of 16

Result

The policy is changed immediately. Any actions defined for that policy to send an email, add AIP labels, or delete files will occur at the next internal.

Deleting Policies

You can delete any custom Policy that you created if you no longer need it. You can't delete any of the predefined Policies.

To delete a Policy, click the  button for a specific Policy, click **Delete Policy**, and then click **Delete Policy** again in the confirmation dialog.

List of predefined Policies

Cloud Data Sense provides the following system-defined Policies:

Name	Description	Logic
S3 publicly-exposed private data	S3 Objects containing personal or sensitive personal information, with open Public read access.	S3 Public AND contains personal OR sensitive personal info
PCI DSS – Stale data over 30 days	Files containing Credit Card information, last modified over 30 days ago.	Contains credit card AND last modified over 30 days
HIPAA – Stale data over 30 days	Files containing Health information, last modified over 30 days ago.	Contains health data (defined same way as in HIPAA report) AND last modified over 30 days

Name	Description	Logic
Private data – Stale over 7 years	Files containing personal or sensitive personal information, last modified over 7 years ago.	Files containing personal or sensitive personal information, last modified over 7 years ago
GDPR – European citizens	Files containing more than 5 identifiers of an EU country's citizens or DB Tables containing identifiers of an EU country's citizens.	Files containing over 5 identifiers of an (one) EU citizens or DB Tables containing rows with over 15% of columns with one country's EU identifiers. (any one of the national identifiers of the European countries. Does not include Brazil, California, USA SSN, Israel, South Africa)
CCPA – California residents	Files containing over 10 California Driver's License identifiers or DB Tables with this identifier.	Files containing over 10 California Driver's License identifiers OR DB Tables containing California Driver's license
Data Subject names – High risk	Files with over 50 Data Subject names.	Files with over 50 Data Subject names
Email Addresses – High risk	Files with over 50 Email Addresses, or DB Columns with over 50% of their rows containing Email Addresses	Files with over 50 Email Addresses, or DB Columns with over 50% of their rows containing Email Addresses
Personal data – High risk	Files with over 20 Personal data identifiers, or DB Columns with over 50% of their rows containing Personal data identifiers.	Files with over 20 personal, or DB Columns with over 50% of their rows containing personal
Sensitive Personal data – High risk	Files with over 20 Sensitive Personal data identifiers, or DB Columns with over 50% of their rows containing Sensitive Personal data.	Files with over 20 sensitive personal, or DB Columns with over 50% of their rows containing sensitive personal

Managing your private data

Cloud Data Sense provides many ways for you to manage your private data. Some functionality makes it easier to prepare for migrating your data, while other functionality allows you to make changes to the data.

- You can copy files to a destination NFS share if you want to make a copy of certain data and move it to a different NFS location.
- You can clone an ONTAP volume to a new volume, while including only selected files from the source volume in the new cloned volume. This is useful for situations where you're migrating data and you want to exclude certain files from the original volume.
- You can copy and synchronize files from a source repository to a directory in a specific destination location. This is useful for situations where you're migrating data from one source system to another while there is still some final activity on the source files.
- You can move source files that Data Sense is scanning to any NFS share.

- You can delete files that seem insecure or too risky to leave in your storage system, or that you have identified as duplicate.



- The capabilities described in this section are available only if you have chosen to perform a full classification scan on your data sources. Data sources that have had a mapping-only scan do not show file-level details.
- Data from Google Drive accounts can't use any of these capabilities at this time.

Copying source files

You can copy any source files that Data Sense is scanning. There are three types of copy operations depending on what you're trying to accomplish:

- **Copy files** from the same, or different, volumes or data sources to a destination NFS share.

This is useful if you want to make a copy of certain data and move it to a different NFS location.

- **Clone an ONTAP volume** to a new volume in the same aggregate, but include only selected files from the source volume in the new cloned volume.

This is useful for situations where you're migrating data and you want to exclude certain files from the original volume. This action uses the [NetApp FlexClone](#) functionality to quickly duplicate the volume and then remove the files that you **didn't** select.

- **Copy and synchronize files** from a single source repository (ONTAP volume, S3 bucket, NFS share, etc.) to a directory in a specific destination (target) location.

This is useful for situations where you're migrating data from one source system to another. After the initial copy, the service syncs any changed data based on the schedule that you set. This action uses the [NetApp Cloud Sync](#) functionality to copy and sync data from a source to a target.

Copying source files to an NFS share

You can copy source files that Data Sense is scanning to any NFS share. The NFS share doesn't need to be integrated with Data Sense, you just need to know the name of the NFS share where all selected files will be copied in the format `<host_name>:/<share_path>`.



You can't copy files that reside in databases.

Requirements

- You must have the Account Admin or Workspace Admin role to copy files.
- Copying files requires that the destination NFS share allows access from the Data Sense instance.
- You can copy a maximum of 100,000 files at a time.

Steps

1. In the Data Investigation results pane, select the file, or files, that you want to copy, and click **Copy**.

2345 items

Tags

Assign to

Label

Copy2

Move

Delete

<input type="checkbox"/>	File Name	Personal	Sensitive Personal	Data Subjects	File Type	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Expense Report EXP-TPO-106038887654	cvo	6	3	16	PDF
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Expense Report EXP-TPO-106038887654	cvo	6	3	6	PDF
<input type="checkbox"/>	Expense Report EXP-TPO-106038887654	cvo	6	3	6	PDF
<input type="checkbox"/>	Expense Report EXP-TPO-106038887654	cvo	6	3	6	PDF

- To select individual files, check the box for each file (☒ Volume_1).
- To select all files on the current page, check the box in the title row (☒ File Name).
- To select all files on all pages, check the box in the title row (☒ File Name), and then in the pop-up message **All 20 Items on this page selected Select all Items in list (63K Items)**, click **Select all items in list (xxx items)**.

2. In the *Copy Files* dialog, select the **Regular Copy** tab.

Regular Copy FlexClone Sync

Copy a list of maximum 100k items

Copy to

Destination folder ⓘ Hostname:/SHAREPATH

Warning: this action will copy XXX items to the chosen destination folder.
Do you want to proceed?"

Copy Cancel

3. Enter the name of the NFS share where all selected files will be copied in the format `<host_name>:/<share_path>`, and click **Copy**.

A dialog appears with the status of the copy operation.

You can view the progress of the copy operation in the [Actions Status pane](#).

Note that you can also copy an individual file when viewing the metadata details for a file. Just click **Copy File**.



Cloning volume data to a new volume

You can clone an existing ONTAP volume that Data Sense is scanning using NetApp *FlexClone* functionality. This allows you to quickly duplicate the volume while including only those files you selected. This is useful if you're migrating data and you want to exclude certain files from the original volume, or if you want to create a copy of a volume for testing.

The new volume is created in the same aggregate as the source volume. Ensure that you have enough space for this new volume in the aggregate before you start this task. Contact your storage administrator if necessary.

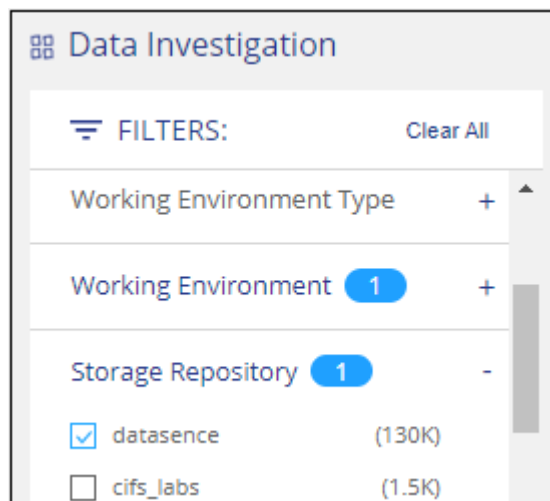
Note: FlexGroup volumes can't be cloned because they're not supported by FlexClone.

Requirements

- You must have the Account Admin or Workspace Admin role to copy files.
- All selected files must be from the same volume, and the volume must be online.
- The volume must be from a Cloud Volumes ONTAP or on-premises ONTAP system. No other data sources are currently supported.
- The FlexClone license must be installed on the cluster. This license is installed by default on Cloud Volumes ONTAP systems.

Steps

1. In the Data Investigation pane, create a filter by selecting a single **Working Environment** and a single **Storage Repository** to make sure all the files are from the same ONTAP volume.



Apply any other filters so that you're seeing only the files that you want to clone to the new volume.

2. In the Investigation results pane, select the files that you want to clone and click **Copy**.

2345 items

Tags

Assign to

Label

Copy

2

Move

Delete

<input type="checkbox"/>	File Name	Personal	Sensitive Personal	Data Subjects	File Type	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Expense Report EXP-TPO-106038887654	cvo	6	3	16	PDF
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Expense Report EXP-TPO-106038887654	cvo	6	3	6	PDF
<input type="checkbox"/>	Expense Report EXP-TPO-106038887654	cvo	6	3	6	PDF
<input type="checkbox"/>	Expense Report EXP-TPO-106038887654	cvo	6	3	6	PDF

- To select individual files, check the box for each file (☒ Volume_1).
- To select all files on the current page, check the box in the title row (☒ File Name).
- To select all files on all pages, check the box in the title row (☒ File Name), and then in the pop-up message **All 20 Items on this page selected** [Select all Items in list \(63K Items\)](#), click **Select all items in list (xxx items)**.

3. In the *Copy Files* dialog, select the **FlexClone** tab. This page shows the total number of files that will be cloned from the volume (the files you selected), and the number of files that are not included/deleted (the files you didn't select) from the cloned volume.

Regular Copy **FlexClone** **Sync**

Name

Copy <volume_name>

FlexClone volume is always created in the same aggregate as its parent.

1. A point of time volume will be created via FlexClone.
2. All items that were not included in your query will be deleted from the cloned volume.
The original volume will not be affected.
3. Once the process is done, you will have a cleaned-up copy volume ready to migrate.
[Learn more](#)

Files:

234K Files

☒ Cloned ☐ Deleted

FlexClone Cancel

4. Enter the name of the new volume, and click **FlexClone**.

A dialog appears with the status of the clone operation.

Result

The new, cloned volume is created in the same aggregate as the source volume.

You can view the progress of the clone operation in the [Actions Status pane](#).

If you initially selected **Map all volumes** or **Map & Classify all volumes** when you enabled Data Sense for the working environment where the source volume resides, then Data Sense will scan the new cloned volume automatically. If you didn't use either of these selections initially, then if you want to scan this new volume, you'll need to [enable scanning on the volume manually](#).

Copying and synchronizing source files to a target system

You can copy source files that Data Sense is scanning from any supported unstructured data source to a directory in a specific target destination location ([target locations that are supported by Cloud Sync](#)). After the initial copy, any data changed in the files are synchronized based on the schedule that you configure.

This is useful for situations where you're migrating data from one source system to another. This action uses the [NetApp Cloud Sync](#) functionality to copy and sync data from a source to a target.



You can't copy and sync files that reside in databases, OneDrive accounts, or SharePoint accounts.

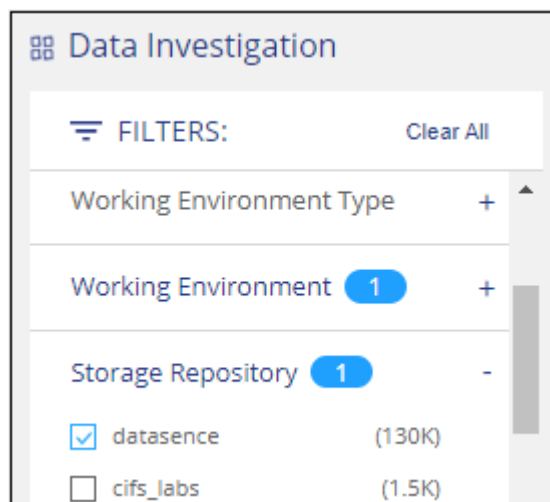
Requirements

- You must have the Account Admin or Workspace Admin role to copy and sync files.
- All selected files must be from the same source repository (ONTAP volume, S3 bucket, NFS or CIFS share, etc.).
- You'll need to activate the Cloud Sync service and configure a minimum of one data broker that can be used to transfer files between the source and target systems. Review the Cloud Sync requirements beginning with the [Quick Start description](#).

Note that the Cloud Sync service has separate service charges for your sync relationships, and will incur resource charges if you deploy the data broker in the cloud.

Steps

1. In the Data Investigation pane, create a filter by selecting a single **Working Environment** and a single **Storage Repository** to make sure all the files are from the same repository.



Apply any other filters so that you're seeing only the files that you want to copy and sync to the destination

system.

- In the Investigation results pane, select all files on all pages by checking the box in the title row (☒ **File Name**), then in the pop-up message **All 20 Items on this page selected** [Select all Items in list \(63K Items\)](#) click **Select all items in list (xxx items)**, and then click **Copy**.

126.3K items | 20 selected

Tags | Assign to | Label | Move | Copy | Delete

☒ **File Name** 1 | Personal | Sensitive Personal | Data Subjects | File Type

All 20 Items on this page selected [Select all Items in list \(126.3K Items\)](#) 2

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	File Name	CVO	652	0	1	TXT	▼
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	CRM_Customers.txt	CVO	652	0	1	TXT	▼
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	truepositive.txt	CVO	0	61	11	TXT	▼
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	test_file.txt	CVO	6	611	111	TXT	▼
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	test_positive.txt	CVO	0	65	51	TXT	▼

- In the *Copy Files* dialog, select the **Sync** tab.

Regular Copy | FlexClone | **Sync**

An easy to use replication service for transferring data between any file or object store, on prem or in the cloud.

[Learn More](#)

32K items will be synced using Cloud Sync.

Source ↔ Target

Data Sense

Data Broker

OK | Cancel

- If you are sure that you want to sync the selected files to a destination location, click **OK**.

The Cloud Sync UI is opened in Cloud Manager.

You are prompted to define the sync relationship. The Source system is pre-populated based on the repository and files you already selected in Data Sense.

- You'll need to select the Target system and then select (or create) the Data Broker you plan to use. Review the Cloud Sync requirements beginning with the [Quick Start description](#).

Result

The files are copied to the target system and they'll be synchronized based on the schedule you define. If you select a one-time sync then the files are copied and synchronized one time only. If you choose a periodic sync, then the files are synchronized based on the schedule. Note that if the source system adds new files that match the query you created using filters, those *new* files will be copied to the destination and synchronized in the future.

Note that some of the usual Cloud Sync operations are disabled when it is invoked from Data Sense:

- You can't use the **Delete Files on Source** or **Delete Files on Target** buttons.
- Running a report is disabled.

Moving source files to an NFS share

You can move source files that Data Sense is scanning to any NFS share. The NFS share doesn't need to be integrated with Data Sense (see [Scanning file shares](#)).



You can't move files that reside in databases.

Requirements

You must have the Account Admin or Workspace Admin role to move files.

Moving files requires that the NFS share allows access from the Data Sense instance.


Steps

1. In the Data Investigation results pane, select the file, or files, that you want to move.

2345 items	Tags	Assign to	Label	Copy	Move	Delete
<input type="checkbox"/> File Name	Personal	Sensitive Personal	Data Subjects	File Type		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Expense Report EXP-TPO-106038887654	cvo	6	3	16	PDF	▼
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Expense Report EXP-TPO-106038887654	cvo	6	3	6	PDF	▼
<input type="checkbox"/> Expense Report EXP-TPO-106038887654	cvo	6	3	6	PDF	▼
<input type="checkbox"/> Expense Report EXP-TPO-106038887654	cvo	6	3	6	PDF	▼

- To select individual files, check the box for each file (☒ Volume_1).
- To select all files on the current page, check the box in the title row (☒ File Name).

2. From the button bar, click **Move**.



Move Multiple Files

This file will be moved to the destination folder you provide and will no longer be available at its current location.

Moving files is supported only to destination folders in NFS Shares. Any NFS Share is supported, no matter where its hosted, as long as the Share's export policy allows access from the Data Connector instance IP Address.

File Name 1

File Name 2

File Name 3

Enter the NFS destination folder path to continue

Move Files

Cancel

- In the *Move Files* dialog, enter the name of the NFS share where all selected files will be moved in the format `<host_name>:/<share_path>`, and click **Move Files**.

Note that you can also move an individual file when viewing the metadata details for a file. Just click **Move File**.

Unstructured (32K Files)

Structured (323 DB Tables)

File Name	Personal	Sensitive Personal	Data Subjects	File Type
<input type="checkbox"/> Expense Report EXP-TPO-1060388765435	cvo 6	3	16	PDF
<input type="checkbox"/> Expense Report EXP-TPO-1060388765435	cvo 6	3	16	PDF

Working Environment: WorkingEnvironment1

Repository: Volume Name

File Path: /Prod/labs-base/Expense Report EXP-TPO-1060388.pdf

Assign a Label to this file

Move File

Copy File

Deleting source files

You can permanently remove source files that seem insecure or too risky to leave in your storage system, or that you've identified as a duplicate. This action is permanent and there is no undo or restore.

You can delete files manually from the Investigation pane, or automatically using Policies.



You can't delete files that reside in databases.

Deleting files requires the following permissions:

- For NFS data – the export policy needs to be defined with write permissions.
- For CIFS data – the CIFS credentials need to have write permissions.
- For S3 data - the IAM role must include the following permission: `s3:DeleteObject`.

Deleting source files manually

Requirements

- You must have the Account Admin or Workspace Admin role to delete files.
- You can delete a maximum of 100,000 files at a time.

Steps

1. In the Data Investigation results pane, select the file, or files, that you want to delete.

2345 items

Tags

Assign to

Label

Copy

Move

Delete

<input type="checkbox"/>	File Name		Personal	Sensitive Personal	Data Subjects	File Type	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Expense Report EXP-TPO-106038887654	cvo	6	3	16	PDF	▼
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Expense Report EXP-TPO-106038887654	cvo	6	3	6	PDF	▼
<input type="checkbox"/>	Expense Report EXP-TPO-106038887654	cvo	6	3	6	PDF	▼
<input type="checkbox"/>	Expense Report EXP-TPO-106038887654	cvo	6	3	6	PDF	▼

- To select individual files, check the box for each file (☒ Volume_1).
 - To select all files on the current page, check the box in the title row (☒ File Name).
 - To select all files on all pages, check the box in the title row (☒ File Name), and then in the pop-up message **All 20 Items on this page selected** [Select all Items in list \(63K Items\)](#), click **Select all items in list (xxx items)**.
2. From the button bar, click **Delete**.
 3. Because the delete operation is permanent, you must type "**permanently delete**" in the subsequent *Delete File* dialog and click **Delete File**.

You can view the progress of the delete operation in the [Actions Status pane](#).

Note that you can also delete an individual file when viewing the metadata details for a file. Just click **Delete file**.



Deleting source files automatically using Policies

You can create a custom Policy to delete files that match the policy. For example, you may want to delete files that contain sensitive information and were discovered by Data Sense in the past 30 days.

Only Account Admins can create a policy to automatically delete files.



All files that match the policy will be permanently deleted once a day.

Steps

1. From the Data Investigation page, define your search by selecting all the filters you want to use. See [Filtering data in the Data Investigation page](#) for details.
2. Once you have all the filter characteristics just the way you want them, click **Create Policy from this search**.
3. Name the Policy and select other actions that can be performed by the Policy:
 - a. Enter a unique name and description.
 - b. Check the box to "Automatically delete files that match this policy" and type **permanently delete** to confirm that you want files permanently deleted by this policy.
 - c. Click **Create Policy**.

Create Policy

This will create a new Policy according to the current selected filters and search term.
You can view or delete this later from the "Policies" tab.

Note it may take up to 15 minutes for results to be displayed for a new Policy.

Name this Policy

Delete files with sensitive data

Give it a detailed description that explains what it searches for

Delete files that contain sensitive information and that were discovered in the past 30 days

☒ Automatically delete files that match this policy (Every Day)

Type "permanently delete" to continue with the deletion.

permanently delete

☐ Send email updates about this Policy to Cloud Manager users on this account every Day

☐ Automatically label this Policy's matches with: Select a label

Create PolicyCancel

Result

The new Policy appears in the Policies tab. Files that match the policy are deleted once per day when the policy runs.

You can view the list of files that have been deleted in the [Actions Status pane](#).

Viewing compliance reports

Cloud Data Sense provides reports that you can use to better understand the status of your organization's data privacy program.

By default, the Cloud Data Sense dashboards display compliance and governance data for all working environments, databases, and data sources. If you want to view reports that contain data for only some of the working environments, [select those working environments](#).



- The reports described in this section are available only if you have chosen to perform a full classification scan on your data sources. Data sources that have had a mapping-only scan can only generate the Data Mapping Report.
- NetApp can't guarantee 100% accuracy of the personal data and sensitive personal data that Cloud Data Sense identifies. You should always validate the information by reviewing the data.

Privacy Risk Assessment Report

The Privacy Risk Assessment Report provides an overview of your organization's privacy risk status, as required by privacy regulations such as GDPR and CCPA. The report includes the following information:

Compliance status

A [severity score](#) and the distribution of data, whether it's non-sensitive, personal, or sensitive personal.

Assessment overview

A breakdown of the types of personal data found, as well as the categories of data.

Data subjects in this assessment

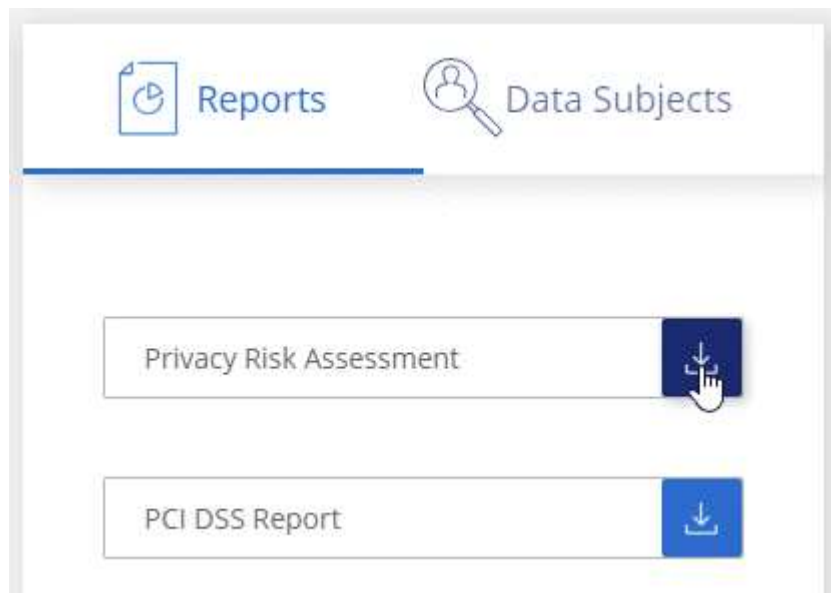
The number of people, by location, for which national identifiers were found.

Generating the Privacy Risk Assessment Report

Go to the Data Sense tab to generate the report.

Steps

1. At the top of Cloud Manager, click **Data Sense**.
2. Click **Compliance**, and then click the download icon next to **Privacy Risk Assessment** under **Reports**.



Result

Cloud Data Sense generates a PDF report that you can review and send to other groups as needed.

Severity score

Cloud Data Sense calculates the severity score for the Privacy Risk Assessment Report on the basis of three variables:

- The percentage of personal data out of all data.
- The percentage of sensitive personal data out of all data.
- The percentage of files that include data subjects, determined by national identifiers such as national IDs, Social Security numbers, and tax ID numbers.

The logic used to determine the score is as follows:

Severity score	Logic
0	All three variables are exactly 0%
1	One of the variables are larger than 0%
2	One of the variables are larger than 3%
3	Two of the variables are larger than 3%
4	Three of the variables are larger than 3%
5	One of the variables are larger than 6%
6	Two of the variables are larger than 6%
7	Three of the variables are larger than 6%
8	One of the variables are larger than 15%
9	Two of the variables are larger than 15%
10	Three of the variables are larger than 15%

PCI DSS Report

The Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard (PCI DSS) Report can help you identify the distribution of credit card information across your files. The report includes the following information:

Overview

How many files contain credit card information and in which working environments.

Encryption

The percentage of files containing credit card information that are on encrypted or unencrypted working environments. This information is specific to Cloud Volumes ONTAP.

Ransomware Protection

The percentage of files containing credit card information that are on working environments that do or don't have ransomware protection enabled. This information is specific to Cloud Volumes ONTAP.

Retention

The timeframe in which the files were last modified. This is helpful because you shouldn't keep credit card information for longer than you need to process it.

Distribution of Credit Card Information

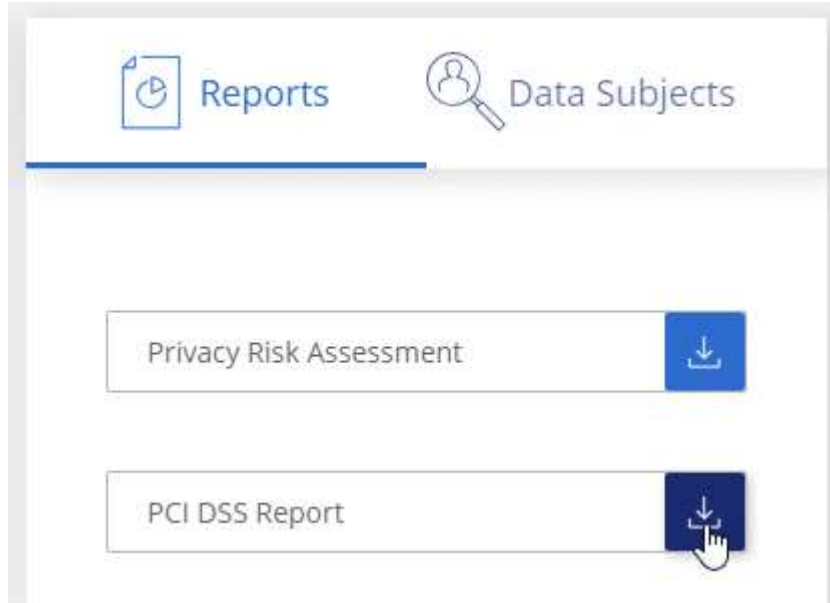
The working environments where the credit card information was found and whether encryption and ransomware protection are enabled.

Generating the PCI DSS Report

Go to the Data Sense tab to generate the report.

Steps

1. At the top of Cloud Manager, click **Data Sense**.
2. Click **Compliance**, and then click the download icon next to **PCI DSS Report** under **Reports**.



Result

Cloud Data Sense generates a PDF report that you can review and send to other groups as needed.

HIPAA Report

The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) Report can help you identify files containing health information. It is designed to aid in your organization's requirement to comply with HIPAA data privacy laws. The information Cloud Data Sense looks for includes:

- Health reference pattern
- ICD-10-CM Medical code
- ICD-9-CM Medical code
- HR – Health category
- Health Application Data category

The report includes the following information:

Overview

How many files contain health information and in which working environments.

Encryption

The percentage of files containing health information that are on encrypted or unencrypted working environments. This information is specific to Cloud Volumes ONTAP.

Ransomware Protection

The percentage of files containing health information that are on working environments that do or don't have ransomware protection enabled. This information is specific to Cloud Volumes ONTAP.

Retention

The timeframe in which the files were last modified. This is helpful because you shouldn't keep health information for longer than you need to process it.

Distribution of Health Information

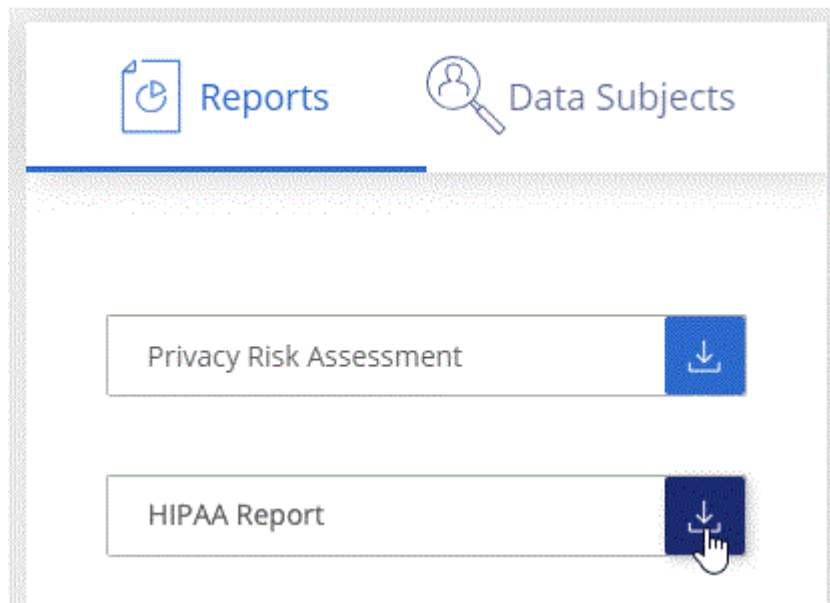
The working environments where the health information was found and whether encryption and ransomware protection are enabled.

Generating the HIPAA Report

Go to the Data Sense tab to generate the report.

Steps

1. At the top of Cloud Manager, click **Data Sense**.
2. Click **Compliance**, and then click the download icon next to **HIPAA Report** under **Reports**.



Result

Cloud Data Sense generates a PDF report that you can review and send to other groups as needed.

Data Mapping Report

The Data Mapping Report provides an overview of the data being stored in your corporate data sources to assist you with decisions of migration, back up, security, and compliance processes. The report first lists an overview report summarizing all your working environments and data sources, and then provides a breakdown for each working environment.

The report includes the following information:

Usage Capacity

For all working environments: Lists the number of files and the used capacity for each working environment.
For single working environments: Lists the files that are using the most capacity.

Age of Data

Provides three charts and graphs for when files were created, last modified, or last accessed. Lists the number of files, and their used capacity, based on certain date ranges.

Size of Data

Lists the number of files that exist within certain size ranges in your working environments.

File Types

Lists the total number of files and the used capacity for each type of file being stored in your working environments.

Generating the Data Mapping Report

Go to the Data Sense tab to generate the report.

Steps

1. At the top of Cloud Manager, click **Data Sense**.
2. Click **Governance**, and then click the **Full Data Mapping Overview Report** button from the Governance Dashboard.



Result

Cloud Data Sense generates a PDF report that you can review and send to other groups as needed.

Data Investigation Report


The Data Investigation Report is a download of the contents of the Data Investigation page. [Learn more about the Data Investigation page.](#)

You can save the report to the local machine as a .CSV file (which can include up to 5,000 rows of data), or as a .JSON file that you export to an NFS Share (which can include an unlimited number of rows). If Data Sense is scanning files (unstructured data), directories (folders and file shares), or databases (structured data), there can be up to three report files downloaded.

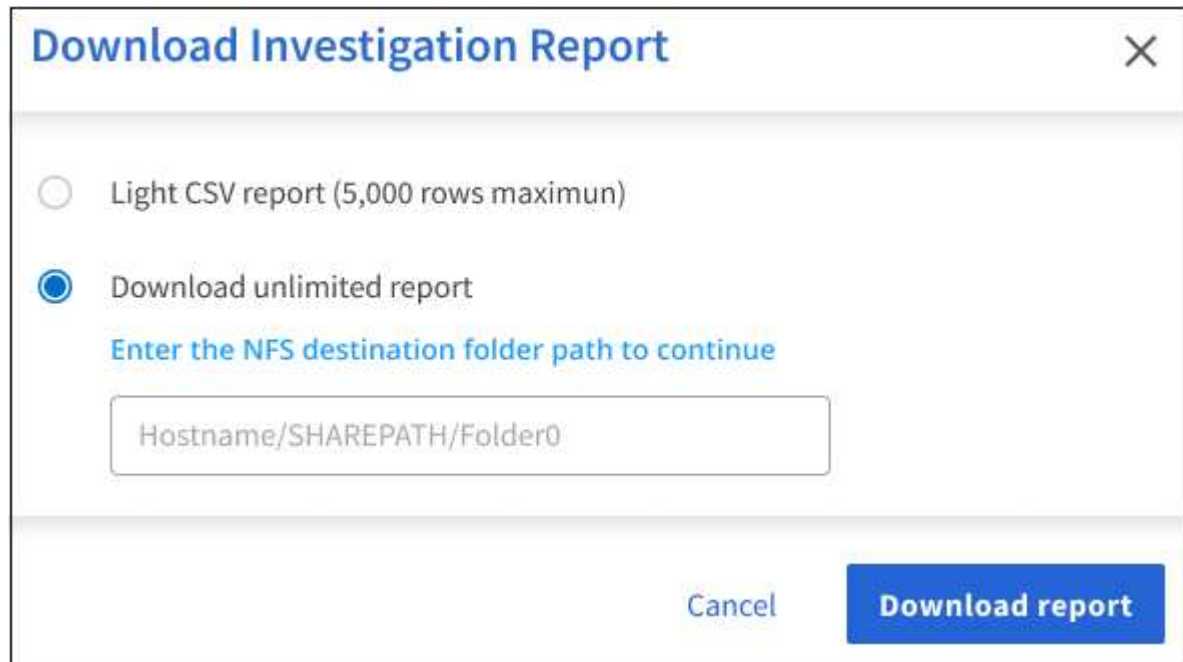
When exporting to a file share, make sure Data Sense has the correct permissions for export access.

Generating the Data Investigation Report

Steps

1. From the Data Investigation page, click the  button on the top, right of the page.
2. Select whether you want to download a .CSV report or .JSON report of the data, and click **Download**

Report.



The dialog box is titled "Download Investigation Report" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. It contains two radio button options: "Light CSV report (5,000 rows maximum)" and "Download unlimited report". The "Download unlimited report" option is selected. Below the options, there is a text input field with the placeholder text "Hostname/SHAREPATH/Folder0". At the bottom right, there are two buttons: "Cancel" and "Download report".

Download Investigation Report

☐ Light CSV report (5,000 rows maximum)

☒ Download unlimited report

Enter the NFS destination folder path to continue

Hostname/SHAREPATH/Folder0

Cancel Download report

When selecting a .JSON report, enter the name of the NFS share where the report will be downloaded in the format `<host_name>:/<share_path>`.

Result

A dialog displays a message that the reports are being downloaded.

You can view the progress of JSON report generation in the [Actions Status pane](#).

What's included in each Data Investigation Report

The **Unstructured Files Data Report** includes the following information about your files:

- File name
- Location type
- Working environment name
- Storage repository (for example, a volume, bucket, shares)
- Working environment type
- File path
- File type
- File size
- Created time
- Last modified
- Last accessed
- File owner
- Category

- Personal information
- Sensitive personal information
- Deletion detection date

A deletion detection date identifies the date that the file was deleted or moved. This enables you to identify when sensitive files have been moved. Deleted files aren't part of the file number count that appears in the dashboard or on the Investigation page. The files only appear in the CSV reports.

The **Unstructured Directories Data Report** includes the following information about your folders and file shares:

- Working environment name
- Storage repository (for example, a folder or file shares)
- Working environment type
- File path (directory name)
- File owner
- Created time
- Discovered time
- Last modified
- Last accessed
- Open permissions
- Directory type

The **Structured Data Report** includes the following information about your database tables:

- DB Table name
- Location type
- Working environment name
- Storage repository (for example, a schema)
- Column count
- Row count
- Personal information
- Sensitive personal information

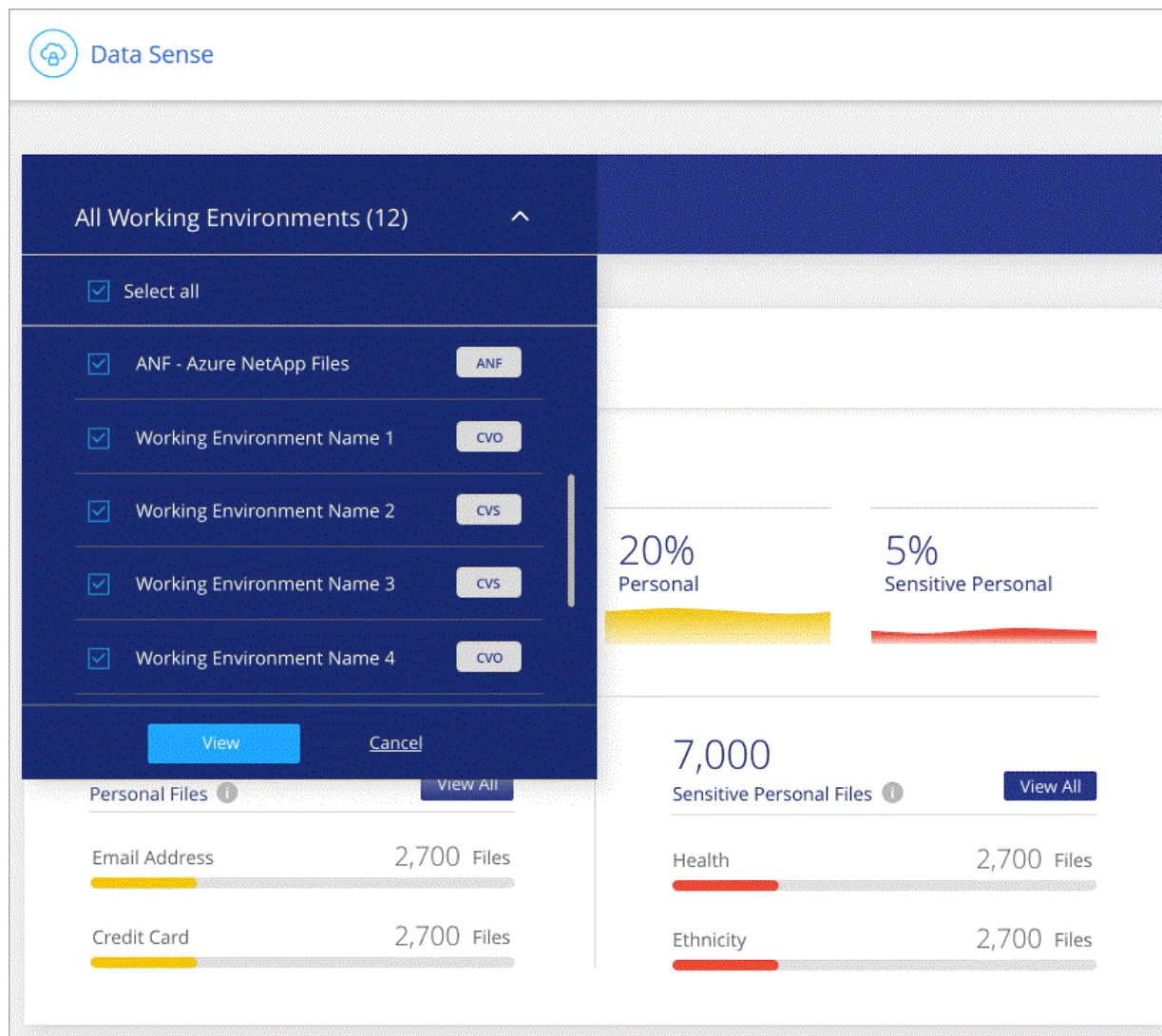
Selecting the working environments for reports

You can filter the contents of the Cloud Data Sense Compliance dashboard to see compliance data for all working environments and databases, or for just specific working environments.

When you filter the dashboard, Data Sense scopes the compliance data and reports to just those working environments that you selected.

Steps

1. Click the filter drop-down, select the working environments that you'd like to view data for, and click **View**.



Responding to a Data Subject Access Request

Respond to a Data Subject Access Request (DSAR) by searching for a subject's full name or known identifier (such as an email address) and then downloading a report. The report is designed to aid in your organization's requirement to comply with GDPR or similar data privacy laws.



The DSAR capabilities are available only if you have chosen to perform a full classification scan on your data sources. Data sources that have had a mapping-only scan do not provide file-level details.



NetApp can't guarantee 100% accuracy of the personal data and sensitive personal data that Cloud Data Sense identifies. You should always validate the information by reviewing the data.

What is a Data Subject Access Request?

Privacy regulations such as the European GDPR grant data subjects (such as customers or employees) the right to access their personal data. When a data subject requests this information, this is known as a DSAR

(data subject access request). Organizations are required to respond to these requests "without undue delay", and at the latest within one month of receipt.

How can Cloud Data Sense help you respond to a DSAR?

When you perform a data subject search, Cloud Data Sense finds all of the files, buckets, OneDrive, and SharePoint accounts that have that person's name or identifier in it. Data Sense checks the latest pre-indexed data for the name or identifier. It doesn't initiate a new scan.

After the search is complete, you can then download the list of files for a Data Subject Access Request report. The report aggregates insights from the data and puts it into legal terms that you can send back to the person.



Data subject search is not supported within databases at this time.

Searching for data subjects and downloading reports

Search for the data subject's full name or known identifier and then download a file list report or DSAR report. You can search by [any personal information type](#).

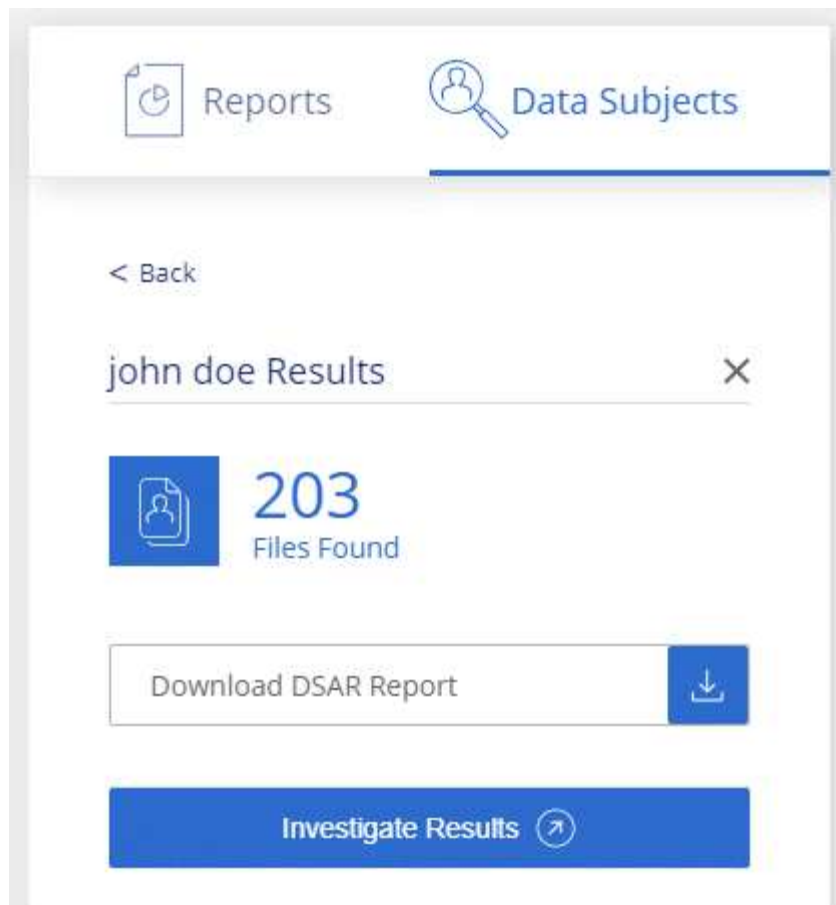


English, German, and Spanish are supported when searching for the names of data subjects. Support for more languages will be added later.

Steps

1. At the top of Cloud Manager, click **Data Sense**.
2. Click **Data Subjects**.
3. Search for the data subject's full name or known identifier.

Here's an example that shows a search for the name *john doe*:



4. Choose one of the available options:

- **Download DSAR Report:** A formal response to the access request that you can send to the data subject. This report contains automatically-generated information based on data that Cloud Data Sense found on the data subject and is designed to be used as a template. You should complete the form and review it internally before sending it to the data subject.
- **Investigate Results:** A page that enables you to investigate the data by searching, sorting, expanding details for a specific file, and by downloading the file list.



If there are more than 10,000 results, only the top 10,000 appear in the file list.

Categories of private data

There are many types of private data that Cloud Data Sense can identify in your volumes, Amazon S3 buckets, databases, OneDrive folders, SharePoint accounts, and Google Drive accounts. See the categories below.



If you need Cloud Data Sense to identify other private data types, such as additional national ID numbers or healthcare identifiers, email ng-contact-data-sense@netapp.com with your request.

Types of personal data

The personal data found in files can be general personal data or national identifiers. The third column identifies whether Cloud Data Sense uses [proximity validation](#) to validate its findings for the identifier.

The items in this category can be recognized in any language.

Note that you can add to the list of personal data that is found in your files if you are scanning a database server. The *Data Fusion* feature allows you to choose the additional identifiers that Cloud Data Sense will look for in its' scans by selecting columns in a database table. See [Adding personal data identifiers using Data Fusion](#) for details.

Type	Identifier	Proximity validation?
General	Email address	No
	Credit card number	No
	IBAN number (International Bank Account Number)	No
	IP address	No
	Password	Yes

Type	Identifier	Proximity validation?
National Identifiers		

Type	Lithuanian ID	Yes
	Luxembourg ID	Yes
	Maltese ID	Yes
Identifier	National Health Service (NHS) Number	Yes
	Polish ID (PESEL)	Yes
	Portuguese Tax Identification Number (NIF)	Yes
	Romanian ID (CNP)	Yes
	Slovenian ID (EMSO)	Yes
	South African ID	Yes
	Spanish Tax Identification Number	Yes
	Swedish ID	Yes
	U.K. ID (NINO)	Yes
	USA Social Security Number (SSN)	Yes
Proximity		
Validation?		

Types of sensitive personal data

The sensitive personal data that Cloud Data Sense can find in files includes the following list. The items in this category can be recognized only in English at this time.

Criminal Procedures Reference

Data concerning a natural person's criminal convictions and offenses.

Ethnicity Reference

Data concerning a natural person's racial or ethnic origin.

Health Reference

Data concerning a natural person's health.

ICD-9-CM Medical Codes

Codes used in the medical and health industry.

ICD-10-CM Medical Codes

Codes used in the medical and health industry.

Philosophical Beliefs Reference

Data concerning a natural person's philosophical beliefs.

Political Opinions Reference

Data concerning a natural person's political opinions.

Religious Beliefs Reference

Data concerning a natural person's religious beliefs.

Sex Life or Orientation Reference

Data concerning a natural person's sex life or sexual orientation.

Types of categories

Cloud Data Sense categorizes your data as follows. Most of these categories can be recognized in English, German, and Spanish.

Category	Type	English	German	Spanish
Finance	Balance Sheets	✓	✓	✓
	Purchase Orders	✓	✓	✓
	Invoices	✓	✓	✓
	Quarterly Reports	✓	✓	✓
HR	Background Checks	✓		✓
	Compensation Plans	✓	✓	✓
	Employee Contracts	✓		✓
	Employee Reviews	✓		✓
	Health	✓		✓
	Resumes	✓	✓	✓
Legal	NDA's	✓	✓	✓
	Vendor-Customer contracts	✓	✓	✓
Marketing	Campaigns	✓	✓	✓
	Conferences	✓	✓	✓
Operations	Audit Reports	✓	✓	✓
Sales	Sales Orders	✓	✓	
Services	RFI	✓		✓
	RFP	✓		✓
	SOW	✓	✓	✓
	Training	✓	✓	✓
Support	Complaints and Tickets	✓	✓	✓

The following Metadata is also categorized, and are identified in the same supported languages:

- Application Data
- Archive Files
- Audio
- Business Application Data
- CAD Files
- Code
- Corrupted

- Database and index files
- Design Files
- Email Application Data
- Encrypted
- Executables
- Financial Application Data
- Health Application Data
- Images
- Logs
- Miscellaneous Documents
- Miscellaneous Presentations
- Miscellaneous Spreadsheets
- Miscellaneous "Unknown"
- Structured Data
- Videos
- Zero-Byte Files

Types of files

Cloud Data Sense scans all files for category and metadata insights and displays all file types in the file types section of the dashboard.

But when Data Sense detects Personal Identifiable Information (PII), or when it performs a DSAR search, only the following file formats are supported:

.CSV, .DCM, .DICOM, .DOC, .DOCX, .JSON, .PDF, .PPTX, .RTF, .TXT, .XLS, .XLSX, Docs, Sheets, and Slides

Accuracy of information found

NetApp can't guarantee 100% accuracy of the personal data and sensitive personal data that Cloud Data Sense identifies. You should always validate the information by reviewing the data.

Based on our testing, the table below shows the accuracy of the information that Data Sense finds. We break it down by *precision* and *recall*:

Precision

The probability that what Data Sense finds has been identified correctly. For example, a precision rate of 90% for personal data means that 9 out of 10 files identified as containing personal information, actually contain personal information. 1 out of 10 files would be a false positive.

Recall

The probability for Data Sense to find what it should. For example, a recall rate of 70% for personal data means that Data Sense can identify 7 out of 10 files that actually contain personal information in your organization. Data Sense would miss 30% of the data and it won't appear in the dashboard.

We are constantly improving the accuracy of our results. Those improvements will be automatically available in

future Data Sense releases.

Type	Precision	Recall
Personal data - General	90%-95%	60%-80%
Personal data - Country identifiers	30%-60%	40%-60%
Sensitive personal data	80%-95%	20%-30%
Categories	90%-97%	60%-80%

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