# Rovers

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Abstract—Begin the design and construction of a mock rover. A rover would be an area of space exploration completely new to SPEX, because of this there are a lot of unknowns that need to be answered before starting this project. Because of this the project will require a large amount of prototyping and testing. The team would look at the talent and skills of RIT Space Exploration and answer the question: what caliber of rover are we able to make. It would employ a multidisciplinary team for construction and development. The project would be slated to run for two semesters. The rover would be extremely promotable and would look great at Imagine RIT.

#### I. Introduction

Robotics and by extension rovers are a tremendously important part of space exploration. This is also an area that RIT Space Exploration has very little experience with project-wise. The purpose of this project is to assess and assert the capability of RIT SPEX regarding the construction and fabrication of a mock-rover and then begin construction. As this is a new area to RIT SPEX, prototyping and experimenting is necessary to most effectively accomplish this goal. This project will look at the unknowns, technical challenges, project management, and member skills of RIT Space Exploration in regard to a University Rover Competition (URC) capable rover. The URC is hosted by The Mars Society annually. It is very competitive and requires a very complex and expensive rover that is currently out of scope for SPEX. This rover would need to be capable of full autonomous navigation, soil collection and analysis, and precise robotics. This project is the first step in building the skills for such a team.

## II. PRIMARY OBJECTIVE

The goal of this project is delivering a functioning mock rover. We define mock rover as a functioning rover built to specifications for a mock mission as it will not be launched. The rover will allow the team to develop skills and knowledge to build a more feature completer rover in the future. These skills include rover fabrication and design, autonomous navigation, electrical system design, rover testing, computer vision, and robotics. The rover will be testing using events designed like the URC but scaled down to fit the scope of this rover. We will be using time as a metric as well as binary metrics for completion of the parts of the competition. This includes 'does the rocker-bogie system works as intended', 'will the rover stop when directed at an obstacle', etc. The details are defined in the minimum viable product section.

1) Minimum Viable Product: The minimum viable product (MVP) has been defined by the basics of what can be called a 'functioning rover'. This includes features like suspension, motors, power and controls. The MVP is defined by the following features:

TABLE I MINIMUM VIABLE PRODUCT

Feature	Reason
Rocker-bogie-like suspension	This is the NASA perfered rover
	suspension style.
Ability to control remotely (such	Remote controle is essential for
as a gamepad)	rovers.
Ability to traverse terrain such as	Multi-terrain traversal is important
gravel, cement, and asphalt	for rovers.
Technical report on GitHub	This will allow for future teams to
	easily learn from htis teams
	experience.
Rover hardware	Having a physical rover is
	important for a rover project as it
	allows for lessons to be learned in
	construction.
Present at Imagine RIT	This is essential for promotional
	value.

2) Improvements: The MVP is intended to be flexible in implementation depending on funding. The size and materials are not defined because of this. Should the funding allow for it there are many improvements that can be made beyond the MVP.

#### III. SECONDARY OBJECTIVES

The study will also investigate the University Rover Competition (URC) as hosted by the Mars Society as a potential long term goal. The team will accomplish this by evaluating how many of the MVP improvements are accomplished. If none of these improvements are not able to be implemented then the team is not near URC ready. The competition is held annually and features four very intense competitions. Such a rover would need to be fully self navigating, perform scientific analysis on soil samples, and having a robotic arm capable of fine motor control. Such a project would be among the most ambitious SPEX has ever attempted. The skills learned from this project should be applicable to such a future project. This secondary objective is directly related to the long-term vision of the rover project.

#### IV. BENEFIT TO SPEX

Rovers are a huge part of space exploration. It is also an area that SPEX is not currently involved with. It would be beneficial to our members to get some experience in this area.

- 1) Promotions and Funding: A rover would look super good for SPEX at Imagine RIT. The rover would be rather large and would attract many eyes. We could even demo it outside if there is sufficient space. A rover would be very easy to get video and photos of for SPEX promotions. Having a rover is also another opportunity for SPEX to fundraise. There is plenty of space to place company logos on the body of the rover. It would also allow for SPEX to reach out to robotics companies.
- 2) Computer Science: The potential self-driving component would be the heaviest computer science project SPEX would have attempted, this would help with retention of CS and SE majors. Some of the potential self-driving features could be implemented with artificial intelligence. Machine learning and artificial intelligence are at the forefront of computer science right now. They are heavily desired in industry including space exploration.
- 3) Robotics: Robotics are also a heavily desired area in the space industry. Currently RIT SPEX does not have any projects with robotics as a focus. Robotics is also a potential area for collaboration with faculty as there are RIT faculty that are investigating this area.

#### A. Mindset

The purpose of this project is to investigate and implement a mock rover. Because of this the team members must be in the mindset to analyze each part of the project and identify as many problem areas that need answers as possible. This means

TABLE II IMPROVEMENTS

Feature	Reason
Lidar based CV	Autonomous or partially
	autonomous navigation for future
	URC readiness.
Improved navigation with use of	Additional navigation options.
GPS system	
Robotic arm with 3+ degrees of	URC readiness and rover
freedom	capabilities.
Drill or grasper attachment	Increased capabilities of the
	robotic arm.
Soil sample analysis with	Scientific possibilities.
Archimedes' screw	
Larger and or faster rover	Able to traverse obstacles of
	greater magnitude or hold more
	scientific equipment for future
	expansion.
Solar cells	Additional long-term navigation
	viability and experience.
Web control interface with GUI	Easier navigation.
Durable construction	Carbon fiber or similar materials
	for long term viability.
On board batteries	Lithium Ion, 18650s or similar
	battery technology for remote
	abilities.

being specific on how we are going to accomplish our goals. We want our team asking the question: "what material, what algorithm, with what method will we be accomplishing this?" It is very easy to over estimate the team's ability especially when the project is so new to the team.

## B. Traceability

It is important that the team members document the sources they use to gather information. There will be a Google Drive folder that will hold notes with links to any books, articles, media or their sources that are relevant to the rover project. The software and hardware will be tracked on GitHub. This includes the technical report.

## C. Accessibility

The project would be very ambitious. It would require at a minimum a handful (4-5) members each with different areas of expertise. The members would need that knowledge as well as LaTeX, notetaking, and good research practices. This would be to deliver the MVP. A larger team would be able to accomplish more.

#### V. IMPLEMENTATION

This project would involve divvying out the different project areas to the different team members or small groups and each week meeting to discuss progress. The team would take this information, refine it and put it into the technical report along with construction.

## A. Deliverables

The deliverable includes the technical report, Rover software, and Rover hardware. The primary deliverables of this project will be the technical report and the rover itself by the end of the second semester. It is also noted that the materials that the team will come across or notes should also be saved in an Google Drive folder for future reference. The team will also present at SPEX design reviews and the weekly checkups at general meetings with the areas the team members are working on that week. The project is intended to last 2 semesters with the deliverable of a basic rover and a technical report.

- 1) Technical Report: The technical report of the rover is a design document complete with the hardware, software, and electrical components of the rover. This report is important as it allows for a future team to easily learn from the past team's experience. This Technical Report will be hosted on GitHub. This will also include the results of the rover tests and the teams recommendations based on them.
- 2) Rover Software: The rover software has to be written and hosted on GitHub. This will include rover features such as navigation, control, and power regulation.
- 3) Rover Hardware: The rover will need to be constructed and tested. Because of this a physically constructed rover is needed. This will be necessary for ImagineRIT for cool factor.

#### B. Milestones

The largest milestones for the technical report would be the would be draft and completion. The rover itself would include the various CAD models of the rover, software milestones, electrical system completion, and drive train system.

#### VI. EXTERNALITIES

## A. Prerequisite Skills

The project is going to require members that are knowledgeable in mechanical design and manufacturing, software engineering, (potentially) machine learning, electrical engineering, and project management. These members will also need to be experienced in research and design document work. Though this seems simple, finding SPEX members to do this well may be a challenge due to competition from other projects.

Building a rover, especially one built to URC specifications requires a large team with a diverse set of technical skills. This project will require SPEX to look at and asses what areas are sufficient and what areas need to be developed in order to build a rover. It will also let us know to what spec we are currently capable of building such a rover.

## B. Funding Requirements

The rover project is looking at a minimal funding amount of \$500.00 USD from RIT SPEX. This funding is needed to make a rover that fulfills the MVP defined in the Primary Objective section. In order to give a better deliverable the team will also be reaching out to a large list of companies looking for further funding through sponsorship.

## C. Faculty Support

Support from faculty could greatly advance this study and what RIT SPEX is capable robotics wise. It is not necessary but would be very helpful. Professors could help with funding, rover design, hardware selection and general advice. Rovers and robotics are new to SPEX and someone with experience could help this. The team should reach out to professors for advice and help. There are many professors at RIT with interest in robotics or computer vision. With some recemendations from SPEX alumni we have a short list of professors who might be interested.

TABLE III
POTENTIAL FACULTY SUPPORT.

Professor	Department / Feild
Email Address	
Dr. Ugur Sahin	Mathematics (Researches
	Computer Vision)
us-grd@cs.rit.edu	
Dr Ferat Sahin	KGCOE (Robotics)
feseee@rit.edu	

#### D. Long-Term Vision

The long-term vision of this project is to open RIT Space Exploration up to a new area of projects and development. Robotics and rovers are at the core of deep space exploration and most science missions. The project is also intended to lead into a future rover project with expanded capabilities. The University Rover Challenge is hosted by the mars society. It features very competitive and expensive rovers. These rovers feature autonomous navigation, fine control robotics, scientific drill and more. It is a worthy long term goal.

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The author would like to thank SPEX alumni Phil Linden for creating the PDD template, Anthony Hennig for founding RIT Space Exploration, and all the SPEX members that continue to invest their time and energy into the pursuit of space exploration.