Liechtenstein

Country overview

Malnutrition burden

There is insufficient target data to assess Liechtenstein's progress for all targets analysed.

Liechtenstein has no prevalence data available for under-five overweight, stunting, or wasting.

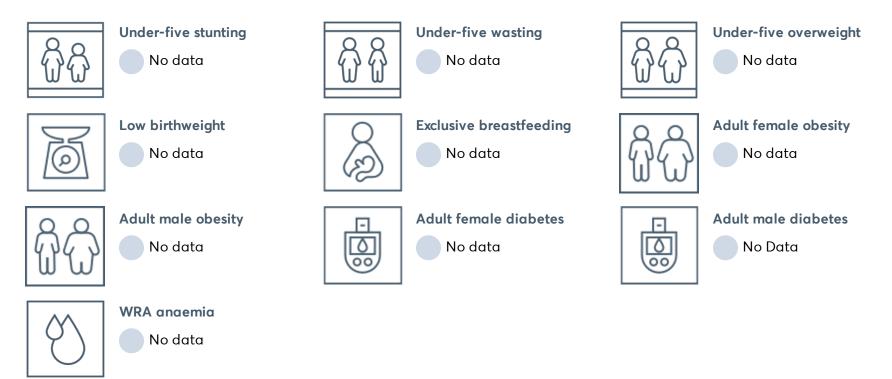
There is also insufficient data on exclusive breastfeeding among infants, and on low birth weight.

Data on adult malnutrition burdens is also unavailable, including information on anaemia among women of reproductive age, as well as adult obesity and diabetes.

Sources: UNICEF global databases Infant and Young Child Feeding, UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates, UNICEF/WHO Low birthweight estimates, NCD Risk Factor Collaboration, WHO Global Health Observatory.

Notes: Data on the adult indicators are based on modelled estimates.

Progress against global nutrition targets 2019



Sources: UNICEF global databases Infant and Young Child Feeding, UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates, NCD Risk Factor Collaboration, WHO Global Health Observatory and Global Burden of Disease, the Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation.

Notes: WRA = Women of a reproductive age; NA = not applicable. The methodologies for tracking differ between targets. Data on the adult indicators are based on modelled estimates.

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Child (under-five) nutrition status

Coexistence of wasting, stunting and overweight

No data

Sources: UNICEF, Division of Data Research and Policy (2019).
UNICEF Global Databases: Overlapping Stunting, Wasting and
Overweight, January 2019, New York.

Notes: Percentage of children under-five years of age who experience different and overlapping forms of malnutrition.

Low birth weight



Source: UNICEF/WHO Low birthweight estimates, 2019 edition.

Prevalence of under-five stunting

Stunting at subnational level

Stunting at 5km level

No data





Source: Kinyoki, D.K. et al. Mapping child growth failure across low- and middle-income countries. Nature 577, 231–234 (2020) doi:10.1038/s41586-019-1878-8.

Notes: 5 km level map shows prevalence at the 5×5 -km resolution. Prevalence is the 2017 estimated prevalence, based on a model using a range of surveys between 1998-2018. See source paper for full methods.

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Child (under-five) nutrition status over time				
Wasting by gender	Stunting by gender	Overweight by gender		
No data	No data	No data		
Wasting by location	Stunting by location	Overweight by location		
No data	No data	No data		
Wasting by income	Stunting by income	Overweight by income		
No data	No data	No data		

Wasting by mother's education	Stunting by mother's education	Overweight by mother's education
No data	No data	No data
Wasting by age	Stunting by age	Overweight by age
No data	No data	No data

Sources: UNICEF/WHO/World Bank Group: Joint child malnutrition estimates.

Infant and young child feeding over time

Exclusive Continued Minimum Intro. to solid, breastfeeding by breastfeeding at 1 semi-solid, soft acceptable diet by foods by gender gender year by gender gender No data No data No data No data Exclusive Continued Minimum Intro. to solid, breastfeeding by breastfeeding at 1 semi-solid, soft acceptable diet by foods by location year by location location location No data No data No data No data Exclusive Continued Minimum Intro. to solid, breastfeeding by breastfeeding at 1 acceptable diet by semi-solid, soft foods by income year by income income income No data No data No data No data

Exclusive	Continued	Minimum	Intro. to solid,
breastfeeding by	breastfeeding at 1	acceptable diet by	semi-solid, soft
mother's	year by mother's	mother's	foods by mother's
education	education	education	education
No data	No data	No data	No data
Exclusive	Continued	Minimum	Intro. to solid,
breastfeeding by	breastfeeding at 1	acceptable diet by	semi-solid, soft
age	year by age	age	foods by age
No data	No data	No data	No data

Sources: UNICEF, Division of Data Research and Policy (2019). Global UNICEF Global Databases: Infant and Young Child Feeding, New York, May 2019.

No data No data No data

Sources: UNICEF, Division of Data Research and Policy (2019). Global UNICEF Global Databases: Infant and Young Child Feeding: Exclusive breastfeeding, Predominant breastfeeding, New York, May 2019.

Child and adolescent (aged 5-19) nutrition status

Underweight by gender

Overweight by gender

Obesity by gender

No data

No data

No data

Sources: NCD Risk Factor Collaboration.

Adult nutrition status

Diabetes by gender

Overweight by gender

Obesity by gender

No data

No data

No data

Sources: NCD Risk Factor Collaboration.

Raised blood pressure by gender

Anaemia in WRA

Salt intake (grams per day)

No data

Sources: NCD Risk Factor Collaboration.

No data

Source: WHO Global Health

Observatory.

Notes: WRA = women of reproductive

age.

No data

Source: Global Burden of Disease, the Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation.

Dietary needs

Consumption of food groups and components, 2016





Sources: Global Burden of Disease, the Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation.

Notes: TMREL = theoretical minimum risk of exposure level. Men and women aged 25 and older.

Intervention coverage

Coverage/practice indicator	Total (%)	Boy (%)	Girl (%)	Year
Children 0-59 months with diarrhoea who received zinc treatment	No	No	No	No
	data	data	data	data
Children 6-59 months who received vitamin A supplements in last 6 months	No	No	No	No
	data	data	data	data
Children 6-59 months given iron supplements in past 7 days	No	No	No	No
	data	data	data	data
Women with a live birth in the five years preceding the survey who received iron tablets or syrup during antenatal care	No data	NA	NA	No data
Household consumption of any iodised salt	No data	NA	NA	No data

Sources: Huestis A. and Kothari M., based on 2016 Global Nutrition Report.

Notes: NA = not applicable. Data is compiled using STATcompiler and taken from country Demographic and Health Surveys for 2005-2018.

Determinants

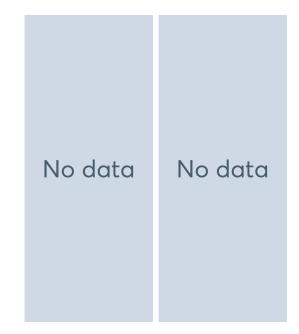
Undernourishment

Food supply

Gender-related determinants



Source: FAOSTAT 2018.

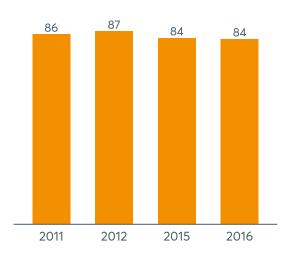


Source: FAOSTAT 2018.

Early childbearing	No	No
births by age 18 (%) ¹	data	data
Gender Inequality	No	No
Index (score *) ²	data	data
Gender Inequality Index (country rank) ²	No data	No data

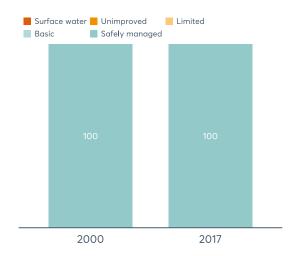
Sources: ¹ UNICEF 2018; ² UNDP 2018. Notes: *0 = low inequality, 1 = high inequality.

Female secondary education enrolment (net, % population)



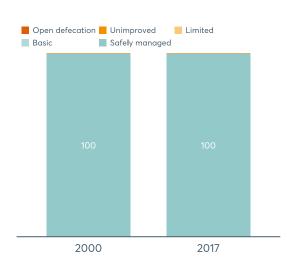
Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics 2018.

Drinking water coverage (% population)



Source: WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring Programme 2019.

Sanitation coverage (% population)



Source: WHO/UNICEF Joint Monitoring Programme 2019.

Resources, policies and targets

Development assistance



Sources: Development Initiatives based on OECD Development Assistance Committee (DAC) Creditor Reporting System (CRS).

Notes: ODA = official development assistance. Amounts based on gross ODA disbursements, constant 2017 prices. Figure includes ODA grants and loans, but excludes other official flows and private grants.

National policies

Mandatory legislation for salt iodisation	No data
Sugar-sweetened beverage tax	No data
Food-based dietary guidelines	No data
Policy to reduce salt consumption	No data
Operational policy, strategy or action plan to reduce unhealthy diet related to NCDs	No data
Operational, multisectoral national NCD policy, strategy or action plan	No data
Operational policy, strategy or action plan for diabetes	No data
Policy to reduce the impact on children of marketing of foods and beverages high in saturated fats, trans-fatty acids, free sugars or salt	No data
Policy to limit saturated fatty acids and virtually eliminate industrially produced trans-fats	No data

Sources: Global Fortification Data Exchange 2018; Sugar-sweetened data prepared using data from the NOURISHING database, academic references and market reports; FAO 2018; WHO Global database on the Implementation of Nutrition Action (GINA), 2nd Global Nutrition Policy Review, WHO Global Health Observatory.

Notes: NA = not applicable; NCD = non-communicable disease.

Targets included in national (nutrition or other) plan

Stunting	Anaemia
No data	No data
Low birth weight	Child overweight
No data	No data
Exclusive breastfeeding	Wasting
No data	No data
Salt intake	Overweight adults and adolescents
No data	No data
Multisectoral comprehensive nutrition plan	
No data	

Sources: WHO Global database on the Implementation of Nutrition Action (GINA), 2nd Global Nutrition Policy Review.

Economics and demography

Poverty rates (%) and GDP (PPP\$)

Under-five mortality (per 1,000 live births)

Government revenues (\$m)

No data No data

Sources: World Bank 2019, IMF World Economic Outlook Database 2019.

Notes: PPP = purchasing power parity.

No data

Source: UN Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality Estimation 2018.

No data

Sources: IMF Article IV staff reports (country specific) and IMF World Economic Outlook Database (April 2019).

Income inequality

Gini index score 1 Gini index rank 2 Year No data No data data

Sources: World Bank 2019.

Notes: ¹ 0 = perfect equality, 100 = perfect inequality. ² Countries are ranked from most equal (1) to most unequal (159).

Population

Population (thousands)	38	2018
Under-five population (thousands)	No data	No data
Rural (%)	86	2018
>65 years (thousands)	No data	No data

Sources: World Bank 2019, UN Population Division Department of Economic and Social Affairs 2019.

Population density of health workers per 1,000 people

Physicians	No data	No data
Nurses and midwives	No data	No data
Community health workers	No data	No data

Sources: WHO's Global Health Workforce Statistics, OECD, supplemented by country data.