Data Generation: Modulation Classification

EE18BTECH11014

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Signal and Channel Parameters

```
% No.of Samples
N = 10000;

% SNR(in dBW)
SNR = [-15,-10,-5,0,5,10,15,20,25,30];

% Channel Length for Rayleigh Fading
L = [2,3];

% Modulation Schemes
modulationTypes = categorical(["QPSK", "16-QAM", "64-QAM"]);

% Channels
channelTypes = categorical(["AWGN", "Rayleigh"]);

% Normalise Data
Norm = false;

% Ignoring Warnings
warning('off','all');
```

Data Generation

Generating Signal

```
Saved Rayleigh 64-QAM Data
```

Functions

Transmit Power:

Transmit-Power (SignalPower) =
$$\frac{\sum_{i}^{M} ||s_{i}||^{2}}{M}$$

The above is Transmit Power of Signal where no.of Symbols are "M".

For Normalising Symbols, we divide each Symbol by $\sqrt{SignalPower}$.

SNR Ratio:

$$SNR = \frac{P}{N\sigma^2}$$

where P: Transmit Power, "N" is Dimensional Space and and σ^2 : Variance of Gaussian Channel

Bit Error Rate Calculation for a Signal

```
function DataGeneration(N, Modulation, Channel, SNR, L, Normalise)
    S = size(SNR, 2);
    C = size(L, 2);
    % For AWGN Channel
    if Channel == "AWGN"
        % File Path
        dataDirectory = fullfile("../Data/" + string(Channel) + "/" + string(Modulation)
        mkdir(dataDirectory);
        for i = 1:S
            % Generating Modulated Data
            [tx,txModulated,SignalPower] = TransmissionData(N,Modulation,Normalise);
            snr = SNR(i);
            snrW = 10^(snr/10);
            % disp("SNR(in dB):" + string(SNR(i)) + " SNR:" + string(snr))
            % Transmission: Adding Noise
            rx = txModulated + (randn(N,1)+li*randn(N,1))*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(SignalPower/sn
            % disp(string(Channel) + " " + string(Modulation) + " " + string(snr))
            % Saving File
            fileName = fullfile(dataDirectory,sprintf("%sdB-SNR",string(snr)));
```

```
save(fileName, "tx", "txModulated", "rx", "snr");
        end
    end
    % For Rayleigh Channel
    if Channel == "Rayleigh"
        % Channel Lengths
        for 1 = 1:C
            % ChannelModel: Modelling
            ChannelLength = L(1);
            if ChannelLength == 2
                ChannelCoeff = [sqrt(0.8), sqrt(0.2)];
            elseif ChannelLength == 3
                ChannelCoeff = [sqrt(0.75), sqrt(0.2), sqrt(0.05)];
            ChannelModel = ChannelCoeff.*(randn(1,ChannelLength)+li*randn(1,ChannelLength)
            % File Path
            dataDirectory = fullfile("../Data/" + string(Channel) + "/" + string(Channel
            mkdir(dataDirectory);
            for i = 1:S
                % Generating Modulated Data
                [tx,txModulated,SignalPower] = TransmissionData(N,Modulation,Normalise)
                snr = SNR(i);
                snrW = 10^(snr/10);
                % disp("SNR(in dB):" + string(SNR(i)) + " SNR:" + string(snr))
                % Transmisssion: Fading Effect of Channel and Adding Noise
                rx = conv(txModulated,ChannelModel,'same') + (randn(N,1)+li*randn(N,1))
                % disp(string(Channel) + " " + string(Modulation) + " " + string(snr))
                % Saving File
                fileName = fullfile(dataDirectory,sprintf("%sdB-SNR",string(snr)));
                save(fileName,"tx","txModulated","rx","snr","ChannelLength");
            end
        end
    end
    disp("Saved " + string(Channel) + " " + string(Modulation) + " Data")
end
```

Transmission Data Generation

```
function [tx,txModulated,SignalPower] = TransmissionData(N,Modulation,Normalise)
% Generating Transmitter Signal
if Modulation == "QPSK"
          tx = randi([0 3], N, 1);
elseif Modulation == "16-QAM"
          tx = randi([0 15], N, 1);
elseif Modulation == "64-QAM"
```

```
tx = randi([0 63], N, 1);
    end
    % Modulation: Modulating Data and Scatter Plotting it
    if Modulation == "QPSK"
        qpskmod = comm.QPSKModulator();
        txModulated = qpskmod(tx);
        %scatterplot(txModulated);
        %grid on;
    elseif Modulation == "16-QAM"
        txModulated = qammod(tx,16);
        %scatterplot(txModulated);
        %grid on;
    elseif Modulation == "64-QAM"
        txModulated = gammod(tx, 64);
        %scatterplot(txModulated);
        %grid on;
    end
   % Normalising Data
    % This makes Power of Signal = 1
    if Normalise == true
        SignalPower = sqrt(mean(abs(txModulated).^2));
        txModulated = txModulated/SignalPower;
    end
    SignalPower = mean(abs(txModulated).^2);
    % disp("Power of Signal = " + string(SignalPower));
end
```