Homework #332

Theo Park

MA687- Prof. Carl Gauss

Due on: 32 April 1954

Problem 1

Hi students my name is Carl and use Gaussian elemination to find solution for

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 7 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & -2 & 17 \end{bmatrix}$$

Problem 1

I have no clue why they named it after me when I literally just copied and pasted from some random Asian math book

(23 Points)

Solution

Hello so this is my solution

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 7 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & -2 & | 17 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_3 - R_1} \xrightarrow{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 & -7 \\ 0 & 2 & -3 & | 14 \end{bmatrix}} \xrightarrow{R_3 - 2R_2} \xrightarrow{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 & -7 \\ 0 & 0 & -13 & | 26 \end{bmatrix}} \xrightarrow{R_3} \xrightarrow{R_3} \xrightarrow{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 & -7 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 & -7 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{cases} x + y + z = 3 \\ y + 5z = -6 \\ z = -2 \end{cases} \xrightarrow{X_3 - R_1} \xrightarrow{X_3 - R_1} \xrightarrow{X_3 - R_1} \xrightarrow{X_3 - R_1} \xrightarrow{X_3 - R_2} \xrightarrow{X_3 - R_3} \xrightarrow{X_3$$

$$\begin{cases} x + y + z = 3 \\ y + 5z = -6 \\ z = -2 \end{cases} \therefore \begin{cases} x = 1 \\ y = 4 \\ z = -2 \end{cases}$$

Problem 2

That was easy right? Because I am a good professor who assigns only 2 question per homework, here's the final questions.

• Find the inverse of