

# How to execute the code:

**We have created an abstract class named “PartialPeriodic” inside the “abstractPartialPeriodic.py” python file. Therefore, every program has to import this file and needs to extend the abstract class as follows:**

- *from traditional.abstractClass.abstractPartialPeriodic import \**
- *class max3pgrowth(frequentPatterns):*
  - *Complete code along with the implementation of the given abstract methods and variables available in the abstract class ‘PartialPeriodicPatterns’.*

## **1. Maximal Partial Periodic Pattern Mining (max3PM) Process:**

1.1.Import our package and initialize the method called '**max3pgrowth**' using the input file path/input file, periodic support and Interval time(period) (It has to be given in terms of count of total number of transactions in the input database/file).

1.2.Then call the method '**startMine**' using the following command

```
import Max3pgrowth as Myap  
fp= Myap.growth(r"filepath or filename", periodicSupport,  
period)  
fp.startMine()
```

output is displayed as follows:

- Maximal Partial Periodic patterns were generated successfully using max3pgrowth algorithm.

For example:

If we execute the following command:

```
import max3pgrowth as Myap  
fp = Myap.max3pgrowth(r" transactional_T10I4D100K.csv", 1000,  
500)  
fp.startMine()
```

output is displayed as follows:

- Maximal Partial periodic patterns were generated successfully using max3pgrowth algorithm.

2. To get the maximal partial periodic patterns along with their support count:

2.1. Complete the max3PM Process mentioned in **(1)**

2.2. Then call the method '**getPartialPeriodicPatterns**' using the following command:

```
import max3pgrowth as Myap  
fp=Myap.Max3pgrowth(r"filepath          or          filename",  
periodicSupport          , period)  
fp.startMine()  
variable = fp.getPartialPeriodicPatterns()
```

output is displayed as follows:

- Maximal Partial Periodic patterns were generated successfully using max3pgrowth algorithm.
- All the maximal partial periodic patterns will be stored in a list returned to the called function.

For example:

If we execute the following command:

```
import max3pgrowth as Myap  
fp = Myap.Max3pgrowth(r" transactional_T10I4D100K.csv", 1000,  
500)  
fp.startMine()  
periodicFrequentPatterns = fp.getPartialPeriodicPatterns()
```

output is displayed as follows:

- Maximal Partial Periodic patterns were generated successfully using max3pgrowth algorithm.
- All the maximal partial periodic patterns will be stored in a list, and assigned to the variable called '**periodicFrequentPatterns.**'

3. To get the partial periodic patterns along with their support count in a file:

3.1. Complete the max3PM Process mentioned in **(1)**

3.2. Then call the method '**storePatternsInFile**' using the following command:

```
import max3pgrowth as Myap  
fp=          Myap.Max3pgrowth(r"filepath          or          filename",  
periodicSupport          , period)  
fp.startMine()  
fp.storePatternsInFile("output file")
```

output is displayed as follows:

- Maximal Partial Periodic patterns were generated successfully using max3pgrowth algorithm.
- All the maximal partial periodic patterns will be stored in a file named as "output file"

For example:

If we execute the following command:

```
import max3pgrowth as Myap  
fp = Myap.Max3pgrowth(r" transactional_T10I4D100K.csv", 1000,  
500)  
fp.startMine()  
fp.storePatternsInFile("sampleoutput")
```

output is displayed as follows:

- Maximal Partial Periodic patterns were generated successfully using max3pgrowth algorithm.
- All the maximal partial periodic patterns will be stored in a file named as 'sampleoutput.'

4. To get the maximal partial periodic patterns in a DataFrame:

4.1. Complete the max3PM Process mentioned in **(1)**

4.2. Then call the method '**getPatternsInDataFrame**' using the following command:

```
import ma3pgrowth as Myap  
fp = Myap.Max3pgrowth(r"filepath or filename",  
periodicSupport, period)  
fp.startMine()  
variable =fp.getPatternsInDataFrame()
```

output is displayed as follows:

- Maximal Partial Periodic patterns were generated successfully using max3pgrowth algorithm.
- All the maximal partial periodic patterns will be stored in a data frame, and returned to the called function.

For example:

If we execute the following command:

```
import max3pgrowth as Myap  
fp = Myap.Max3pgrowth(r" transactional_T10I4D100K.csv", 1000,  
500)  
fp.startMine()
```

**dataFrame= fp.getPatternsInDataFrame()**

output is displayed as follows:

- maximal partial periodic patterns were generated successfully using max3pgrowth algorithm.
- All the maximal partial periodic patterns will be stored in a data frame.

5. If we want to know the amount of USS memory consumed by the max3pgrowth algorithm:

5.1. Complete the max3PM Process mentioned in **(1)**

5.2. Then call the method '**getMemoryUSS**' using the following command:

```
import max3pgrowth as Myap  
fp = Myap.Max3pgrowth(r"filepath or filename",  
periodicSupport , period)  
fp.startMine()  
variable = fp.getMemoryUSS()
```

output is displayed as follows:

- maximal partial periodic patterns were generated successfully using max3pgrowth algorithm.
- Total amount of USS memory consumed by the program will be computed and returned to the called function.

For example:

If we execute the following command:

```
import max3pgrowth as Myap  
fp= Myap.Max3pgrowth(r" transactional_T10I4D100K.csv", 1000,  
500)  
fp.startMine()  
memoryUSS = fp.getMemoryUSS()
```

output is displayed as follows:

- maximal partial periodic patterns were generated successfully using max3pgrowth algorithm.
- Total amount of USS memory consumed by the program will be computed and returned to the variable called '**memoryUSS.**'

6. If we want to know the amount of RSS memory consumed by the max3pgrowth algorithm:

6.1. Complete the max3PM Process mentioned in **(1)**

6.2. Then call the method '**getMemoryRSS**' using the following command:

```
import max3pgrowth as Myap
```

```
fp = Myap.Max3pgrowth(r"filepath or filename", minimum
                        support)
fp.startMine()
variable = fp.getMemoryRSS()
```

output is displayed as follows:

- Maximal Periodic-frequent patterns were generated successfully using max3pgrowth algorithm.
- Total amount of RSS memory consumed by the program will be computed and returned to the called function.

For example:

If we execute the following command:

```
import max3pgrowth as Myap
fp = Myap.Maxgrowth(r" transactional_T10I4D100K.csv", 1000, 500)
fp.startMine()
memoryRSS = fp.getMemoryRSS()
```

output is displayed as follows:

- Maximal Partial Periodic patterns were generated successfully using max3pgrowth algorithm.
- Total amount of RSS memory consumed by the program will be computed and returned to the variable called '**memoryRSS**.'

7. If we want to know the runtime taken by the max3pgrowth algorithm created by us:

7.1. Complete the ma3PM Process mentioned in **(1)**

7.2. Then call the method '**getRuntime**' using the following command:

```
import max3pgrowth as Myap
fp = Myap.Max3pgrowth(r"filepath or filename",
                      periodicSupport, period)
fp.startMine()
variable = fp.getRuntime()
```

output is displayed as follows:

- Maximal Partial Periodic patterns were generated successfully using max3pgrowth algorithm.
- Total runtime taken by the program in seconds will be computed and returned to the called function.

For example:

If we execute the following command:

```
import max3pgrowth as Myap
```

```
fp= Myap.Max3pgrowth(r" transactional_T10I4D100K.csv", 1000,  
500)  
fp.startMine()  
run = fp.getRuntime()
```

output is displayed as follows:

- maximal partial periodic patterns were generated successfully using max3pgrowth algorithm.
- Total runtime taken by the program in seconds will be computed and returned to the variable called 'run.'