How to execute the code:

We have created an abstract class named "frequentPatterns" inside the "abstractFrequentPatterns.py" python file. Therefore, every program has to import this file and needs to extend the abstract class as follows:

- from traditional.abstractClass.abstractFrequentPatterns import *
- class Fpgrowth(frequentPatterns):
 - o Complete code along with the implementation of the given abstract methods and variables available in the abstract class 'frequentPatterns'.

1. Frequent Pattern Mining (FPM) Process:

- 1.1.Import our package and initialize the method called '**Fpgrowth**' using the input file path/input file and minimum support (It has to be given in terms of count of total number of transactions in the input database/file).
- 1.2. Then call the method 'startMine' using the following command

output is displayed as follows:

• Frequent patterns were generated successfully using Fpgrowth algorithm.

For example:

If we execute the following command:

import Fpgrowth as Myap
fp = Myap.Fpgrowth(r" transactional_T10I4D100K.csv", 1000)
fp.startMine()

- Frequent patterns were generated successfully using Fpgrowth algorithm.
- 2. To get the frequent patterns along with their support count:
 - 2.1. Complete the FPM Process mentioned in (1)
 - 2.2. Then call the method 'getFrequentPatterns' using the following command:

- Frequent patterns were generated successfully using Fpgrowth algorithm.
- All the Frequent patterns will be stored in a dictionary, with patterns as keys and support count as value and returned to the called function.

For example:

If we execute the following command:

```
import Fpgrowth as Myap
fp = Myap.Fpgrowth(r" transactional_T10I4D100K.csv", 1000)
fp.startMine()
frequentPatterns = fp.getFrequentPatterns()
```

- Frequent patterns were generated successfully using Fpgrowth algorithm.
- All the Frequent patterns will be stored in a dictionary, with patterns as keys and support count as value and assigned to the variable called 'frequentPatterns.'
- 3. To get the frequent patterns along with their support count in a file:
 - 3.1. Complete the FPM Process mentioned in (1)
 - 3.2. Then call the method 'storePatternsInFile' using the following command:

- Frequent patterns were generated successfully using Fpgrowth algorithm.
- All the Frequent patterns will be stored in a file named as "output file"

For example:

If we execute the following command:

import Fpgrowth as Myap

fp = Myap.Fpgrowth(r" transactional_T10I4D100K.csv", 1000)

fp.startMine()

fp.storePatternsInFile("sampleoutput")

output is displayed as follows:

- Frequent patterns were generated successfully using Fpgrowth algorithm.
- All the Frequent patterns will be stored in a file named as 'sampleoutput.'
- 4. To get the frequent patterns along with their support count in a DataFrame:
 - 4.1. Complete the FPM Process mentioned in (1)
 - 4.2. Then call the method 'getPatternsInDataFrame' using the following command:

output is displayed as follows:

- Frequent patterns were generated successfully using fpgrowth algorithm.
- All the Frequent patterns will be stored in a data frame, their columns named as 'Patterns' and 'Support' and returned to the called function.

For example:

If we execute the following command:

```
import Fpgrowth as Myap
fp = Myap.Fpgrowth(r" transactional_T10I4D100K.csv", 1000)
fp.startMine()
dataFrame= fp.getPatternsInDataFrame()
```

- Frequent patterns were generated successfully using fpgrowth algorithm.
- All the Frequent patterns will be stored in a data frame, their columns named as 'Patterns' and 'Support' and stored in a variable called 'dataFrame.'
- 5. If we want to know the amount of USS memory consumed by the fpgrowth algorithm:
 - 5.1. Complete the FPM Process mentioned in (1)
 - 5.2. Then call the method '**getMemoryUSS**' using the following command:

output is displayed as follows:

- Frequent patterns were generated successfully using Fpgrowth algorithm.
- Total amount of USS memory consumed by the program will be computed and returned to the called function.

For example:

If we execute the following command:

```
import Fpgrowth as Myap
fp= Myap.Fpgrowth(r" transactional_T10I4D100K.csv", 1000)
fp.startMine()
memoryUSS = fp.getMemoryUSS()
```

- Frequent patterns were generated successfully using fpgrowth algorithm.
- Total amount of USS memory consumed by the program will be computed and returned to the variable called 'memoryUSS.'
- 6. If we want to know the amount of RSS memory consumed by the fpgrowth algorithm:
 - 6.1. Complete the FPM Process mentioned in (1)
 - 6.2. Then call the method '**getMemoryRSS**' using the following command:

fp.startMine() variable = fp.getMemoryRSS()

output is displayed as follows:

- Frequent patterns were generated successfully using Fpgrowth algorithm.
- Total amount of RSS memory consumed by the program will be computed and returned to the called function.

For example:

If we execute the following command:

```
import Fpgrowth as Myap
fp = Myap.Fpgrowth(r" transactional_T10I4D100K.csv", 1000)
fp.startMine()
memoryRSS = fp.getMemoryRSS()
```

output is displayed as follows:

- Frequent patterns were generated successfully using Fpgrowth algorithm.
- Total amount of RSS memory consumed by the program will be computed and returned to the variable called 'memoryRSS.'
- 7. If we want to know the runtime taken by the fpgrowth algorithm created by us:
 - 7.1. Complete the FPM Process mentioned in (1)
 - 7.2. Then call the method 'getRuntime' using the following command:

```
import Fpgrowth as Myap
fp = Myap.Fpgrowth(r"filepath or filename",
minimumsupport)
fp.startMine()
variable = fp.getRuntime()
```

output is displayed as follows:

- Frequent patterns were generated successfully using Fpgrowth algorithm.
- Total runtime taken by the program in seconds will be computed and returned to the called function.

For example:

If we execute the following command:

```
import Fpgrowth as Myap
fp= Myap.Fpgrowth(r" transactional_T10I4D100K.csv", 1000)
fp.startMine()
run = fpgetRuntime()
```

- Frequent patterns were generated successfully using Fpgrowth algorithm.
- Total runtime taken by the program in seconds will be computed and returned to the variable called 'run.'