How to execute the code:

We have created an abstract class named "PartialPeriodic" inside the "abstractPartialPeriodic.py" python file. Therefore, every program has to import this file and needs to extend the abstract class as follows:

- from traditional.abstractClass.abstractPartialPeriodic import *
- class PPPgrowth(frequentPatterns):
 - o Complete code along with the implementation of the given abstract methods and variables available in the abstract class 'PartialPeriodicPatterns'.

1. Partial Periodic Pattern Mining (3PM) Process:

- 1.1.Import our package and initialize the method called '**3pgrowth**' using the input file path/input file, periodic support and Interval time(period) (It has to be given in terms of count of total number of transactions in the input database/file).
- 1.2. Then call the method 'startMine' using the following command

import 3pgrowth as Myap
fp= Myap.PPPgrowth(r"filepath or filename", periodicSupport,
period)

fp.startMine()

output is displayed as follows:

 Partial Periodic patterns were generated successfully using 3pgrowth algorithm.

For example:

If we execute the following command:

import 3pgrowth as Myap

fp = Myap.PPPgrowth(r" transactional_T10I4D100K.csv", 1000, 500)
fp.startMine()

output is displayed as follows:

- Partial periodic patterns were generated successfully using 3pgrowth algorithm.
- 2. To get the periodic-frequent patterns along with their support count:
 - 2.1. Complete the 3PM Process mentioned in (1)
 - 2.2. Then call the method 'getPartialPeriodicPatterns' using the following command:

output is displayed as follows:

- Partial Periodic patterns were generated successfully using 3pgrowth algorithm.
- All the partial periodic patterns will be stored in a dictionary, with patterns as keys and periodicSupport as value and returned to the called function.

For example:

If we execute the following command:

```
import 3pgrowth as Myap
fp = Myap.PPPgrowth(r" transactional_T10I4D100K.csv", 1000, 500)
fp.startMine()
periodicFrequentPatterns = fp.getPartialPeriodicPatterns()
```

output is displayed as follows:

- Partial Periodic patterns were generated successfully using Pfgrowth algorithm.
- All the partial periodic patterns will be stored in a dictionary, with patterns as keys and support count and periodicity as value and assigned to the variable called 'periodicFrequentPatterns.'
- 3. To get the frequent patterns along with their support count in a file:
 - 3.1. Complete the 3PM Process mentioned in (1)
 - 3.2. Then call the method 'storePatternsInFile' using the following command:

output is displayed as follows:

- Partial Periodic patterns were generated successfully using 3pgrowth algorithm.
- All the partial periodic patterns will be stored in a file named as "output file"

For example:

If we execute the following command:

import 3pgrowth as Myap

fp = Myap.PPPgrowth(r" transactional_T10I4D100K.csv", 1000, 500)
fp.startMine()

fp.storePatternsInFile("sampleoutput")

output is displayed as follows:

- Partial Periodic patterns were generated successfully using 3pgrowth algorithm.
- All the partial periodic patterns will be stored in a file named as 'sampleoutput.'
- 4. To get the partial periodic patterns along with their support count and periodicity in a DataFrame:
 - 4.1. Complete the 3PM Process mentioned in (1)
 - 4.2. Then call the method 'getPatternsInDataFrame' using the following command:

output is displayed as follows:

- Partial Periodic patterns were generated successfully using 3pgrowth algorithm.
- All the partial periodic patterns will be stored in a data frame, their columns named as 'Patterns' and 'periodic support' and returned to the called function.

For example:

If we execute the following command:

import 3pgrowth as Myap

fp = Myap.PPPgrowth(r" transactional_T10I4D100K.csv", 1000, 500)
fp.startMine()

dataFrame= fp.getPatternsInDataFrame()

output is displayed as follows:

- partial periodic patterns were generated successfully using 3pgrowth algorithm.
- All the partial periodic patterns will be stored in a data frame, their columns named as 'Patterns' and 'periodic support' and stored in a variable called 'dataFrame.'
- 5. If we want to know the amount of USS memory consumed by the Pfgrowth algorithm:
 - 5.1. Complete the 3PM Process mentioned in (1)
 - 5.2. Then call the method 'getMemoryUSS' using the following command:

output is displayed as follows:

- partial periodic patterns were generated successfully using 3pgrowth algorithm.
- Total amount of USS memory consumed by the program will be computed and returned to the called function.

For example:

If we execute the following command:

import 3pgrowth as Myap
fp= Myap.PPPgrowth(r" transactional_T10I4D100K.csv", 1000, 500)
fp.startMine()
memoryUSS = fp.getMemoryUSS()

output is displayed as follows:

- partial periodic patterns were generated successfully using 3pgrowth algorithm.
- Total amount of USS memory consumed by the program will be computed and returned to the variable called 'memoryUSS.'
- 6. If we want to know the amount of RSS memory consumed by the 3pgrowth algorithm:
 - 6.1. Complete the 3PM Process mentioned in (1)
 - 6.2. Then call the method 'getMemoryRSS' using the following command:

import 3pgrowth as Myap

output is displayed as follows:

- Periodic-frequent patterns were generated successfully using 3pgrowth algorithm.
- Total amount of RSS memory consumed by the program will be computed and returned to the called function.

For example:

If we execute the following command:

import 3pgrowth as Myap
fp = Myap.PPPgrowth(r" transactional_T10I4D100K.csv", 1000, 500)
fp.startMine()
memoryRSS = fp.getMemoryRSS()

output is displayed as follows:

- Partial Periodic patterns were generated successfully using 3pgrowth algorithm.
- Total amount of RSS memory consumed by the program will be computed and returned to the variable called 'memoryRSS.'
- 7. If we want to know the runtime taken by the 3pgrowth algorithm created by us:
 - 7.1. Complete the 3PM Process mentioned in (1)
 - 7.2. Then call the method 'getRuntime' using the following command:

```
import 3pgrowth as Myap
fp = Myap.PPPgrowth(r"filepath or filename",
periodicSupport, period)
fp.startMine()
variable = fp.getRuntime()
```

output is displayed as follows:

- Partial Periodic patterns were generated successfully using 3pgrowth algorithm.
- Total runtime taken by the program in seconds will be computed and returned to the called function.

For example:

If we execute the following command:

```
import 3pgrowth as Myap
fp= Myap.PPPgrowth(r" transactional_T10I4D100K.csv", 1000, 500)
fp.startMine()
```

run = fpgetRuntime()

output is displayed as follows:

- partial periodic patterns were generated successfully using 3pgrowth algorithm.
- Total runtime taken by the program in seconds will be computed and returned to the variable called 'run.'