Date: 30/11/2017



BLG 335E - Analysis of Algorithms I, Fall 2017

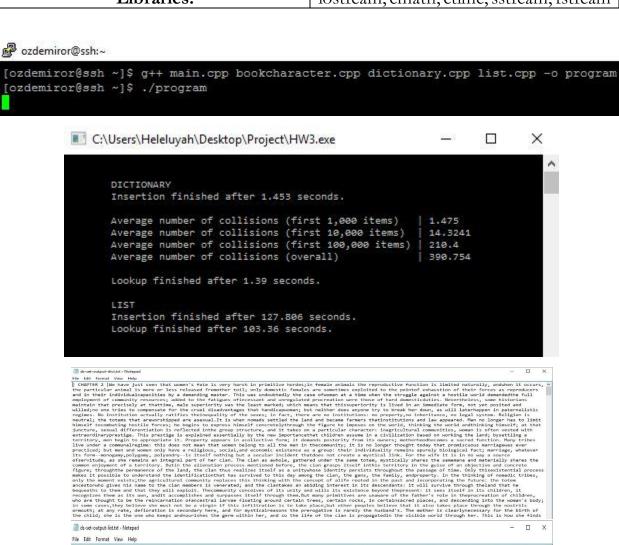
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Project - III

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Development Environment

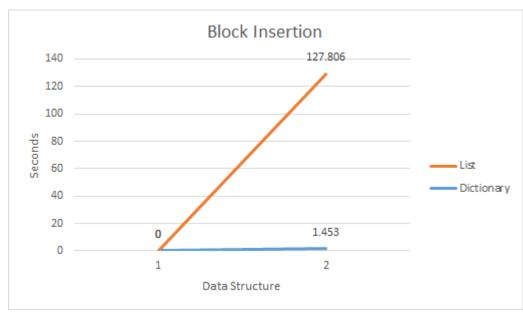
Operating System:	Microsoft Windows 10
Language:	C++
Paradigm:	Object Oriented
IDE:	Dev-C++
Compilers:	G++ & MinGW
Data Structures:	Hash Table & Linked List
Libraries:	iostream, cmath, ctime, sstream, fstream

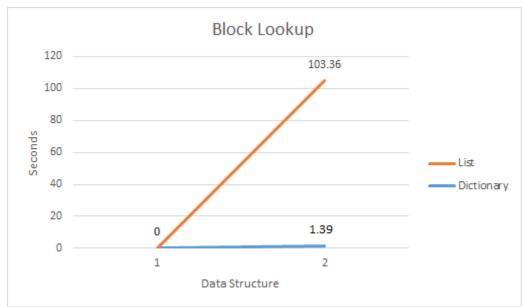


[C MAPPIRE 2] Whe have just seen that women's fate is very harsh in primitive hordes; in female animals the reproductive function is limited naturally, andwhen it occurs, the particular animal is more or less released fromother toil; only domestic females are sometimes exploited to the pointof exhaustion of their forces as reproducers and in their individual capacities by a demanding master. This was undoubtedly the case ofwoman at a time when the struggle against a hostile world demanded the full employment of community resources; added to the fatigues ofincessant and unregulated procreation were bose of hard domesticulaties. Nevertheless, some historians maintain that precisely at thattime, male superiority was the least marked; which means that thissuperiority is lived in an immediate form, not yet posited and willed, no one tries to compensate for the cruel disadvantages that handicapwoman; but neither does anyone try to break her down, as will laterhappen in paternalistic regimes. No institution actually natifies theinequality of the sexes; in fact, there are no institutions property, on inheritance, no legal systems. Religion is neutral; the totems that areworshipped are asexual. It is when nomads settled the land and became farmers thatinstitutions and law appeared. Man no longer has to limit himself tocombating hostile forces; he begins to express himself concretelythrough the figure he imposes on the world, thinking the world anothinking himself; at that juncture, sexual differentiation is reflected inthe group structure, and it takes on a particular character: inagricultural communities, woman is often vested with extraordinaryprestige. This prestige is explained essentially by the new importancethat children assume in a civilization based on working the land; bysettling a territory, men begin to appropriate it. Property appears in acollective form; it demands posterity from its owners; motherhoodbecomes a sacred function. Many tribes live under a communal regime: this does not mean that women belong

Questions







- Q2) Certainly, there is a huge performance difference between linked list and hash table (dictionary) implementations. Push operations in linked list always get the root pointer and then traverse nodes of list until it found NULL pointer. So, it's an expensive operation to insert new nodes. However, hash tables always compute hashes for values and then try to get the value with the help of hash or ith probed hash. Hashing method provides a faster insertion and lookup algorithms for hash tables.
 - Lookup complexity for linked list: $\theta(n)$
 - Lookup complexity for hash table: $\theta(1)$
 - Insertion complexity for linked list: $\theta(n)$ (If you give desired position it could be $\theta(1)$)
 - Insertion complexity for hash table: $\Theta(1)$

Results of the observed values from this project converges and justifies the complexities that are given above.

- Q3) Collision in hash table means computed hash of the data has been computed before for another data. To solve this problem, algorithm has to generate a new hash. In this project, I defined a quadratic probing hash function. This probing hash function generates new hashes as long as it found a unique one. When inserted number of items increases then the remaining blank areas will decrease. Hence, this leads more number of collisions.
 - Average number of collisions (first 1,000 items): 1.475
 - Average number of collisions (first 10,000 items): 14.3241
 - Average number of collisions (first 100,000 items): 210.4
 - Average number of collisions (overall): 390.754

Number of collisions increase linearly. $(1.4 \rightarrow 14.3 \rightarrow 210.4, \text{nearly multiplied by } 10)$.

Q4) Worst case for looking up a key in dictionary (hash table) is O(n). For example, if the hashes of value always redirect lookup algorithm to its next key and if their unique keys could not be matched, hash will be regenerated until the last item when unique keys finally can be matched. This results O(n) complexity. And the dominating part of this complexity will be quadratic probing function. Because, every time probing function will be run and generate new hash until the nth item.