

# EvoPy: An open source Nature-Inspired Optimization Toolbox in Python

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**Abstract:** EvoPy is an open source and cross-platform Python toolbox that implements a wide range of classical and recent nature-inspired metaheuristic algorithms. The goal of this toolbox is to facilitate the use of metaheuristic algorithms by non-specialists coming from different domains. With a simple interface and minimal dependencies, it is easier for researchers and practitioners to utilize EvoPy for optimizing and benchmarking their own defined problems using the most powerful metaheuristic optimizers in the literature. On the other hand, the design of this toolbox makes it very easy for the researchers in the domain to integrate their own optimizers and compare their performance to the state of art algorithms.

## 1 INTRODUCTION

Nature-inspired metaheuristic algorithms are considered to be the one of the most efficient approaches to solve optimization problems. Nature-inspired metaheuristics imitate natural phenomena such as the behavior of the nature systems like swarm based algorithms, and evolution based algorithms. Over last three decades, many nature-inspired metaheuristic algorithms have been developed. Swarm intelligence algorithms simulate the natural swarms such as flocks of birds, ant colonies, and schools of fishes such as Particle Swarm Optimization (PSO), Cuckoo Search (CS), Ant Colony Optimization (ACO), Grey Wolf Optimizer (GSO), Multi-Verse Optimizer (MVO), Moth-flame optimization (MFO), Whale Optimization Algorithm (WOA), Bat Algorithm (BA). Most of the previous algorithms reaches the best solutions by exchanging the information between the swarm's individuals. on the other hand, evolutionary based algorithms, which is based on the biological evolution concept in nature such as Genetic algorithm (GA), Genetic Programming (GP), and Evolution Strategy (ES). These algorithms use different strategies to evolve and find good solutions for difficult problems.

## 2 RELATED WORK

Today, there exist many different nature-inspired optimization libraries and toolboxes. Some of them are developed for special type of nature-inspired optimization like GEATbx [ ], which contains many variants of the genetic algorithms, genetic Programming, their methods and operators. GEATbx is implemented in MATLAB environment. The authors in [ ] developed GALib library, which contains a set of C++ genetic algorithm tools and operators for different optimization problems. In [ ], the authors developed PSwarm which is a framework written in C and Matlab. The library contains different version of the particle swarm optimization and different test benchmarks.

## 3 WHY PYTHON?

Python is a general purpose scripting language which has a clear and simple syntax. With the rapid development of mature, advanced and open source scientific computing libraries and packages, Python became as one of the most popular and powerful languages for scientific computing. Moreover, Python has cross-platform runability, which works with dif-

ferent operating systems, and has ability to access libraries written in different programming languages and computing environments. Python also can support small-form devices, embedded systems, and microcontrollers. In addition, Python needs very minimal setup procedure to start with. Python uses modular and object based programming, which is a popular methodology to organize classes, functions, and procedures into hierarchical namespaces. All these reason has turned Python to be a popular language in a huge community of scientists.

## **4 BENCHMARKS PROBLEMS**

1.

## **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

## **APPENDIX**

If any, \section\*{APPENDIX}