

Applicable platform:

SDM670/SDM845

Issue/problem description:

There is no orientation sensor on SDM670/SDM845. However, many old apk are still using it.

Solution :

Create orientation.cpp under `vendor\qcom\proprietary\sensors-see\sensors-hal\sensors` and copy below code to it. we should be able to see orientation sensor after sensor hal is rebuilt.

```

/*
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 */

#include "sensor_factory.h"
#include "ssc_sensor.h"
#include "sns_std_sensor.pb.h"

static const char *SSC_DATATYPE_ROT_V = "roTV";

#define RAD2DEG 180.0f/M_PI
#define M_PI 3.14159265358979323846
#define MIN_FLT_TO_AVOID_SINGULARITY 0.0001f

class orient : public ssc_sensor
{
public:
    orient(sensor_uid suid, sensor_wakeup_type wakeup);
    static const char* ssc_datatype() { return SSC_DATATYPE_ROT_V; }

private:
    virtual void handle_sns_std_sensor_event(
        const sns_client_event_msg_sns_client_event& pb_event) override;

    void QuatToRotMat(float rot_mat[9], float quat[4]);
    void RotMatToOrient(float values[3], float rot_mat[9]);
};

```

```

orient::orient(sensor_uid suid, sensor_wakeup_type wakeup):
ssc_sensor(suid, wakeup)
{
    set_type(SENSOR_TYPE_ORIENTATION);
    set_string_type(SENSOR_STRING_TYPE_ORIENTATION);
}

static bool orient_module_init()
{
    /* register supported sensor types with factory */
    sensor_factory::register_sensor(
        SENSOR_TYPE_ORIENTATION,
        ssc_sensor::get_available_sensors<orient>);
    sensor_factory::request_datatype(SSC_DATATYPE_ROT_V);
    return true;
}

void orient::handle_sns_std_sensor_event(
    const sns_client_event_msg_sns_client_event& pb_event)
{
    sns_std_sensor_event pb_sensor_event;
    pb_sensor_event.ParseFromString(pb_event.payload());
    sensors_event_t hal_event = create_sensor_hal_event(pb_event.timestamp());
    float quat[4];
    float rot_mat[9];
    float orient[3];

    quat[0] = pb_sensor_event.data(0);
    quat[1] = pb_sensor_event.data(1);
    quat[2] = pb_sensor_event.data(2);
    quat[3] = pb_sensor_event.data(3);

    QuatToRotMat(rot_mat, quat);
    /* convert rotation matrix to orientation */
    RotMatToOrient(orient, rot_mat);

    hal_event.orientation.x = orient[0];
    hal_event.orientation.y = orient[1];
    hal_event.orientation.z = orient[2];
    hal_event.orientation.status = pb_sensor_event.status();
}

```

```
submit_sensors_hal_event(hal_event);  
}
```

```
/*=====
```

```
=
```

```
FUNCTION: QuatToRotMat
```

```
Convert quaternion to rotation matrix
```

```
Quaternion
```

```
Q = [X Y Z W]
```

```
Rotation Matrix
```

```
/ R[ 0] R[ 1] R[ 2] 0 \  
| R[ 4] R[ 5] R[ 6] 0 |  
| R[ 8] R[ 9] R[10] 0 |  
\ 0 0 0 1 /
```

```
M = 1 - 2(Y*Y + Z*Z) 2XY - 2ZW 2XZ + 2YW 0  
2XY + 2ZW 1 - 2(XX + ZZ) 2YZ - 2XW 0  
2XZ - 2YW 2YZ + 2XW 1 - 2(XX + ZZ) 0  
0 0 0 1
```

```
=====
```

```
*/
```

```
void orient::QuatToRotMat(float rot_mat[9], float quat[4])
```

```
{
```

```
float X = quat[0];
```

```
float Y = quat[1];
```

```
float Z = quat[2];
```

```
float W = quat[3];
```

```
float xx = X * X;
```

```
float xy = X * Y;
```

```
float xz = X * Z;
```

```
float xw = X * W;
```

```
float yy = Y * Y;
```

```
float yz = Y * Z;
```

```
float yw = Y * W;
```

```
float zz = Z * Z;
```

```
float zw = Z * W;
```

```
sns_logv("%s: X=%f, Y=%f, Z=%f, W=%f", __FUNCTION__, X, Y, Z, W);
```

```
rot_mat[0] = 1 - 2 * ( yy + zz );
```

```
rot_mat[1] = 2 * ( xy - zw );
```

```

rot_mat[2] = 2 * ( xz + yw );
rot_mat[3] = 2 * ( xy + zw );
rot_mat[4] = 1 - 2 * ( xx + zz );
rot_mat[5] = 2 * ( yz - xw );
rot_mat[6] = 2 * ( xz - yw );
rot_mat[7] = 2 * ( yz + xw );
rot_mat[8] = 1 - 2 * ( xx + yy );
}

```

```

/*=====
=

```

FUNCTION: RotMatToOrient

Convert rotation matrix to Orientation Sensor as defined in Sensor.TYPE_ORIENTATION:

values[0]: Azimuth, angle between the magnetic north direction and the y-axis, around the z-axis (0 to 359). 0=North, 90=East, 180=South, 270=West

values[1]: Pitch, rotation around x-axis (-180 to 180), with positive values when the z-axis moves toward the y-axis.

values[2]: Roll, rotation around y-axis (-90 to 90), with positive values when the x-axis moves toward the z-axis.

```

=====
*/

```

```

void orient::RotMatToOrient(float values[3], float rot_mat[9])

```

```

{
float xunit[3] = {rot_mat[0], rot_mat[3], rot_mat[6]};
float yunit[3] = {rot_mat[1], rot_mat[4], rot_mat[7]};
float zunit[3] = {rot_mat[2], rot_mat[5], rot_mat[8]};
float xnorm = sqrt(xunit[0]*xunit[0] + xunit[1]*xunit[1]);

```

```

if (fabs(zunit[2]) < MIN_FLT_TO_AVOID_SINGULARITY) {
zunit[2] = MIN_FLT_TO_AVOID_SINGULARITY * (zunit[2] < 0 ? -1 : 1);
}

```

```

if (fabs(xunit[0]) < MIN_FLT_TO_AVOID_SINGULARITY) {
xunit[0] = MIN_FLT_TO_AVOID_SINGULARITY * (xunit[0] < 0 ? -1 : 1);
}

```

```

if (fabs(xnorm) < MIN_FLT_TO_AVOID_SINGULARITY) {
xnorm = MIN_FLT_TO_AVOID_SINGULARITY * (xnorm < 0 ? -1 : 1);
}

```

```
values[0] = RAD2DEG * atan2(xunit[1], xunit[0]);  
values[0] = fmodf(360.0f - values[0], 360.0f);  
values[1] = -RAD2DEG * atan2(yunit[2], zunit[2]);  
values[2] = RAD2DEG * atan2(xunit[2], xnorm);  
}
```

```
SENSOR_MODULE_INIT(orient_module_init);
```

Qualcomm

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