Pylogeny

API Documentation

March 4, 2015

Contents

| Co | ontents | 1 |
|----|--|--|
| 1 | Package pylogeny 1.1 Modules | 2 2 |
| 2 | Module pylogeny.JSONWriter 2.1 Variables | 3 3 3 |
| 0 | 2.2.2 Properties | 3 |
| 3 | Module pylogenyversion 3.1 Variables | 5 |
| 4 | Module pylogeny.alignment 4.1 Variables | 6 6 6 8 8 9 |
| 5 | 5.1 Functions 1 5.2 Variables 1 5.3 Class treeStructure 1 5.3.1 Methods 1 5.3.2 Properties 1 5.3.3 Class Variables 1 5.4 Class treeNode 1 5.4.1 Methods 1 5.4.2 Properties 1 5.4.3 Class Variables 1 | 11 11 11 11 12 12 13 13 14 14 |
| | 5.5.1 Methods | 14 14 14 |

| | 5.6 | Class trieNode | .5 |
|---|-----|------------------------------|----|
| | | | .5 |
| | | | 6 |
| | | 5.6.3 Class Variables | |
| | 5.7 | | 6 |
| | | | 7 |
| | | | .8 |
| | | 5.7.3 Class Variables | |
| | 5.8 | Class patriciaTree | |
| | | • | 9 |
| | | | 9 |
| | | 1 | 20 |
| | | | |
| 6 | Mod | lule pylogeny.database 2 | 1 |
| | 6.1 | Variables | 1 |
| | 6.2 | Class DatabaseLandscape | 1 |
| | | 6.2.1 Methods | 1 |
| | | 6.2.2 Properties | 22 |
| | | 6.2.3 Class Variables | 22 |
| | 6.3 | Class SQLExhaustiveLandscape | 23 |
| | | 6.3.1 Methods | 23 |
| | | 6.3.2 Properties | 25 |
| | | 6.3.3 Class Variables | 25 |
| | 6.4 | Class SQLiteLandscape | 26 |
| | | 6.4.1 Methods | 26 |
| | | 6.4.2 Properties | 27 |
| | | 6.4.3 Class Variables | 27 |
| | 6.5 | Class database | 27 |
| | | 6.5.1 Methods | 28 |
| | | 6.5.2 Properties | 29 |
| | | 6.5.3 Class Variables | 29 |
| | 6.6 | Class SQLDatabase | 29 |
| | | 6.6.1 Methods | 29 |
| | | 6.6.2 Properties | 80 |
| | | 6.6.3 Class Variables | 80 |
| | 6.7 | Class SQLiteDatabase | 1 |
| | | 6.7.1 Methods | 31 |
| | | 6.7.2 Properties | 32 |
| | | 6.7.3 Class Variables | 32 |
| | | | |
| 7 | | lule pylogeny.executable 3 | |
| | 7.1 | Functions | |
| | 7.2 | | 33 |
| | 7.3 | | 33 |
| | | | 33 |
| | | 1 | 34 |
| | 7.4 | | 34 |
| | | | 34 |
| | | 1 | 34 |
| | | | 35 |
| | 7.5 | • | 35 |
| | | 7.5.1 Methods | 35 |

| | | 7.5.2 Properties | 36 |
|---|------|------------------------|-----------|
| | | 7.5.3 Class Variables | 36 |
| | 7.6 | Class consel | 36 |
| | | 7.6.1 Methods | 36 |
| | | 7.6.2 Properties | 37 |
| | | 7.6.3 Class Variables | 37 |
| | 7.7 | Class fasttree | 37 |
| | | 7.7.1 Methods | 37 |
| | | 7.7.2 Properties | 38 |
| | | 7.7.3 Class Variables | 38 |
| | 7.8 | Class raxml | 38 |
| | | 7.8.1 Methods | 39 |
| | | 7.8.2 Properties | 39 |
| | | 7.8.3 Class Variables | 39 |
| | 7.9 | Class rspr | 40 |
| | | 7.9.1 Methods | 40 |
| | | 7.9.2 Properties | 40 |
| | | 7.9.3 Class Variables | 40 |
| _ | 7. e | | 40 |
| 8 | | ule pylogeny.heuristic | 42 |
| | 8.1 | Variables | 42 42 |
| | 8.2 | Class heuristic | 42 |
| | | | 43 |
| | 8.3 | 8.2.2 Properties | 43 |
| | 0.0 | 8.3.1 Methods | 43 |
| | | 8.3.2 Properties | 43 |
| | | 8.3.3 Class Variables | 44 |
| | 8.4 | Class parsimonyGreedy | 44 |
| | 0.4 | 8.4.1 Methods | 44 |
| | | 8.4.2 Properties | 45 |
| | | 8.4.3 Class Variables | 45 |
| | 8.5 | Class likelihoodGreedy | 45 |
| | 0.0 | 8.5.1 Methods | 45 |
| | | 8.5.2 Properties | 46 |
| | | 8.5.3 Class Variables | 46 |
| | 8.6 | Class smoothGreedy | 46 |
| | | 8.6.1 Methods | 47 |
| | | 8.6.2 Properties | 47 |
| | | 8.6.3 Class Variables | 47 |
| | 8.7 | Class RAxMLIdentify | 48 |
| | | 8.7.1 Methods | 48 |
| | | 8.7.2 Properties | 49 |
| | | 8.7.3 Class Variables | 49 |
| | | | |
| 9 | Mod | ule pylogeny.landscape | 50 |
| | 9.1 | Variables | 50 |
| | 9.2 | Class graph | 50 |
| | | 9.2.1 Methods | 50 |
| | | 9.2.2 Properties | 53 |
| | 9.3 | Class landscape | 53 |
| | | 9.3.1 Methods | 53 |

| | | 9.3.2 | 1 | 58 |
|----|------|---------|---|------------|
| | | 9.3.3 | | 58 |
| | 9.4 | Class v | ertex | 58 |
| | | 9.4.1 | Methods | 59 |
| | | 9.4.2 | Properties | 61 |
| | | | 1 | |
| 10 | Mod | dule py | logeny.landscapeWriter 6 | 32 |
| | | | | 62 |
| | | | | 62 |
| | 10.2 | | 1 | 62 |
| | | | | 62 |
| | 10.3 | | 1 | 63 |
| | 10.5 | | | 63 |
| | | | | |
| | | 10.3.2 | Properties | 63 |
| 11 | Mac | dula pr | logony model | 34 |
| 11 | | | | 64 |
| | | | | |
| | 11.2 | | V | 64 |
| | | | | 64 |
| | | | * | 65 |
| | 11.3 | | | 65 |
| | | 11.3.1 | Methods | 65 |
| | | 11.3.2 | Properties | 66 |
| | | | | |
| 12 | | | | 37 |
| | | | | 67 |
| | | | | 68 |
| | 12.3 | | 9 | 68 |
| | | 12.3.1 | Methods | 68 |
| | | 12.3.2 | Properties | 69 |
| | 12.4 | Class 1 | ode | 69 |
| | | 12.4.1 | Methods | 69 |
| | | 12.4.2 | Properties | 70 |
| | | | • | 70 |
| | 12.5 | | | 70 |
| | 12.0 | | | 70 |
| | | | | 71 |
| | | | • | 71 |
| | 19.6 | | | 71 |
| | 12.0 | | | 71 |
| | | 12.0.1 | wiethods | <i>(</i> 1 |
| 13 | Mod | dule ny | logeny.parsimony 7 | 72 |
| -0 | | | - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 72 |
| | | Variab | | 72 |
| | _ | | | 72 |
| | 10.0 | | | (2 72 |
| | 19.4 | | | |
| | 13.4 | | = | 73 |
| | | 13.4.1 | Methods | 73 |
| 11 | Mac | dule er | logony pll | 74 |
| 14 | | | | |
| | 1/1 | Vonich | OG . | 74 |

| | | 14.2.1 Methods | 74 |
|----|--|--|--|
| | 14.3 | Class partitionModel | 74 |
| | | 14.3.1 Methods | 75 |
| 15 | Mod | ule pylogeny.rearrangement | 76 |
| | | Functions | 76 |
| | | Variables | 76 |
| | | Class RearrangementError | 76 |
| | | 15.3.1 Methods | 76 |
| | | 15.3.2 Properties | 77 |
| | 15.4 | Class rearrangement | 77 |
| | | 15.4.1 Methods | 77 |
| | 15.5 | Class topology | 78 |
| | | 15.5.1 Methods | 78 |
| | | 15.5.2 Properties | 81 |
| | | 15.5.3 Class Variables | 82 |
| 10 | 3 F | | 00 |
| 16 | Mod | ule pylogeny.scoring | 83 |
| | | | |
| | 16.1 | | 83 |
| | 16.1 | | |
| | 16.1 16.2 | Variables | 83 |
| 17 | 16.1 16.2 Mo o | Variables | 83 84 |
| 17 | 16.1 16.2 Moc 17.1 | Variables | 83 84 85 |
| 17 | 16.1 16.2 Moo 17.1 17.2 | Variables | 83 84 85 85 |
| 17 | 16.1 16.2 Moo 17.1 17.2 | Variables | 83 84 85 85 85 |
| 17 | 16.1 16.2 Moo 17.1 17.2 | Variables ule pylogeny.tree Functions Variables Class tree | 83 84 85 85 85 85 |
| 17 | 16.1 16.2 Mod 17.1 17.2 17.3 | Variables ule pylogeny.tree Functions Variables Class tree 17.3.1 Methods | 83 84 85 85 85 85 85 |
| 17 | 16.1 16.2 Mod 17.1 17.2 17.3 | Variables ule pylogeny.tree Functions Variables Class tree 17.3.1 Methods 17.3.2 Properties | 83 84 85 85 85 85 85 87 |
| 17 | 16.1 16.2 Mod 17.1 17.2 17.3 | Variables **ule pylogeny.tree Functions Variables Class tree 17.3.1 Methods 17.3.2 Properties Class treeSet | 83 84 85 85 85 85 87 87 |
| 17 | 16.1 16.2 Mod 17.1 17.2 17.3 | Variables ule pylogeny.tree Functions Variables Class tree 17.3.1 Methods 17.3.2 Properties Class treeSet 17.4.1 Methods | 83 84 85 85 85 85 87 87 |
| 17 | 16.1 16.2 Moo 17.1 17.2 17.3 | Variables ule pylogeny.tree Functions Variables Class tree 17.3.1 Methods 17.3.2 Properties Class treeSet 17.4.1 Methods 17.4.2 Properties | 83 84 85 85 85 85 87 87 87 89 |
| 17 | 16.1 16.2 Moo 17.1 17.2 17.3 | Variables ule pylogeny.tree Functions Variables Class tree 17.3.1 Methods 17.3.2 Properties Class treeSet 17.4.1 Methods 17.4.2 Properties 17.4.3 Class Variables | 83 84 85 85 85 85 87 87 87 89 |

1 Package pylogeny

Pylogeny is a Python library and code framework for phylogenetic tree reconstruction and scoring.

Allows one to perform the following tasks: (1) Generate and manage phylogenetic tree landscapes. (2) Build and rearrange phylogenetic trees using preset operators such as NNI, SPR, and TBR. (3) Score phylogenetic trees by Log-likelihood and Parsimony.

Dependencies: Pandas, P4 Phylogenetic Library. Suggested: FastTree, RAxML, PytBEAGLEhon.

1.1 Modules

- **JSONWriter**: Serialize a phylogenetic landscape into a JSON object. (Section 2, p. 3)
- ___version___ (Section 3, p. 5)
- alignment: Handle input biological sequence alignment files for the purposes of phylogenetic inference. (Section 4, p. 6)
- base: Definitions for generalized containers and objects used by other structures in this framework. (Section 5, p. 11)
- database: Connect, access, + manipulate external tree data from a remote SQL server or from a sqlite file.

(Section 6, p. 21)

- executable: Defines an interface to manage interfacing with the system for respective application calls and implements some of these for executables such as FastTree and RAxML. (Section 7, p. 33)
- heuristic: Define the interface for a heuristic in order to implement any manner of heuristic for a combinatorial problem that can be abstracted into a state graph.

 (Section 8, p. 42)
- landscape: Encapsulate a phylogenetic tree space. (Section 9, p. 50)
- landscapeWriter: Serialize a phylogenetic landscape into an SQLlite database file made up of three components: all tree IDs and respective scores, the alignment file as a set of sequences, and a representation of the graph as an edge list.

(Section 10, p. 62)

• model: Phylogenetic tree scoring models; intended to be coupled with the use of pytheaglehon (BEA-GLE) high-performance library.

(Section 11, p. 64)

- newick: Newick string parsing and object interaction. (Section 12, p. 67)
- parsimony: Toolkit for performance of Parsimonious Criterion (Parsimony) methods of optimization of a phylogenetic topology with a particular set of data.

 (Section 13, p. 72)
- pll: Wrap C extension for libpll library for use in natural Python. (Section 14, p. 74)
- rearrangement: Phylogenetic tree structure encapsulation; allow rearrangement of said structure. (Section 15, p. 76)
- scoring: Functions for phylogenetic tree goodness-of-fit scoring. (Section 16, p. 83)
- tree: Container definition for (phylogenetic) bifurcating or multifurcating trees defined using Newick strings, collections of them, and for splits of these trees.

 (Section 17, p. 85)

2 Module pylogeny.JSONWriter

Serialize a phylogenetic landscape into a JSON object.

2.1 Variables

| Name | Description | | | | |
|---------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| package | Value: 'pylogeny' | | | | |

2.2 Class JSONWriter

| object — | |
|--|--------------------------------|
| ${\it pylogeny.} landscape Writer. landscape Writer$ | |
| | pylogeny.JSONWriter.JSONWriter |

2.2.1 Methods

| init(self, ls, name) | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| xinit() initializes x; see help(type(x)) for signature | | | |
| Overrides: objectinit extit(inherited documentation) | | | |
| | | | |
| $\mathbf{nodeToJSON}(self,\ node)$ | | | |
| | | | |
| ${\bf getOnlyImprovements}(self,\ groups{=}{\tt None})$ | | | |
| | | | |
| ${\bf getCompleteLandscape}(\mathit{self})$ | | | |
| | | | |
| $\mathbf{getJSON}(\mathit{self})$ | | | |

 $\label{linear} \textit{Inherited from pylogeny.landscapeWriter.landscapeWriter}(Section~10.2)$ writeFile()

Inherited from object

2.2.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

3 Module pylogeny.___version___

3.1 Variables

| Name | Description |
|---------|------------------|
| VERSION | Value: '0.3.4.5' |
| package | Value: None |

4 Module pylogeny.alignment

Handle input biological sequence alignment files for the purposes of phylogenetic inference. Will read all types of alignment files by utilizing the P4 python phylogenetic library.

4.1 Variables

| Name | Description | | | | |
|---------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| package | Value: 'pylogeny' | | | | |

4.2 Class alignment

object — pylogeny.alignment.alignment

Known Subclasses: pylogeny.alignment.phylipFriendlyAlignment

Wrap a biological sequence alignment to enable functionality necessary for phylogenetic inference. Makes use of temporary files; requires to be closed once no longer needed.

4.2.1 Methods

____init___(self, inal=None)
Instantiate an object intended to wrap an alignment for the purposes of running phylogenetic inference.
:param inal: An alignment file path (most formats are accepted).
Overrides: object.___init___

___getitem___(self, i)

___str___(self)
str(x)
Overrides: object.___str___ extit(inherited documentation)

___len___(self)

 $_$ iter $__$ (self)

close(self)

Delete all temporary files and clear data.

toStrList(self)

Get all sequences as a list of strings.

getStateModel(self)

$\mathbf{getSize}(self)$

Return the size of the alignment, or how many characters there are in each respective item in the alignment.

getNumSeqs(self)

Return the number of sequences that are present in the sequence alignment.

$\mathbf{getDim}(self)$

Return the dimensionality of the sequence alignment (how many different types of characters).

getSequence(self, i)

Acquire the ith sequence.

getFASTA(self)

Get (and create if not already) a path to a temporary FASTA file. This will be deleted upon closure of the alignment instance.

getApproxMLNewick(self)

Get a tree in newick format via use of FastTree that serves as an approximation of the maximum likelihood tree for this data.

getApproxMLTree(self)

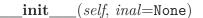
Get a tree object for an approximation of the maximum likelihood tree for this data using FastTree.

getFastTreeNewick(self)Alias for the "getApproxMLNewick()" function. getTaxa(self)Return taxa names. getAlignment(self)Acquire the alignment data structure (P4 module). bootstrap(self)Perform bootstrapping on the alignment data. Inherited from object $__delattr__(), __format__(), __getattribute__(), __hash__(), __new__(),$ __reduce__(), __reduce_ex__(), __repr__(), __setattr__(), __sizeof__(), subclasshook () 4.2.2 Properties Name Description Inherited from object class

4.3 Class phylipFriendlyAlignment

An alignment object that renames all comprising taxa in order to be able to be written as a strict Phylip file.

4.3.1 Methods



Instantiate an object intended to wrap an alignment for the purposes of running phylogenetic inference.

:param inal: An alignment file path (most formats are accepted).

Overrides: object.___init___ extit(inherited documentation)

getPhylip(self)

Get a path to a temporary Phylip file. This will be deleted upon closure of the alignment instance.

writeProperNexus(self, wri)

Write a Nexus file with proper names.

reassignFromReinterpretedNewick(self, tr)

Replace all proper names with reassigned names in a Newick tree.

reinterpretNewick(self, tr)

Replaces all reassigned names to proper names in a Newick tree.

getProperName(self, n)

Return the actual name for an integer-based sequence name that was reassigned at initialization.

getTaxa(self)

Return current taxa names in the alignment.

Overrides: pylogeny.alignment.alignment.getTaxa

recreateObject(self)

Reintializes the object.

Inherited from pylogeny.alignment.alignment(Section 4.2)

__getitem__(), __iter__(), __len__(), __str__(), bootstrap(), close(), getAlignment(), getApproxMLNewick(), getApproxMLTree(), getDim(), getFASTA(), getFastTreeNewick(), getNumSeqs(), getSequence(), getSize(), getStateModel(),

 ${\rm toStrList}()$

$Inherited\ from\ object$

| delattr(), | $_{ m format}_{ m }$ | (), | _getattrib | $ute__(),$ | $, _{}$ hash | (), _ | new_ | (): |
|---------------|-----------------------|-------|------------|--------------|--------------|-------|---------|------|
| reduce(), | _reduce_ | _ex() | ,repr_ | (), | setattr | _(), | _sizeof | _(), |
| subclasshook_ | _() | | | | | | | |

4.3.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

5 Module pylogeny.base

Definitions for generalized containers and objects used by other structures in this framework.

5.1 Functions

```
longest_common_substring(s1, s2)
Simplified, traditional LCS algorithm implementation.
```

5.2 Variables

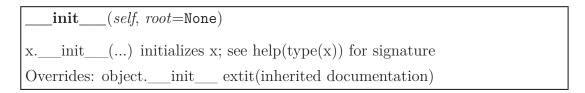
| Name | Description |
|---------|-------------------|
| package | Value: 'pylogeny' |

5.3 Class treeStructure

Known Subclasses: pylogeny.base.trie, pylogeny.rearrangement.topology

Defines a base collection of treeNodes and treeBranches in a hierarchical tree structure.

5.3.1 Methods



```
___contains___(self, x)

Determines whether a node is found in the tree structure.

Overrides: _abcoll.Container.__contains___
```

| $\mathbf{getRoot}(\mathit{self})$ |
|---|
| Return the top-level, root, node of the tree. |
| leaves(root) |
| $\mathbf{getAllLeaves}(\mathit{self})$ |
| $\mathbf{nodes}(\mathit{root})$ |
| $\mathbf{getAllNodes}(self)$ |
| ${\bf postOrderTraversal}(root)$ |
| ${\bf getPostOrderTraversal}(self)$ |
| str(self) |
| Returns a string representation of the tree. Overrides: objectstr |
| Inherited fromabcoll.Containersubclasshook() |
| Inherited from object |
| delattr(),format(),getattribute(),hash(),new()reduce(),reduceex(),repr(),setattr(),sizeof() |
| 3.3.2 Properties |
| Name Description |
| Inherited from objectclass |

5.3.3 Class Variables

| Name | Description |
|-----------------|----------------------|
| root | Value: None |
| abstractmethods | Value: frozenset([]) |

5.4 Class treeNode

| object | |
|--------|------------------------|
| | pylogeny.base.treeNode |

Known Subclasses: pylogeny.base.trieNode, pylogeny.newick.node

A node in a tree.

5.4.1 Methods

| init(self, lbl=None, children=None, parent=None) |
|--|
| xinit() initializes x; see help(type(x)) for signature |
| Overrides: objectinit extit(inherited documentation) |
| $\mathbf{getLabel}(self)$ |
| $\boxed{\mathbf{getParent}(\mathit{self})}$ |
| ${\bf addChild}(\textit{self}, \textit{item})$ |
| ${\bf getChildByIndex}(\textit{self}, \textit{i})$ |
| ${\bf getChildren}(\mathit{self})$ |
| $\mathbf{isLeaf}(\mathit{self})$ |
| isInternalNode(self) |

5.4.2 Properties

Inherited from object

__str__(), __subclasshook__()

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

5.4.3 Class Variables

| Name | Description |
|----------|-------------|
| label | Value: None |
| parent | Value: None |
| children | Value: None |

5.5 Class treeBranch

| object | \neg |
|--------|--------------------------|
| | pylogeny.base.treeBranch |

Known Subclasses: pylogeny.newick.branch

A branch in a tree.

5.5.1 Methods

| init(self, parent=None, child=None, label='') | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| xinit() initializes x ; see $help(type(x))$ for signature | | | | |
| Overrides: objectinit extit(inherited documentation) | | | | |
| | | | | |
| $\mathbf{getLabel}(\mathit{self})$ | | | | |
| | | | | |
| $\mathbf{getParent}(self)$ | | | | |
| | | | | |
| $\mathbf{getChild}(\mathit{self})$ | | | | |

$Inherited\ from\ object$

| $_\delattr_$ | _(), _ | $__ format_$ | (), _ | _getattril | oute | $(),$ $_{}$ hash | n(), | new_ | () |
|----------------|--------|-----------------|-------|------------|-------|---------------------|------|---------|-----|
| reduce | _(), _ | reduce_ | _ex() |),repr_ | (), _ | $__$ setattr $_$ | (), | _sizeof | (), |
| str(), | su | ibclasshoo | ok() | | | | | | |

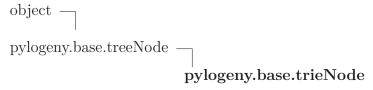
5.5.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

5.5.3 Class Variables

| Name | Description |
|--------|-------------|
| label | Value: '' |
| parent | Value: None |
| child | Value: None |

5.6 Class trieNode



A subclass of treeNode that allows for checking non-zero members amongst children branches and other conveniences.

5.6.1 Methods

| $\mathbf{getParentNode}(self)$ | |
|--|--|
| gotChildNodo(colf shild moushild) | |
| $\mathbf{setChildNode}(self,\ child,\ newchild)$ | |
| ${\bf iter Non Empty Children Nodes} (self)$ | |
| Iterate over all children that are not empty. | |
| | |
| ${\bf getNonEmptyChildrenNodes}(self)$ | |
| Acquire a list of all non-empty children. | |
| | |

| getl | ${\bf get Non Empty Children Branches}(self)$ | |
|------|---|--|
| Acqu | uire a list of all non-empty children. | |



Inherited from pylogeny.base.treeNode(Section 5.4)

__init__(), addChild(), getChildByIndex(), getChildren(), getLabel(), getParent(), isInternalNode(), isLeaf()

Inherited from object

```
___delattr__(), __format__(), __getattribute__(), __hash__(), __new__(), __reduce__(), __reduce__ex__(), __repr__(), __setattr__(), __sizeof__(), __str__(), __subclasshook__()
```

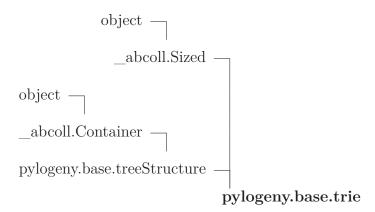
5.6.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

5.6.3 Class Variables

| Name | Description | | |
|---|-------------|--|--|
| Inherited from pylogeny.base.treeNode (Section 5.4) | | | |
| children, label, parent | | | |

5.7 Class trie



Known Subclasses: pylogeny.base.patriciaTree

Defines a trie across a range of strings.

5.7.1 Methods

| - | init(self) |
|--------|---|
| | xinit() initializes x; see help(type(x)) for signature |
| L | Overrides: objectinit extit(inherited documentation) |
| | contains(self, x) |
| I | mplementing for interface (Container). |
| (| Overrides: _abcoll.Containercontains |
| [- | $\underline{}$ len $\underline{}$ (self) |
| I | implementing for interface (Sized). |
| | Overrides: _abcoll.Sizedlen |
| 8 | $\mathbf{getAlphabet}(self)$ |
| [8 | $\mathbf{getRoot}(self)$ |
| | Return the top-level, root, node of the tree. |
| | Overrides: pylogeny.base.treeStructure.getRoot extit(inherited documentation) |
| 5 | $\mathbf{search}(\mathit{self},\mathit{seq})$ |
| , | Search for a sequence in the trie. Returns true if it exists. |
| i | $\mathbf{nsert}(\mathit{self},\mathit{seq})$ |
| I | Dynamically insert a sequence into the trie. |
| [| delete(self, seq) |
| | Remove a sequence from the trie. Will not remove added characters to alphabet. |
| e | $rited\ from\ _abcoll.Sized$ |
| _ | _subclasshook() |
| e | $rited\ from\ pylogeny.base.treeStructure(Section\ 5.3)$ |
| - - | str(), getAllLeaves(), getAllNodes(), getPostOrderTraversal(), leaves(), nodestOrderTraversal() |

Inherited from object

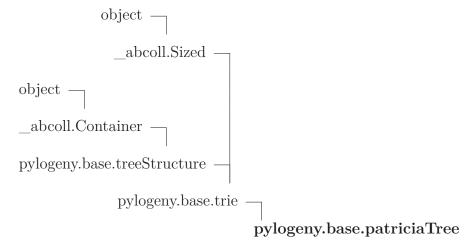
5.7.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

5.7.3 Class Variables

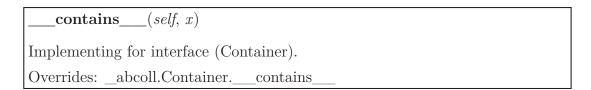
| Name | Description |
|-----------------|----------------------|
| alphabet | Value: None |
| root | Value: None |
| count | Value: 0 |
| nextLabel | Value: 1 |
| abstractmethods | Value: frozenset([]) |

5.8 Class patriciaTree



Defines a PATRICIA tree (condensed trie) across a range of strings.

5.8.1 Methods



search(self, seq)

Search for a sequence in the PATRICIA tree. Returns its position in addition sequence if it exists. Else, returns 0.

Overrides: pylogeny.base.trie.search

insert(self, seq)

Dynamically insert a sequence into the PATRICIA tree. Returns the unique index in the tree for that string.

Overrides: pylogeny.base.trie.insert

delete(self, seq)

Remove a sequence from the PATRICIA tree. Will not remove added characters to alphabet.

Overrides: pylogeny.base.trie.delete

Inherited from pylogeny.base.trie(Section 5.7)

___init___(), ___len___(), getAlphabet(), getRoot()

$Inherited\ from\ _abcoll.Sized$

 $__subclasshook__()$

Inherited from pylogeny.base.treeStructure(Section 5.3)

 $\underline{} str\underline{}(), getAllLeaves(), getAllNodes(), getPostOrderTraversal(), leaves(), nodes(), postOrderTraversal()$

$Inherited\ from\ object$

| $_$ _delattr $_$ _ | _(), | $_$ format $_$ | (), _ | ge | tattribu | ıte(| (),hash | (), _ | new_ | () |
|----------------------|------|------------------|-------|----------|----------|-------|----------|-------|--------|----|
| reduce | _(), | _reduce_ | ex | $(), _$ | _repr_ | (), _ | setattr_ | (), | sizeof | () |

5.8.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

5.8.3 Class Variables

| Name | Description |
|---|-------------|
| Inherited from pylogeny.base.trie (Section 5.7) | |
| abstractmethods, alphabet, count, nextLabel, root | |

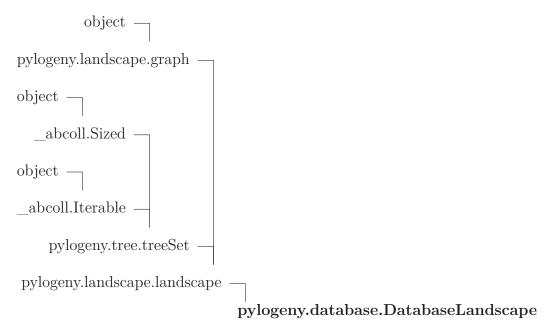
6 Module pylogeny.database

Connect, access, + manipulate external tree data from a remote SQL server or from a sqlite file.

6.1 Variables

| Name | Description |
|---------|-------------------|
| package | Value: 'pylogeny' |

6.2 Class DatabaseLandscape



Known Subclasses: pylogeny.database.SQLExhaustiveLandscape

Abstract the landscape to one comprising a landscape.

6.2.1 Methods

 $Inherited\ from\ pylogeny.landscape.landscape(Section\ 9.3)$

| getitem(),init(),iter(),str(), addTree(), addTreeByNewick(), |
|--|
| exploreRandomTree(), exploreTree(), findTree(), findTreeTopology(), findTreeTopol- |
| ogyByStructure(), getAlignment(), getAllPathsOfBestImprovement(), getBestIm- |
| provement(), getBipartitionFoundInTreeByIndex(), getGlobalOptimum(), getLocalOp- |
| tima(), getLocks(), getNumberTaxa(), getPathOfBestImprovement(), getPossibleNum- |
| berRootedTrees(), getPossibleNumberUnrootedTrees(), getRoot(), getRootTree(), |
| getTree(), getVertex(), indexOf(), isLocalOptimum(), isViolating(), iterAllPath- |
| sOfBestImprovement(), lockBranchFoundInTree(), lockBranchFoundInTreeByIn- |
| dex(), removeTree(), removeTreeByIndex(), setAlignment(), setOperator(), toProperNewick- |
| TreeSet(), $toTreeSet()$, $toggleLock()$ |
| $erited\ from\ puloaenu.landscape.araph(Section\ 9.2)$ |

Inhe $ited\ from\ pylogeny.landscape.graph(Section\ 9.2)$

len___(), clearEdgeWeights(), getCenter(), getCliqueNumber(), getCliques(), getCliquesOfNode(), getComponentOfNode(), getComponents(), getDegreeFor(), getDiameter(), getEdge(), getEdges(), getEdgesFor(), getMST(), getNeighbors-For(), getNodeNames(), getNodes(), getNumCliques(), getNumComponents(), get-ShortestPath(), getShortestPathLength(), getSize(), hasPath(), isEdge(), iterNodes(), setDefaultWeight()

Inherited from pylogeny.tree.treeSet(Section 17.4)

_setitem___(), fromTreeFile(), iterTrees(), toTreeFile()

$Inherited\ from\ _abcoll.Sized$

subclasshook ()

Inherited from object

| $__delattr__$ | _(), | $_$ format $_$ | (), _ | ge | etattribu | ite | $(), \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ hash | (), _ | new_ | () |
|-------------------|------|------------------|-------|----------|-----------|-------|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|----|
| reduce | _(), | _reduce_ | ex | $(), _$ | repr_ | (), _ | _setattr_ | (), | sizeof | () |

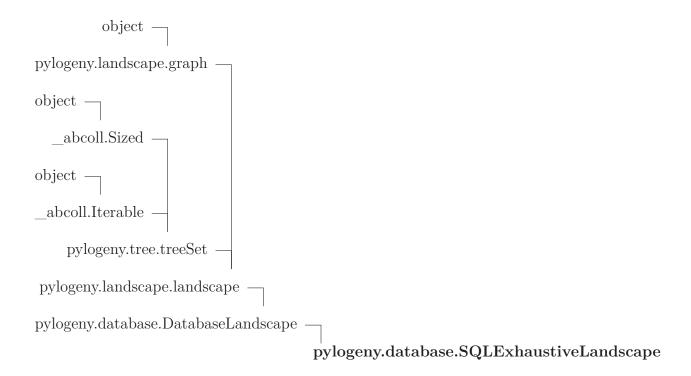
6.2.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

6.2.3 Class Variables

| Name | Description | | |
|-----------------|--|------|---|
| abstractmethods | Value: | | |
| | <pre>frozenset(['_fetchRearrangementsFromDatab</pre> | ase' | , |
| | '_fetchTre | | |

6.3 Class SQLExhaustiveLandscape



6.3.1 Methods

___init___(self, dbobj, aliname)
Initialize the landscape.

:param ali: An :class:'alignment.alignment' object. :param starting_tree: An optional tree object to start the landscape with. :param root: Whether or not to acquire an approximate maximum likelihood tree (FastTree) or start the landscape with a given starting tree. :param operator: A string that describes what operator the landscape is mostly comprised of.

Overrides: object.___init___ extit(inherited documentation)

exploreRandomTree(self, i)

Acquire a single neighbor to a tree in the landscape by performing a random rearrangement of type SPR (by default), NNI, or TBR – this is done by performing a rearrangement on a random branch in the topology. Rearrangement type is provided as a rearrangement module type definition of form, for example, TYPE SPR, TYPE NNI, etc.

 $Overrides:\ pylogeny.landscape.landscape.exploreRandomTree\ extit(inherited\ documentation)$

getDatabaseNode(self, i)

exploreTree(self, i)

Get all neighbors to a tree named i in the landscape using a respective rearrangement operator as defined in the rearrangement module. Rearrangement type is provided as a rearrangement module type definition of form, for example, TYPE_SPR, TYPE_NNI, etc. By default, this is TYPE_SPR.

Overrides: pylogeny.landscape.landscape.exploreTree extit(inherited documentation)

$Inherited\ from\ pylogeny.database.DatabaseLandscape(Section\ 6.2)$

getNode()

$Inherited\ from\ pylogeny.landscape.landscape(Section\ 9.3)$

__getitem__(), __iter__(), __str__(), addTree(), addTreeByNewick(), find-Tree(), findTreeTopology(), findTreeTopologyByStructure(), getAlignment(), getAll-PathsOfBestImprovement(), getBestImprovement(), getBipartitionFoundInTreeByIndex(), getGlobalOptimum(), getLocalOptima(), getLocks(), getNumberTaxa(), getPathOfBestImprovement(), getPossibleNumberRootedTrees(), getPossibleNumberUnrootedTrees(), getRoot(), getRootTree(), getTree(), getVertex(), indexOf(), is-LocalOptimum(), isViolating(), iterAllPathsOfBestImprovement(), lockBranchFoundInTree(), lockBranchFoundInTreeByIndex(), removeTree(), removeTreeByIndex(), setAlignment(), setOperator(), toProperNewickTreeSet(), toTreeSet(), toggleLock()

Inherited from pylogeny.landscape.graph(Section 9.2)

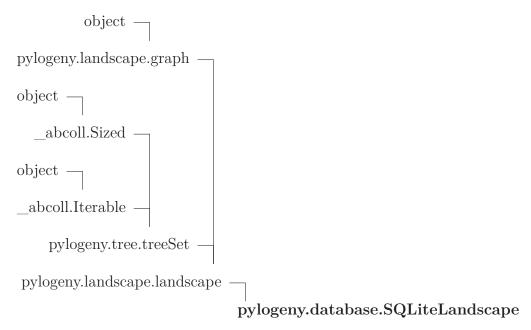
___len___(), clearEdgeWeights(), getCenter(), getCliqueNumber(), getCliques(), getCliquesOfNode(), getComponentOfNode(), getComponents(), getDegreeFor(), getDiameter(), getEdges(), getEdgesFor(), getMST(), getNeighborsFor(), getNodeNames(), getNodes(), getNumCliques(), getNumComponents(), getShortestPath(), getShortestPathLength(), getSize(), hasPath(), isEdge(), iterN-

| odes(), setDefaultWeight() |
|---|
| $Inherited\ from\ pylogeny.tree.treeSet(Section\ 17.4)$ |
| setitem(), fromTreeFile(), iterTrees(), toTreeFile() |
| $Inherited\ from\ _abcoll.Sized$ |
| $__subclasshook__()$ |
| Inherited from object |
| delattr(),format(),getattribute(),hash(),new(),reduce(),reduce_ex(),repr(),setattr(),sizeof() |
| 3.3.2 Properties |
| Name Description |
| Inherited from object |
| class |

6.3.3 Class Variables

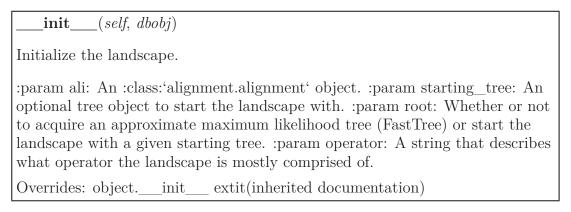
| Name | Description |
|-----------------|----------------------|
| abstractmethods | Value: frozenset([]) |

6.4 Class SQLiteLandscape



Allow random access of all landscape data from an sqlite file found on the hard disk.

6.4.1 Methods



$Inherited\ from\ pylogeny.landscape.landscape(Section\ 9.3)$

__getitem__(), __iter__(), __str__(), addTree(), addTreeByNewick(), exploreRandomTree(), exploreTree(), findTree(), findTreeTopology(), findTreeTopologyByStructure(), getAlignment(), getAllPathsOfBestImprovement(), getBestImprovement(), getBipartitionFoundInTreeByIndex(), getGlobalOptimum(), getLocalOptima(), getLocks(), getNumberTaxa(), getPathOfBestImprovement(), getPossibleNumberRootedTrees(), getPossibleNumberUnrootedTrees(), getRoot(), getRootTree(), getTree(), getVertex(), indexOf(), isLocalOptimum(), isViolating(), iterAllPath-

 $sOfBestImprovement(),\ lockBranchFoundInTree(),\ lockBranchFoundInTreeByIndex(),\ removeTree(),\ removeTreeByIndex(),\ setAlignment(),\ setOperator(),\ toProperNewick-TreeSet(),\ toTreeSet(),\ toggleLock()$

Inherited from pylogeny.landscape.graph(Section 9.2)

__len___(), clearEdgeWeights(), getCenter(), getCliqueNumber(), getCliques(), getCliquesOfNode(), getComponentOfNode(), getComponents(), getDegreeFor(), getDiameter(), getEdges(), getEdges(), getEdgesFor(), getMST(), getNeighbors-For(), getNode(), getNodeNames(), getNodes(), getNumCliques(), getNumComponents(), getShortestPath(), getShortestPathLength(), getSize(), hasPath(), isEdge(), iterNodes(), setDefaultWeight()

Inherited from pylogeny.tree.treeSet(Section 17.4)

__setitem__(), fromTreeFile(), iterTrees(), toTreeFile()

$Inherited\ from\ _abcoll.Sized$

subclasshook ()

Inherited from object

| $_{}$ delattr $_{-}$ | (), _ | $__$ format $_$ | (), _ | g∈ | etattribu | ıte | $(), \underline{\qquad} hash$ | $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}(),$ | new | (), |
|----------------------|--------|--------------------|-------|------|-----------|-------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------|-----|
| reduce_ | _(), _ | reduce_ | ex(|), _ | repr_ | (), _ | setattr_ | _(), | _sizeof_ | () |

6.4.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

6.4.3 Class Variables

| Name | Description | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Inherited from pylogeny.tree. | treeSet (Section 17.4) | | | | |
| abstractmethods | | | | | |

6.5 Class database

object — pylogeny.database.database

Known Subclasses: pylogeny.database.SQLDatabase, pylogeny.database.SQLiteDatabase

Allow interfacing with a SQL/sqlite database.

6.5.1 Methods

getTables(self)

getColumns(self, table)

isEmpty(self)

Determine if the database is empty.

getHeaders(self, table)

Get only header names for a given table's columns.

getRecordsColumn(self, table, col)

Get all data for a single colmun from records for a table.

getRecords(self, table)

Get all records from a given table in the database.

iterRecords(self, table)

Get a record, one at a time, from a table in the database.

filterRecords(self, table, condn)

Get all records from a given table following a condition.

getRecordsAsDict(self, table)

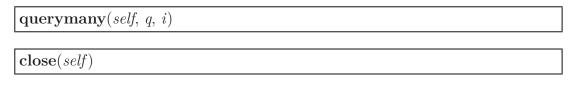
Acquires records using getRecords() and then leverages access using a dictionary data structure.

newTable(self, tablename, *args)

insertRecords(self, tablename, items)

insertRecord(self, tablename, record)

query(self, q)



$Inherited\ from\ object$

6.5.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

6.5.3 Class Variables

| Name | Description |
|-----------------|--|
| cursor | Value: None |
| abstractmethods | Value: frozenset(['close', 'getColumns', |
| | 'getTables', 'query', ' |

6.6 Class SQLDatabase

object —

pylogeny.database.database —

pylogeny.database.SQLDatabase

Database object to allow reading from a MySQL database.

6.6.1 Methods

| $ \underline{\phantom{aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa$ | |
|---|--|
| xinit() initializes x; see help(type(x)) for signature | |
| Overrides: objectinit extit(inherited documentation) | |

getTables(self)

Overrides: pylogeny.database.database.getTables

getColumns(self, table)

Return column information for a given table.

 $Overrides:\ pylogeny. database. database. get Columns$

query(self, q)

Overrides: pylogeny.database.database.query

querymany(self, q, i)

Overrides: pylogeny.database.database.querymany

close(self)

Overrides: pylogeny.database.database.close

Inherited from pylogeny.database.database(Section 6.5)

filterRecords(), getHeaders(), getRecords(), getRecordsAsDict(), getRecordsColumn(), insertRecord(), insertRecords(), isEmpty(), iterRecords(), newTable()

Inherited from object

| delattr(| $(), \underline{\hspace{1cm}} format \underline{\hspace{1cm}} ($ |),ge | etattribı | ıte | $(), \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ hash | n(), | new_ | () |
|----------|--|-------|-----------|--------|-------------------------------------|------|---------|------|
| reduce(|),reduce_ex_ | (), _ | repr_ | _(), _ | $\{ m setattr}_$ | _(), | _sizeof | _(), |
| str(), _ | _subclasshook_ | _() | | | | | | |

6.6.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

6.6.3 Class Variables

| Name | Description | | |
|---|----------------------|--|--|
| abstractmethods | Value: frozenset([]) | | |
| Inherited from pylogeny.database.database (Section 6.5) | | | |

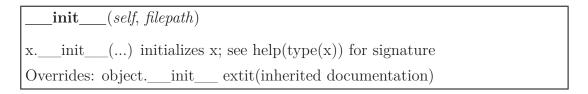
continued on next page

| Name | Description |
|--------|-------------|
| cursor | |

6.7 Class SQLiteDatabase

| object — | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| pylogeny.database.database | |
| | pylogeny.database.SQLiteDatabase |

6.7.1 Methods



getColumns(self, table)

Return column information for a given table.

 $Overrides:\ pylogeny. database. database. get Columns$

$\mathbf{getTables}(\mathit{self})$

 $Overrides:\ pylogeny. database. database. get Tables$

```
query(self, q)
```

Overrides: pylogeny.database.database.query

querymany(self, q, i)

 $Overrides:\ pylogeny. database. database. querymany$

$\mathbf{close}(\mathit{self})$

Overrides: pylogeny.database.database.close

Inherited from pylogeny.database.database(Section 6.5)

filterRecords(), getHeaders(), getRecords(), getRecordsAsDict(), getRecordsColumn(), insertRecord(), insertRecords(), isEmpty(), iterRecords(), newTable()

$Inherited\ from\ object$

| delattr(| (),format | _(),g | etattribu | ıte(| $(), \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ hash | ı(), _ | new_ | (): |
|----------|---|------------|-----------|--------|-------------------------------------|--------|---------|------|
| reduce(| $), \underline{\qquad}$ reduce $\underline{\leftarrow}$ | ex(), _ | repr_ | _(), _ | $_$ setattr $_$ | _(), | _sizeof | _(), |
| str(), | _subclasshook | :() | | | | | | |

6.7.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

6.7.3 Class Variables

| Name | Description | | |
|---|----------------------|--|--|
| abstractmethods | Value: frozenset([]) | | |
| Inherited from pylogeny.database.database (Section 6.5) | | | |
| cursor | | | |

7 Module pylogeny.executable

Defines an interface to manage interfacing with the system for respective application calls and implements some of these for executables such as FastTree and RAxML. Currently requires a UNIX-like environment (e.g., Mac OS X or a Linux-based environment).

7.1 Functions

| exeExists(cmd) |
|---|
| Determines whether a function exists in a UNIX environment. |

7.2 Variables

| Name | Description |
|------------|-------------------|
| E_FASTTREE | Value: 'fasttree' |
| E_RAXML | Value: 'raxmlHPC' |
| E_TREEPUZZ | Value: 'puzzle' |
| E_RSPR | Value: 'rspr' |
| L_TEMPDIR | Value: 'pylogeny' |
| package | Value: 'pylogeny' |

7.3 Class a Temporary Directory

A class intended to be used as a context manager that allows Python to run in a temporary directory for a finite period of time.

7.3.1 Methods

| | _exit(self, *args) | |
|------|--|--|
| Inhe | ed from object | |
| - | delattr(),format(),getattribute(),hash(),new_reduce(),reduce_ex(),repr(),setattr(),sizeof_str(),subclasshook() | |

7.3.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

7.4 Class executable

object — pylogeny.executable.executable

Known Subclasses: pylogeny.executable.consel, pylogeny.executable.fasttree, pylogeny.executable.raxml, pylogeny.executable.rspr, pylogeny.executable.treepuzzle

An abstract class for the instantation and running of a single instance for a given application.

7.4.1 Methods

| ${\bf getInstructionString}(self)$ |
|------------------------------------|
| |
| $\mathbf{run}(\mathit{self})$ |
| Perform a run of this application. |

Inherited from object

7.4.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

7.4.3 Class Variables

| Name | Description | |
|-----------------|--|--|
| exeName | Value: None | |
| abstractmethods | Value: | |
| | <pre>frozenset(['getInstructionString'])</pre> | |

7.5 Class treepuzzle

| object — | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| pylogeny.executable.executable | |
| | pylogeny.executable.treepuzzle |

Wrap TREE-PUZZLE in order to create an intermediate file for CONSEL to read and assign confidence to a set of trees. Requires TREE-PUZZLE to be installed.

7.5.1 Methods

| init(self, ali, treefile) | |
|--|-------|
| xinit() initializes x; see help(type(x)) for signature | |
| Overrides: objectinit extit(inherited documentation) | |
| | |
| $\mathbf{getInstructionString}(self)$ | |
| Overrides: pylogeny.executable.executable.getInstructionString | |
| | |
| ${f getSiteLikelihoodFile}(self)$ | |
| Inherited from pylogeny. $executable$. $executable$ (Section 7.4) | |
| $\operatorname{run}()$ | |
| Inherited from object | |
| $\underline{\hspace{1cm}} delattr\underline{\hspace{1cm}}(), \underline{\hspace{1cm}} format\underline{\hspace{1cm}}(), \underline{\hspace{1cm}} getattribute\underline{\hspace{1cm}}(), \underline{\hspace{1cm}} hash\underline{\hspace{1cm}}(), \underline{\hspace{1cm}} nach\underline{\hspace{1cm}}(), \underline{\hspace{1cm}} hash\underline{\hspace{1cm}}(), \underline{\hspace{1cm}} nach\underline{\hspace{1cm}}(), \hspace{1c$ | .ew() |
| | |

| reduce(),reduce_ex_ | (), | repr | _(), _ | _setattr_ | (), _ | _sizeof_ | () |
|---------------------|-----|------|--------|-----------|-------|----------|----|
| str(),subclasshook | _() | | | | | | |

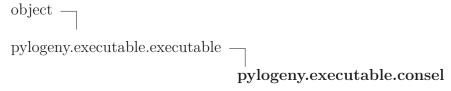
7.5.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

7.5.3 Class Variables

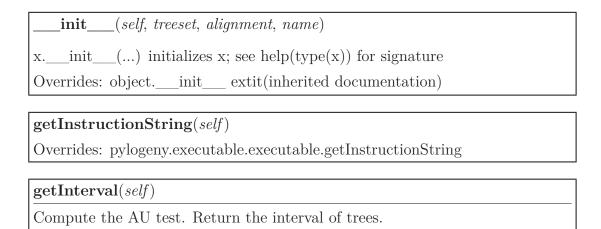
| Name | Description |
|-----------------|----------------------|
| exeName | Value: 'puzzle' |
| abstractmethods | Value: frozenset([]) |

7.6 Class consel



Denotes a single run of the CONSEL workflow in order to acquire a confidence interval and perform an AU test on a set of trees. Requires CONSEL to be installed.

7.6.1 Methods



Inherited from pylogeny.executable.executable(Section 7.4)

run()

Inherited from object

7.6.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

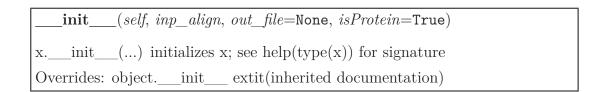
7.6.3 Class Variables

| Name | Description | | | |
|---|----------------------|--|--|--|
| abstractmethods | Value: frozenset([]) | | | |
| Inherited from pylogeny.executable.executable (Section 7.4) | | | | |
| exeName | | | | |

7.7 Class fasttree

Denotes a single run of the FastTree executable in order to acquire an approximate maximum likelihood tree for the input alignment. See http://www.microbesonline.org/fasttree/ for more information on FastTree. Requires FastTree to be installed.

7.7.1 Methods



| | getInstructionString(self) | | | | | | |
|-------|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Overrides: pylogeny.executable.executable.getInstructionString | | | | | | |
| Inh | erited from pylogeny.exec | utable.executable(Section~7.4) | | | | | |
| | run() | | | | | | |
| Inh | erited from object | | | | | | |
| | | _(),getattribute(),hash(),new(), x(),repr(),setattr(),sizeof(),() | | | | | |
| 7.7.2 | 2 Properties | | | | | | |
| | Name | Description | | | | | |
| | Inherited from object | | | | | | |
| | class | | | | | | |

7.7.3 Class Variables

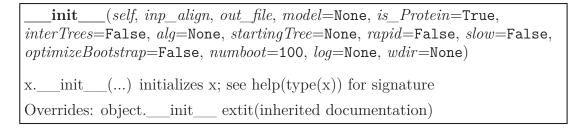
| Name | Description | | | |
|-----------------|----------------------|--|--|--|
| exeName | Value: 'fasttree' | | | |
| abstractmethods | Value: frozenset([]) | | | |

7.8 Class raxml

| object — | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| pylogeny.executable.executable | |
| | pylogeny.executable.raxml |

Denotes a single run of the RAxML executable. See http://sco.h-its.org/exelixis/software.html for more information on RAxML. Requires RAxML to be installed.

7.8.1 Methods



${\bf getInstructionString}(\mathit{self})$

 $Overrides:\ pylogeny. executable. executable. get Instruction String$

runFunction(self, alg)

Inherited from pylogeny.executable.executable(Section 7.4)

run()

Inherited from object

| $_$ _delattr $_$ | _(), _ | $_$ format $_$ | (), _ | ge | tattribı | ıte | (), | hash | (), _ | new_ | () |
|--------------------|--------|------------------|-------|----|----------|--------|------|------|-------|---------|------|
| reduce | _(), | _reduce_ | ex(|), | _repr_ | _(), _ | seta | ttr | _(), | _sizeof | _(), |
| str(), | su | bclasshool | k() | | | | | | | | |

7.8.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

7.8.3 Class Variables

| Name | Description | | | |
|-----------------|----------------------|--|--|--|
| exeName | Value: 'raxmlHPC' | | | |
| abstractmethods | Value: frozenset([]) | | | |

| 7.9 | Class | rspr |
|-----|-------|------|
|-----|-------|------|

| object — | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| pylogeny.executable.executable | |
| | pylogeny.executable.rspr |

Denotes a single run of the rSPR executable by Dr. Chris Whidden (2014), a software package for computing rooted subtree-prune-and-regraft (SPR) distances. See http://kiwi.cs.dal.ca/Software/R Requires the executable to be on PATH.

7.9.1 Methods

| init(self, treeA, treeB, algorithm='', overlap=True) |
|--|
| Algorithm choices are defined in this class. If overlap is set to True, will attempt to consolidate taxa names such that they are overlapping (otherwise, RSPR will return an error if they do not match). |
| Overrides: objectinit |
| |
| $\mathbf{getSPRDistance}(\mathit{self})$ |
| |
| $ \mathbf{getInstructionString}(self) $ |
| Overrides: pylogeny.executable.executable.getInstructionString |

Inherited from pylogeny.executable.executable(Section 7.4)

run()

Inherited from object

| delattr | _(),forma | t(), | getattribu | ite(), _ | _hash | (),n | ew() |
|---------|---------------------------------------|-----------|------------|----------|----------|------|-------|
| reduce | $(), \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ reduce | $e_ex_()$ | repr | _(),set | tattr(), | size | of(), |
| str (). | subclassh | ook () | | | | | |

7.9.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

7.9.3 Class Variables

| Name | Description |
|------------------|----------------------|
| exeName | Value: 'rspr' |
| RSPR_ALG_DEFAULT | Value: '' |
| RSPR_ALG_APPROX | Value: '-approx' |
| RSPR_ALG_BB | Value: '-bb' |
| RSPR_ALG_FPT | Value: '-fpt' |
| abstractmethods | Value: frozenset([]) |

8 Module pylogeny.heuristic

Define the interface for a heuristic in order to implement any manner of heuristic for a combinatorial problem that can be abstracted into a state graph. In this case, a phylogenetic tree space.

8.1 Variables

| Name | Description | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| SMGR_MIN_NUM_LIK- | Value: 32 | | | |
| ELIHOOD | | | | |
| package | Value: 'pylogeny' | | | |

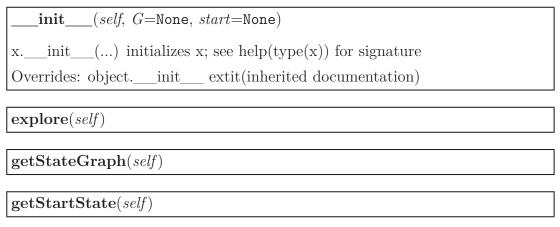
8.2 Class heuristic

object — pylogeny.heuristic.heuristic

Known Subclasses: pylogeny.heuristic.phylogeneticLinearHeuristic

A base interface for a heuristic that explores a state graph.

8.2.1 Methods



Inherited from object

```
___delattr__(), __format__(), __getattribute__(), __hash__(), __new__(), __reduce__(), __reduce__ex__(), __repr__(), __setattr__(), __sizeof__(), __str__(), __subclasshook__()
```

8.2.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

8.3 Class phylogeneticLinearHeuristic

| object — | |
|------------------------------|--|
| pylogeny.heuristic.heuristic | |
| | pylogeny.heuristic.phylogeneticLinearHeuristic |

Known Subclasses: pylogeny.heuristic.RAxMLIdentify, pylogeny.heuristic.likelihoodGreedy, pylogeny.heuristic.parsimonyGreedy, pylogeny.heuristic.smoothGreedy

A base class for a heuristic that works on a phylogenetic landscape and only possesses a single path (of search).

8.3.1 Methods

| init(self, ls, startNode) |
|---|
| xinit() initializes x ; see $help(type(x))$ for signature |
| Overrides: objectinit extit(inherited documentation) |
| |
| $\mathbf{getPath}(self)$ |
| |
| getBestTree(self) |

Inherited from pylogeny.heuristic.heuristic(Section 8.2)

```
explore(), \ getStartState(), \ getStateGraph()
```

Inherited from object

8.3.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

8.3.3 Class Variables

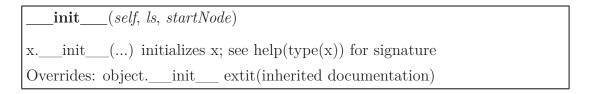
| Name | Description | | | |
|----------|-------------|--|--|--|
| bestTree | Value: None | | | |
| path | Value: [] | | | |

8.4 Class parsimonyGreedy

| object — | |
|--|------------------------------------|
| pylogeny.heuristic.heuristic — | |
| ${\it pylogeny.} heuristic. phylogenetic Linear Heuristic$ | |
| | pylogeny.heuristic.parsimonyGreedy |

Greedy (hill-climbing) landscape exploration by comparsion of parsimony.

8.4.1 Methods



explore(self)

Perform greedy search of the landscape using a method of greed via parsimonious criterion.

Overrides: pylogeny.heuristic.heuristic.explore

 $Inherited\ from\ pylogeny. heuristic. phylogenetic Linear Heuristic (Section\ 8.3)$

```
getBestTree(), getPath()
```

 $Inherited\ from\ pylogeny. heuristic. heuristic (Section\ 8.2)$

 $getStartState(), \, getStateGraph()$

| Inherited f | $rom \ c$ | object |
|-------------|-----------|--------|
|-------------|-----------|--------|

| $_$ _delattr $_$ _ | $(), \underline{\hspace{1cm}} format \underline{\hspace{1cm}} ($ |),g | etattrib | ute | (),hash | (), _ | new_ | () |
|----------------------|--|-------|----------|-------|---------|-------|---------|-----|
| reduce | _(),reduceex_ | (), _ | repr_ | (), _ | setattr | _(), | _sizeof | (), |
| str (), | subclasshook | () | | | | | | |

8.4.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

8.4.3 Class Variables

| Name | Description | | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Inherited from pylogeny.heur | ristic.phylogeneticLinearHeuristic (Section 8.3) | | | |
| bestTree, path | | | | |

8.5 Class likelihoodGreedy

object —

pylogeny.heuristic.heuristic —

pylogeny.heuristic.phylogeneticLinearHeuristic —

pylogeny.heuristic.likelihoodGreedy

Greedy (hill-climbing) landscape exploration by comparsion of likelihood.

8.5.1 Methods

| init(self, ls, startNode) |
|---|
| xinit() initializes x ; see $help(type(x))$ for signature |
| Overrides: objectinit extit(inherited documentation) |

explore(self)

Perform greedy search of the landscape using a method of greed via likelihood. Overrides: pylogeny.heuristic.heuristic.explore

| $Inh\epsilon$ | $herited\ from\ pylogeny. heuristic.ph$ | ylogenetic Linear Heuristic (Section~8.3) |
|---------------|--|--|
| | getBestTree(), getPath() | |
| Inhe | $herited\ from\ pylogeny. heuristic. he$ | $uristic(Section \ 8.2)$ |
| | getStartState(), getStateGraph() | |
| Inhe | herited from object | |
| | | etattribute(),hash(),new(),repr(),sizeof(), |
| 8.5.2 | 5.2 Properties | |
| ſ | Name | Description |
| | Inherited from objectclass | |
| 8.5.3 | 5.3 Class Variables | |
| | Name | Description |
| | Inherited from pylogeny.heuristic.phy bestTree, path | logeneticLinearHeuristic (Section 8.3) |
| | | |
| 8.6 | 6 Class smoothGreedy | |
| obje | bject — | |
| pylo | ylogeny.heuristic.heuristic — | |
| pylo | ylogeny.heuristic.phylogeneticLinearHeur | $egin{array}{c} 	ext{ristic} & egin{array}{c} 	ext{pylogeny.heuristic.smoothGreedy} \end{array}$ |
| Parsi | rsimony-driven greedy landscape explora | |

8.6.1 Methods

| init(self, ls, startNode) |
|---|
| xinit() initializes x ; see $help(type(x))$ for signature |
| Overrides: objectinit extit(inherited documentation) |

explore(self)

Perform greedy search of the landscape using a method of greed via parsimonious criterion and then performing final smoothing via likelihood on top 10% of 1-SPR neighbors ranked on basis of parsimony.

Overrides: pylogeny.heuristic.heuristic.explore

$Inherited\ from\ pylogeny. heuristic. phylogenetic Linear Heuristic (Section\ 8.3)$

getBestTree(), getPath()

Inherited from pylogeny.heuristic.heuristic(Section 8.2)

getStartState(), getStateGraph()

Inherited from object

| $_\delattr_$ | _(), _ | $_$ format $_$ | (), _ | ge | tattribu | ite | (),ha | $sh_{}(),$ | new_ | () |
|--------------------|--------|--------------------|-------|-----|----------|--------|----------|------------|---------|------|
| $__$ reduce $_$ | _(), | $_{\rm reduce}_$ | _ex(| (), | _repr_ | _(), _ | _setattr | (), | _sizeof | _(), |
| str(), | su | bclasshoo | ok() |) | | | | | | |

8.6.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

8.6.3 Class Variables

| Name | Description |
|------------------------------|--|
| Inherited from pylogeny.heur | ristic.phylogeneticLinearHeuristic (Section 8.3) |
| bestTree, path | |

8.7 Class RAxMLIdentify

| object — |
|---|
| pylogeny.heuristic.heuristic — |
| pylogeny.heuristic.phylogeneticLinearHeuristic — |
| pylogeny.heuristic.RAxMLIdentify |
| ${ m RAxML}$ -driven landscape evaluation of intermediate checkpoint trees output from the ${ m RAxML}$ executable. |
| 8.7.1 Methods |
| init(self, ls, startNode, workdir='.rxml') |
| xinit() initializes x ; see $help(type(x))$ for signature |
| Overrides: objectinit extit(inherited documentation) |
| $\boxed{ __setupWorkDir}__(self)$ |
| $\boxed{__setupExecutable}__(self)$ |
| $\boxed{ __readLogFile} __(\mathit{self})$ |
| readIterTrees(self, iters) |
| $\mathbf{explore}(\mathit{self})$ |
| Overrides: pylogeny.heuristic.heuristic.explore |
| $Inherited\ from\ pylogeny. heuristic. phylogenetic Linear Heuristic (Section\ 8.3)$ |
| getBestTree(), getPath() |
| $Inherited\ from\ pylogeny.heuristic.heuristic(Section\ 8.2)$ |
| getStartState(), getStateGraph() |
| Inherited from object |
| delattr(),format(),getattribute(),hash(),new(),reduce(),reduceex(),repr(),setattr(),sizeof(),str(),subclasshook() |

8.7.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

8.7.3 Class Variables

| Name | Description |
|------------------------------|--|
| Inherited from pylogeny.heur | ristic.phylogeneticLinearHeuristic (Section 8.3) |
| bestTree, path | |

9 Module pylogeny.landscape

Encapsulate a phylogenetic tree space. A phylogenetic landscape or tree space refers to the entire combinatorial space comprising all possible phylogenetic tree topologies for a set of n taxa. The landscape of n taxa can be defined as consisting of a finite set T of tree topologies. Tree topologies can be associated with a fitness function $f(t_i)$ describing their fit. This forms a discrete solution search space and finite graph (T, E) = G. E(G) refers to the neighborhood relation on E(G). Edges in this graph are bidirectional and represent transformation from one tree topology to another by a tree rearrangement operator. An edge between E(G) is E(G).

9.1 Variables

| Name | Description |
|----------------|-------------------|
| LS_NOT_DEFINED | Value: -1 |
| package | Value: 'pylogeny' |

9.2 Class graph

object — pylogeny.landscape.graph

Known Subclasses: pylogeny.landscape.landscape

Define an empty graph object.

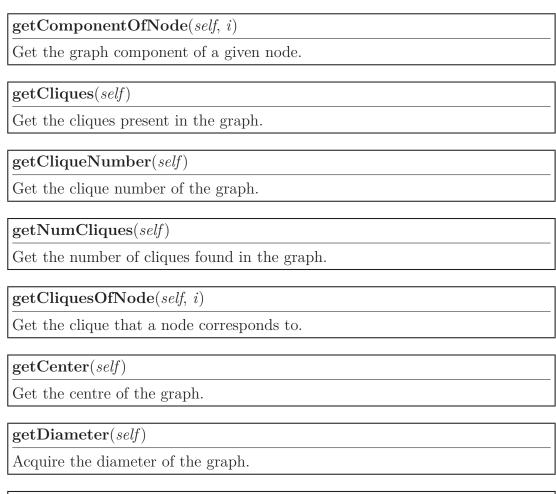
9.2.1 Methods

| init(self, gr=None) |
|---|
| Instantiate a graph. |
| :param gr: A networkx graph object, if already exists. Overrides: objectinit |
| len(self) |
| iter(self) |

getSize(self)Return the number of nodes in the graph. getNodeNames(self)Return the names of nodes in the graph. iterNodes(self) Iterate over all node keys. getNodes(self)getEdges(self)getEdgesFor(self, i)getNode(self, i)getEdge(self, i, j)isEdge(self, i, j)getNeighborsFor(self, i)getDegreeFor(self, i)Return in- and out-degree for node named i. setDefaultWeight(self, w)clearEdgeWeights(self) getNumComponents(self) Get the number of components of the graph.

getComponents(self)

Get the connected components in the graph.



getMST(self)

Acquire the minimum spanning tree for the graph.

$\mathbf{hasPath}(\mathit{self}, \mathit{nodA}, \mathit{nodB})$

See if a path exists between two nodes.

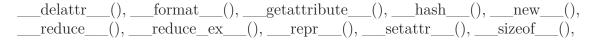
getShortestPath(self, nodA, nodB)

Get the shortest path between two nodes.

${\bf getShortestPathLength}(\mathit{self}, \mathit{nodA}, \mathit{nodB})$

Get the shortest path length between two nodes.

Inherited from object

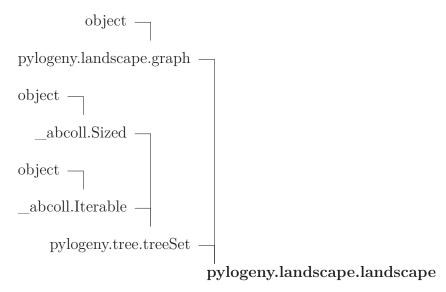


```
__str__(), __subclasshook__()
```

9.2.2 Properties

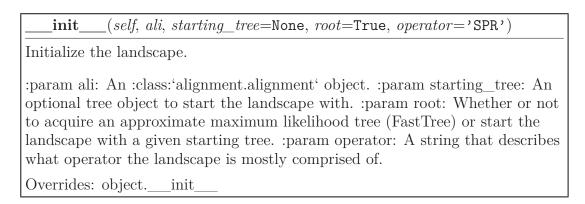
| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

9.3 Class landscape



Known Subclasses: pylogeny.database.DatabaseLandscape, pylogeny.database.SQLiteLandscape Defines an entire phylogenetic tree space.

9.3.1 Methods



getAlignment(self)

Acquire the alignment object associated with this space.

$\mathbf{getNumberTaxa}(self)$

Return the number of different taxa present in any respective tree in the landscape.

getPossibleNumberRootedTrees(self)

Assuming all of the trees in the space are rooted, return the maximum possible number of unrooted trees that can possibly be generated for the number of taxa of trees in the landscape.

getPossibleNumberUnrootedTrees(self)

Assuming all of the trees in the space are unrooted, return the maximum possible number of unrooted trees that can possibly be generated for the number of taxa of trees in the landscape.

getRoot(self)

Returns the index to the root (starting) tree of the space.

getRootTree(self)

Acquire the first tree that was placed in this space.

setAlignment(self, ali)

Set the alignment present in this landscape. WARNING; will not modify existing scores.

setOperator(self, op)

Set the operator assigned to this landscape.

getTree(self, i)

Get the object for a tree by its name.

___iter___(self)
Overrides: abcoll.Iterable. iter

getVertex(self, i)

Acquire a vertex object from the landscape; this is a high-level representation of a tree in the landscape with additional functionality. Object created upon invocation of this function.

removeTreeByIndex(self, i)

Remove a tree from the landscape by index.

removeTree(self, tree)

Remove a tree from the landscape by object.

Overrides: pylogeny.tree.treeSet.removeTree

addTreeByNewick(self, newick, score=True, check=True, struct=None)

Add a tree to the landscape by Newick string. Will return an index.

Overrides: pylogeny.tree.treeSet.addTreeByNewick

addTree(self, tr, score=True, check=True, newick=None, struct=None)

Add a tree to the landscape. Will return its index.

Overrides: pylogeny.tree.treeSet.addTree

exploreRandomTree(self, i, type=1)

Acquire a single neighbor to a tree in the landscape by performing a random rearrangement of type SPR (by default), NNI, or TBR – this is done by performing a rearrangement on a random branch in the topology.

Rearrangement type is provided as a rearrangement module type definition of form, for example, TYPE_SPR, TYPE_NNI, etc.

exploreTree(self, i, type=1)

Get all neighbors to a tree named i in the landscape using a respective rearrangement operator as defined in the rearrangement module.

Rearrangement type is provided as a rearrangement module type definition of form, for example, TYPE_SPR, TYPE_NNI, etc. By default, this is TYPE_SPR.

getLocks(self)

$\mathbf{toggleLock}(self, lock)$

Add a biparition to the list of locked bipartitions if not present; otherwise, remove it. Return status of lock.

lockBranchFoundInTree(self, tr, br)

Given a tree node and a branch object, add a given bipartition to the bipartition lock list. Returns bipartition if locked.

getBipartitionFoundInTreeByIndex(self, tr, brind, topol=None)

Given a tree node and a branch index, return the associated bipartition.

lockBranchFoundInTreeByIndex(self, tr, brind)

Given a tree node and a branch index, add an associated bipartition to the bipartition lock list. Returns the bipartition if locked.

isViolating(self, i)

Determine if a tree is violating any locks intrinsic to the landscape.

getitem (self, i)

Overrides: pylogeny.tree.treeSet.___getitem___

indexOf(self, tr)

Acquire the index/name in this landscape of a tree object. Returns -1 if not found.

Overrides: pylogeny.tree.treeSet.indexOf

findTree(self, newick)

Find a tree by Newick string, taking into account branch lengths. Returns the index of this tree in the landscape.

findTreeTopology(self, newick)

Find a tree by topology, not taking into account branch lengths.

findTreeTopologyByStructure(self, struct)

Find a tree by topology, not taking into account branch lengths, given the topology.

getBestImprovement(self, i)

For a tree in the landscape, investigate neighbors to find a tree that leads to the best improvement of fitness function score on the basis of likelihood.

getPathOfBestImprovement(self, i)

For a tree in the landscape, investigate neighbors iteratively until a best path of score improvement is found on basis of likelihood.

getAllPathsOfBestImprovement(self)

Return all paths of best improvement as a dictionary.

iterAllPathsOfBestImprovement(self)

Return an iterator for all paths of best improvement.

isLocalOptimum(self, i)

Determine if a tree is a local optimum. This means it has the following properties:

- (1) Possesses a likelihood score.
- (2) Local neighborhood completely enumerated (and scored).
- (3) None of its neighbors is a better improvement.

getLocalOptima(self)

Get all trees in the landscape that can be labelled as a local optimum.

getGlobalOptimum(self)

Get the global optimum of the current space.

```
___str___(self)
str(x)
Overrides: object. str extit(inherited documentation)
```

toProperNewickTreeSet(self)

Convert this landscape into an unorganized set of trees where taxa names are transformed to their original form (i.e. not transformed to a state friendly for the Phylip format).

| | toTreeSet(self) |
|-------|--|
| | Convert this landscape into an unorganized set of trees. |
| Inh | $erited\ from\ pylogeny.landscape.graph(Section\ 9.2)$ |
| | len(), clearEdgeWeights(), getCenter(), getCliqueNumber(), getCliques(), getCliquesOfNode(), getComponentOfNode(), getComponents(), getDegreeFor(), getDiameter(), getEdge(), getEdges(), getEdgesFor(), getMST(), getNeighborsFor(), getNode(), getNodeNames(), getNodes(), getNumCliques(), getNumComponents(), getShortestPath(), getShortestPath(), getSize(), hasPath(), isEdgetiterNodes(), setDefaultWeight() |
| Inh | $erited\ from\ pylogeny.tree.treeSet(Section\ 17.4)$ |
| | setitem(), fromTreeFile(), iterTrees(), toTreeFile() |
| Inh | $erited\ from\ _abcoll.Sized$ |
| | subclasshook() |
| Inh | erited from object |
| | delattr(),format(),getattribute(),hash(),new()reduce(),reduce_ex(),repr(),setattr(),sizeof() |
| 9.3.2 | 2 Properties |
| | Name Description |
| | Inherited from object |

9.4 Class vertex

object — pylogeny.landscape.vertex

Name

 $_{
m abstract methods}$

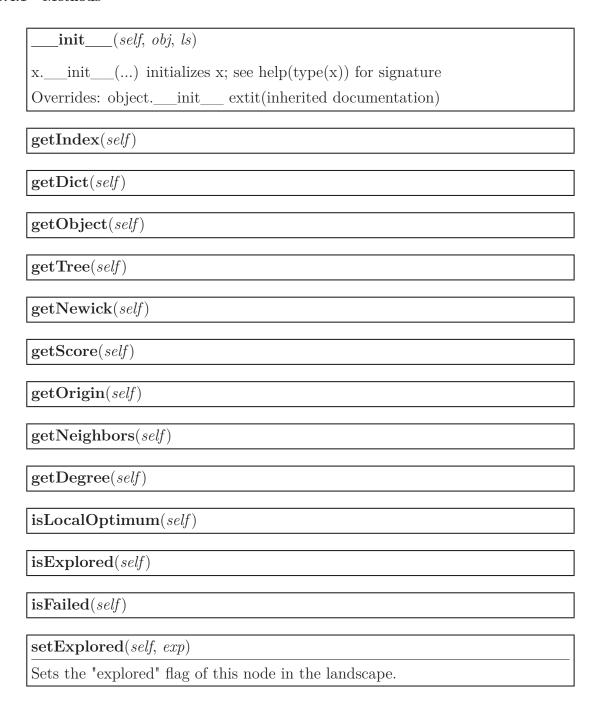
Inherited from pylogeny.tree.treeSet (Section 17.4)

Encapsulate a single vertex in the landscape and add convenient functionality to alias parent

Description

landscape functions.

9.4.1 Methods



approximatePossibleNumNeighbors(self)

Approximate the possible number of neighbors to this vertex by considering the type of tree rearrangement operator.

scoreLikelihood(self)

Acquire the log-likelihood for this vertex.

getBestImprovement(self)

Alias function for function of same name in parent landscape.

getPathOfBestImprovement(self)

Alias function for function of same name in parent landscape.

isBestImprovement(self)

Check to see if this vertex is a best move for another node.

isViolating(self)

Alias function for function of same name in parent landscape.

getProperNewick(self)

Get the proper Newick string for a tree. :returns: A string.

iterBipartitions(self)

Return a generator to iterate over all bipartitions for this vertex.

getBipartitions(self)

Get all bipartitions for this vertex.

getBipartitionScores(self)

Get all corresponding bipartition vectors of SPR scores.

getNeighborsOfBipartition(self, bi)

Get corresponding neighbors of a bipartition in this vertex's tree.

getNeighborsOfBranch(self, br)

Get corresponding neighbors of a branch in this vertex's tree.

| Inherited fro | т оозест |
|---------------|----------|
|---------------|----------|

| delattr(|),format(|),getatti | $\operatorname{ribute}_{}(),$. | hash() | $, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ new $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ () |
|----------|---------------|-----------|---------------------------------|-------------|--|
| reduce() |),reduceex_ | (),rep | or(),se | etattr(), _ | $\underline{}$ sizeof $\underline{}$ (), |
| str(), | _subclasshook | _() | | | |

9.4.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

10 Module pylogeny.landscapeWriter

Serialize a phylogenetic landscape into an SQLlite database file made up of three components: all tree IDs and respective scores, the alignment file as a set of sequences, and a representation of the graph as an edge list.

10.1 Variables

| Name | Description |
|---------|-------------------|
| package | Value: 'pylogeny' |

10.2 Class landscapeWriter

object — pylogeny.landscapeWriter.landscapeWriter

Known Subclasses: pylogeny.JSONWriter.JSONWriter

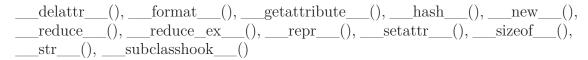
Encapsulate the writing of a landscape to a file format.

10.2.1 Methods

| init(self, landscape, name) |
|---|
| xinit() initializes x ; see $help(type(x))$ for signature |
| Overrides: objectinit extit(inherited documentation) |

writeFile(self, path='.')
Write the landscape serialized file to given path.

Inherited from object



10.2.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

10.3 Class landscapeParser

object — pylogeny.landscapeWriter.landscapeParser

Encapsulates the construction of a landscape object from a sqlite landscape file.

10.3.1 Methods

| init(self, path) | |
|---|--|
| xinit() initializes x ; see $help(type(x))$ for signature | |
| Overrides: objectinit extit(inherited documentation) | |

 $\frac{\mathbf{getName}(\mathit{self})}{\mathbf{Acquire the name of the parsed landscape}}.$

| parse(self) | |
|-----------------|--|
| Parse the file. | |

$Inherited\ from\ object$

| delattr(|),format | (),ge | tattribu | ıte | $(), \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ hash | n(), _ | new_ | (): |
|----------|---------------------------|-------|----------|--------|-------------------------------------|--------|---------|------|
| reduce() | $), _{}$ reduce $_{-}$ ex | (), | _repr_ | _(), _ | $_$ setattr $_$ | _(), | _sizeof | _(), |
| str(), | $_subclasshook_$ | () | | | | | | |

10.3.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

11 Module pylogeny.model

Phylogenetic tree scoring models; intended to be coupled with the use of pytbeaglehon (BEAGLE) high-performance library.

11.1 Variables

| Name | Description |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| pytbeaglehonEnabled | Value: False |
| package | Value: 'pylogeny' |

11.2 Class PhyloModelError

| object — | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| exceptions.BaseException — | |
| exceptions.Exception | |
| | pylogeny.model.PhyloModelError |

11.2.1 Methods

| init | $_(self, v)$ |
|---------------|--|
| xinit | _() initializes x; see help(type(x)) for signature |
| Overrides: | objectinit extit(inherited documentation) |
| | |
| | |
| str | $_(self)$ |
| str str(x) | $_(self)$ |

Inherited from exceptions. Exception

| new | () |
|-----|----|
| | |

 $Inherited\ from\ exceptions. Base Exception$

```
\underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} \begin{array}{lll} \underline{\hspace{0.5cm}} & \underline{\hspace{0.5cm
```

Inherited from object

 $__format__(), __hash__(), __reduce_ex__(), __sizeof__(), __subclasshook__()$

11.2.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Inherited from exceptions. Be | iseException |
| args, message | |
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

11.3 Class DiscreteStateModel

object — pylogeny.model.DiscreteStateModel

Initialize a discrete state model for phylogenetic data. State frequencies and character time are determined from the given alignment object.

11.3.1 Methods

| init(self, alignment) |
|---|
| xinit() initializes x ; see $help(type(x))$ for signature |
| Overrides: objectinit extit(inherited documentation) |
| |
| $\mathbf{getAlignment}(self)$ |
| |
| ${\bf getAlignmentAsStateList}(self)$ |
| |
| ${f getSequenceMatrix}(self)$ |
| |
| $\mathbf{getCharType}(\mathit{self})$ |
| |
| $\mathbf{getStateFreqs}(self)$ |
| |
| $\mathbf{getRawStateFreqs}(self)$ |

| L | ${\bf getRawStateFreqsAsList}(self)$ |
|-------------|--|
| | ${\bf getRawStateFreqsAsDict}(self)$ |
| | ${\bf getFrequencyOfState}(\textit{self}, \ i)$ |
| | ${\bf getRawFrequencyOfState}(\textit{self}, \textit{i})$ |
| $h\epsilon$ | erited from object |
| | delattr(),format(),getattribute(),hash(),new reduce(),reduceex(),repr(),setattr(),sizeofe str(),subclasshook() |

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

12 Module pylogeny.newick

Newick string parsing and object interaction. A Newick string can represent a phylogenetic tree.

12.1 Functions

assignParents(top)

Should be a one-time use function. Goes through and assigns parents to the parsed newick tree structure nodes and branches to allow for up-traversal.

removeBranchLengths(top)

Goes through and removes any stored branch lengths.

removeUnaryInternalNodes(top)

Goes through and ensures any degree-2 internal nodes are smoothed into a single degree-3 internal node.

invertAlongPathToNode(target, top)

DANGEROUS: Reverses all directionality to a given node from a top-level node. Intended as a low-level function for rerooting a tree.

shuffleLeaves(top)

DANGEROUS: Given a top-level node, shuffle all leaves in this tree.

getAllBranches(br)

Given a branch, traverse subtree and return comprising branches as a list.

isSibling(br, other)

Given a branch, determine if that branch is adjacent to another branch.

getBalancingBracket(newick, i)

Given a position of an opening bracket in a newick string, i, output the closing bracket's position that corresponds to this opening bracket.

getBranchLength(newick, i)

Given a position of a colon symbol (indicating a branch length), return the branch length.

getLeafName(newick, i)

Given the position of a leaf, find its complete name.

parseNewick(newick, i, j, top)

Parse a newick string into a topological newick structure given a top-level node

12.2 Variables

| Name | Description |
|---------|-------------------|
| package | Value: 'pylogeny' |

12.3 Class ParsingError

```
object —
exceptions.BaseException —
exceptions.Exception —
pylogeny.newick.ParsingError
```

12.3.1 Methods

| init(self, val) | |
|---|--|
| xinit() initializes x ; see $help(type(x))$ for signature | |
| Overrides: objectinit extit(inherited documentation) | |

```
str___(self)
str(x)
Overrides: object.___str___ extit(inherited documentation)
```

Inherited from exceptions. Exception

| Inh | $_\{ m new}__()$ $erited\ from\ exceptions. Base Exception$ |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | delattr(),getattribute(),getitem(),getslice(),reduce(),repr(),setattr(),setstate(),unicode() |
| Inh | erited from object |
| | $\underline{\hspace{1cm}} format\underline{\hspace{1cm}} (), \underline{\hspace{1cm}} hash\underline{\hspace{1cm}} (), \underline{\hspace{1cm}} reduce\underline{\hspace{1cm}} ex\underline{\hspace{1cm}} (), \underline{\hspace{1cm}} sizeof\underline{\hspace{1cm}} (), \underline{\hspace{1cm}} subclasshook\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ |
| 12.3 | .2 Properties |
| | Name Description |
| | Inherited from exceptions.BaseException |
| | args, message Inharited from phicat |
| | Inherited from objectclass |
| | Class node |
| obj | Class node ect — ogeny.base.treeNode — pylogeny.newick.node |
| ob; | ect — ogeny.base.treeNode — |
| ob; py []] New | ogeny.base.treeNode — pylogeny.newick.node |
| ob; py []] New | ect — ogeny.base.treeNode — pylogeny.newick.node rick node. |
| ob; py []] New | ect — ogeny.base.treeNode — pylogeny.newick.node rick node. 1 Methods |
| ob; py []] New | ogeny.base.treeNode — pylogeny.newick.node ick node. 1 Methods init(self, lbl=', children=None, parent=None) |
| ob; py []] New | ogeny.base.treeNode — pylogeny.newick.node ick node. 1 Methods init(self, lbl='', children=None, parent=None) xinit() initializes x; see help(type(x)) for signature |
| ob; py []] New | ogeny.base.treeNode — pylogeny.newick.node ick node. 1 Methods init(self, lbl='', children=None, parent=None) xinit() initializes x; see help(type(x)) for signature Overrides: objectinit extit(inherited documentation) |

 $Inherited\ from\ pylogeny. base. treeNode (Section\ 5.4)$

addChild(), getChildByIndex(), getChildren(), getLabel(), getParent(), isInternalNode(), isLeaf()

$Inherited\ from\ object$

```
___delattr__(), ___format__(), ___getattribute__(), __hash__(), __new__(), __reduce__(), __reduce_ex__(), __repr__(), __setattr__(), __sizeof__(), __subclasshook__()
```

12.4.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

12.4.3 Class Variables

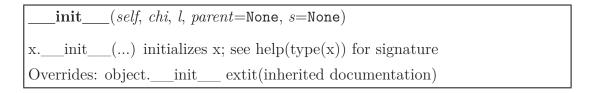
| Name | Description |
|---|-------------|
| Inherited from pylogeny.base.treeNode (Section 5.4) | |
| children, label, parent | |

12.5 Class branch

object —
pylogeny.base.treeBranch —
pylogeny.newick.branch

Newick branch.

12.5.1 Methods



| str(self) | |
|---|--|
| str(x) | |
| Overrides: objectstr extit(inherited documentation) | |

Inherited from pylogeny.base.treeBranch(Section 5.5)

getChild(), getLabel(), getParent()

Inherited from object

| delattr(), | $_{ m format}$ | (), | _getattrib | oute () | ,hash | (), _ | new_ | (): |
|--------------|-----------------|-------|------------|--------------------|---------|-------|---------|------|
| reduce(), | _reduce_ | _ex() | ,repr_ | (), | setattr | _(), | _sizeof | _(), |
| subclasshook | _() | | | | | | | |

12.5.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

12.5.3 Class Variables

| Name | Description | | |
|---|-------------|--|--|
| Inherited from pylogeny.base.treeBranch (Section 5.5) | | | |
| child, label, parent | | | |

12.6 Class newickParser

Parsing object for Newick strings.

12.6.1 Methods

| init(self, newick) |
|--|
| |
| |
| $\mathbf{parse}(\mathit{self})$ |
| Parse the stored newick string into a topological structure. |
| |
| $__str__(self)$ |

13 Module pylogeny.parsimony

Toolkit for performance of Parsimonious Criterion (Parsimony) methods of optimization of a phylogenetic topology with a particular set of data.

13.1 Functions

fitch_cost(topology, profiles)

Calculate the cost using Fitch algorithm on profile set and alignment. Deprecated: Python implementation of the Fitch algorithm; see fitch C++ module for a C++ implementation that is roughly four times faster.

fitch(topology, alignment)

Perform the Fitch algorithm on a given tree topology and associated alignment. Deprecated: Python implementation of the Fitch algorithm; see fitch C++ module for a C++ implementation that is roughly four times faster.

13.2 Variables

| Name | Description |
|---------|-------------------|
| package | Value: 'pylogeny' |

13.3 Class profile_set

Hold a set of site_profile profiles for an entire alignment.

13.3.1 Methods

| init(self, alignment) |
|---|
| |
| len(self) |
| $\mathbf{weight}(\mathit{self},\mathit{val})$ |
| |
| $\mathbf{get}(\mathit{self}, \mathit{val})$ |

getForTaxa(self, val, tax)

13.4 Class site_profile

Consolidate the single-column alignment at a region into a set of components on the basis of similarity alone.

13.4.1 Methods

| init(self, alignment, site) |
|--|
| |
| $\phantom{aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa$ |
| |
| ne(self, o) |
| |
| str(self) |

Class dataModel Module pylogeny.pll

14 Module pylogeny.pll

Wrap C extension for libpll library for use in natural Python.

14.1 Variables

| Name | Description |
|---------|-------------------|
| package | Value: 'pylogeny' |

14.2 Class dataModel

Encapsulating a phylogenetic tree (as topology) + corresponding alignment into a libpll-associated data structure. Allows for log-likelihood scoring of this model. **MUST BE CLOSED AFTER USE.**

14.2.1 Methods

__init____(self, topo, alignm, model=None)

Initialize the data model and respective structures.

:param topo: A topology object. :type topo: :class: 'rearrangement.topology' :param alignm: A phylipFriendlyAlignment object. :type alignm: :class: 'alignment.phylipFriendlyAlignment'

getNewickString(self)

Acquire the Newick string of the problem instance.

getLogLikelihood(self)

Calculates log-likelihood using libpll.

close(self)

If done with this particular problem. Frees associated memory.

14.3 Class partitionModel

A partition model intended for libpll.

14.3.1 Methods

__init___(self, ali)

 $\mathbf{getFileName}(\mathit{self})$

Get the file name of the model file.

createSimpleModel(self, protein, pmodel='WAG')

Establish a simple model (e.g., one type).

 ${\bf createModel}(\mathit{self}, \mathit{models}, \mathit{partnames}, \mathit{ranges})$

Establish a more complex model.

 $\mathbf{close}(\mathit{self})$

Delete file.

15 Module pylogeny.rearrangement

Phylogenetic tree structure encapsulation; allow rearrangement of said structure. Tree rearrangements inducing other topologies include Nearest Neighbor Interchange (NNI), Subtree Pruning and Regrafting (SPR), and Tree Bisection and Reconstruction (TBR). Each of these describe a transfer of one node in phylogenetic trees from one parent of a tree to a new parent. Respectively, these operators describe transformations that are subsets of those possible by the successive operator. For example, an NNI operator can perform transformations that are a subset of the transformations possible by the SPR operator.

15.1 Functions

| dup(topo, where=None) | |
|-----------------------|--|
|-----------------------|--|

15.2 Variables

| Name | Description |
|----------|-------------------|
| TYPE_NNI | Value: 2 |
| TYPE_SPR | Value: 1 |
| TYPE_TBR | Value: 3 |
| package | Value: 'pylogeny' |

15.3 Class RearrangementError

```
object —
exceptions.BaseException —
exceptions.Exception —
pylogeny.rearrangement.RearrangementError
```

15.3.1 Methods

```
___init___(self, val)
x.___init___(...) initializes x; see help(type(x)) for signature
Overrides: object.___init___ extit(inherited documentation)
```

| Γ. | str(self) |
|---------------------|--|
| | $\operatorname{str}(\mathbf{x})$ |
| | Overrides: objectstr extit(inherited documentation) |
| $\stackrel{	d}{n}e$ | rited from exceptions.Exception |
| | new() |
| | $rited\ from\ exceptions. Base Exception$ |
| _ | delattr(),getattribute(),getitem(),getslice(),re-luce(),repr(),setattr(),setstate(),unicode() |
| he | rited from object |
| - | $\underline{\hspace{1cm}} format \underline{\hspace{1cm}} (), \underline{\hspace{1cm}} hash \underline{\hspace{1cm}} (), \underline{\hspace{1cm}} reduce \underline{\hspace{1cm}} ex \underline{\hspace{1cm}} (), \underline{\hspace{1cm}} size of \underline{\hspace{1cm}} (), \underline{\hspace{1cm}} subclass hoo$ |
| 3.2 | Properties |
| | Name Description |
| | Inherited from exceptions.BaseException |
| | args, message |
| | Inherited from object |
| L | class |
| | Class rearrangement osulates a single rearrangement move of type SPR, NNI, Methods |
| [: | init(self, struct, type, targ, dest) |
| - 1 | Initialize by providing a pointer to a base topology, a target branch to be moved, and its destination. |
| [| $\mathbf{getType}(\mathit{self})$ |
| | Get the type of movement. |
| Г | DIDIE (10) |
| 1.3 | ssnni(self) |

| is SPR(self) |
|---|
| |
| $isTBR(\mathit{self})$ |
| |
| to Topology(self) |
| Commit the actual move and return the topology. |
| |
| toNewick(self) |
| Commit the move but do not create a new structure. Only retrieve resultant Newick string; will be more efficient. |
| |
| toTree(self) |
| Commit the move and transform to tree object. |
| |
| doMove(self) |
| |
| str(self) |
| |

15.5 Class topology

```
object —
_abcoll.Container —
pylogeny.base.treeStructure —
pylogeny.rearrangement.topology
```

Encapsulate a tree topology, wrapping the newick tree structure. Is immutable.

15.5.1 Methods

| $\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \texttt{init}\underline{\hspace{1cm}} (\textit{self}, \; t = \texttt{None}, \; \textit{rerootToLeaf} = \texttt{True}, \; \textit{toLeaf} = \texttt{None})$ |
|--|
| Initialize structure with a top-level internal node OR nothing. |
| Overrides: objectinit |

rerootToLeaf(self, toleaf=None)

PRIVATE: Reroots the given tree structure such that it is rooted nearest the lowest-order leaf.

getBranches(self)

getLeaves(self)

getBipartitions(self)

Get all bipartitions.

getStrBipartitionFromBranch(self, br)

Given a branch, return corresponding bipartition.

getBranchFromStrBipartition(self, bip)

Given a bipartition of taxa, return a branch that creates that partition of tree taxa.

getBranchFromBipartition(self, bip)

Given a bipartition object, return a branch that creates that partition of taxa.

lockBranch(self, branch)

Given a branch, lock it such that no transitions can ever occur across it.

move(self, branch, destination, returnStruct=True)

Move a branch and attach to a destination branch. Return new structure, or return merely the resultant Newick string.

SPR(self, branch, destination)

Perform an SPR move of a branch to a destination branch, creating a new node there. Returns a rearrangement structure (not the actual new structure) that can then be polled for the actual move; this is in order to save memory.

NNI(self, branch, destination)

Perform an NNI move of a branch to a destination, only if that destination branch is a parent's parent or a parent's sibling. Returns a rearrangement structure (not the actual new structure) that can then be polled for the actual move; this is in order to save memory.

iterSPRForBranch(self, br, flip=True)

Consider all valid SPR moves for a given branch in the topology and yield all possible rearrangements as a generator.

allSPRForBranch(self, br, flip=True)

Consider all valid SPR moves for a given branch in the topology and return all possible rearrangements.

$\mathbf{allSPR}(self)$

Consider all valid SPR moves for a given topology and return all possible rearrangements.

iterNNIForBranch(self, br, flip=True)

Consider all valid NNI moves for a given branch in the topology and and yield all possible rearrangements as a generator.

allNNIForBranch(self, br, flip=True)

Consider all valid NNI moves for a given branch in the topology and return all possible rearrangements.

$\mathbf{allNNI}(self)$

Consider all valid NNI moves for a given topology and return all possible rearrangements.

allType(self, type=1)

Consider all valid moves of a given rearrangement operator for a given topology. Uses a given rearrangement operator type defined in this module. For example, calling this function by providing TYPE_NNI as the type will iterate over all NNI operations. By default, the type is TYPE_SPR.

iterTypeForBranch(self, br, type=1, flip=True)

Iterate over all possible rearrangements for a branch using a given rearrangement operator type defined in this module. For example, calling this function by providing TYPE_NNI as the type will iterate over all NNI operations. By default, the type is TYPE_SPR.

fromNewick(self, newickstr)

Alias for parse().

| $\mathbf{parse}(\mathit{self},$ | newickstr) |
|---------------------------------|------------|
|---------------------------------|------------|

Parse a newick string and assign the tree to this object. Cannot already be initialized with a tree.

toNewick(self)

Return the newick string of the tree.

toUnrootedNewick(self)

Return the newick string of the tree as an unrooted topology with a multifurcating top-level node.

toTree(self)

Return the tree object for this topology.

toUnrootedTree(self)

Return the tree object of the unrooted version of this topology.

| ${f str}$ | (self) |
|-----------|--------|
| | |

Return the newick string of the tree.

Overrides: object.__str__

$Inherited\ from\ pylogeny.base.treeStructure(Section\ 5.3)$

__contains__(), getAllLeaves(), getAllNodes(), getPostOrderTraversal(), getRoot(), leaves(), nodes(), postOrderTraversal()

$Inherited\ from\ _abcoll. Container$

__subclasshook___()

Inherited from object

| delattr_ | (), | $_$ tormat $_$ | (), _ | $	extstyle _{	extstyle }$ get | tattribu | ıte(|),hash | (), _ | new_ | (): |
|--------------------|--------|------------------|-------|-------------------------------|----------|--------|-------------------|-------|---------|-----|
| $__$ reduce $_$ | _(), _ | _reduce_ | _ex | .(), | _repr | _(), _ | $_$ setattr $_$ | _(), | _sizeof | () |

15.5.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

15.5.3 Class Variables

| Name | Description |
|--|-------------|
| Inherited from pylogeny.base.treeStructure (Section 5.3) | |
| abstractmethods, root | |

16 Module pylogeny.scoring

Functions for phylogenetic tree goodness-of-fit scoring.

16.1 Functions

beaglegetLogLikelihood(tree, alignment)

Acquire log-likelihood via C++ library BEAGLE via use of pybeaglethon wrapper library. Currently uses HKY85 model.

:param tree: A tree object. :type tree: :class: 'tree.tree' :param alignment: An alignment object. :type alignment: :class: 'alignment.alignment' :returns: A floating point value.

getLogLikelihood(tree, alignment, updateBranchLengths=True)

Acquire log-likelihood via C library libpll.

:param tree: A tree object. :type tree: :class: 'tree.tree' :param alignment: An alignment object. :type alignment: :class: 'alignment.phylipFriendlyAlignment' :param updateBranchLengths: Whether or not to update the branch lengths in the provided tree with optimized ones. :returns: A floating point value.

getParsimony(newick, alignment)

Acquire parsimony via a C++ implementation.

:param newick: A New Hampshire (Newick) tree string. :param alignment: An alignment object. :type alignment: :class: 'alignment.alignment' :returns: An integer value.

getParsimonyForTopology(topo, alignment)

Acquire parsimony via a C++ implementation.

:param topo: A topology object. :type topo: :class: 'rearrangement.topology' :param alignment: An alignment object. :type alignment: :class: 'alignment.alignment' :returns: An integer value.

getParsimonyFromProfiles(newick, profiles)

Acquire parsimony via a C++ implementation.

:param newick: A New Hampshire (Newick) tree string. :param profiles: A set of profiles corresponding to an alignment. :type profiles: :class: 'parsimony.profile_set' :returns: An integer value.

getParsimonyFromProfilesForTopology(topology, profiles)

Acquire parsimony via a C++ implementation.

:param topo: A topology object. :type topo: :class: 'rearrangement.topology' :param profiles: A set of profiles corresponding to an alignment. :type profiles: :class: 'parsimony.profile_set' :returns: An integer value.

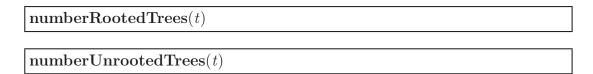
16.2 Variables

| Name | Description | |
|---------|-------------------|--|
| package | Value: 'pylogeny' | |

17 Module pylogeny.tree

Container definition for (phylogenetic) bifurcating or multifurcating trees defined using Newick strings, collections of them, and for splits of these trees.

17.1 Functions



17.2 Variables

| Name | Description |
|---------|-------------------|
| package | Value: 'pylogeny' |

17.3 Class tree

object — pylogeny.tree.tree

Defines a single (phylogenetic) tree by newick string; can possess other metadata.

17.3.1 Methods

____init____(self, newi='', check=False, structure=None)

If enabled, "check" will force the structure to reroot the given Newick string tree to a lowest-order leaf in order to ensure a consistent Newick string among any duplicate topologies. If a structure is provided and check is disabled, all parsing routines are bypassed and the Newick and Structure fields of this tree are overriden by the appropriate arguments.

Overrides: object.___init___

 $\mathbf{getName}(self)$

 $\mathbf{setName}(self, n)$

getScore(self)

setScore(self, s)

getOrigin(self)

setOrigin(self, o)

Set the "origin" or specification of where this tree was acquired or constructed from; a string.

getNewick(self)

toNewick(self)

updateNewick(self, n, reroot=False)

Update the contained Newick string only as long as the structure obtained (after rerooting, which is an optional parameter) is identical to the contained structure.

getStructure(self)

Returns the tree's "structure", a Newick string without any branch lengths.

getRerootedNoBranchLengthNewick(self)

See getStructure().

getSimpleNewick(self)

Return a Newick string with all taxa name replaced with successive integers.

toTopology(self)

Return a rearrangement.topology instance for this tree to allow for rearrangement of the actual structure of the tree.

 $_{\mathbf{eq}}(self, o)$

__ne___(self, o)

```
str___(self)
str(x)
Overrides: object.__str__ extit(inherited documentation)
```

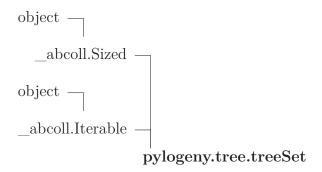
Inherited from object

```
___delattr__(), __format__(), __getattribute__(), __hash__(), __new__(), __reduce__(), __reduce_ex__(), __repr__(), __setattr__(), __sizeof__(), __subclasshook__()
```

17.3.2 Properties

| Name | Description | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| Inherited from object | | | | | |
| class | | | | | |

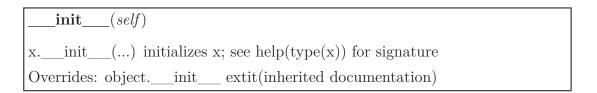
17.4 Class treeSet



Known Subclasses: pylogeny.landscape.landscape

Represents an ordered, disorganized collection of trees that do not necessarily comprise a combinatorial space.

17.4.1 Methods



addTree(self, tr)

Add a tree object to the collection.

addTreeByNewick(self, newick)

Add a tree to the structure by Newick string.

removeTree(self, tr)

Remove a tree object from the collection if present.

indexOf(self, tr)

Acquire the index in this collection of a tree object. Returns -1 if not found.

$\underline{\underline{}}$ getitem $\underline{\underline{}}$ (self, i)

 $\underline{}$ setitem $\underline{}$ (self, i, o)

 $\underline{}$ len $\underline{}$ (self)

Overrides: _abcoll.Sized.__len__

iter (self)

Overrides: _abcoll.Iterable.__iter__

iterTrees(self)

Iterate over all trees found in this set.

toTreeFile(self, fout)

Output this landscape as a series of trees, separated by newlines, as a text file saved at the given path.

fromTreeFile(fin)

Acquire a file where newlines separate Newick strings, and create an instance of treeSet from those trees.

 $_$ str $_$ (self)

str(x)

Overrides: object. str extit(inherited documentation)

Inherited from __abcoll.Sized __subclasshook___() Inherited from object __delattr___(), __format___(), __getattribute___(), __hash___(), __new___(), __reduce___(), __reduce_ex___(), __repr___(), __setattr___(), __sizeof___()

17.4.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

17.4.3 Class Variables

| Name | Description | |
|-----------------|----------------------|--|
| abstractmethods | Value: frozenset([]) | |

17.5 Class bipartition

object pylogeny.tree.bipartition

A tree bipartition. Requires a tree topology. Using the term borrowed from nomenclature of a bipartite graph, a bipartition for a phylogenetic tree coincides with the definition of two disjoint sets U and V . A branch in a phylogenetic tree defines a single bipartition that divides the tree into two disjoint sets U and V . The set U comprises all of the children leaf of the subtree associated with that branch. The set V contains the rest of the leaves or taxa in the tree.

17.5.1 Methods

__init___(self, topol, bra=None)

Construct a bipartition from a branch in a topology.

:param topol: A topology. :type topol: :class: 'rearrangement.topology' :param bra: An optional argument; can still acquire a bipartition from a string. :type bra: :class: 'newick.branch'

Overrides: object.___init___

 $__$ hash $___(self)$

hash(x)

Overrides: object.__hash__ extit(inherited documentation)

___eq___(self, o)

___ne___(self, o)

fromStringRepresentation(self, st)

Acquire all component elements from a string representation of a bipartition.

:param st: A string representation from a :class:'.bipartition' object.

getBranch(self)

Get branch corresponding to this bipartition.

:returns: :class:'newick.branch'

getBranchIndex(self)

Return an index of the branch with respect to a post order traversal of the topology.

getStringRepresentation(self)

Get the string representation corresponding to this bipartition.

getShortStringRepresentation(self)

Get the shorter string representation corresponding to this bipartition.

getShortStringMappings(self)

Get the mapping of symbols from taxa names for the shorter string representation.

getBranchListRepresentation(self)

Get the tuple of lists of branches that represent this bipartition.

getSPRRearrangements(self)

Return the set of all scores related to this bipartition.

getSPRScores(self, ls, node=None)

Given a landscape, return all possible scores, not actively performing scoring if not done.

${\bf getMedianSPRScore}(\mathit{self}, \mathit{ls}, \mathit{node}{=} \mathtt{None})$

Given a landscape, return the median SPR score.

getBestSPRScore(self, ls, node=None)

Given a landscape, return the best SPR score.

$Inherited\ from\ object$

| delattr_ | (), | for | rmat | _(), | _getattrib | ute | _(),nev | v(), | re | educe_ | (), |
|------------------|-----|------|--------|-------|---------------------|-------|---------|------|------|--------|-------|
| reduce_ | _ex | _(), | _repr_ | (), _ | $__$ setattr $_$ | (), _ | sizeof | _(), | _str | _(), _ | _sub- |
| $classhook_{_}$ | () | | | | | | | | | | |

17.5.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Inherited from object | |
| class | |

Index

| pylogeny (package), 2–3 | pylogeny.executable.raxml (class), 38– | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| pylogenyversion (module), 5 | 39 | | | | |
| pylogeny.alignment (module), 6–10 | pylogeny.executable.rspr (class), 39–41 | | | | |
| pylogeny.alignment.alignment (class), 6- | pylogeny.executable.treepuzzle (class), 35– | | | | |
| 8 | 36 | | | | |
| pylogeny.alignment.phylipFriendlyAlignment | pylogeny.heuristic (module), 42–49 | | | | |
| (class), 8-10 | pylogeny.heuristic.heuristic (class), 42- | | | | |
| pylogeny.base (module), 11–20 | 43 | | | | |
| pylogeny.base.longest_common_substring (function), 11 | pylogeny.heuristic.likelihoodGreedy (class), 45–46 | | | | |
| pylogeny.base.patriciaTree (class), 18–20 | pylogeny.heuristic.parsimonyGreedy (class), 44–45 | | | | |
| pylogeny.base.treeBranch (class), 14–15 pylogeny.base.treeNode (class), 12–14 | pylogeny.heuristic.phylogeneticLinearHeuristic (class), 43–44 | | | | |
| pylogeny.base.treeStructure (class), 11– 12 | pylogeny.heuristic.RAxMLIdentify (class), 47–49 | | | | |
| pylogeny.base.trie (class), 16–18 pylogeny.base.trieNode (class), 15–16 | pylogeny.heuristic.smoothGreedy (class), 46–47 | | | | |
| | pylogeny.JSONWriter (module), 3–4 | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| pylogeny.database.database (class), 27– 29 | pylogeny.JSONWriter.JSONWriter (class), 3–4 | | | | |
| pylogeny. database. Database Landscape $(class$ | pylogeny.landscape (module), 50–61 | | | | |
| 21-22 | pylogeny.landscape.graph (class), 50–53 | | | | |
| pylogeny.database.SQLDatabase (class), 29–31 | pylogeny.landscape.landscape (class), 53–58 | | | | |
| pylogeny.database.SQLExhaustiveLandscape (class), 22–25 | e pylogeny.landscape.vertex (class), 58–61 | | | | |
| pylogeny.database.SQLiteDatabase (class), 31–32 | pylogeny.landscapeWriter (module), 62–63 | | | | |
| pylogeny.database.SQLiteLandscape $(class)$, $25-27$ | pylogeny.landscapeWriter.landscapeParser (class), 63 | | | | |
| pylogeny.executable (module), 33–41 pylogeny.executable.aTemporaryDirectory | pylogeny.landscapeWriter.landscapeWriter (class), 62–63 | | | | |
| (class), 33–34 | pylogeny.model (module), 64–66 | | | | |
| pylogeny.executable.consel (class), 36–37 | pylogeny.model.DiscreteStateModel (class), 65–66 | | | | |
| pylogeny.executable.executable (class), 34–35 | pylogeny.model.PhyloModelError (class), 64–65 | | | | |
| | pylogeny.newick (module), 67–71 | | | | |
| 33 | pylogeny.newick.assignParents (function), | | | | |
| pylogeny.executable.fasttree (class), 37- | 67 | | | | |
| 38 | pylogeny. newick. branch $(class),7071$ | | | | |

<u>INDEX</u>

| tion), 67 pylogeny.newick.getBalancingBracket (function), 67 pylogeny.newick.getBranchLength (function), 67 pylogeny.newick.getLeafName (function), 68 pylogeny.newick.invertAlongPathToNode (function), 67 pylogeny.newick.isSibling (function), 67 pylogeny.newick.newickParser (class), 71 pylogeny.newick.node (class), 69–70 | pylogeny.scoring (module), 83–84 pylogeny.scoring.beaglegetLogLikelihood (function), 83 pylogeny.scoring.getLogLikelihood (function), 83 pylogeny.scoring.getParsimony (function), 83 pylogeny.scoring.getParsimonyForTopology (function), 83 pylogeny.scoring.getParsimonyFromProfiles (function), 83 pylogeny.scoring.getParsimonyFromProfilesForTopolo (function), 84 pylogeny.tree (module), 85–91 pylogeny.tree.bipartition (class), 89–91 pylogeny.tree.numberRootedTrees (function), 85 pylogeny.tree.numberUnrootedTrees (function), 85 pylogeny.tree.tree (class), 85–87 pylogeny.tree.tree (class), 87–89 |
|---|---|
| pylogeny.pll.partitionModel (class), 74– | |
| pylogeny.rearrangement (module), 76–82 pylogeny.rearrangement.dup (function), 76 | |
| pylogeny.rearrangement.rearrangement (class) 77–78 |), |
| pylogeny.rearrangement.RearrangementError $(class)$, 76–77 | |
| pylogeny.rearrangement.topology (class), 78–82 | |