

Pylogeny

API Documentation

November 13, 2014

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1 Package *pylogeny*

Pylogeny is a Python library and code framework for phylogenetic tree reconstruction and scoring in the larger frame of a combinatorial space.

Allows one to perform the following tasks: (1) Generate and manage phylogenetic tree landscapes. (2) Build and rearrange phylogenetic trees using preset operators such as NNI, SPR, and TBR. (3) Score phylogenetic trees by Log-likelihood and Parsimony.

Dependencies: Numpy, NetworkX, Pandas, P4 Phylogenetic Library, libpll. Suggested: FastTree, RAxML, PytBEAGLEhon.

1.1 Modules

- **JSONWriter**: Serialize a phylogenetic landscape into a JSON object.
(Section 2, p. 3)
- **alignment**: Handle input biological sequence alignment files for the purposes of phylogenetic inference.
(Section 3, p. 5)
- **bipartition**: Using the term borrowed from nomenclature of a bipartite graph, a bipartition for a phylogenetic tree coincides with the definition of two disjoint sets U and V .
(Section 4, p. 9)
- **executable**: Defines an interface to manage interfacing with the system for respective application calls and implements multiple of these for executables such as FastTree and RAxML.
(Section 5, p. 12)
- **heuristic**: Define the interface for a heuristic in order to implement any manner of heuristic for a combinatorial problem that can be abstracted into a state graph.
(Section 6, p. 19)
- **landscape**: Encapsulate a phylogenetic tree space.
(Section 7, p. 27)
- **landscapeWriter**: Serialize a phylogenetic landscape into a Python-readable file (Pickle).
(Section 8, p. 37)
- **model**: Phylogenetic tree scoring models; intended to be coupled with the use of *pytbeaglehon* (BEAGLE) high-performance library.
(Section 9, p. 39)
- **newick**: Newick string parsing and object interaction.
(Section 10, p. 42)
- **parsimony**: Toolkit for performance of Parsimonious Criterion (Parsimony) methods of optimization of a phylogenetic topology with a particular set of data.
(Section 11, p. 47)
- **pll**: C Extension to wrap libpll library.
(Section 12, p. 49)
- **rearrangement**: Phylogenetic tree structure encapsulation; allow rearrangement of said structure.
(Section 13, p. 51)
- **scoring**: Phylogenetic tree scoring.
(Section 14, p. 57)
- **tree**: Container definition for (phylogenetic) bifurcating or multifurcating trees defined using Newick strings.
(Section 15, p. 59)

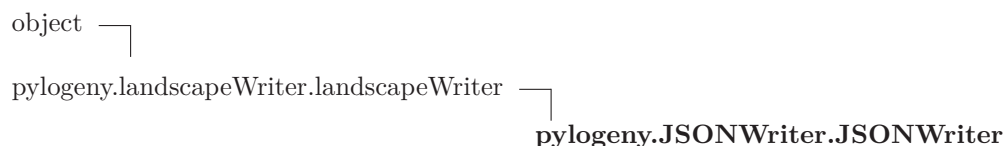
2 Module *pylogeny.JSONWriter*

Serialize a phylogenetic landscape into a JSON object.

2.1 Variables

| Name | Description |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| <code>__package__</code> | Value: 'pylogeny' |

2.2 Class *JSONWriter*



2.2.1 Methods

`__init__(self, ls, name)`

x.`__init__`(...) initializes x; see `help(type(x))` for signature

Overrides: `object.__init__` `exitit`(inherited documentation)

`nodeToJSON(self, node)`

`getOnlyImprovements(self, groups=None)`

`getCompleteLandscape(self)`

`getJSON(self)`

Inherited from `pylogeny.landscapeWriter.landscapeWriter` (Section 8.2)

`writeFile()`

Inherited from `object`

`__delattr__()`, `__format__()`, `__getattr__()`, `__hash__()`, `__new__()`,
`__reduce__()`, `__reduce_ex__()`, `__repr__()`, `__setattr__()`, `__sizeof__()`,
`__str__()`, `__subclasshook__()`

2.2.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|---|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from object</i> __class__ | |

3 Module *pylogeny.alignment*

Handle input biological sequence alignment files for the purposes of phylogenetic inference. Will read all types of alignment files by utilizing the P4 python phylogenetic library.

3.1 Variables

| Name | Description |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| <code>__package__</code> | Value: 'pylogeny' |

3.2 Class alignment

object └─
 pylogeny.alignment.alignment

Known Subclasses: *pylogeny.alignment.phylypFriendlyAlignment*

Wrap a biological sequence alignment to enable functionality necessary for phylogenetic inference. Makes use of temporary files; requires to be closed once no longer needed.

3.2.1 Methods

| |
|---|
| <code>__init__</code> (<i>self</i> , <i>inal</i>) |
| Instantiate an object intended to wrap an alignment for the purposes of running phylogenetic inference. Overrides: object. <code>__init__</code> |
| <code>__getitem__</code> (<i>self</i> , <i>i</i>) |
| <code>__str__</code> (<i>self</i>) <code>str(x)</code> Overrides: object. <code>__str__</code> extit(inherited documentation) |
| <code>__len__</code> (<i>self</i>) |

close(*self*)

Delete FASTA temporary file, other temporary files.

toStrList(*self*)

Get all sequences as a list of strings.

getStateModel(*self*)**getSize**(*self*)

Return the size of the alignment, or how many characters there are in each respective item in the alignment.

getNumSeqs(*self*)

Return the number of sequences that are present in the sequence alignment.

getDim(*self*)

Return the dimensionality of the sequence alignment (how many different types of characters).

getSequence(*self*, *i*)

Acquire the *i*th sequence.

getFASTA(*self*)

Get (and create if not already) a path to a temporary FASTA file. This will be deleted upon closure of the alignment instance.

getApproxMLNewick(*self*)

Get a tree in newick format via use of FastTree that serves as an approximation of the maximum likelihood tree for this data.

getApproxMLTree(*self*)

Get a tree object for an approximation of the maximum likelihood tree for this data using FastTree.

getTaxa(*self*)

Return taxa names.

| |
|-------------------------------------|
| getAlignment (<i>self</i>) |
|-------------------------------------|

| |
|---|
| Acquire the alignment data structure (P4 module). |
|---|

| |
|----------------------------------|
| bootstrap (<i>self</i>) |
|----------------------------------|

| |
|--|
| Perform bootstrapping on the alignment data. |
|--|

Inherited from object

```
__delattr__(), __format__(), __getattr__(), __hash__(), __new__(),
__reduce__(), __reduce_ex__(), __repr__(), __setattr__(), __sizeof__(),
__subclasshook__()
```

3.2.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|------------------------------|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from object</i> | |
| <code>__class__</code> | |

3.3 Class *phylipFriendlyAlignment*



An alignment object that renames all comprising taxa in order to be able to be written as a Phylip file.

3.3.1 Methods

| |
|---|
| __init__ (<i>self</i> , <i>inal</i>) |
|---|

| |
|---|
| Instantiate an object intended to wrap an alignment for the purposes of running phylogenetic inference. |
|---|

| |
|---|
| Overrides: <code>object.__init__</code> <code>exitit</code> (inherited documentation) |
|---|

| |
|----------------------------------|
| getPhylip (<i>self</i>) |
|----------------------------------|

| |
|---|
| Get a path to a temporary Phylip file. This will be deleted upon closure of the alignment instance. |
|---|

| |
|--|
| writeProperNexus (<i>self</i> , <i>wri</i>) |
|--|

| |
|---------------------------------------|
| Write a Nexus file with proper names. |
|---------------------------------------|

| |
|--|
| reassignFromReinterpretedNewick (<i>self</i> , <i>tr</i>) |
|--|

| |
|--|
| Replace all proper names with reassigned names in a Newick tree. |
|--|

| |
|--|
| reinterpretNewick (<i>self</i> , <i>tr</i>) |
|--|

| |
|---|
| Replaces all reassigned names to proper names in a Newick tree. |
|---|

| |
|---|
| getProperName (<i>self</i> , <i>n</i>) |
|---|

| |
|--|
| Return the actual name for an integer-based sequence name that was reassigned at initialization. |
|--|

| |
|--------------------------------|
| getTaxa (<i>self</i>) |
|--------------------------------|

| |
|---|
| Return current taxa names in the alignment. |
|---|

| |
|--|
| Overrides: <code>pylogeny.alignment.alignment.getTaxa</code> |
|--|

| |
|---------------------------------------|
| recreateObject (<i>self</i>) |
|---------------------------------------|

| |
|--------------------------|
| Reintializes the object. |
|--------------------------|

Inherited from `pylogeny.alignment.alignment` (Section 3.2)

`__getitem__()`, `__len__()`, `__str__()`, `bootstrap()`, `close()`, `getAlignment()`, `getApproxMLNewick()`, `getApproxMLTree()`, `getDim()`, `getFASTA()`, `getNumSeqs()`, `getSequence()`, `getSize()`, `getStateModel()`, `toStrList()`

Inherited from `object`

`__delattr__()`, `__format__()`, `__getattr__()`, `__hash__()`, `__new__()`, `__reduce__()`, `__reduce_ex__()`, `__repr__()`, `__setattr__()`, `__sizeof__()`, `__subclasshook__()`

3.3.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|---|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from <code>object</code></i> | |
| <code>__class__</code> | |

4 Module pylogeny.bipartition

Using the term borrowed from nomenclature of a bipartite graph, a bipartition for a phylogenetic tree coincides with the definition of two disjoint sets U and V . A branch in a phylogenetic tree defines a single bipartition that divides the tree into two disjoint sets U and V . The set U comprises all of the children leaf of the subtree associated with that branch. The set V contains the rest of the leaves or taxa in the tree. This package handle operations involving the representation of tree bipartitions.

4.1 Variables

| Name | Description |
|--------------------------|-------------------|
| <code>__package__</code> | Value: 'pylogeny' |

4.2 Class bipartition

object  **pylogeny.bipartition.bipartition**

A tree bipartition. Requires a tree topology.

4.2.1 Methods

```
__init__(self, topol, bra=None)
```

x.`__init__`(...) initializes x; see `help(type(x))` for signature

Overrides: object.`__init__` extit(inherited documentation)

```
__hash__(self)
```

hash(x)

Overrides: object.`__hash__` extit(inherited documentation)

```
__eq__(self, o)
```

```
__ne__(self, o)
```

fromStringRepresentation(*self*, *st*)

Acquire all component elements from a string representation of a bipartition.

getBranch(*self*)

Get branch corresponding to this bipartition.

getStringRepresentation(*self*)

Get the string representation corresponding to this bipartition.

getShortStringRepresentation(*self*)

Get the shorter string representation corresponding to this bipartition.

getShortStringMappings(*self*)

Get the mapping of symbols from taxa names for the shorter string representation.

getBranchListRepresentation(*self*)

Get the tuple of lists of branches that represent this bipartition.

getSPRRearrangements(*self*)

Return the set of all scores related to this bipartition.

getSPRScores(*self*, *ls*, *node=None*)

Given a landscape, return all possible scores, not actively performing scoring if not done.

getMedianSPRScore(*self*, *ls*, *node=None*)

Given a landscape, return the median SPR score.

getBestSPRScore(*self*, *ls*, *node=None*)

Given a landscape, return the best SPR score.

Inherited from object

`__delattr__()`, `__format__()`, `__getattr__()`, `__new__()`, `__reduce__()`,
`__reduce_ex__()`, `__repr__()`, `__setattr__()`, `__sizeof__()`, `__str__()`, `__subclasshook__()`

4.2.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|--|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from object</i> <code>__class__</code> | |

5 Module *pylogeny.executable*

Defines an interface to manage interfacing with the system for respective application calls and implements multiple of these for executables such as FastTree and RAxML.

5.1 Functions

| |
|------------------------------------|
| <code>exeExists(<i>cmd</i>)</code> |
|------------------------------------|

5.2 Variables

| Name | Description |
|-------------|--------------------------|
| E_FASTTREE | Value: 'fasttree' |
| E_RAXML | Value: 'raxmlHPC' |
| E_TREPUZZ | Value: 'puzzle' |
| __package__ | Value: 'pylogeny' |

5.3 Class *aTemporaryDirectory*

object — **pylogeny.executable.aTemporaryDirectory**

A class intended to be used as a context manager that allows Python to run in another directory temporarily.

5.3.1 Methods

| |
|---|
| <code>__init__(<i>self</i>, <i>dir</i>=None)</code> |
| <code>x.__init__(...)</code> initializes x; see help(type(x)) for signature |
| Overrides: object.__init__ extit(inherited documentation) |

| |
|-------------------------------------|
| <code>__enter__(<i>self</i>)</code> |
|-------------------------------------|

| |
|--|
| <code>__exit__(<i>self</i>, *<i>args</i>)</code> |
|--|

Inherited from object

```
__delattr__(), __format__(), __getattr__(), __hash__(), __new__(),
__reduce__(), __reduce_ex__(), __repr__(), __setattr__(), __sizeof__(),
__str__(), __subclasshook__()
```

5.3.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|------------------------------|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from object</i> | |
| __class__ | |

5.4 Class executable

```
object └─ pylogeny.executable.executable
```

Known Subclasses: pylogeny.executable.consel, pylogeny.executable.fasttree, pylogeny.executable.raxml, pylogeny.executable.treepuzzle

An interface for the instantiation and running of a single instance for a given application.

5.4.1 Methods

| |
|--|
| getInstructionString(<i>self</i>) |
| run(<i>self</i>) |
| Perform a run of this application. |

Inherited from object

```
__delattr__(), __format__(), __getattr__(), __hash__(), __init__(),
__new__(), __reduce__(), __reduce_ex__(), __repr__(), __setattr__(),
__sizeof__(), __str__(), __subclasshook__()
```

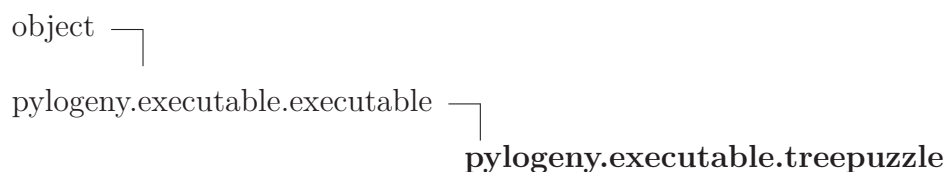
5.4.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|------------------------------|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from object</i> | |
| __class__ | |

5.4.3 Class Variables

| Name | Description |
|---------------------|--|
| exeName | Value: None |
| __abstractmethods__ | Value: frozenset(['getInstructionString']) |

5.5 Class treepuzzle



Wrap TREE-PUZZLE in order to create an intermediate file for CONSEL to read and assign confidence to a set of trees. Requires TREE-PUZZLE to be installed.

5.5.1 Methods

__init__(*self*, *ali*, *treefile*)

x.**__init__**(...) initializes x; see help(type(x)) for signature

Overrides: object.**__init__** extit(inherited documentation)

getInstructionString(*self*)

Overrides: pylogeny.executable.executable.getInstructionString

getSiteLikelihoodFile(*self*)

Inherited from pylogeny.executable.executable(Section 5.4)

run()

Inherited from object

__delattr__(), **__format__**(), **__getattr__**(), **__hash__**(), **__new__**(),
__reduce__(), **__reduce_ex__**(), **__repr__**(), **__setattr__**(), **__sizeof__**(),
__str__(), **__subclasshook__**()

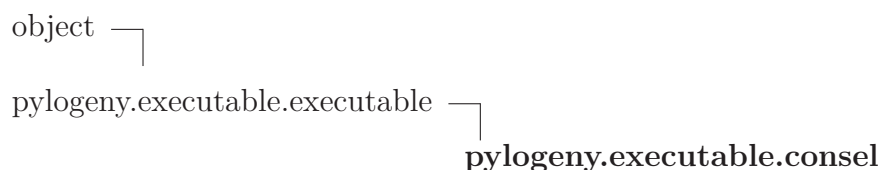
5.5.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|------------------------------|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from object</i> | |
| <code>__class__</code> | |

5.5.3 Class Variables

| Name | Description |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <code>exeName</code> | Value: 'puzzle' |
| <code>__abstractmethods__</code> | Value: frozenset([]) |

5.6 Class *consel*



Denotes a single run of the CONSEL workflow in order to acquire a confidence interval and perform an AU test on a set of trees. Requires CONSEL to be installed.

5.6.1 Methods

| |
|--|
| <code>__init__(self, treeset, alignment, name)</code> |
| x. <code>__init__</code> (...) initializes x; see <code>help(type(x))</code> for signature |
| Overrides: <code>object.__init__</code> <code>extit</code> (inherited documentation) |
| <code>getInstructionString(self)</code> |
| Overrides: <code>pylogeny.executable.executable.getInstructionString</code> |
| <code>getInterval(self)</code> |
| Compute the AU test. Return the interval of trees. |

Inherited from pylogeny.executable.executable(Section 5.4)

`run()`

Inherited from object

`__delattr__()`, `__format__()`, `__getattr__()`, `__hash__()`, `__new__()`,

`__reduce__()`, `__reduce_ex__()`, `__repr__()`, `__setattr__()`, `__sizeof__()`,
`__str__()`, `__subclasshook__()`

5.6.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|------------------------------|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from object</i> | |
| <code>__class__</code> | |

5.6.3 Class Variables

| Name | Description |
|--|--|
| <code>__abstractmethods__</code> | Value: <code>frozenset([])</code> |
| <i>Inherited from pylogeny.executable.executable (Section 5.4)</i> | |
| <code>exeName</code> | |

5.7 Class *fasttree*

object └─

pylogeny.executable.executable └─
pylogeny.executable.fasttree

Denotes a single run of the FastTree executable in order to acquire an approximate maximum likelihood tree for the input alignment. See <http://www.microbesonline.org/fasttree/> for more information on FastTree. Requires FastTree to be installed.

5.7.1 Methods

| |
|--|
| <code>__init__(self, inp_align, out_file=None, isProtein=True)</code> |
| x. <code>__init__</code> (...) initializes x; see <code>help(type(x))</code> for signature |
| Overrides: object. <code>__init__</code> <code>exitit</code> (inherited documentation) |
| <code>getInstructionString(self)</code> |
| Overrides: <code>pylogeny.executable.executable.getInstructionString</code> |

Inherited from pylogeny.executable.executable (Section 5.4)

`run()`

Inherited from object

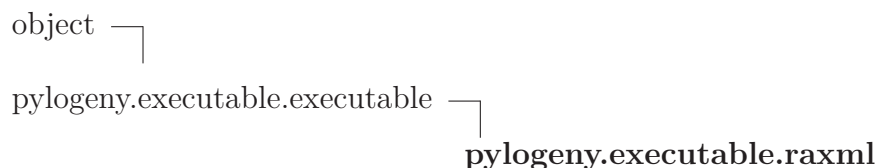
```
__delattr__(), __format__(), __getattr__(), __hash__(), __new__(),
__reduce__(), __reduce_ex__(), __repr__(), __setattr__(), __sizeof__(),
__str__(), __subclasshook__()
```

5.7.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|------------------------------|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from object</i> | |
| <code>__class__</code> | |

5.7.3 Class Variables

| Name | Description |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <code>exeName</code> | Value: 'fasttree' |
| <code>__abstractmethods__</code> | Value: frozenset([]) |

5.8 Class raxml

Denotes a single run of the RAxML executable. See <http://sco.h-its.org/exelixis/software.html> for more information on RAxML. Requires RAxML to be installed.

5.8.1 Methods

| |
|---|
| <code>__init__</code> (<i>self</i> , <i>inp_align</i> , <i>out_file</i> , <i>model=None</i> , <i>is_Protein=True</i> , <i>interTrees=False</i> , <i>alg=None</i> , <i>startingTree=None</i> , <i>rapid=False</i> , <i>slow=False</i> , <i>optimizeBootstrap=False</i> , <i>numboot=100</i> , <i>log=None</i> , <i>wdir=None</i>) <i>x</i> . <code>__init__</code> (...) initializes <i>x</i> ; see <code>help(type(x))</code> for signature Overrides: <code>object.__init__</code> <code>exitit</code> (inherited documentation) |
| <code>getInstructionString</code> (<i>self</i>) Overrides: <code>pylogeny.executable.executable.getInstructionString</code> |

| |
|---|
| runFunction (<i>self</i> , <i>alg</i>) |
|---|

Inherited from pylogeny.executable.executable(Section 5.4)

run()

Inherited from object

__delattr__(), __format__(), __getattr__(), __hash__(), __new__(),
 __reduce__(), __reduce_ex__(), __repr__(), __setattr__(), __sizeof__(),
 __str__(), __subclasshook__()

5.8.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|---|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from object</i> __class__ | |

5.8.3 Class Variables

| Name | Description |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|
| exeName | Value: 'raxmlHPC' |
| __abstractmethods__ | Value: frozenset([]) |

6 Module `pylogeny.heuristic`

Define the interface for a heuristic in order to implement any manner of heuristic for a combinatorial problem that can be abstracted into a state graph. In this case, a phylogenetic tree space.

6.1 Variables

| Name | Description |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| SMGR_MIN_NUM_LIKELIHOOD | Value: 32 |
| __package__ | Value: 'pylogeny' |

6.2 Class `heuristic`

object —
 `pylogeny.heuristic.heuristic`

Known Subclasses: `pylogeny.heuristic.phylogeneticLinearHeuristic`

A base interface for a heuristic that explores a state graph.

6.2.1 Methods

`__init__(self, G=None, start=None)`

x.`__init__`(...) initializes x; see `help(type(x))` for signature

Overrides: object.`__init__` `exitit`(inherited documentation)

`explore(self)`

`getStateGraph(self)`

`getStartState(self)`

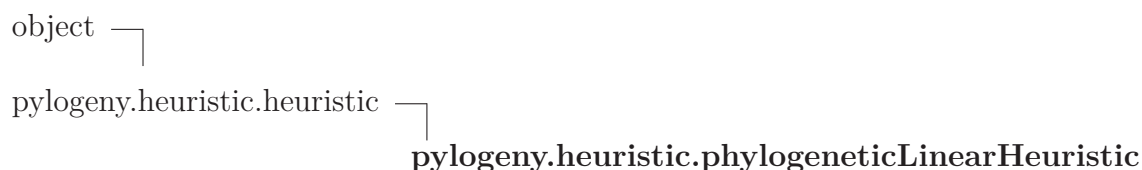
Inherited from object

`__delattr__()`, `__format__()`, `__getattr__()`, `__hash__()`, `__new__()`,
`__reduce__()`, `__reduce_ex__()`, `__repr__()`, `__setattr__()`, `__sizeof__()`,
`__str__()`, `__subclasshook__()`

6.2.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|---|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from object</i> __class__ | |

6.3 Class *phylogeneticLinearHeuristic*



Known Subclasses: *pylogeny.heuristic.RAxMLIdentify*, *pylogeny.heuristic.likelihoodGreedy*, *pylogeny.heuristic.parsimonyGreedy*, *pylogeny.heuristic.smoothGreedy*

A base class for a heuristic that works on a phylogenetic landscape and only possesses a single path (of search).

6.3.1 Methods

__init__(*self*, *ls*, *startTree*)

x.**__init__**(...) initializes *x*; see `help(type(x))` for signature

Overrides: *object*.**__init__** `exitit`(inherited documentation)

getPath(*self*)

getBestTree(*self*)

Inherited from pylogeny.heuristic.heuristic(Section 6.2)

`explore()`, `getStartState()`, `getStateGraph()`

Inherited from object

`__delattr__()`, `__format__()`, `__getattr__()`, `__hash__()`, `__new__()`,
`__reduce__()`, `__reduce_ex__()`, `__repr__()`, `__setattr__()`, `__sizeof__()`,
`__str__()`, `__subclasshook__()`

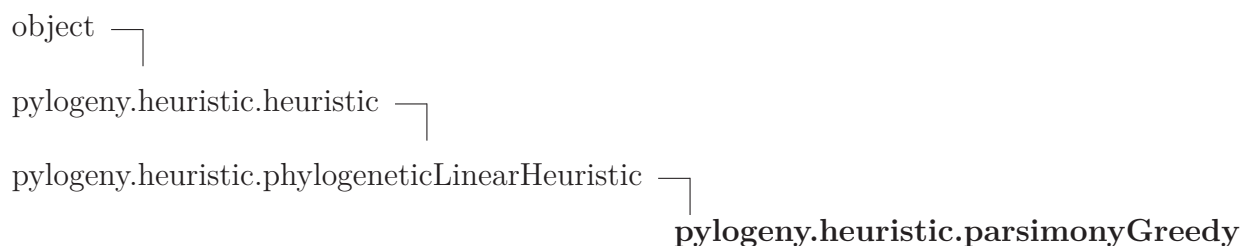
6.3.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|---|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from object</i> __class__ | |

6.3.3 Class Variables

| Name | Description |
|----------|--------------------|
| bestTree | Value: None |
| path | Value: [] |

6.4 Class *parsimonyGreedy*



Greedy (hill-climbing) landscape exploration by comparsion of parsimony.

6.4.1 Methods

| |
|---|
| __init__ (<i>self</i> , <i>ls</i> , <i>startTree</i>) |
| x. __init__ (...) initializes x; see help(type(x)) for signature |
| Overrides: object. __init__ extit(inherited documentation) |

| |
|--|
| explore (<i>self</i>) |
| Perform greedy search of the landscape using a method of greed via parsimonious criterion. |
| Overrides: pylogeny.heuristic.heuristic.explore |

Inherited from pylogeny.heuristic.phylogeneticLinearHeuristic(Section 6.3)

getBestTree(), getPath()

Inherited from pylogeny.heuristic.heuristic(Section 6.2)

getStartState(), getStateGraph()

Inherited from object

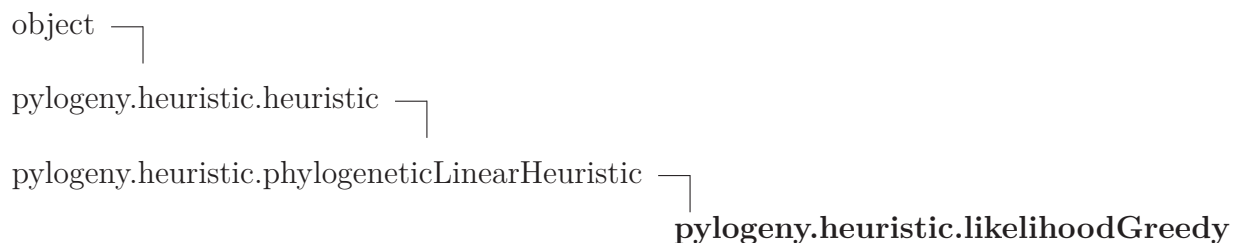
```
__delattr__(), __format__(), __getattr__(), __hash__(), __new__(),
__reduce__(), __reduce_ex__(), __repr__(), __setattr__(), __sizeof__(),
__str__(), __subclasshook__()
```

6.4.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|------------------------------|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from object</i> | |
| <code>__class__</code> | |

6.4.3 Class Variables

| Name | Description |
|---|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from <code>pylogeny.heuristic.phylogeneticLinearHeuristic</code> (Section 6.3)</i> | |
| <code>bestTree</code> , <code>path</code> | |

6.5 Class `likelihoodGreedy`

Greedy (hill-climbing) landscape exploration by comparsion of likelihood.

6.5.1 Methods

| |
|--|
| <code>__init__(self, ls, startTree)</code> <code>x.__init__(...)</code> initializes x; see <code>help(type(x))</code> for signature Overrides: <code>object.__init__</code> <code>exitit</code> (inherited documentation) |
| <code>explore(self)</code> Perform greedy search of the landscape using a method of greed via likelihood. Overrides: <code>pylogeny.heuristic.heuristic.explore</code> |

Inherited from pylogeny.heuristic.phylogeneticLinearHeuristic (Section 6.3)

getBestTree(), getPath()

Inherited from pylogeny.heuristic.heuristic (Section 6.2)

getStartState(), getStateGraph()

Inherited from object

__delattr__(), __format__(), __getattr__(), __hash__(), __new__(),
__reduce__(), __reduce_ex__(), __repr__(), __setattr__(), __sizeof__(),
__str__(), __subclasshook__()

6.5.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|------------------------------|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from object</i> | |
| __class__ | |

6.5.3 Class Variables

| Name | Description |
|--|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from pylogeny.heuristic.phylogeneticLinearHeuristic (Section 6.3)</i> | |
| bestTree, path | |

6.6 Class smoothGreedy

object └

pylogeny.heuristic.heuristic └

pylogeny.heuristic.phylogeneticLinearHeuristic └
pylogeny.heuristic.smoothGreedy

Parsimony-driven greedy landscape exploration by comparsion of likelihoods.

6.6.1 Methods

__init__(*self*, *ls*, *startTree*)

x.**__init__**(...) initializes *x*; see `help(type(x))` for signature

Overrides: `object.__init__` `exitit`(inherited documentation)

explore(*self*)

Perform greedy search of the landscape using a method of greed via parsimonious criterion and then performing final smoothing via likelihood on top 10% of 1-SPR neighbors ranked on basis of parsimony.

Overrides: `pylogeny.heuristic.heuristic.explore`

Inherited from `pylogeny.heuristic.phylogeneticLinearHeuristic` (Section 6.3)

`getBestTree()`, `getPath()`

Inherited from `pylogeny.heuristic.heuristic` (Section 6.2)

`getStartState()`, `getStateGraph()`

Inherited from `object`

`__delattr__()`, `__format__()`, `__getattr__()`, `__hash__()`, `__new__()`,
`__reduce__()`, `__reduce_ex__()`, `__repr__()`, `__setattr__()`, `__sizeof__()`,
`__str__()`, `__subclasshook__()`

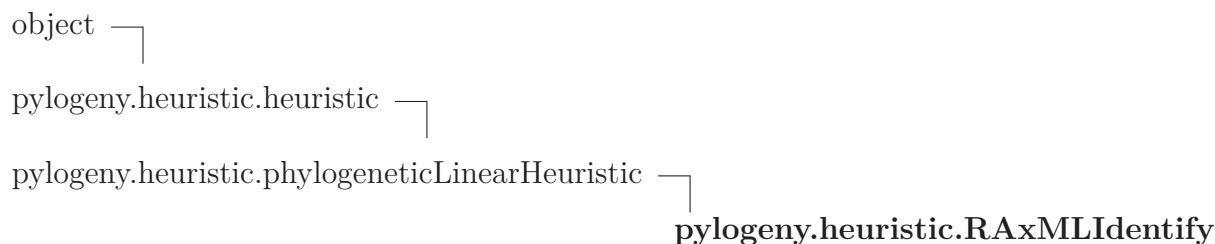
6.6.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|---|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from <code>object</code></i> | |
| <code>__class__</code> | |

6.6.3 Class Variables

| Name | Description |
|---|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from <code>pylogeny.heuristic.phylogeneticLinearHeuristic</code> (Section 6.3)</i> | |
| <code>bestTree</code> , <code>path</code> | |

6.7 Class RAxMLIdentify



RAxML-driven landscape evaluation of intermediate checkpoint trees output from the RAxML executable.

6.7.1 Methods

```
__init__(self, ls, startNode, workdir='.raxml')
```

x.**__init__**(...) initializes x; see help(type(x)) for signature

Overrides: object.**__init__** extit(inherited documentation)

```
__setupWorkDir__(self)
```

```
__setupExecutable__(self)
```

```
__readLogFile__(self)
```

```
__readIterTrees__(self, iters)
```

```
explore(self)
```

Overrides: pylogeny.heuristic.heuristic.explore

Inherited from pylogeny.heuristic.phylogeneticLinearHeuristic (Section 6.3)

getBestTree(), getPath()

Inherited from pylogeny.heuristic.heuristic (Section 6.2)

getStartState(), getStateGraph()

Inherited from object

```
__delattr__(), __format__(), __getattr__(), __hash__(), __new__(),
__reduce__(), __reduce_ex__(), __repr__(), __setattr__(), __sizeof__(),
__str__(), __subclasshook__()
```

6.7.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|---|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from object</i> __class__ | |

6.7.3 Class Variables

| Name | Description |
|--|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from pylogeny.heuristic.phylogeneticLinearHeuristic (Section 6.3)</i> bestTree, path | |

7 Module *pylogeny.landscape*

Encapsulate a phylogenetic tree space. A phylogenetic landscape or tree space refers to the entire combinatorial space comprising all possible phylogenetic tree topologies for a set of n taxa. The landscape of n taxa can be defined as consisting of a finite set T of tree topologies. Tree topologies can be associated with a fitness function $f(t_i)$ describing their fit. This forms a discrete solution search space and finite graph $(T, E) = G$. $E(G)$ refers to the neighborhood relation on $T(G)$. Edges in this graph are bidirectional and represent transformation from one tree topology to another by a tree rearrangement operator. An edge between t_i and t_j would be notated as e_{ij} in $E(G)$.

7.1 Variables

| Name | Description |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <code>__package__</code> | Value: <code>'pylogeny'</code> |

7.2 Class graph

object —
`pylogeny.landscape.graph`

Known Subclasses: `pylogeny.landscape.landscape`

Define an empty graph object.

7.2.1 Methods

| |
|---|
| <code>__init__</code> (<i>self</i> , <i>gr</i> =None) <i>x</i> . <code>__init__</code> (...) initializes <i>x</i> ; see <code>help(type(x))</code> for signature Overrides: <code>object.__init__</code> <code>exit</code> (inherited documentation) |
| <code>getNetworkXObject</code> (<i>self</i>) Return the internal networkx graph object. |
| <code>__len__</code> (<i>self</i>) |

getSize(*self*)

Return the number of nodes in the graph.

getNodeNames(*self*)

Return the names/IDs of nodes in the graph.

getNodes(*self*)**getEdges**(*self*)**getEdgesFor**(*self*, *i*)**getNode**(*self*, *i*)**getEdge**(*self*, *i*, *j*)**__iter__**(*self*)**getNeighborsFor**(*self*, *i*)**getDegreeFor**(*self*, *i*)Return in- and out-degree for node named *i*.**setDefaultWeight**(*self*, *w*)**clearEdgeWeights**(*self*)**getNumComponents**(*self*)

Get the number of components of the graph.

getComponents(*self*)

Get the connected components in the graph.

getComponentOfNode(*self*, *i*)

Get the graph component of a given node.

getCliques(*self*)

Get the cliques present in the graph.

getCliqueNumber(*self*)

Get the clique number of the graph.

getNumCliques(*self*)

Get the number of cliques found in the graph.

getCliquesOfNode(*self*, *i*)

Get the clique that a node corresponds to.

getCenter(*self*)

Get the centre of the graph.

getDiameter(*self*)

Acquire the diameter of the graph.

getMST(*self*)

Acquire the minimum spanning tree for the graph.

hasPath(*self*, *nodA*, *nodB*)

See if a path exists between two nodes.

getShortestPath(*self*, *nodA*, *nodB*)

Get the shortest path between two nodes.

getShortestPathLength(*self*, *nodA*, *nodB*)

Get the shortest path length between two nodes.

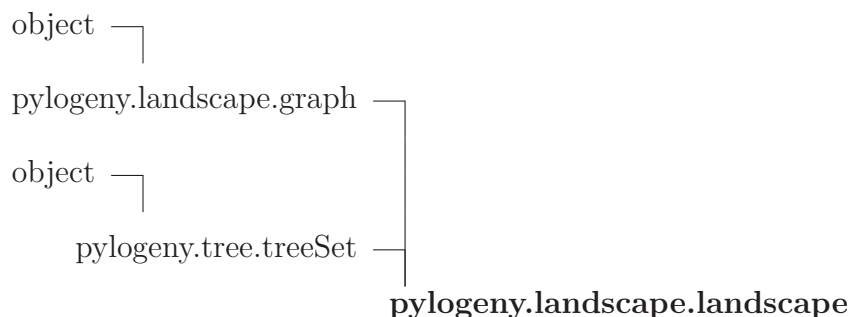
Inherited from object

__delattr__(), __format__(), __getattr__(), __hash__(), __new__(),
 __reduce__(), __reduce_ex__(), __repr__(), __setattr__(), __sizeof__(),
 __str__(), __subclasshook__()

7.2.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|---|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from object</i> __class__ | |

7.3 Class landscape



Defines an entire phylogenetic tree space.

7.3.1 Methods

| |
|--|
| __init__ (<i>self</i> , <i>ali</i> , <i>starting_tree</i> =None, <i>root</i> =True, <i>operator</i> ='SPR') |
| Initialize the landscape. Overrides: object.__init__ |
| getAlignment (<i>self</i>) |
| Acquire the alignment object associated with this space. |
| getNumberTaxa (<i>self</i>) |
| Return the number of different taxa present in any respective tree in the landscape. |
| getPossibleNumberRootedTrees (<i>self</i>) |
| Assuming all of the trees in the space are rooted, return the maximum possible number of unrooted trees that can possibly be generated for the number of taxa of trees in the landscape. |

getPossibleNumberUnrootedTrees(*self*)

Assuming all of the trees in the space are unrooted, return the maximum possible number of unrooted trees that can possibly be generated for the number of taxa of trees in the landscape.

getRootTree(*self*)

Acquire the first tree that was placed in this space.

setAlignment(*self*, *ali*)

Set the alignment present in this landscape. WARNING; will not modify existing scores.

getTree(*self*, *i*)

Get the tree object for a tree by its ID or name *i*.

getVertex(*self*, *i*)

Acquire a vertex object from the landscape; this is a high-level representation of a tree in the landscape with additional functionality. Object created upon invocation of this function.

removeTree(*self*, *tree*)

Remove a tree by object.

Overrides: `pylogeny.tree.treeSet.removeTree`

addTree(*self*, *tree*)

Add a tree to the landscape.

Overrides: `pylogeny.tree.treeSet.addTree`

exploreRandomTree(*self*, *i*, *type*=1)

Acquire a single neighbor to a tree in the landscape by performing a random rearrangement of type SPR (by default), NNI, or TBR. Rearrangement type is provided as a rearrangement module type definition of form, for example, `TYPE_SPR`, `TYPE_NNI`, etc.

exploreTree(*self*, *i*, *type*=1)

Get all neighbors to a tree named *i* in the landscape using a respective rearrangement operator as defined in the rearrangement module. Rearrangement type is provided as a rearrangement module type definition of form, for example, TYPE_SPR, TYPE_NNI, etc. By default, this is TYPE_SPR.

getLocks(*self*)

toggleLock(*self*, *lock*)

Add a bipartition to the list of locked bipartitions if not present; otherwise, remove it. Return status of lock.

lockBranchFoundInTree(*self*, *tr*, *br*)

Given a tree node and a branch object, add a given bipartition to the bipartition lock list. Returns true if locked.

getBipartitionFoundInTreeByIndex(*self*, *tr*, *brind*, *topol*=None)

Given a tree node and a branch index, return the associated bipartition.

lockBranchFoundInTreeByIndex(*self*, *tr*, *brind*)

Given a tree node and a branch index, add a given bipartition to the bipartition lock list. Returns true if locked.

isViolating(*self*, *i*)

Determine if a tree is violating any locks intrinsic to the landscape.

__getitem__(*self*, *i*)

Overrides: `pylogeny.tree.treeSet.__getitem__`

indexOf(*self*, *tr*)

Acquire the index/name in this landscape of a tree object. Returns -1 if not found.

Overrides: `pylogeny.tree.treeSet.indexOf`

findTree(*self*, *newick*)

Find a tree by Newick string, taking into account branch lengths. Returns the name of this tree in the landscape.

findTreeTopology(*self*, *newick*)

Find a tree by topology, not taking into account branch lengths.

findTreeTopologyByStructure(*self*, *struct*)

Find a tree by topology, not taking into account branch lengths, given the topology.

getBestImprovement(*self*, *i*)

For a tree in the landscape, investigate neighbors to find a tree that leads to the best improvement of fitness function score on the basis of likelihood.

getPathOfBestImprovement(*self*, *i*)

For a tree in the landscape, investigate neighbors iteratively until a best path of score improvement is found on basis of likelihood.

getAllPathsOfBestImprovement(*self*)

Return all paths of best improvement as a dictionary.

iterAllPathsOfBestImprovement(*self*)

Return an iterator for all paths of best improvement.

isLocalOptimum(*self*, *i*)

Determine if a tree is, without any doubt, a local optimum.

getLocalOptima(*self*)

Get all trees in the landscape that can be labelled as a local optimum.

getGlobalOptimum(*self*)

Get the global optimum of the current space.

__str__(*self*)

str(*x*)

Overrides: object.__str__ extit(inherited documentation)

toTreeSet(*self*)

Convert this landscape into an unorganized set of trees where taxa names are transformed to their original form (i.e. not transformed to a state friendly for the Phylip format).

Inherited from pylogeny.landscape.graph(Section 7.2)

`__iter__()`, `__len__()`, `clearEdgeWeights()`, `getCenter()`, `getCliqueNumber()`, `getCliques()`, `getCliquesOfNode()`, `GetComponentOfNode()`, `getComponents()`, `getDegreeFor()`, `getDiameter()`, `getEdge()`, `getEdges()`, `getEdgesFor()`, `getMST()`, `getNeighborsFor()`, `getNetworkXObject()`, `getNode()`, `getNodeNames()`, `getNodes()`, `getNumCliques()`, `getNumComponents()`, `getShortestPath()`, `getShortestPathLength()`, `getSize()`, `hasPath()`, `setDefaultWeight()`

Inherited from pylogeny.tree.treeSet(Section 15.4)

`addTreeByNewick()`, `toTreeFile()`

Inherited from object

`__delattr__()`, `__format__()`, `__getattr__()`, `__hash__()`, `__new__()`, `__reduce__()`, `__reduce_ex__()`, `__repr__()`, `__setattr__()`, `__sizeof__()`, `__subclasshook__()`

7.3.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|------------------------------|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from object</i> | |
| <code>__class__</code> | |

7.4 Class vertex

```

object └─
          pylogeny.landscape.vertex

```

Encapsulate a single vertex in the landscape and add convenient functionality to alias parent landscape functions.

7.4.1 Methods

__init__(*self*, *i*, *obj*, *ls*)

x.**__init__**(...) initializes *x*; see `help(type(x))` for signature

Overrides: `object.__init__` `exitit`(inherited documentation)

getIndex(*self*)

getDict(*self*)

getObject(*self*)

getTree(*self*)

getNewick(*self*)

getScore(*self*)

getOrigin(*self*)

getNeighbors(*self*)

getDegree(*self*)

isLocalOptimum(*self*)

isExplored(*self*)

isFailed(*self*)

approximatePossibleNumNeighbors(*self*)

Approximate the possible number of neighbors to this vertex by considering the type of tree rearrangement operator.

scoreLikelihood(*self*)

getBestImprovement(*self*)

Alias function for function of same name in parent landscape.

| |
|---|
| getPathOfBestImprovement (<i>self</i>) |
|---|

| |
|---|
| Alias function for function of same name in parent landscape. |
|---|

| |
|--|
| isBestImprovement (<i>self</i>) |
|--|

| |
|--|
| Check to see if this vertex is a best move for another node. |
|--|

| |
|------------------------------------|
| isViolating (<i>self</i>) |
|------------------------------------|

| |
|---|
| Alias function for function of same name in parent landscape. |
|---|

| |
|--|
| getProperNewick (<i>self</i>) |
|--|

| |
|--|
| Get the proper Newick string for a tree. |
|--|

| |
|--|
| getBipartitions (<i>self</i>) |
|--|

| |
|---------------------------------------|
| Get all bipartitions for this vertex. |
|---------------------------------------|

| |
|---|
| getBipartitionScores (<i>self</i>) |
|---|

| |
|--|
| Get all corresponding bipartition vectors of SPR scores. |
|--|

| |
|--|
| getNeighborsOfBipartition (<i>self</i> , <i>bi</i>) |
|--|

| |
|---|
| Get corresponding neighbors of a bipartition in this vertex's tree. |
|---|

| |
|---|
| getNeighborsOfBranch (<i>self</i> , <i>br</i>) |
|---|

| |
|--|
| Get corresponding neighbors of a branch in this vertex's tree. |
|--|

Inherited from object

```
__delattr__(), __format__(), __getattr__(), __hash__(), __new__(),
__reduce__(), __reduce_ex__(), __repr__(), __setattr__(), __sizeof__(),
__str__(), __subclasshook__()
```

7.4.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|------------------------------|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from object</i> | |
| <code>__class__</code> | |

8 Module `pylogeny.landscapeWriter`

Serialize a phylogenetic landscape into a Python-readable file (Pickle).

8.1 Variables

| Name | Description |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <code>__package__</code> | Value: <code>'pylogeny'</code> |

8.2 Class `landscapeWriter`

object —
 `pylogeny.landscapeWriter.landscapeWriter`

Known Subclasses: `pylogeny.JSONWriter.JSONWriter`

Encapsulate the writing of a landscape to a file format.

8.2.1 Methods

| |
|--|
| <code>__init__</code> (<i>self</i> , <i>landscape</i> , <i>name</i>) |
| x. <code>__init__</code> (...) initializes x; see <code>help(type(x))</code> for signature |
| Overrides: object. <code>__init__</code> <code>exitit</code> (inherited documentation) |

| |
|---|
| <code>writeFile</code> (<i>self</i> , <i>path</i> ='.') |
| Write the landscape serialized file to given path. |

Inherited from object

`__delattr__`() , `__format__`() , `__getattr__`() , `__hash__`() , `__new__`() ,
`__reduce__`() , `__reduce_ex__`() , `__repr__`() , `__setattr__`() , `__sizeof__`() ,
`__str__`() , `__subclasshook__`()

8.2.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|------------------------------|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from object</i> | |
| <code>__class__</code> | |

8.3 Class `landscapeParser`

Encapsulates the construction of a landscape object from a pickle file.

8.3.1 Methods

| |
|-----------------------------------|
| <code>__init__(self, path)</code> |
|-----------------------------------|

| |
|--------------------------|
| <code>parse(self)</code> |
|--------------------------|

| |
|-----------------|
| Parse the file. |
|-----------------|

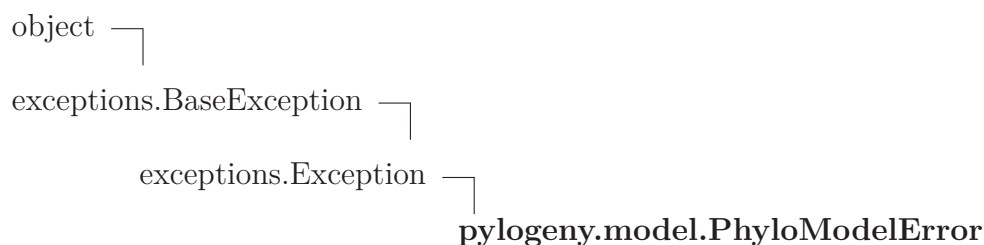
9 Module *pylogeny.model*

Phylogenetic tree scoring models; intended to be coupled with the use of *pytbeaglehon* (BEAGLE) high-performance library.

9.1 Variables

| Name | Description |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <code>pytbeaglehonEnabled</code> | Value: <code>True</code> |
| <code>__package__</code> | Value: <code>'pylogeny'</code> |

9.2 Class *PhyloModelError*



9.2.1 Methods

`__init__`(*self*, *v*)

x.**`__init__`**(...) initializes *x*; see `help(type(x))` for signature

Overrides: `object.__init__` `extit`(inherited documentation)

`__str__`(*self*)

`str(x)`

Overrides: `object.__str__` `extit`(inherited documentation)

Inherited from exceptions.Exception

`__new__`()

Inherited from exceptions.BaseException

`__delattr__`(), **`__getattr__`**(), **`__getitem__`**(), **`__getslice__`**(), **`__reduce__`**(), **`__repr__`**(), **`__setattr__`**(), **`__setstate__`**(), **`__unicode__`**()

Inherited from object

`__format__()`, `__hash__()`, `__reduce_ex__()`, `__sizeof__()`, `__subclasshook__()`

9.2.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|--|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from exceptions.BaseException</i> | |
| <code>args</code> , <code>message</code> | |
| <i>Inherited from object</i> | |
| <code>__class__</code> | |

9.3 Class *DiscreteStateModel*

object —
pylogeny.model.DiscreteStateModel

Initialize a discrete state model for phylogenetic data. State frequencies and character time are determined from the given alignment object.

9.3.1 Methods

| |
|---|
| <code>__init__(self, alignment)</code> x. <code>__init__</code> (...) initializes x; see <code>help(type(x))</code> for signature Overrides: <code>object.__init__</code> <code>exitit</code> (inherited documentation) |
| <code>getAlignment(self)</code> |
| <code>getAlignmentAsStateList(self)</code> |
| <code>getSequenceMatrix(self)</code> |
| <code>getCharType(self)</code> |
| <code>getStateFreqs(self)</code> |
| <code>getRawStateFreqs(self)</code> |

| |
|--|
| <code>getRawStateFreqsAsList(<i>self</i>)</code> |
|--|

| |
|--|
| <code>getRawStateFreqsAsDict(<i>self</i>)</code> |
|--|

| |
|---|
| <code>getFrequencyOfState(<i>self</i>, <i>i</i>)</code> |
|---|

| |
|--|
| <code>getRawFrequencyOfState(<i>self</i>, <i>i</i>)</code> |
|--|

Inherited from object

```
__delattr__(), __format__(), __getattr__(), __hash__(), __new__(),
__reduce__(), __reduce_ex__(), __repr__(), __setattr__(), __sizeof__(),
__str__(), __subclasshook__()
```

9.3.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|------------------------------|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from object</i> | |
| <code>__class__</code> | |

10 Module *pylogeny.newick*

Newick string parsing and object interaction. A Newick string can represent a phylogenetic tree.

10.1 Functions

assignParents(*top*)

Should be a one-time use function. Goes through and assigns parents to the parsed newick tree structure nodes and branches to allow for up-traversal.

removeBranchLengths(*top*)

Goes through and removes any stored branch lengths.

removeUnaryInternalNodes(*top*)

Goes through and ensures any degree-2 internal nodes are smoothed into a single degree-3 internal node.

invertAlongPathToNode(*target, top*)

DANGEROUS: Reverses all directionality to a given node from a top-level node. Intended as a low-level function for rerooting a tree.

isLeaf(*n*)

Given a node, see if a leaf.

isInternalNode(*n*)

Given a node, see if is an internal node.

shuffleLeaves(*top*)

DANGEROUS: Given a top-level node, shuffle all leaves in this tree.

getAllLeaves(*top*)

Given a top-level node, find all leaves.

getAllInternalNodes(*top*)

Given a top-level node, find all internal nodes.

| |
|-----------------------------------|
| getAllNodes (<i>top</i>) |
|-----------------------------------|

| |
|---|
| Given a node, traverse all nodes and return as a list in pre-order. |
|---|

| |
|--|
| postOrderTraversal (<i>top</i>) |
|--|

| |
|--|
| Given a node, traverse all nodes and return as a list in post-order. |
|--|

| |
|-------------------------------------|
| getAllBranches (<i>br</i>) |
|-------------------------------------|

| |
|--|
| Given a branch, traverse subtree and return comprising branches as a list. |
|--|

| |
|---|
| isSibling (<i>br</i> , <i>other</i>) |
|---|

| |
|---|
| Given a branch, determine if that branch is adjacent to another branch. |
|---|

| |
|---|
| getBalancingBracket (<i>newick</i> , <i>i</i>) |
|---|

| |
|---|
| Given a position of an opening bracket in a newick string, <i>i</i> , output the closing bracket's position that corresponds to this opening bracket. |
|---|

| |
|---|
| getBranchLength (<i>newick</i> , <i>i</i>) |
|---|

| |
|--|
| Given a position of a colon symbol (indicating a branch length), return the branch length. |
|--|

| |
|---|
| getLeafName (<i>newick</i> , <i>i</i>) |
|---|

| |
|---|
| Given the position of a leaf, find its complete name. |
|---|

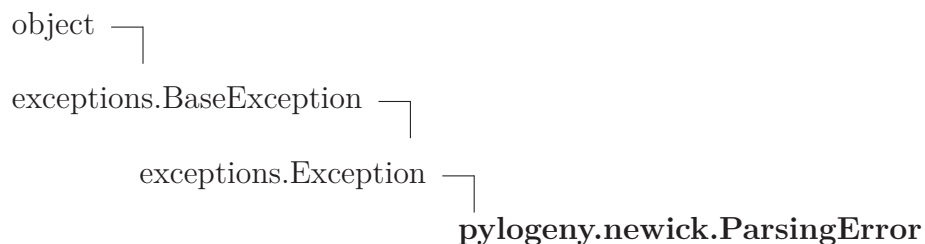
| |
|---|
| parseNewick (<i>newick</i> , <i>i</i> , <i>j</i> , <i>top</i>) |
|---|

| |
|---|
| Parse a newick string into a topological newick structure given a top-level node. |
|---|

10.2 Variables

| Name | Description |
|--------------------------|-------------------|
| <code>__package__</code> | Value: 'pylogeny' |

10.3 Class ParsingError



10.3.1 Methods

__init__(*self*, *val*)

x.**__init__**(...) initializes *x*; see help(type(*x*)) for signature

Overrides: object.**__init__** extit(inherited documentation)

__str__(*self*)

str(*x*)

Overrides: object.**__str__** extit(inherited documentation)

Inherited from exceptions.Exception

__new__()

Inherited from exceptions.BaseException

__delattr__(), **__getattr__**(), **__getitem__**(), **__getslice__**(), **__reduce__**(), **__repr__**(), **__setattr__**(), **__setstate__**(), **__unicode__**()

Inherited from object

__format__(), **__hash__**(), **__reduce_ex__**(), **__sizeof__**(), **__subclasshook__**()

10.3.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|--|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from exceptions.BaseException</i> | |
| args , message | |
| <i>Inherited from object</i> | |
| __class__ | |

10.4 Class node



Newick node.

10.4.1 Methods

```
__init__(self, lbl='', strees=None, parent=None)
```

x.**__init__**(...) initializes *x*; see `help(type(x))` for signature

Overrides: `object.__init__` `exitit`(inherited documentation)

```
__str__(self)
```

`str(x)`

Overrides: `object.__str__` `exitit`(inherited documentation)

Inherited from object

```
__delattr__(), __format__(), __getattr__(), __hash__(), __new__(),
__reduce__(), __reduce_ex__(), __repr__(), __setattr__(), __sizeof__(),
__subclasshook__()
```

10.4.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|------------------------------|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from object</i> | |
| <code>__class__</code> | |

10.5 Class branch



Newick branch.

10.5.1 Methods

`__init__(self, chi, l, parent=None, s=None)`

`x.__init__(...)` initializes `x`; see `help(type(x))` for signature

Overrides: `object.__init__` `exitit`(inherited documentation)

`__str__(self)`

`str(x)`

Overrides: `object.__str__` `exitit`(inherited documentation)

Inherited from object

`__delattr__()`, `__format__()`, `__getattr__()`, `__hash__()`, `__new__()`,
`__reduce__()`, `__reduce_ex__()`, `__repr__()`, `__setattr__()`, `__sizeof__()`,
`__subclasshook__()`

10.5.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|--|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from object</i> <code>__class__</code> | |

10.6 Class parser

Parsing object for Newick strings.

10.6.1 Methods

`__init__(self, newick)`

`parse(self)`

Parse the stored newick string into a topological structure.

`__str__(self)`

11 Module `pylogeny.parsimony`

Toolkit for performance of Parsimonious Criterion (Parsimony) methods of optimization of a phylogenetic topology with a particular set of data.

11.1 Functions

| |
|--|
| <code>fitch_cost</code> (<i>topology</i> , <i>profiles</i>) |
|--|

| |
|---|
| Calculate the cost using Fitch algorithm on profile set and alignment. Deprecated: Python implementation of the Fitch algorithm; see <code>fitch C++</code> module for a C++ implementation that is roughly four times faster. |
|---|

| |
|--|
| <code>fitch</code> (<i>topology</i> , <i>alignment</i>) |
|--|

| |
|--|
| Perform the Fitch algorithm on a given tree topology and associated alignment. Deprecated: Python implementation of the Fitch algorithm; see <code>fitch C++</code> module for a C++ implementation that is roughly four times faster. |
|--|

11.2 Variables

| Name | Description |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <code>__package__</code> | Value: <code>'pylogeny'</code> |

11.3 Class `profile_set`

Hold a set of `site_profile` profiles for an entire alignment.

11.3.1 Methods

| |
|---|
| <code>__init__</code> (<i>self</i> , <i>alignment</i>) |
|---|

| |
|---|
| <code>__len__</code> (<i>self</i>) |
|---|

| |
|---|
| <code>weight</code> (<i>self</i> , <i>val</i>) |
|---|

| |
|--|
| <code>get</code> (<i>self</i> , <i>val</i>) |
|--|

getForTaxa(*self*, *val*, *tax*)

11.4 Class *site_profile*

Consolidate the single-column alignment at a region into a set of components on the basis of similarity alone.

11.4.1 Methods

__init__(*self*, *alignment*, *site*)

__eq__(*self*, *o*)

__ne__(*self*, *o*)

__str__(*self*)

12 Module *pylogeny.pll*

C Extension to wrap libpll library.

12.1 Variables

| Name | Description |
|--------------------------|-------------------|
| <code>__package__</code> | Value: 'pylogeny' |

12.2 Class *dataModel*

Encapsulating a phylogenetic tree (as topology) + corresponding alignment into a libpll-associated data structure. Allows for log-likelihood scoring of this model. MUST BE CLOSED AFTER USE.

12.2.1 Methods

| |
|---|
| <code>__init__(self, topo, alignm, model=None)</code> |
| Initialize all structures. |
| <code>getLogLikelihood(self)</code> |
| Calculates log-likelihood using libpll. |
| <code>close(self)</code> |
| If done with this particular problem. |

12.3 Class *partitionModel*

A partition model intended for libpll.

12.3.1 Methods

| |
|--------------------------------------|
| <code>__init__(self, ali)</code> |
| <code>getFileName(self)</code> |
| Get the file name of the model file. |

| |
|---|
| createSimpleModel (<i>self</i> , <i>protein</i>) |
|---|

| |
|--|
| Establish a simple model (e.g., one type). |
|--|

| |
|---|
| createModel (<i>self</i> , <i>models</i> , <i>partnames</i> , <i>ranges</i>) |
|---|

| |
|---------------------------------|
| Establish a more complex model. |
|---------------------------------|

| |
|------------------------------|
| close (<i>self</i>) |
|------------------------------|

| |
|--------------|
| Delete file. |
|--------------|

13 Module *pylogeny.rearrangement*

Phylogenetic tree structure encapsulation; allow rearrangement of said structure. Tree rearrangements inducing other topologies include Nearest Neighbor Interchange (NNI), Subtree Pruning and Regrafting (SPR), and Tree Bisection and Reconstruction (TBR). Each of these describe a transfer of one node in phylogenetic trees from one parent of a tree to a new parent. Respectively, these operators describe transformations that are subsets of those possible by the successive operator. For example, an NNI operator can perform transformations that are a subset of the transformations possible by the SPR operator.

13.1 Functions

dup(*topo*, *where*=None)

13.2 Variables

| Name | Description |
|-------------|--------------------------|
| TYPE_NNI | Value: 2 |
| TYPE_SPR | Value: 1 |
| TYPE_TBR | Value: 3 |
| __package__ | Value: 'pylogeny' |

13.3 Class *RearrangementError*



13.3.1 Methods

__init__(*self*, *val*)

x.**__init__**(...) initializes *x*; see `help(type(x))` for signature

Overrides: `object.__init__` `exitit`(inherited documentation)

| |
|---|
| __str__ (<i>self</i>) str(<i>x</i>) Overrides: object.__str__ extit(inherited documentation) |
|---|

Inherited from exceptions.Exception

| |
|-------------------|
| __new__ () |
|-------------------|

Inherited from exceptions.BaseException

| |
|---|
| __delattr__ (), __getattr__ (), __getitem__ (), __getslice__ (), __reduce__ (), __repr__ (), __setattr__ (), __setstate__ (), __unicode__ () |
|---|

Inherited from object

| |
|---|
| __format__ (), __hash__ (), __reduce_ex__ (), __sizeof__ (), __subclasshook__ () |
|---|

13.3.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|--|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from exceptions.BaseException</i> | |
| args, message | |
| <i>Inherited from object</i> | |
| __class__ | |

13.4 Class rearrangement

Encapsulates a single rearrangement move of type SPR, NNI, ...

13.4.1 Methods

| |
|---|
| __init__ (<i>self</i> , <i>struct</i> , <i>type</i> , <i>targ</i> , <i>dest</i>) |
| Initialize by providing a pointer to a base topology, a target branch to be moved, and its destination. |

| |
|--------------------------------|
| getType (<i>self</i>) |
| Get the type of movement. |

| |
|------------------------------|
| isNNI (<i>self</i>) |
|------------------------------|

| |
|------------------------------|
| isSPR (<i>self</i>) |
|------------------------------|

| |
|------------------------------|
| isTBR (<i>self</i>) |
|------------------------------|

| |
|-----------------------------------|
| toTopology (<i>self</i>) |
|-----------------------------------|

| |
|---|
| Commit the actual move and return the topology. |
|---|

| |
|---------------------------------|
| toNewick (<i>self</i>) |
|---------------------------------|

| |
|---|
| Commit the move but do not create a new structure. Only retrieve resultant Newick string; will be more efficient. |
|---|

| |
|-------------------------------|
| toTree (<i>self</i>) |
|-------------------------------|

| |
|---|
| Commit the move and transform to tree object. |
|---|

| |
|-------------------------------|
| doMove (<i>self</i>) |
|-------------------------------|

| |
|--------------------------------|
| __str__ (<i>self</i>) |
|--------------------------------|

13.5 Class topology

Encapsulate a tree topology, wrapping the newick tree structure. Is immutable.

13.5.1 Methods

| |
|---|
| __init__ (<i>self</i> , <i>t</i> =None, <i>rerootToLeaf</i> =True, <i>toLeaf</i> =None) |
|---|

| |
|---|
| Initialize structure with a top-level internal node OR nothing. |
|---|

| |
|--|
| rerootToLeaf (<i>self</i> , <i>toleaf</i> =None) |
|--|

| |
|---|
| PRIVATE: Reroots the given tree structure such that it is rooted nearest the lowest-order leaf. |
|---|

| |
|--------------------------------|
| getRoot (<i>self</i>) |
|--------------------------------|

| |
|---|
| Return the top-level, root, node of the tree. |
|---|

| |
|---|
| getInternalNodes (<i>self</i>) |
|---|

| |
|------------------------------------|
| getBranches (<i>self</i>) |
|------------------------------------|

getLeaves(*self*)

getBipartitions(*self*)

Get all bipartitions.

getStrBipartitionFromBranch(*self*, *br*)

Given a branch, return corresponding bipartition.

getBranchFromStrBipartition(*self*, *bip*)

Given a bipartition of taxa, return a branch that creates that partition of tree taxa.

getBranchFromBipartition(*self*, *bip*)

Given a bipartition object, return a branch that creates that partition of taxa.

lockBranch(*self*, *branch*)

Given a branch, lock it such that no transitions can ever occur across it.

move(*self*, *branch*, *destination*, *returnStruct=True*)

Move a branch and attach to a destination branch. Return new structure, or return merely the resultant Newick string.

SPR(*self*, *branch*, *destination*)

Perform an SPR move of a branch to a destination branch, creating a new node there. Returns a rearrangement structure (not the actual new structure) that can then be polled for the actual move; this is in order to save memory.

NNI(*self*, *branch*, *destination*)

Perform an NNI move of a branch to a destination, only if that destination branch is a parent's parent or a parent's sibling. Returns a rearrangement structure (not the actual new structure) that can then be polled for the actual move; this is in order to save memory.

iterSPRForBranch(*self*, *br*, *flip=True*)

Consider all valid SPR moves for a given branch in the topology and yield all possible rearrangements as a generator.

allSPRForBranch(*self*, *br*, *flip=True*)

Consider all valid SPR moves for a given branch in the topology and return all possible rearrangements.

allSPR(*self*)

Consider all valid SPR moves for a given topology and return all possible rearrangements.

iterNNIForBranch(*self*, *br*, *flip=True*)

Consider all valid NNI moves for a given branch in the topology and yield all possible rearrangements as a generator.

allNNIForBranch(*self*, *br*, *flip=True*)

Consider all valid NNI moves for a given branch in the topology and return all possible rearrangements.

allNNI(*self*)

Consider all valid NNI moves for a given topology and return all possible rearrangements.

allType(*self*, *type=1*)

Consider all valid moves of a given rearrangement operator for a given topology. Uses a given rearrangement operator type defined in this module. For example, calling this function by providing TYPE_NNI as the type will iterate over all NNI operations. By default, the type is TYPE_SPR.

iterTypeForBranch(*self*, *br*, *type=1*, *flip=True*)

Iterate over all possible rearrangements for a branch using a given rearrangement operator type defined in this module. For example, calling this function by providing TYPE_NNI as the type will iterate over all NNI operations. By default, the type is TYPE_SPR.

fromNewick(*self*, *newickstr*)

Alias for parse().

parse(*self*, *newickstr*)

Parse a newick string and assign the tree to this object. Cannot already be initialized with a tree.

toNewick(*self*)

Return the newick string of the tree.

toUnrootedNewick(*self*)

Return the newick string of the tree as an unrooted topology with a multifurcating top-level node.

toTree(*self*)

Return the tree object for this topology.

toUnrootedTree(*self*)

Return the tree object of the unrooted version of this topology.

__str__(*self*)

Return the newick string of the tree.

14 Module *pylogeny.scoring*

Phylogenetic tree scoring.

14.1 Functions

beaglegetLogLikelihood(*tree*, *alignment*)

Acquire log-likelihood via C++ library BEAGLE via use of pybeaglethon wrapper library. Parameters: newick.tree object and alignment object.

getLogLikelihoodForTopology(*topo*, *alignment*)

Acquire log-likelihood via C library libpll. Parameters: rearrangement.topology object and alignment object.

getLogLikelihood(*tree*, *alignment*)

Acquire log-likelihood via C library libpll. Parameters: newick.tree object and alignment object.

getParsimony(*newick*, *alignment*)

Acquire parsimony via a C++ implementation. Parameters: newick string and alignment object.

getParsimonyForTopology(*topology*, *alignment*)

Acquire parsimony via a C++ implementation. Parameters: rearrangement.topology and alignment object.

getParsimonyFromProfiles(*newick*, *profiles*)

Acquire parsimony via a C++ implementation. Parameters: newick string and parsimony.profile_set object.

getParsimonyFromProfilesForTopology(*topology*, *profiles*)

Acquire parsimony via a C++ implementation. Parameters: rearrangement.topology and parsimony.profile_set object.

14.2 Variables

| Name | Description |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| <code>__package__</code> | Value: 'pylogeny' |

15 Module *pylogeny.tree*

Container definition for (phylogenetic) bifurcating or multifurcating trees defined using Newick strings.

15.1 Functions

| |
|--|
| <code>numberRootedTrees(<i>t</i>)</code> |
|--|

| |
|--|
| <code>numberUnrootedTrees(<i>t</i>)</code> |
|--|

15.2 Variables

| Name | Description |
|--------------------------|-------------------|
| <code>__package__</code> | Value: 'pylogeny' |

15.3 Class tree

```

object └─
          pylogeny.tree.tree

```

Defines a single (phylogenetic) tree by newick string; can possess other metadata.

15.3.1 Methods

| |
|--|
| <code>__init__(<i>self</i>, <i>newi</i>='', <i>check</i>=False)</code> |
|--|

If enabled, "check" will force the structure to reroot the given Newick string tree to a lowest-order leaf in order to ensure a consistent Newick string among any duplicate topologies.

Overrides: `object.__init__`

| |
|-----------------------------------|
| <code>getName(<i>self</i>)</code> |
|-----------------------------------|

| |
|---|
| <code>setName(<i>self</i>, <i>n</i>)</code> |
|---|

| |
|------------------------------------|
| <code>getScore(<i>self</i>)</code> |
|------------------------------------|

setScore(*self*, *s*)

getOrigin(*self*)

setOrigin(*self*, *o*)

Set the "origin" or specification of where this tree was acquired or constructed from; a string.

getNewick(*self*)

setNewick(*self*, *n*)

Set Newick string to *n*; also reacquires corresponding "structure" or Newick string without branch lengths.

getStructure(*self*)

Returns "structure", a Newick string without branch lengths.

getSimpleNewick(*self*)

Return a Newick string with all taxa name replaced with successive integers.

toTopology(*self*)

Return a `rearrangement.topology` instance for this tree to allow for rearrangement of the actual structure of the tree.

__eq__(*self*, *o*)

__ne__(*self*, *o*)

__str__(*self*)

`str(x)`

Overrides: `object.__str__` extit(inherited documentation)

Inherited from object

`__delattr__()`, `__format__()`, `__getattr__()`, `__hash__()`, `__new__()`,
`__reduce__()`, `__reduce_ex__()`, `__repr__()`, `__setattr__()`, `__sizeof__()`,
`__subclasshook__()`

15.3.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|---|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from object</i> __class__ | |

15.4 Class *treeSet*



Known Subclasses: *pylogeny.landscape.landscape*

Represents an ordered, unorganized collection of trees that do not necessarily comprise a combinatorial space.

15.4.1 Methods

| |
|--|
| __init__ (<i>self</i>) |
| x. __init__ (...) initializes x; see help(type(x)) for signature Overrides: object. __init__ extit(inherited documentation) |
| addTree (<i>self</i> , <i>tr</i>) |
| Add a tree object to the collection. |
| addTreeByNewick (<i>self</i> , <i>newick</i>) |
| Add a tree to the structure by Newick string. |
| removeTree (<i>self</i> , <i>tr</i>) |
| Remove a tree object from the collection if present. |
| indexOf (<i>self</i> , <i>tr</i>) |
| Acquire the index in this collection of a tree object. Returns -1 if not found. |
| __getitem__ (<i>self</i> , <i>i</i>) |

| |
|---|
| toTreeFile (<i>self</i> , <i>fout</i>) |
|---|

| |
|--|
| Output this landscape as a series of trees, separated by newlines, as a text file saved at the given path. |
|--|

| |
|--------------------------------|
| __str__ (<i>self</i>) |
|--------------------------------|

| |
|--------|
| str(x) |
|--------|

| |
|--|
| Overrides: object.__str__ extit(inherited documentation) |
|--|

Inherited from object

| |
|---|
| __delattr__(), __format__(), __getattr__(), __hash__(), __new__(), __reduce__(), __reduce_ex__(), __repr__(), __setattr__(), __sizeof__(), __subclasshook__() |
|---|

15.4.2 Properties

| Name | Description |
|------------------------------|-------------|
| <i>Inherited from object</i> | |
| __class__ | |

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